Goal 1 of Oregon's Statewide Planning Goals recognizes the importance of citizen involvement “in all phases of the planning process.”

One of the principal ways for citizens to be involved is by testifying at local land use hearings.

This brochure is designed to help citizens prepare and deliver testimony, and be effective in these public venues.

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**How to Give Testimony at Public Hearings**

**General tips:**

- Be polite and project a positive image.
- Maintain eye contact if possible. Prepare an outline so you do not have to read your testimony.
- Arrive early to sign up to testify. This will also allow you to listen to testimony from others and avoid repeating their points.
- Bring multiple written copies of your testimony to leave behind.
- Dress appropriately, so your testimony will be taken seriously.

**1. Be familiar with the group’s process**

If possible, attend one of the group’s meetings in advance of the hearing at which you will be testifying to observe procedures and the arrangement of the room. Schedules can change at the last minute, so it is wise to verify with staff or the agency on the day of the meeting. Find out how many copies of your testimony are recommended for the particular meeting and how much time you will have to speak.

**2. Address the public body formally and identify yourself**

**3. Appeal to your audience**

Emphasize your commonalities with the public body and act respectfully to those with whom you disagree. The more you know about your audience, the more you can tailor your message to them.

**4. Control your feelings**

Try to keep your emotion in check when testifying. While you want to speak from the heart, you do not want your feelings to overshadow the content and reason of your message.

**5. Anticipate questions**

Try to anticipate questions you may receive from the public body and how you would answer them.

**6. Thank the group**

When you are finished testifying, thank the committee members and offer to answer any questions.

**7. If members of a group are testifying**

Group members should cover different topics, so testimony is not repetitious. Rather than having every member of your group say the same thing, some members can say they support previous testimony on a topic.
HOW TO PREPARE TESTIMONY FOR PUBLIC HEARINGS

Various public bodies, including city councils, planning commissions, local land use and legislative committees, conduct hearings on land use matters.

Voicing your opinion at these hearings is a way to influence public decisions.

Carefully prepared testimony gives public officials a chance to hear directly from citizens. It also becomes part of the public record, which is a necessity for possible later appeals.

Hearings are often covered by media, and offer another way to get a message out to the public. Some guidelines for preparing testimony are:

1. Know your issue

Support opinions with facts. Review the land use file on your case. Read any media reports on it; talk with elected officials, staff and neighbors. Be knowledgeable about the opposition’s arguments and be prepared to counter them. The Web may be a useful tool to research planning issues.

2. Know the land use record and regulations

Review the staff report for the hearing body. The staff report is a key document that will inform your testimony. Learn about the requirements for zone changes, conditional use permits, and other land use actions. Refer to the same adopted plans, code requirements and other regulations and criteria that the hearings body must use. Find out if there is a local Committee for Citizen Involvement (CCI), Citizen Area Committee or other local organization covering your geographic area. They are a good resource to contact for advice on how to testify persuasively.

3. Prepare an outline of your testimony to use while speaking

♦ Develop a full written statement to leave with the body you are addressing
♦ Address the full hearings body. (i.e.: “Council President and members of the Council…”)
♦ Include your name and address for the record.
♦ Indicate if you are representing a group or yourself, and give a brief description of your interest.
♦ Keep your statement short. Begin by saying you support or oppose a particular agenda item, and briefly explain why. Use facts to verify your statements. Describe how this issue affects you personally, what you suggest as a solution and then summarize. Be sure to tell the committee exactly what you wish them to do. If you are opposing, your testimony should discuss why the proposal is inconsistent with the controlling law, rules or ordinances. Don’t repeat yourself or ramble; keep your argument concise.

4. Know when, where and before whom you will testify

Be sure you know the facts about the public event. Check on when testimony will be taken, where the venue is and research the responsibilities of the hearing body you will be addressing. Know how much time you will have to speak (often 3-5 minutes).

5. Rehearse your testimony

Practice giving testimony in front of friends and get suggestions for improvement. Make sure your main points will be covered in the time allowed.

This brochure was written by the Oregon Citizen Involvement Advisory Committee (CIAC), which advises the Oregon Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) on matters pertaining to citizen involvement.

This brochure is available for downloading on the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) website at: http://www.oregon.gov/LCD/publications.shtml