

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(20)

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS CITY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Council - Manager Form of Government

MAYOR

COUNCIL MEMBERS

CITY MANAGER

FINANCE DIRECTOR

CITY SECRETARY

Joel Villarreal

Hernan R. Garza, III Rey Ramirez Dave "Chachi" Jones Flor E. Flores

Alberto Perez

Leonel Cantu

Melissa Garza

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| <u>Exhi</u> | <u>bit</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|-------------|--|-------------|
| 1 | ndependent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis | 1 4 |
| | Basic Financial Statements Government Wide Statements: | |
| A-1 | Statement of Net Position | 12 |
| B-1 | Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements: | 13 |
| C-1 | | 15 |
| C-2 | Reconciliation for C-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance | 17 18 |
| C-3 C-4 | Reconciliation for C-3 | 20 |
| D 1 | Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: | 21 |
| D-1 D-2 | Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position | 23 |
| D-3 | Statement of Cash Flows | 25 |
| | Notes to the Financial Statements | 26 |
|] | Required Supplementary Information | |
| G-1 G-2 | | 58 60 |
| G-2 G-3 | Schedule of Contributions TMRS Pension Plan | 62 |
| . . | Notes to the Schedule of Contributions | 64 65 |
| G-4 | Schedule of Contributions TCDRS Pension Plan Notes to the Schedule of OPEB Contributions | 66 |
| | | |
| | Other Supplementary Information Note to the Required Suppementary Information | 67 |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds: | |
| H-1 | Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances | 70 74 |
| Π-2 | Combining Statement of Revenues, Experientities, and Changes in Fand Database | |
| | Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Economic Development Fund | 78 |
| H-3 H-4 | Budgetary Comparison Schedule - EDA Grant No 087905074 Fund | 79 |
| H-5 | Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Series 2020 C/O's Fund | 80 |
| 3 | Report on Internal Controls, Compliance and Federal Awards | |
| j | Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and | |
| | Other Matters Based on an audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 81 |
|] | Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control | |
| | over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance | 83 |
| : | Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs | 85 |
| | Schedule of Status of Prior Findings | 87 88 |
| K-1 | Corrective Action Plan Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 89 |
| _ | Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 90 |

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 5402 Holly Rd, Suite 102 Corpus Christi, Texas 78411 Office (361)980-0482 Fax (361)980-1002

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Rio Grande City, Texas Rio Grande City, Texas 78582

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rio Grande City, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison and schedule of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's pension contributions, and schedule of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Corpus Christi, Texas March 29, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

• The City's total net position increased by \$3,690,896 for the year, which is a change of 11%. The governmental activities increase was \$2,494,131 while the business-type activities showed an increase of \$1,196,765.

• Last year's increase in sales tax revenues of \$356,907 was followed by an increase in sales tax revenues of \$249,514 for 2020.

• There were a few changes in both revenues and certain expenses of the general fund and utility fund. General fund charges for service revenues decreased by (\$406,744), and overall revenues increased by \$1,802,465. In addition, general government expenses increased by \$186,872 and total governmental expenses increased by \$651,796. Utility operating revenues had an increase of \$102,401 and a increase in the utility fund expenses of \$227,270.

• The City added approximately \$3,798,068 to capital assets during the year. Capital additions include purchase of new equipment, remodeling, infrastructure improvements, water and sewer system upgrades and improvements. Depreciation expense of \$1,344,237 was also recorded for the year.

• The City had \$1,413,346 in business-type construction in progress at the end of the prior year. The City added \$107,650 as construction in progress in the business-type activities. Additionally, during the current year, the City added \$45,971 as construction in progress in the governmental activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City, and the statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

Activities of the City as a whole include governmental activities, and business-type activities. Governmental activities are those activities which are financed primarily through taxes and grants.

Most of the City's basic services are reported as governmental activities. Business-type activities are those activities which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Utility system operations are a common example of business-type activities. The City has no component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. Whenever a City is financially accountable for activities of a legally separate organization, those activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as component unit activities.

The accrual basis of accounting used for the government-wide financial statements recognizes revenues when earned and expenses when incurred regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements are used to present more detailed information about the City's most significant funds. Separate fund financial statements are prepared for the City's governmental funds and proprietary funds, as opposed to the government-wide statements which reflect the City as a whole.

Fund financial statements are prepared using the measurement focus and basis of accounting applicable to each broad fund category. Governmental fund financial statements are presented on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary fund financial statements are presented on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Because the proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting as the government-wide financial statements, the totals from the proprietary fund financial statements flow directly into the business-type activities column of the government-wide financial statements. For the governmental funds, reconciliation is presented to describe the differences between the net position, and change in net position reported in the governmental fund financial statements and the net position, and change in net position reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Condensed Financial Information

Condensed financial information is presented in the following tables in a comparative format which allows for the comparison of current and prior year information.

Government-wide net position

| | | | Governmental Activities | | s-type ities | Total Primary Government | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|-------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| | - | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 41,936,973 | 7,886,522 | 4,926,865 | 4,317,967 | 46,863,838 | 12,204,489 | |
| Capital assets | | 16,942,190 | 14,629,577 | 32,392,832 | 32,351,615 | 49,335,022 | 46,981,192 | |
| Total assets | | 58,879,163 | 22,516,099 | 37,319,697 | 36,669,582 | 96,198,860 | 59,185,681 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | - | 355,071 | 637,549 | 47,264 | 134,758 | 402,335 | 772,307 | |
| Long-term liabilities | | 22,598,272 | 5,821,384 | 18,492,900 | 18,930,671 | 41,091,172 | 24,752,055 | |
| Other liabilities | | 2,459,603 | 2,754,911 | 800,702 | 1,047,466 | 3,260,305 | 3,802,377 | |
| Total liabilities | - | 25,057,875 | 8,576,295 | 19,293,602 | 19,978,137 | 44,351,477 | 28,554,432 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 685,854 | 523,167 | 150,645 | 100,254 | 836.499 | 623,421 | |
| Net position: Invested in capital | | | | | | | 22 220 127 | |
| assets, net of debt | | | 8,808,193 | 13,999,932 | 13,420,944 | 13,999,932 | 22,229,137 | |
| Restricted | | 19,149,775 | 3,700,087 | 94) 1 | 343 | 19,149,775 | 3,700,087 | |
| Unrestricted | 3 | (2,601,458) | 1,545,906 | 3,922,782 | 3,305,005 | 1,321,324 | 4,850,911 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 16,548,317 | 14,054,186 | 17,922,714 | 16.725,949 | 34,471,031 | 30,780,135 | |

The City's governmental activities showed an increase in net position of \$2,494,131. Capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$2,312,613.

More detailed information relating to the change in net position, the change in capital assets, and the change in long-term liabilities is discussed in the pages to follow.

Government-wide changes in net position

| | | Governmental Activities | | Busines | ss-type vities | Total Primary Government | | |
|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Change in net assets | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ | 11,356,506 | 9,554,041 | 6,237,023 | 6,134,622 | 17,593,529 | 15,688,663 | |
| Total expenses | | (9,465,777) | (8,813,981) | (4,495,826) | (4,268,556) | (13,961,603) | (13,082,537) | |
| Change before transfers | 3 | 1,890,729 | 740,060 | 1,741,197 | 1,866,066 | 3,631,926 | 2,606,126 | |
| Transfers | 12 | 243,304 | (140,938) | (243,304) | 140,938 | | | |
| Change in net position | | 2,134,033 | 599,122 | 1,497,893 | 2,007,004 | 3,631,926 | 2,606,126 | |
| Net position - beginning | | 14,054,186 | 13,789,426 | 16,725,949 | 14,697,115 | 30,780,135 | 28,486,541 | |
| Reclass of Beg Net Position | | 360.098 | (334,362) | (301,128) | 21,830 | 58,970 | (312,532) | |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 16,548,317 | 14,054,186 | 17,922,714 | 16,725,949 | 34,471,031 | 30,780,135 | |

The specific changes in revenues and expenses are shown in the tables that follow, along with a discussion of the events giving rise to those changes.

| | | Govern | | | ss-type vities | Total Primary Government | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| | 0 - 1/2 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 944,417 | 1,351,161 | 5,788,359 | 5,540,045 | 6,732,776 | 6,891,206 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance and | | | | | | | | |
| Operations Taxes | | 2,277,260 | 2,167,222 | | | 2,277,260 | 2,167,222 | |
| Debt Service Taxes | | 426,014 | 425,098 | · | ₹. | 426,014 | 425,098 | |
| Grants | | 2,805,697 | 783,562 | 3 - 30 | - | 2,805,697 | 783,562 | |
| Sales tax | | 4,522,964 | 4,273,450 | 140 | - | 4,522,964 | 4,273,450 | |
| Investment Earnings | | 53,091 | 103,468 | 32,211 | 63,880 | 85,302 | 167,348 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 327,063 | 450,080 | 416,453 | 530,697 | 743,516 | 980,777 | |
| Total revenues | \$ | 11,356,506 | 9,554,041 | 6,237,023 | 6,134,622 | 17,593,529 | 15,688,663 | |

September 30, 2020

Last year's increase in sales tax revenues of \$356,907 was followed by an increase in sales tax revenues of \$249,514 for 2020. The increase in the sales tax was due to changes in the economic conditions in the City of Rio Grande City.

There were a few changes in both revenues and certain expenses of the general fund and utility fund. General fund charges for service revenues decreased by (\$406,744). In addition, governmental expenses increased by \$651,796.

Utility operating revenues had an increase of \$102,401 for operating revenues. There was also an increase in the utility fund expenses of \$227,270.

| | | Governmental Activities | | ss-type rities | To Primary G | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 2,452,075 | 2,265,203 | 2 | 5 | 2,452,075 | 2,265,203 | |
| Judicial | 252,055 | 179,023 | 17 | Ξ. | 252,055 | 179,023 | |
| Public safety | 4,211,773 | 3,807,755 | | 3 | 4,211,773 | 3,807,755 | |
| Public works | 808,687 | 692,165 | | Ē | 808,687 | 692,165 | |
| Highways and Streets | 174,021 | 181,237 | ÷ | ÷ | 174,021 | 181,237 | |
| Culture and Recreation | 378,894 | 336,114 | 3 | | 378,894 | 336,114 | |
| Libraries | 402,393 | 317,992 | | 8 | 402,393 | 317,992 | |
| Economic Development | 712,901 | 752,769 | ÷. | | 712,901 | 752,769 | |
| Bond Interest | 41,250 | 249_522 | | 8 | 41,250 | 249,522 | |
| Fiscal agent fees | 31,728 | 32,201 | | <u>.</u> | 31,728 | 32,201 | |
| Utility Fund | - | - | 4,495,826 | 4,268,556 | 4,495,826 | 4,268,556 | |
| Total expenses | \$ 9,465,777 | 8,813,981 | 4,495,826 | 4,268,556 | 13,961,603 | 13,082,537 | |

In 2020, the City's transfers consisted of moving unassigned and unrestricted funds within the General Fund, Economic Development Fund, Other Governmental Funds, and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds for the purposes of capital asset purchases, finance payroll, special projects and or the funding of principal and interest loan payments.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City has experienced an increase in sales tax revenue due to current economic conditions. We attribute some of this increase due to the stability of the current economic climate.

The city adopted a conservative budget for 2020-2021.

Regarding the other governmental funds, the debt service fund levied taxes sufficient to cover the governmental debt service requirements as well as a portion of the utility fund debt service (which was transferred to the utility fund) and ended the year with a \$505,438 fund balance.

As discussed above, the utility fund's operations ended the year with a \$1,196,765 increase in net position. The utility fund has net position of \$17,922,714 at the end of the year. However, \$13,999,932 is restricted for investment in capital assets, net of related debt. Unrestricted net position of \$3,922,782 represents over 3 months in terms of the utility system's annual expenses including net transfers out.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City's revenues had a positive variance of \$764,401. Expenditures had an overall decrease of (\$1,738,041).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The following capital asset information is presented net of depreciation. More detailed information can be found on Note 6 of the notes to the financial statements.

| | | Governn | nental | Busines | s-type | Total | | |
|--------------------------|----|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|--|
| | | Activi | Activities | | ities | Primary Government | | |
| | - | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Land | \$ | 2,292,630 | 2,292,630 | 346,536 | 346,536 | 2,639,166 | 2,639,166 | |
| Infrastructure | | 15,940,434 | 13,584,170 | 35,096,842 | 34,926,110 | 51,037,277 | 48,510,280 | |
| Buildings | | 3,565,041 | 3,565,040 | 1,914,682 | 1,817,454 | 5,479,722 | 5,382,494 | |
| Machinery and Equipment | | 6,894,891 | 6,182,821 | 3,212,848 | 2,772,862 | 10,107,738 | 8,955,683 | |
| Construction in Progress | | 153,716 | 239,579 | 1,520,996 | 1,413,346 | 1,674,713 | 1,652,925 | |
| Depreciation | | (11,904,521) | (11,234,663) | (9,599,072) | (8,924,693) | (21,503,593) | (20,159,356) | |
| Total assets | \$ | 16,942,192 | 14,629,577 | 32,492,832 | 32,351,615 | 49,435,024 | 46,981,192 | |
| 10141 433013 | Ψ | 10,742,172 | 11,029,071 | | | | | |

The City added approximately \$3,798,068 to capital assets during the year. Capital additions include purchase of new equipment, remodeling, infrastructure improvements, water and sewer system upgrades and improvements and construction in progress of street improvements and sewer line upgrades among others. Depreciation expense of \$1,344,237 was also recorded for the year.

Debt

More detailed information on the City's debt can be found on Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements.

| | | Govern Activ | | Busine: Activ | •• | Total Primary Government | | |
|-------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| | 69 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| General obligation debt | \$ | 19,480,000 | 5,590,000 | 17,500,000 | 18,232,000 | 36,980,000 | 23,822,000 | |
| Capital leases payable | | 82,166 | 231,385 | 250,934 | 698,670 | 333,100 | 930,055 | |
| Total debt | \$ | 19,562,166 | 5,821,385 | 17,750,934 | 18,930,670 | 37,313,100 | 24,752,055 | |

The City's general obligation bond rating is A+ as assigned by the national rating agency Standard and Poor's. There is no direct debt limitation in the City Charter or under state law. The Texas Constitution does limit the maximum tax rate for all City purposes to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation, and administratively, the Attorney General will permit allocation of \$1.50 of the \$2.50 maximum tax rate to the payment of debt service. The actual amount of debt the City might be able to fund with that tax rate depends on the term over which the debt is to be repaid, the interest rate on the debt, and the amount of taxes which are not collected. The City's current debt service tax rate is \$0.095.

Economic Factors

Sales Tax

The city's economy continues to grow as is evident from the graph below. It has continued to grow even with the covid pandemic upon us. The new development across the street from Wal-Mart has attracted new restaurant chains to the area. This will attract big chain stores as well that will help boost the economy and make Rio Grande City as the place to own a home for new home buyers. The pandemic has thought us that if we continue to promote shop Rio first withing our community it can sustain any big chain store, this will be used to attract them to the area and continue to grow our economy.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2020



Infrastructure

The city's certified property taxable values have increased by over \$56 million since 2016. Rio Grande city has the 5th lowest property tax rate in all the Valley and that has helped attract new home buyers to the area. With the recently acquired CO's of over \$15 million, the city will develop a new Fire & safety building, will repair some streets in our community, build a new B&G club facility, purchase new fire trucks for our fire department and complete many other smaller projects withing the city to make it a better place.

Summary

With the city's adopted Fund balance and investment policies it ensures that we continue to maintain a healthy fund balance while we invest some of it to ensure that we get a good return on investment. The city's future looks bright and prosper, financial audits are done on time and allow us to be aggressive in pursuit of available grants.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please direct your requests to the Director of Finance, City of Rio Grande City, at 5332 E US HWY 83, Rio Grande City, Texas, 78582.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,2020

| | Primary Government | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|----|----------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| | | | | Business - | | | |
| | G | overnmental | | Туре | | | |
| | - | Activities | | Activities | | Total | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 2,155,844 | \$ | 117,645 | \$ | 2,273,489 | |
| Investments - Current | | 18,520,945 | | 2,984,085 | | 21,505,030 | |
| Taxes Receivable, Net | | 1,621,554 | | 8 | | 1,621,554 | |
| Accounts Receivable Net | | 1,442,353 | | 913,636 | | 2,355,989 | |
| Due from Other Governments | | 707,136 | | æ | | 707,136 | |
| Due from Other Funds | | 369 | | (369) | | - | |
| Due from Others | | 262,457 | | 4,916 | | 267,373 | |
| Inventories | | 273,686 | | 20,804 | | 294,490 | |
| Prepaid Items | | 10,437 | | 22,000 | | 32,437 | |
| Deferred Charges | | i. | | 764,148 | | 764,148 | |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 2,292,630 | | 346,536 | | 2,639,166 | |
| Infrastructure, Net | | 9,117,145 | | 27,317,050 | | 36,434,195 | |
| Buildings, Net | | 2,891,475 | | 1,024,932 | | 3,916,407 | |
| Machinery and Equipment, Net | | 2,487,226 | | 2,283,318 | | 4,770,544 | |
| Construction in Progress | | 153,716 | | 1,520,996 | - | 1,674,712 | |
| Total Assets | | 41,936,973 | | 37,319,697 | - | 79,256,670 | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Resource Outflow Related to Pension&OPEB | | 355,071 | | 47,264 | | 402,335 | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | - | 355,071 | | 47,264 | - | 402,335 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | | 643,210 | | 207,157 | | 850,367 | |
| Wages and Salaries Payable | | 303,178 | | 51,140 | | 354,318 | |
| Deposits Payable | | | | 300,866 | | 300,866 | |
| Due to State | | 852,388 | | | | 852,388 | |
| Accrued Interest Payable | | 35,058 | | 47,716 | | 82,774 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Debt Due Within One Year | | 825,153 | | 964,193 | | 1,789,346 | |
| Due in More Than One Year | | 21,773,119 | | 17,528,707 | | 39,301,826 | |
| Net Pension Liability | | 457,148 | | 141,595 | | 598,743 | |
| Net OPEB Liability | <u>-</u> | 168,621 | | 52,228 | | 220,849 | |
| Total Liabilities | - | 25,057,875 | - | 19,293,602 | 8 | 44,351,477 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | (05.054 | | 150 615 | | 926 400 | |
| Deferred Resource Inflow Related to Pension & OPEB | | 685,854 | - | 150,645 | | 836,499 | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | - | 685,854 | - | 150,645 | 7 | 836,499 | |
| NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets | | - | | 13,999,932 | | 13,999,932 | |
| Restricted for: | | 1.5 | | 10,777,704 | | 10,777,702 | |
| Restricted for Federal or State Funds | | 147,870 | | 100 | | 147,870 | |
| | | | | | | 147,870 | |
| Restricted for Construction | | 15,845,322 | | | | 505.438 | |
| Restricted for Long-Term Debt | | 505,438 | | 2 8 5 4.40 | | | |
| Restricted for Other Purposes | | 2,651,145 | | 3 022 262 | | 2,651,145 1,321,324 | |
| Unrestricted | - | (2,601,458) | | 3,922,782 | | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 16,548,317 | \$ | 17,922,714 | \$ | 34,471,031 | |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | | Program Revenues | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------|----|---|
| | Expenses | (| Charges for Services | (| Operating Grants and ontributions |
| Primary Government: | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 335,434 | \$ | | \$ | |
| Mayor and Council | 10,282 | | - | | 2 |
| City Manager | 168,580 | | i i | | - |
| Administration | 1,080,559 | | 57,502 | | 942,519 |
| City Secretary | 96,504 | | ., | | :• |
| Finance | 173,480 | | | | |
| Personnel | 78,150 | | - | | |
| Planning | 509,086 | | | | 3 |
| Judicial | 252,055 | | 183,187 | | 3 |
| Police | 3,192,155 | | 27,226 | | 646,661 |
| Fire Protection | 1,019,618 | | | | 64,517 |
| Public Works | 808,687 | | | | 3 |
| Highway and Streets | 174.021 | | 1 | | 2 |
| Culture, recreation and parks | 378,894 | | | | Ξ |
| Library | 402,393 | | | | 2,000 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 712,901 | | | | 1,150,000 |
| Interest on Debt | 41,250 | | ÷** | | 3 |
| Other Debt Service | 31,728 | | (+). | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 9,465,777 | | 267,915 | - | 2,805,697 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | 0.00000 | | | |
| Water, Sewer & Sanitation Fund | 4,495,826 | | 5,788,359 | | |
| Total Business-Type Activities | 4,495,826 | | 5,788,359 | | |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | \$ 13,961,603 | \$ | 6,056,274 | \$ | 2,805,697 |

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Delinquent Property Taxes AD Valorem Tax Relief Revenue General Sales and Use Taxes Franchise Tax Hotel/Motel Tax Penalty and Interest on Taxes Miscellaneous Revenue Investment Earnings

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - Ending

| | (Expense) Revenue a anges in Net Position | |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|
| | rimary Government | |
| Governmental | Business-Type | |
| Activities | Activities | Total |
| | | |
| (225 424) | tres (| (335,434) |
| (335,434) (10,282) | | (10,282) |
| (168,580) | | (168,580) |
| (80,538) | | (80,538) |
| (96,504) | 74 | (96,504) |
| (173,480) | - | (173,480) |
| (78,150) | | (78,150) |
| (509,086) | | (509,086) |
| (68,868) | (iii) | (68,868) |
| (2,518,268) | | (2,518,268) |
| (955,101) | 345 | (955,101) |
| (808,687) | | (808,687) |
| (174,021) | - | (174,021) |
| (378,894) | | (378,894) |
| (400,393) | 12 | (400,393) |
| 437,099 | () | 437,099 |
| (41,250) | - | (41,250) |
| (31,728) | | (31,728) |
| (6,392,165) | | (6,392,165) |
| (0,000,000) | | |
| | 1,292,533 | 1,292,533 |
| · · | 1,292,533 | 1,292,533 |
| (6,392,165) | 1,292,533 | (5,099,632) |
| | | |
| 1,944,622 | • | 1,944,622 |
| 426,014 | | 426,014 |
| 197,391 | 1940 | 197,391 |
| 1,113,260 | 2 | 1,113,260 |
| 3,409,704 | . | 3,409,704 |
| 628,372 | | 628,372 |
| 48,130 | | 48,130 |
| 135,247 | - | 135,247 |
| 327,063 | 416,453 | 743,516 |
| 53,091 | 32,211 | 85,302 |
| 243,304 | (243,304) | |
| 8,526,198 | 205,360 | 8,731,558 |
| 2,134,033 | 1,497,893 | 3,631,926 |
| 14,054,186 | 16,725,949 | 30,780,135 |
| 360,098 | (301,128) | 58,970 |
| \$ 16,548,317 | \$ 17,922,714 | \$ 34,471,031 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | General Fund | Economic Development Fund | | EDA Grant 0879050 Fund | |
|---|----|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| ASSETS | | | ¢ | 222.950 | Φ. | 105 053 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 2,209 | \$ | 222,850 1,800,241 | \$ | 195,853 |
| Investments - Current | | 1,716,034 | | 1,000,241 | | - |
| Taxes Receivable | | 1,385,917 | | | | |
| Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) | | (69,296) | | 206,517 | | - |
| Accounts Receivable Net | | 1,226,223 665,059 | | 200,517 | | - |
| Due from Other Governments | | | | - | | |
| Due from Other Funds | | 91,176 | | | | 262,457 |
| Due from Others | | - | | | | 202,437 |
| Materials On Hand Prepaid Items | | - 10,437 | | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 5,027,759 | \$ | 2,229,608 | \$ | 458,310 |
| | | -, | - | | | |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable | \$ | 109,034 | \$ | 43,092 | \$ | 379,646 |
| Wages and Salaries Payable | Ψ | 68,292 | - | 4,541 | 4 | - |
| Payroll Taxes Payable | | 25,316 | | 1,569 | | - |
| Retainage Payable | | | | _, | | |
| Due to Other Funds | | 29,377 | | | | |
| Due to Others | | 851,636 | | - | | |
| Unearned Revenues | | 531,897 | | 1.000 | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 1,615,552 | | 49,202 | | 379,646 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes | | 1,316,621 | | - | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 1,316,621 | | | - | |
| Total Defended millows of Resources | - | 1,510,021 | - | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable Fund Balance: | | 10 427 | | | | |
| Prepaid Items | | 10,437 | | | | |
| Restricted Fund Balance: | | | | | | 78,664 |
| Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction | |). (5) | | - | | 70,004 |
| Restricted for Construction | | - | | - | | |
| Retirement of Long-Term Debt | | - | | 2,180,406 | | - |
| Other Restricted Fund Balance | | 2,085,149 | | 2,100,100 | | - |
| Unassigned Fund Balance | | | | 2 100 406 | - | 70 664 |
| Total Fund Balances | | 2,095,586 | | 2,180,406 | - | 78,664 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances | \$ | 5,027,759 | \$ | 2,229,608 | \$ | 458,310 |

| | Series 2020 C/O's | | Other Funds | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|----|-------------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------------------|
| - | | _ | | | |
| \$ | 220,666 | \$ | 1,514,266 | \$ | 2,155,844 |
| - | 15,004,670 | | 240 | | 18,520,945 |
| | | | 320,982 | | 1,706,899 |
| | - | | (16,049) | | (85,345) |
| | 2 | | 9,613 | | 1,442,353 |
| | - | | 42,077 | | 707,136 |
| | 5,948 | | 29,376 | | 126,500 |
| | | | | | 262,457 |
| | - | | 273,686 | | 273,686 |
| | 8 | | | | 10,437 |
| \$ | 15,231,284 | \$ | 2,173,951 | \$ | 25,120,912 |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 41,860 | \$ | 2,368 | \$ | 576,000 |
| | | | 1,131 | | 73,964 |
| | - | | - | | 26,885 |
| | 3 | | 67,210 | | 67,210 |
| | a | | 96,754 | | 126,131 |
| | - | | 752 | | 852,388 |
| | | | | | 531,897 |
| | 41,860 | _ | 168,215 | _ | 2,254,475 |
| | | | 304,932 | | 1,621,553 |
| | | | | _ | |
| | | _ | 304,932 | | 1,621,553 |
| | | | | | |
| | - | | | | 10,437 |
| | 2 | | 69,206 | | 147,870 |
| | 15,189,425 | | 655,897 | | 15,845,322 |
| | | | 505,438 | | 505,438 |
| | - | | 470,739 | | 2,651,145 |
| | 3 | | (476) | | 2,084,673 |
| | 15,189,425 | | 1,700,804 | ÷ | 21,244,885 |
| \$ | 15,231,285 | \$ | 2,173,951 | \$ | 25,120,913 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,2020

| Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ | 21,244,885 |
|---|----|--------------|
| The City uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to Increase (decrease) net position. | | -0- |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position. | | 8,606,905 |
| Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. | l | (13,796,079) |
| Included in the noncurrent assets/(liabilities) is the recognition of the City's net OPEB asset/(liability) required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(457,148), a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$(652,282), and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$298,655. This resulted in an increase/(decrease) in net position by \$(810,775). | | (810,775) |
| Included in the noncurrent assets/(liabilities) is the recognition of the City's net OPEB asset/(liability) required by GASB 75 in the amount of (\$168,621) and a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$33,572), and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$56,416. This resulted in an increase/(decrease) in net position by (\$145,777). | | (145,777) |
| The 2020 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. | | (669,856) |
| Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position. | | 2,119,014 |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ | 16,548,317 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | 4 | | |
|--|----|----------------------|--------------|--|
| | | | | Grant 0879050 |
| | | Fund | Fund | Fund |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 1,839,424 | \$ - | \$- |
| Delinquent Property Taxes | | 162,318 | • | |
| AD Valorem Tax Relief Revenue | | 1,113,260 | * | |
| General Sales and Use Taxes | | 2,297,064 | 1,112,640 | |
| Franchise Tax | | 610,165 | 3.55 | , |
| Hotel/Motel Tax | | - | | , |
| Penalty and Interest on Taxes | | 87.342 | • | |
| Licenses and Permits | | 148,424 | (.) | 1 150 000 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants | | 1,075,900 | | 1,150,000 |
| Charges for Services | | 57,502 | | |
| Fines | | 173,046 | 2.5 | |
| Forfeits | | 21 664 | 12,276 | 4,098 |
| Investment Earnings | | 21,664 | 5,275 | 4,090 |
| Other Revenue | | 83.226 | | |
| Total Revenues | | 7,669,335 | 1,130,191 | 1,154,098 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | - | | |
| Mayor and Council | | 10,282 | | |
| City Manager | | 168,580 | | , |
| Administration | | 1,206,680 | 940 | |
| City Secretary | | 98,212 | • | |
| Finance | | 171,386 | ~ | , |
| Personnel | | 76,255 | | 3 |
| Planning | | 535,701 | • | |
| Judicial | | 257,611 | | , |
| Public Safety: | | | | |
| Police | | 2,400,171 | 350 | , |
| Fire Protection | | 1.129.694 | S#3 | |
| Public Works | | 982,992 | 1 A | |
| Highway and Streets | | 174,021 | | |
| Culture and Recreation: | | | | |
| Culture, recreation and parks | | 378,687 | • | |
| Library | | 375,381 | • | 2 |
| Conservation and Development: | | | 621.004 | 2 240 461 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | • | 531,984 | 2,249,467 |
| Debt Service: | | 70,327 | | |
| Principal on Debt | | | | |
| Interest on Debt | | 6,106 | ~ | |
| Other Debt Service | | 70,113 | | |
| Total Expenditures | · | 8,112,199 | 531,984 | 2,249,467 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) | | (442,864) | 598,207 | (1,095,369 |
| Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | , |
| | | 2 025 000 | | |
| Issuance of Bonds | | 2.925.000 | 765,000 | 774,233 |
| Transfers In Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds | | 1,677,503 306,224 | 705,000 | 777,43. |
| Transfers Out (Use) | | (453,800) | (225,000) | (380,614 |
| | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 4,454,927 | 540,000 | 393,619 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent | | (3,161,110) | × | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (3,161,110) | | Second and a second sec |
| | | | 1 100 007 | (801.85) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | 850,953 | 1,138,207 | (701,750 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 1,119,610 | 1,041,163 | 780,41 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | | 125,023 | 1,036 | |
| | \$ | 2,095,586 | \$ 2,180,406 | \$ 78,664 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | | 4,075,560 | ÷ 2,180,400 | |
| | | | | |

| Series 2020 | | Total |
|----------------|-----------------|--|
| | Other | Governmental |
| C/O's | Funds | Funds |
| | | |
| 2 | \$ 426,014 | \$ 2,265,438 |
| | 35,073 | 197,391 |
| | | 1,113,260 |
| <u>*</u> | - 18,207 | 3,409,704 628,372 |
| - | 48,129 | 48,129 |
| | 47.905 | 135,247 |
| | | 148,424 |
| 2 | 579,797 | 2,805,697 |
| 5 | 10.1.0 | 57,502 |
| | 10,142 | 183,188 27,226 |
| 6,020 | 27.226 9.033 | 53,091 |
| 0,020 | 28.851 | 117.352 |
| 6,020 | 1,230,377 | 11,190,021 |
| 0,020 | 1,200,011 | |
| 335,434 | - | 335,434 |
| | - | 10,282 |
| | | 168,580 |
| 4 | 20,021 | 1,226,701 |
| - | | 98,212 171,386 |
| | | 76,255 |
| | | 535,701 |
| • | - | 257,611 |
| - | 623,062 | 3,023,233 |
| | 2 | 1.129.694 982,992 |
| | | 174,021 |
| | | 378,687 |
| ÷ | | 375,381 |
| | 103,115 | 2,884,566 |
| | 519,345 | 589,672 |
| H | 168.229 | 174,335 |
| | 31.729 | 101,842 |
| 335,434 | 1,465,501 | 12,694,585 |
| (329,414) | (235,124) | (1,504,564) |
| 15.205.000 | | 18.130.000 |
| | 1,296,819 | 4,513,555 |
| 2,296,308 | 5 4 5 | 2,602,532 |
| (1,982,469) | (1.228.367) | (4,270,250) |
| 15,518,839 | 68,452 | 20,975,837 |
| | | (3,161,110) |
| | | |
| | <u> </u> | |
| - | | (3,161,110) |
| - 15,189,425 | (166,672) | (3,161,110) |
| - | 1,633,437 | (3,161,110) 16,310,163 4,574,624 |
| - | | (3,161,110) |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ 16,310,163 |
|---|-------------------------|
| The city uses some internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities primarily to the governmental funds. The net income (loss) of these internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) the change in net position. | -0- |
| Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) the change in net position. | (13,796,079) I ct |
| The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$217,074. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$204,785). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased/(decreased) the change in net position by \$164,730. The result of these changes is to increase/(decrease) the change in net position by \$177,019. | , |
| The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/19 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$4,450. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$4,078). The City's reported TMRS net OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased/(decreased) the change in net position by (\$19,635). The result of these changes is to increase/(decrease) the change in net position by (\$19,263). | |
| Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position. | (669,856) |
| Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) the change in net position. | 132,048 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 2,134,033 |
| | |

EXHIBIT D-1

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30,2020

| | Business Type Activities |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| | Water, Sewer & Sanitation Fund |
| ASSETS | |
| Current Assets: | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 117,645 |
| Investments - Current | 2,984,085 |
| Accounts Receivable Net | 913,636 |
| Due from Other Funds | 29,323 |
| Due from Others | 4,916 |
| Inventories | 20,804 |
| Prepaid Items | 22,000 |
| Deferred Charges | 764,148 |
| Total Current Assets | 4,856,557 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | |
| Capital Assets: | |
| Land | 346,536 |
| Infrastructure, Net | 27,317,050 |
| Buildings, Net | 1,024,932 |
| Machinery and Equipment, Net | 2,283,318 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,520,996 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 32,492,832 |
| Total Assets | 37,349,389 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan | 29,789 |
| Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB | 17,475 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 47,264 |
| Total Deletted Outhows of Resources | |
CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Business Type Activities |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Water, Sewer & Sanitation Fund |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | 207,157 |
| Wages and Salaries Payable | 23,460 |
| Compensated Absences Payable | 27,680 |
| Deposits Payable | 300,866 |
| Due to Other Funds | 29,692 47,716 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 636,571 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | |
| Debt Due Within One Year | 927,401 |
| Due in More Than One Year | 17,565,499 |
| Net Pension Liability | 141,595 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 52,228 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 18,686,723 |
| Total Liabilities | 19,323,294 |
| | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan | 140.246 |
| Deferred Resource Inflow Related to OPEB | 10,399 |
| | 150,645 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| NET POSITION | 14 000 044 |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 13,999,932 |
| Unrestricted | 3,922,782 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 17,922,714 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

| EXHIBI | TD_{-2} |
|--------|-----------|
| DATID | 110-2 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDNET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Business-Type Activities |
|---|---|
| | Water, Sewer |
| | & Sanitation |
| | Fund |
| | |
| OPERATING REVENUES: | ¢ 2 (97 (24 |
| Water Sales | \$ 3,687,624 |
| Sewer Charges | 1,896,032 204,703 |
| Other Services Other Revenue | 416,453 |
| | the second se |
| Total Operating Revenues | 6,204,812 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | |
| Administration | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 151,360 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 87,793 |
| Other Operating Costs | 193,828 |
| Total Administration | 432,981 |
| Billings and Collections | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 203,640 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 39,697 |
| Other Operating Costs | 198,092 |
| Total Billings and Collections | 441,429 |
| Water System | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 215,776 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 19,000 |
| Other Operating Costs | 368,150 |
| Total Water System | 602,926 |
| Water Plant #1 | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 180,995 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 29,319 |
| Other Operating Costs | 308,725 |
| Total Water Plant #1 | 519,039 |
| Water Distribution | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 360,365 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 135,605 |
| Other Operating Costs | 311,127 |
| Total Water Distribution | 807,097 |
| Sewer System | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 92,543 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 62,114 |
| Other Operating Costs | 157,337 |
| Total Sewer System | 311,994 |
| Sewer Collection | |
| Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages | 77,164 |
| Purchased Professional & Technical Services | 12,321 |
| Other Operating Costs | 14,417 |
| Total Sewer Collection | 103,902 |
| Depreciation | 883,634 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 4,103,002 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDNET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Business-Type Activities Water, Sewer & Sanitation Fund |
|---|---|
| Operating Income | 2,101,810 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | |
| Investment Earnings Interest Expense - Non-Operating | 32,211 (392,824) |
| Total NonOperating Revenue (Expenses) | (360,613) |
| Income Before Transfers | 1,741,197 |
| Nonoperating Transfers In Transfers Out (Use) | 2,143,948 (2,387,252) |
| Change in Net Position | 1,497,893 |
| Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning) | 16, 725 ,949 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | (301,128) |
| Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 17,922,714 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Business-Type Activities |
|---|-----------------------------|
| | Water, Sewer |
| | & Sanitation |
| | Fund |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | |
| Cash Received from User Charges | \$ 6,204,812 |
| Cash Payments to Employees for Services | (1,381,095) |
| Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses | (1,822,155) |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | 3,001,562 |
| Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: | |
| Operating Transfer In | 2,143,948 |
| Operating Transfer Out | (2,387,252) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities | (243,304) |
| O. J. Elson from Ornital and Balatad Einstein Activities. | |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of Capital Assets | (1,028,751) |
| Principal and Interest Paid on Capital Debt | (830,595) |
| Deferred Charge on Refunded Bonds | (764,148) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities | (2,623,494) |
| | |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | |
| Purchase of Investment Securities | (170,250) |
| Interest and Dividends on Investments | 32,211 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing | (138,039) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (3,275) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year | 120,920 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year | \$ 117,645 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash | |
| Provided By Operating Activities: | |
| | \$ 2,101,810 |
| Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income | 5 2,101,010 |
| To Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | |
| Depreciation | 883,634 |
| Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities: | |
| | (16,739) |
| Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Decrease (Increase) in Inventories | (13,953) |
| Decrease (Increase) in Interfund Receivables | 224,708 |
| Decrease (Increase) in Outflows | 87,494 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable | (246,764) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Interfund Payables | (69,019) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Inflows | 50,391 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | \$ 3,001,562 |
| The contract of observations | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-settling body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles.

The citizens of the City voted on May 1, 1993 to incorporate the City of Rio Grande City, Texas. The City operates under a Mayor – City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public improvements, utilities (water and sewer), code enforcement, judicial and election functions, and general administrative services.

On May 18, 1998, a court order was issued ordering the Starr County Water Control and Improvement District No. 2 to relinquish all property, assets, and all control of the (former) Water District to the control of the City. This action was effective as of May 15, 1998, at which time the (former) Water District was assimilated into the operations of the City as the Public Utilities Department, an Enterprise Fund.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), The following is a summary of the significant policies.

A. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANICAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole presenting all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and changes in net position of the City. These statements are prepared using, the accrual basis of accounting. Separate rows and columns are used in the government-wide statements to distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities, with a total column for the primary government.

B. SCOPE OF REPORTING ENTITY

The City has used the criteria detailed in GASB statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity; Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" to determine whether or not certain entities should be included in the accompanying financial statements. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

Based on these criteria, the City has no Discretely Presented Component Units.

C. FUND FINANICAL STAEMENTS

Fund financial statements are used to present more detailed information about the City's most significant funds. Separate fund financial statements are prepared for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The City has no fiduciary funds. The governmental and proprietary fund financial statements place an emphasis on major funds. Those funds which are determined to be major funds are presented in separate columns, with all nonmajor governmental funds being aggregated and displayed in a single column. Interfund receivable and payable balances and transfers between funds have been eliminated in the fund financial statements.

The City has reported the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

<u>Economic Development Corporation Fund</u> – The fund is a special revenue fund to account for the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales and use tax for economic and industrial development. Since the sales and use tax is approved specifically for such expenditures, the EDC fund is considered a Special Revenue Fund.

EDA Grant 0879050 Fund – The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

<u>Series 2020 C/O's Fund</u> – This fund is a capital projects fund. It is used to account for the proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

The City has reported the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Utility Fund</u> - The Utility Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are finance through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary, to ensure integrity of the funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type(s):

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

<u>Water Projects Fund</u> – This fund is a capital projects fund. It is used to account for the proceeds from longterm debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is a capital projects fund. It is used to account for the proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

<u>2013 Wastewater Projects Fund</u> – This fund is a capital projects fund. It is used to account for the proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to whether a particular type of transaction will be recorded in the financial statements. The economic resources measurement focus recognizes all resources and obligations and the changes in them. The current financial resources measurement focus recognizes only current resources and obligations and transactions affecting current resources and obligations. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements specific to the class of nonexchange transactions. For the government-wide financial statements prepared on the accrual basis, property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied.

Fund financial statements - government funds

The fund financial statements for the government funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus affects the accounting and reporting treatment of capital assets and long-term liabilities. The capital assets and long-term liabilities of the governmental activities are not recorded on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements of the governmental funds. Transactions for the purchase of assets, the issuance of debt, and the payment of debt principal are reflected in the governmental funds, but they are reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as capital outlay and debt service principal expenditures and proceeds from debt.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available and recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All revenues of the City are considered susceptible to accrual except for revenue from delinquent property taxes receivable, revenue from fines and revenue from fines.

While the City expects all taxes on real property to ultimately be collectible, the bulk of delinquent property taxes receivable at the end of the year are not anticipated to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Therefore, revenue from delinquent property taxes receivable is not recognized in the fund financial statements until they are considered available when collected during the current period of within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Fines receivable but not past due at the end of the fiscal year may be subsequently reduced when the offender attends a defensive driving course, provides proof of insurance, has the offense dismissed by the municipal court, or serves jail time. Current fines receivable thus do not meet the measurability criterion required to be susceptible to accrual. A significant portion of past due fines receivable is not anticipated to be collected enough to meet the criterion that the revenue be considered available.

Fund financial statements - proprietary funds

The fund financial statements for the proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and payments relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of operating income, financial position, changes in net position and cash flows. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation is not utilized by the City's accounting system. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditure or liabilities until the commitments are honored by inclusion in the subsequent year's budget. There are no significant encumbrances outstanding at September 30, 2019.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows represent demand accounts and petty cash. Certificates of deposit, U.S. government debt securities, money market funds, and investments in local government investment pools are recorded as investments and are not treated as cash or cash equivalents.

G. INVESTMENTS

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual bonds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds.

H. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

I. RECEIVABLES

Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. Within the governmental fund financial statements, long-term advances and long-term receivables are reflected as unspendable fund balance indicating they do not constitute available expendable resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for uncollectibles is management's best estimate of the amount of credit losses based on account delinquencies and historical write-off expense.

Utility revenue is recorded when earned. Customers are billed monthly. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled has been included in the financial statements and has been accrued in the proprietary funds to record the estimated amount of revenues earned but not billed as of the end of the fiscal year. The estimate is based on the pro rata number of days in the billing cycle before and after the fiscal year end.

J. INVENTORY

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. INTER-FUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLES

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

L. TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN FUNDS

Legally authorized transfers are treated as inter-fund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

M. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on capital assets. Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Deprecation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

| Assets | Useful Lives |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Machinery and equipment | 3-15 years |
| Vehicles | 2-15 years |
| Improvements | 20 years |
| Infrastructure | 30 years |
| Buildings | 50 years |

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation leave may be accumulated at the rate of 80 hours for each continuous year of employment for full-time employees with between 1 and 5 years of service. Employees with between 5 and 10 years of service, 120 hours accumulate each year. For employees with more than 10 years of service, 160 hours accumulate each year. Limits on the accumulation of vacation leave are 240 hours for all full-time employees, and 168 hours for fire department personnel. The City allows employees to accumulate sick leave without limit. Employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave, therefore, no liability is accrued. In proprietary fund types, accumulated unpaid compensated absences are accrued when incurred. The accruals are reported as liabilities and expenses for the year incurred. The liability in the governmental fund types is recorded only in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The amount expected to be paid from current resources is not considered to be significant. Applicable liabilities in the governmental wide net assets and in the proprietary fund have been established to reflect these liabilities.

O. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Gains or losses on proprietary fund refunding and on the government-wide financial statements are reported as deferred inflows or outflows and are amortized over the term of the lesser of the new bonds or the refunded bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are recognized as expenditures/expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuance costs are shown as debt service expenditures.

P. FUND EQUITY

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net assets invested in capital assets

This category represents the net carrying value of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of long-term debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets.

Restricted

The restricted component of net position represents restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. This category represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

This category is the "residual" component of net position. It consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets."

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

The *nonspendable* fund balance includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spend because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories and prepaid items, long-term advances, long-term receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation. Some resources are spendable but are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Such resources include the principal of an endowment. The enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints that are imposed by the highest level of decision making authority, City Council. City Council is required to take formal action by ordinance or resolution to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. Committed funds incorporate contractual obligations constraints to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources.

The *assigned* fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Council action. The residual fund balance that is not Restricted or Committed in governmental funds except the General Fund is assigned.

The *unassigned* fund balance represents the spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

Q. SPENDING PRIORITIZATION IS USING AVAILABLE RESOURCES

When both restricted resources and other resources (i.e., committed, assigned, and unassigned) can be used for the same purpose, the City budget considers restricted to be spent first.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources can be used for the same purpose, the flow assumption in the City budget is to spend in the sequence of committed resources first, assigned second, and unassigned last.

The City has in the past and plans to continue in the future its conservative approach to monitoring expenditures to ensure that fund balances stay strong at the 25% general fund policy level. The General Fund will need to re-build with future revenues.

By a majority vote in a scheduled meeting of the City Council, the Council may commit fund balances and it may modify or rescind these commitments. The Council may also delegate authority to persons or parties to assign fund balances in specific circumstances or funds.

R. PROGRAM REVENUES AND INDIRECT EXPENSES

The government-wide statement of activities is presented in a format that identifies the net cost of the City's individual functions. The expenses of each function is reduced by the functions program revenues. Program revenues are revenues which derive directly from the program itself and include charges for services, program-specific operating grants and contributions, and program specific capital grants and contributions. Some governmental functions such as administration and finance are in essence indirect expenses of other functions. Governments are not required to allocate those indirect expenses to other functions, but if they do, indirect expenses should be presented in a separate column from direct expenses. The City has chosen not to allocate those indirect expenses.

S. OPERATING AND NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

The City's policy in distinguishing proprietary fund operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses follows the guidance for distinguishing types of cash flows. Transactions for capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are normally not treated as operating revenues or expenses.

T. ESTIMATES

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principle requires the use of management's estimates. Items for which estimates are necessary include the amount of receivables which may not be collectible, inventory obsolescence, service lines and salvage values of depreciable assets. Estimates also include the likelihood of loss and potential loss amount from contingencies such as litigation.

U. NET PENSION LIABILITY

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due.

Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

V. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

W. DEFFERED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, one is related to the City's net pension liability and the other is related to the City's net OPEB liability and both are reported on the government-wide statements of net position. This deferred outflow includes City contributions to the retirement systems contributed subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, as of September 30, 2020, the City's deferred outflows totaled \$402,335.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which are reported on the government wide statements of net position and the other reported on the balance sheet at the governmental fund level.

Government-wide statements

One is the deferred inflow related to the net position liability and net OPEB liability and is the difference between expected and actual economic experiences and changes in actual earnings. This is amortized over subsequent accounting periods as determined by the actuary. As of September 30, 2020, the City's deferred inflow totaled \$836,499.

Governmental fund level

This deferred inflow is property taxes received prior to the applicable budget year. As of September 30, 2020, the City's deferred inflowed totaled \$1,612,553.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and debt service fund. The other special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budgets are prepared by fund and function. Any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by City Council. All budget amounts presented reflect the original budget and the final amended budget, which has been adjusted for legally authorized revisions or appropriations to the original budgets during the fiscal year. All unencumbered budget appropriations except project budgets, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary date reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to October 1, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the City Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be formally amended by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, and are reflected in the official minutes of the Council and are not made after fiscal year end.
- d. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Council. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

| | Expenditures |
|-----------------|----------------|
| | Over |
| Department | Appropriations |
| City Secretary | \$ (1,084) |
| Finance | (4,302) |
| Judicial | (5,891) |
| Fire Protection | (115,145) |
| Library | (87,269) |
| Debt Service | (145,546) |

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT

At September 30, 2020 the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interestbearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,273,489 and the bank balance was \$2,680,864. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2020 and during the period ended September 30, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

A. Investments

As of September 30, 2020, the City the following investments:

| | | Weighted | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| | | Average | |
| | Amortized | Maturity | Standard & |
| Governmental Activities | Cost | (Days) | Poor's Rating |
| General Fund | | | |
| TexPool | \$ 400,046 | 38 | AAAm |
| Logic Money Market | 1,315,988 | 54 | AAAm |
| Total General Fund | 1,716,034 | | |
| Special Revenues Funds: | | | |
| Logic Money Market | 1,800,241 | 54 | AAAm |
| Total Special Revnue Fund | 1,800,241 | | |
| Capital Project Funds: | | | |
| Logic Money Market | 15,004,670 | 54 | AAAm |
| Total Special Revnue Fund | 15,004,670 | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 18,520,945 | | |

| | | | Weighted Average | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Business-type Activities | L | Amortized Cost | Maturity (Days) | Standard & Poor's Rating |
| TexPool | \$ | 400,046 | 38 | AAAm |
| Logic Money Market | | 2,584,008 | 54 | AAAm |
| Bank of New York Money Market | | 30 | | |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ | 2,984,085 | | |

The City was in compliance with the Investment Act.

The TexPool and Logic Investments are considered investments on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental and proprietary fund-level statements.

The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibilities over TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool and participants in TexPool.

LOGIC was organized on May 6, 1994 to conform to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. This Act permits the creation of investment pools to which a majority of political subdivisions (local governments) in Texas may delegate, by contract, the authority to make investments purchased with local investment funds and to hold legal title as custodian of the investment securities.

The City of Rio Grande City and JP Morgan Chase Bank had a custody agreement to hold cash and securities for the City of Rio Grande City. In 2006, JP Morgan Chase and Bank of New York Co. did a business-swap agreement where Bank of New York Co. received JP Morgan Chase's corporate trust business. This swap transferred the money market mutual fund from JP Morgan Chase to Bank of New York Co. During the same year, Bank of New York and Mellon Financial Corporation merged, transferring the City's agreement to Bank of New York Mellon. The City's cash and securities in the Bank of New York Mellon are deposited in a money market mutual fund.

As of September 30, 2020, all of the City's external investment pools meet the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 79 and measures all of their investments at amortized cost; therefore, the City has also measured their investments in these external investment pools at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. In addition, the pools do not have any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. The pools do not impose any liquidity or redemption gates.

Interest Rate Risk: To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments; the City requires that the investments shall be monitored by using specific identification.

Credit Risk: To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the City limits investments to Certificates of Deposits, Public Funds Investment Pools and Guaranteed Investment Contracts, collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. As of September 30, 2020, the City's investments were secured by U.S. Government Securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk: To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments maturity scheduling, and financial institutions. To further limit the risk all of the City investments are collateralized by U.S. Government Securities.

Custodial Credit Risk: State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the City complies with this law, it has no custodial risk for deposits.

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Primary Government

Receivables at year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

| 0 11 | | | | | N | onmajor | | |
|----------------------------|----|-----------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------|----|-----------|
| | | General Fund | E | nterprise Fund | | ernmental Funds | | Total |
| Receivables | | | | | | | | 1 704 800 |
| Taxes | S | 1,385,917 | \$ | • | \$ | 320,982 | \$ | 1,706,899 |
| Accounts | | 3. | | 1,231,501 | | - | | 1,231,501 |
| Other Receivables | | 1,226,223 | | 8 4 3 | | 216,130 | | 1,442,353 |
| Due from other governments | | 665,059 | | 3 | - | 42,077 | - | 707,136 |
| Gross Receivables | | 3,277,199 | | 1,231,501 | | 579,189 | | 5,087,889 |
| Less: Allowance | | | | | | (1 (0 (0) | | (05.245) |
| for uncollectible-taxes | | (69,296) | | 0.7 | | (16,049) | | (85,345) |
| Less: Allowance | | | | | | | | |
| for uncollectible-accounts | | | 1 | (317,865) | | | | (317,865) |
| Net Total Receiables | \$ | 3,207,903 | \$ | 913,636 | \$ | 563,139 | \$ | 4,684,678 |

Revenues of the Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are \$317,865.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1 bases on assessed value of property as of January 1, for all real and personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle I, Texas Property Tax Code. Assessed values are an approximation of market values. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year. The adjusted assessed value for the roll as of January 1, 2019, upon which the 2019 levy was based, was \$509,505,793.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, property tax rates were \$.412 and \$.095 for the general fund and the debt service fund, respectively, per \$100 of assessed value.

Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Current and delinquent property taxes are collected by the Rio Grande City Consolidated Independent School District Tax Office which is operated independently of the City of Rio Grande City.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Primary Government

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2020 were as follows: Governmental Funds - Receivable Fund

| Receivable Fund Payable Fund | | Amount |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| General Fund | Other Governmental Funds | \$ 90,806 |
| General Fund | Enterprise Fund | 369 |
| Capital Projects Fund | Debt Service Fund | 5,948 |
| Other Governmental Funds | General Fund | 29,377 |
| | | \$ 126,500 |

Proprietary Funds - Receivable Fund

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund | Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund | \$ 29,323 | | |
| | | \$ 29 323 | | |

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Transfers to and from other funds during the year ended September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

| | | | T | ransfer In: | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|----|-------------|----|------------|---|-----------|
| | | Debt | | Other | | | | |
| | | Service | Go | vernmental | J | Enterprise | | |
| Transfer Out: | General Fund | Fund | | Funds | | Fund | | Total |
| General Fund | \$ - | § - | \$ | 453,800 | \$ | | S | 453,800 |
| Economic Development Corporation Fund | 225,000 | - | | 3 . | | - | | 225,000 |
| Capital Projects Fund | 682,503 | | | 765,000 | | 534,966 | | 1,982,469 |
| Debt Service Fund | 3 | 2 | | | | 1,124,617 | | 1,124,617 |
| Other Governmental Funds | 9 | Ξ | | | | 484,365 | | 484,365 |
| Enterprise Fund | 770,000 | 1,273,227 | | 344,025 | | 4 | | 2,387,252 |
| Total | \$ 1,677,503 | \$ 1,273,227 | \$ | 1,562,825 | \$ | 2,143,948 | S | 6,657,503 |

Transfers are used primarily to 1) move unassigned and unrestricted fund revenues to other funds to finance variance special projects, to finance payroll, and the purchase of capital assets. Transfers out of the Enterprise Fund to the General Fund are for operations.

The Enterprise Fund made transfers to the Debt Service Fund (nonmajor governmental fund) in order to provide funds for principal and interest loan payments. At year-end, the debt service fund had a balance greater than the annual debt service requirement of the governmental debt.

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

| | Beginning Balance October 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletions | Ending Balance September 30, 2020 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | S | |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,292,630 | \$ - | \$ | \$ 2,292,630 |
| Construction in Progress | 239,579 | 45,971 | 131.834 | 153,716 |
| Total Capital assets, not being depreciated | 2,532,209 | 45,971 | 131,834 | 2,446,346 |
| Capital Asset being depreciated: | | <u>5</u> 2 | | |
| Buildings | 3,565,040 | :#0 | | 3,565,040 |
| Infrastructure | 13,584,170 | 712,070 | Ē | 14,296,241 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 6,182,821 | 2,356,264 | × | 8,539,085 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 23,332,031 | 3,068,334 | | 26,400,365 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | (595,190) | (78,375) | = | (673,565) |
| Infrastructure | (6,502,622) | (270,815) | 8 | (6,773,437) |
| Machinery and Equipment | (4,136,850) | (320,666) | | (4,457,517) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (11,234,663) | (669,856) | | (11,904,519) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 12,097,368 | 2,398,478 | ÷ | 14,495,846 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 14,629,577 | \$ 2,444,449 | \$ 131,834 | \$ 16,942,192 |
| | Beginning Balance October 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletions | Ending Balance September 30, 2020 |
| Business-type Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 346,536 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 346,536 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,413,346 | | - | 1,520,996 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 1,759,882 | 107,650 | | 1,867,532 |
| Capital Assets, being depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,818,082 | 96,601 | (a) | 1,914,682 |
| Infrastructure | 34,926,110 | 380,614 | | 35,306,725 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 2,772,862 | 439,986 | 5 5 0 | 3,212,848 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 39,517,054 | 917,201 | - | 40,434,255 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | (782,150) |) (107,600) | | (889,750) |
| Infrastructure | (7,205,772 | | | (7,779,791) |
| Machinery and Equipment | (936,771) | | | (1,139,413) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (8,924,693 | | | (9,808,955) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 30,592,361 | 32,939 | - | 30,625,300 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ 32,352,243 | \$ 140,589 | | \$ 32,492,832 |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|--|---------------|
| Administration | \$ 93,348 |
| Judical | 12,545 |
| Public Safety | 351,978 |
| Public Works | 65,859 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 93,862 |
| Culture, Recreation and Parks | 28,482 |
| Library | 23,782 |
| Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities | \$ 669,856 |

As further discussed in Note 13, at September 30, 2020, the City had remaining construction and improvement commitments amounting to \$816,299.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Bond Obligations in Governmental Funds

The government issues combination tax and revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Combination tax and revenue bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of outstanding combination tax and revenue bonds allocated to primary government issued in prior years was \$8,430,000.

These are direct obligations issued with a pledge of the City's general taxing power to the payment of its debt obligations. General obligations bonds and certificates of obligation require the City to compute, at the time other taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year the bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The City is in compliance with this requirement. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year.

Certain revenue and combination tax and revenue bonds are being repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds and are therefore presented in Business-Type Activities.

On November 31, 2019, the City issued 10,975,000 of Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 with interest rates of 4.00%, with a maturity date of February 15, 2030. The intent of this refunding is to affect a net present value savings of 670,000 on the refunded issue. The proceeds were used to refund the outstanding Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007C and Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010 which had interest rates ranging from 4.00% - 5.25%.

Governmental bond obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

| \$1,930,000, 2013 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$40,000 to \$145,000 from February 15, 2014 through 2033; interest estimated at .67% to 5.29% | \$ 1,410,000 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| \$2,925,000, Series 2019 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$340,000 from February 15, 2020 through 2030; interest 4.00% to 5.00% | 2,865,000 |
| \$15,205,000, Series 2020 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue C/O's due in annual installments ranging from \$340,000 to \$1,010,000 from | |
| February 15, 2021 through 2040; interest 4.00% Total Bonds Obligations | <u>15,205,000</u> 19,480,000 |
| Less: Current Portion of Bonds Obligations | (655,000) |
| Bonds Obligations, Net of Current Portion | <u>\$18,825,000</u> |

Debt service requirements to maturity for Bonds Obligations Payables are as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Year Ending September 30 | Prinicpal | Interest | | | |
| 2021 | \$ 655,000 | \$ 8,174,697 | | | |
| 2022 | 770,000 | 749,811 | | | |
| 2023 | 850,000 | 716,185 | | | |
| 2024 | 910,000 | 680,825 | | | |
| 2025 | 985,000 | 642,574 | | | |
| 2026-2030 | 5,585,000 | 2,562,810 | | | |
| 2031-2035 | 4,725,000 | 1,478,108 | | | |
| 2036-2040 | 5,000,000 | 502,400 | | | |
| Total | \$ 19,480,000 | \$ 15,507,410 | | | |

Revenue Bonds

The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for Business-Type Activities. The original amount of outstanding revenue bonds issued in prior years allocated to Business-Type Activities was \$24,596,000.

Revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

| Revenue Bonds Payable: \$2,885,000, 2007 A Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$140,000 to \$145,000 from February 15, 2011 through 2030; interest at 0.0% | \$ 1,450,000 |
|---|-------------------------|
| \$12,200,000, 2007 B Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$430,000 from February 15, 2011 through 2040; interest at 0.0% | 8,510,000 |
| \$811,000, 1996 A Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Serial Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$8,000 to \$46,000 from July 10, 2012 through 2035; interest at 5.125% | 500,000 |
| \$7,380,000, Series 2019 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$340,000 to \$435,000 from February 15, 2020 through 2040; interest 4.00% to 5.00% | 7,040,000 |
| Revenue Bonds Payable Less: Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable | 17,500,000 (868,000) |
| Revenue Bonds Payable, Net of Current Portion | \$16,632,000 |

Debt service requirements to maturity for Revenue Bonds Payable in Business-Type Activities are as follows:

| | Business-Type Activities | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|--|
| Year Ending September 30 | P | rinicpal |] | Interest | |
| 2021 | \$ | 868,000 | \$ | 305,966 | |
| 2022 | | 884,000 | | 290,696 | |
| 2023 | | 900,000 | | 276,116 | |
| 2024 | | 912,000 | | 262,464 | |
| 2025 | | 928,000 | | 248,124 | |
| 2026-2030 | | 4,883,000 | | 1,004,147 | |
| 2031-2035 | | 3,985,000 | | 604,315 | |
| 2036-2040 | | 4,140,000 | | 206,900 | |
| Total | \$ 1 | 7,500,000 | \$: | 3,198,729 | |

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the revenue bond indenture. Management has indicated that the City is in compliance with most of the significant limitations and restrictions at September 30, 2020.

Capital Lease Obligations

Governmental Activities

| Capital lease obligations payable at September 30, 2020, are as follows: | |
|--|--------------------|
| \$54,831, capital lease payable to Schertz Bank & Trust dated December 15, 2013 through December 15, 2020, payable in 84 monthly installments of \$747 including interest at 3.920% secured by (1) Crack Filler Machine. | \$ 1,488 |
| \$99,711, capital lease payable to Kansas State Bank dated February 15, 2019 through February 15, 2024, payable in 5 annual installments of \$22,504 including interest at 4.53% secured by (1) John Deere Backhoe Loader | 80,678 |
| Capital Leases Less: Current Portion of Capital Leases | 82,166 (20,337) |
| Capital Leases, Net of Current Portion | <u>\$_61,829</u> |

Debt service requirements to maturity for Capital Leases are as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|--|
| Year Ending September 30 | Р | rinicpal | Interest | | |
| 2021 | | 20,337 | \$ | 3,662 | |
| 2022 | | 19,704 | | 2,800 | |
| 2023 | | 20,596 | | 1,908 | |
| 2024 | | 21,529 | | 975 | |
| 2025 | | 5 | | 8 | |
| Thereafter | 17 H. P. L. | a | | E | |
| Total | \$ | 82,166 | \$ | 9,345 | |
| | | | | | |

Business-Type Activities:

Capital Leases:

| \$308,244 Capital lease payable to Kansas State Bank dated May 24, 2019, through May 24, 2024, payable in 5 yearly installments of \$68,560 including interest at 3.780%, secured by a vactor truck. | <u>\$ 250.934</u> | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Capital Leases Less: Current Portion of Capital Leases | 250,934 (59,401) | |
| Capital Leases, Net of Current Portion | <u>\$ 191,533</u> | |

Debt service requirements to maturity for Capital Leases in Business Type Activities are as follows:

| Business-Type Activities | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Prinicpal | l. | Interest | | |
| \$ 59,401 | \$ | 9,159 | | |
| 61,570 | | 6,991 | | |
| 63,817 | | 4,744 | | |
| 66,146 | | 2,414 | | |
| . | | - | | |
| <u>i</u> | | <u> </u> | | |
| \$ 250,934 | \$ | 23,308 | | |
| | Prinicpal \$ 59,401 61,570 63,817 66,146 - | Prinicpal In \$ 59,401 \$ 61,570 63,817 66,146 | | |

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

| Dong tenni acavnij ten ine yvar enava | Beginning Balance | Additions | Reductions | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
|--|----------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: Bonds and Leases Payable | | | | | |
| Combination Tax & Limited Revenue Bonds | \$ 4,100,000 | \$ 15,205,000 | \$ 4,100,000 | \$ 15,205,000 | \$ 340,000 |
| Refunding Bonds | - | 2,925,000 | 60,000 | 2,865,000 | 235,000 |
| Combination Tax & Revenue Bond | 1,490,000 | - | 80,000 | 1,410,000 | 80,000 |
| Capital Leases | 231,385 | - | 149,219 | 82,166 | 20,337 |
| Premium/Loss on Refunding | - | 3,166,308 | 130,203 | 3,036,105 | 149,816 |
| Total bonds and leases payable | 5,821,385 | 21,296,308 | 4,519,422 | 22,598,272 | 825,153 |
| Other long-term liabilities | | | | | |
| Accumulated compensated absences | 167,893 | 190,189 | 167,893 | 190,189 | - |
| Net pension liability | 1,082,917 | 22 | 625,769 | 457,148 | (#) |
| Net OPEB liability | 145,775 | 22,846 | | 168,621 | - |
| Total other long-term liabilities | 1,396,585 | 213,035 | 793,662 | 815,958 | - |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 7,217,970 | \$ 21,509,343 | \$ 5,313,083 | \$ 23,414,230 | \$ 825,153 |
| , | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Balance | Additions | Reductions | Balance | One Year |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
| General Obligation Debt | \$ 18,232,000 | \$- | \$ 7,772,000 | \$ 10,460,000 | \$ 593,000 |
| Refunding Bonds | | 7,380,000 | 340.000 | 7,040,000 | 275,000 |
| Premium on Refunding | | 772,626 | 30,660 | 741,966 | 36,792 |
| Deferred Charge on Refunding | | (795,725) | 31,576 | (764,148) | (37,892) |
| Capital Leases | 698,670 | · | 447,736 | 250,934 | 59,401 |
| Total bonds and leases payable | 18,930,670 | 7,356,901 | 8,621,972 | 17,728,752 | 926,301 |
| Other long-term liabilities | | | | | |
| Accumulated compensated absences | 31,006 | 27,680 | 31,006 | 27,680 | 2.00 |
| Net pension liability | 335,417 | - | 193,822 | 141,595 | |
| Net OPEB liability | 45,152 | 7,076 | • | 52,228 | |
| Total other long-term liabilities | 411,575 | 34,756 | 224,828 | 221,503 | |
| Total Business-Type Activities | \$ 19,342,245 | \$ 7,391,658 | \$ 8,846,800 | \$ 17,950,255 | \$ 926,301 |

NOTE 8 DUE TO STATE

The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts notified the City of Rio Grande City in February 2016 of a claim for refund of sales taxes paid in prior years by a local business. The claim was based on the location of transaction involving personal property on which sales taxes were paid being outside of the City of Rio Grande City. The City of Rio Grande City and the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts agreed on a repayment of the claim totaling \$1,220,289 and the City paid \$71,784 in the year ended September 30, 2020.

The City has agreed to make monthly payments each year as follows:

| | Payment | | |
|-------|------------|--|--|
| Year | Amount | | |
| 2021 | \$ 143,568 | | |
| 2022 | 143,568 | | |
| 2023 | 143,568 | | |
| 2024 | 143,568 | | |
| 2025 | 143,568 | | |
| 2026 | 95,673 | | |
| Total | \$ 813,513 | | |
| | | | |

NOTE 9 FUND DEFICITS

At September 30, 2020, Special Revenue Funds - HIDTA Task Force had a deficit fund balance of (\$476).

NOTE 10 HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended September 30, 2020, employees of the City were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The City paid premiums of \$355 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-5, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the City and the licensed insurer is renewable October 1, 2019, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the insurer (Texas Municipal League Employee Benefits Pool) are available for the year ended December 31, 2019, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas and are public record.

NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City of Rio Grande City participates as one of 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Plan Provisions:

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City of Rio Grande City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

| | Plan Year 2019 | Plan Year 2020 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Employee Deposit Rate | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| Matching Ratio (City to Employee) | 1.5 to 1 | 1.5 to 1 |
| Years Required for Vesting | 5 | 5 |
| Service Retirement Eligibility (Expressed as Age | | |
| / Years of Service) | 60/5,0/20 | 60/5,0/20 |
| Updated Service Credit | 100% Repeating, Transfers | 100% Repeating, Transfers |
| Annuity Increase (to Retirees) | 70% of CPI Repeating | 70% of CPI Repeating |

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 25 |
|--|-----|
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 104 |
| Active employees | 147 |
| Total | 276 |

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Rio Grande City were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Rio Grande City were 7.03% and 6.83% in calendar years 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$373,297 and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

| Inflation | 2.50% per year |
|---------------------------|--|
| Overall Payroll Growth | 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality rate is applied, for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality rate is applied. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality rate is applied. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality rate is applied. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimate of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Global Equity | 30.0% | 5.30% |
| Core Fixed Income | 10.0% | 1.26% |
| Non-Core Fixed Income | 20.0% | 4.14% |
| Real Return | 10.0% | 3.85% |
| Real Estate | 10.0% | 4.00% |
| Absolute Return | 10.0% | 3.48% |
| Private Equity | 10.0% | 7.75% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

| Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Total Pension | Net Pension | | |
| Liability | Net Position | Liability | |
| (a) | (b) | (a)-(b) | |
| \$ 10,321,115 | \$ 8,902,782 | \$ 1,418,333 | |
| | | | |
| 599,060 | | 599,060 | |
| 704,162 | = | 704,162 | |
| H 2 | - | | |
| (139,767) | × | (139,767) | |
| 49,376 | | 49,376 | |
| (a) | 357,201 | (357,201) | |
| - | 304,865 | (304,865) | |
| - | 1,378,366 | (1,378,366) | |
| | | | |
| (377,234) | (377,234) | | |
| 2 0 | (7,777) | 7,777 | |
| | (234) | 234 | |
| 835,597 | 1,655,187 | (819,590) | |
| \$ 11,156,712 | \$ 10,557,969 | \$ 598,743 | |
| | Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 10,321,115 599,060 704,162 - (139,767) 49,376 - - - (377,234) - - 835,597 | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1 -percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Decrease in | | | 1% | Increase in |
|------------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| | Dis | count Rate | Disc | ount Rate | Di | scount Rate |
| | (5.75%) | | (6.75%) | | (7.75%) | |
| City's net pension liability | \$ | 2,632,580 | \$ | 598,743 | \$ | (1,012,957) |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$141,449.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows | | Deferred Inflows | |
|---|----------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|
| | | | | |
| | ofResources | | ofResources | |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | | | | |
| (net of current year amortization) | \$ | - | \$ | 478,329 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions | | 44,136 | | - |
| Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | | | | |
| (net of current year amortization) | | | | 314,199 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 284,308 | | 14 |
| Total | \$ | 328,444 | \$ | 792,528 |
| | | | | |

\$284,308 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| I I | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Year ended December 31: | |
| 2021 | \$ (254,002) |
| 2022 | (209,157) |
| 2023 | (73,962) |
| 2024 | (211,271) |
| 2025 | - |
| Thereafter | <u> </u> |

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SBDF"). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employee's entire careers.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | | 14 |
|--|-------|-----|
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | | 21 |
| Active employees | | 147 |
| | Total | 182 |

Contributions

Employees for the City of Rio Grande City were required to contribute 0.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 0.14% and 0.14% in calendar year 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$7,6007 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net OPEB Liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

| Inflation | 2.5% per year |
|------------------------|---|
| Overall Payroll Growth | 3.50% to 11.5% per year - including inflation |
| Discount rate* | 2.75% |

Retiree's share of benefit related costs \$0 *The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

Administrative Expenses - All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates – service retirees – 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates – disabled retirees – 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year setforward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the OPEB plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total OPEB Liability.

Total OPEB Liability:

| | Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability | |
|---|---|----------|
| Balance at 12/31/2018 | \$ | 190,927 |
| Changes for the year: | | |
| Service cost | | 14,735 |
| Interest | | 7,347 |
| Change of benefit terms | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (38,177) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 46,525 |
| Contributions - employer | | 127 |
| Contributions - employee | | - |
| Net investment income | | |
| Benefit payments, | | - |
| including refunds of employee contributions | | (508) |
| Administrative expense | | .=: |
| Other changes | <u></u> | - |
| Net changes | | 29,922 |
| Balance at 12/31/2019 | \$ | 220,849 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease in | | | 1% Increase in | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| | Discount Rate Discount | | count Rate | Discount Rate | | |
| | (1.75%) | | (2.75%) | | (3.75%) | |
| City's total OPEB liability | \$ | 279,002 | \$ | 220,849 | \$ | 177,468 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$26,225.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | | | | |
| (net of current year amortization) | \$ | 18,247 | \$ | 33,187 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | | 49,816 | | 10,784 |
| (net of current year amortization) | | 12 | | 200 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 5,828 | | |
| Total | \$ | 73,891 | \$ | 43,971 |

\$5,828 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended December 31: | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| 2021 | \$ 4,143 |
| 2022 | 4,143 |
| 2023 | 4,143 |
| 2024 | 4,143 |
| 2025 | 4,143 |
| Thereafter | 3,377 |

NOTE 13 CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT COMMITMENTS

Construction and Improvement Commitments

At September 30, 2020 the City had the following significant remaining contractual commitments for construction and improvement projects:

| | Rei | maining | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------|---------------------------|--|
| Project | | mmitment | Financing Sources | |
| Wastewate System Lift Improvements | \$ | 549,901 | 2013 CO Construction Fund | |
| Port of Entry Access Road Project | | 254,254 | Economic Development Fund | |
| North Fairgrounds Water Line Project | | 3,186 | Public Utilities Fund | |
| VFW 10" Force Main Sewer Line | | 8,959 | Public Utilities Fund | |
| Total | \$ | 816,299 | | |

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the City obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Proprietary fund accounts receivable are concentrated within the geographic service area of the utility system, which is within the City. Those receivables are not concentrated within any individually significant customers. The City requires a deposit from each utility customer prior to establishing service. The net amount of proprietary fund accounts receivable at year end after deducting the allowance for doubtful accounts and after including estimated amounts for service provided but not yet billed at year end was \$913.636. Utility customer deposits held at year end totaled \$300,866.

NOTE 15 CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is involved in various lawsuits concerning several issues. City's management and legal counsel estimate the potential of losses due to claims as minimal. In addition, the City's legal counsel is unable to reasonably predict the outcome in favor of or against the City at this time for all the outstanding cases, and is not able to estimate a range of potential loss for all cases.

Federal and State Assisted Grants Programs

Federal and State Funds – The City has received federal and state funds as grants and other financial assistance. These funds must be spent only as allowed by the grant and other federal or state requirements. Also, the City must follow various laws and regulations when they receive these funds. If the City does not abide by these laws and regulations or does not spend the monies, as allowed under the grant agreements, the City may be required to return the grant monies, or portion thereof, to the granting agencies. The contingent liability, if any, that may be due to the federal and state agencies, cannot be readily determined.

NOTE 16 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year 2020 the following prior period adjustments were made to clear outstanding items, a prior period adjustment of \$125,023 was made to the General Fund which increased the ending net position and fund balance. An adjustment of \$1,036 was made to the Economic Development Fund, which increased the ending fund balance and net position. An adjustment of \$743 was made to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund, an adjustment of \$112,168 was made to the Forfeiture Fund, an adjustment of \$222 was made to the DHS Stonegarden Fund, and an adjustment of \$228,695 was made to the Boys & Girls Club Fund which increased the ending fund balance and net position. Additionally, an adjustment of (\$958) was made to the HIDTA Task Force Fund, an adjustment of (\$57,238) was made to the Treasury Forfeiture Fund, an adjustment was made of (\$41,371) to the Debt Service Fund and an adjustment of (\$8,232) was made to the Water Plant Project Fund which decreased the ending net position and fund balance. An adjustment of (\$301,128) was also made to the Enterprise Fund which decreased the ending fund balance and net position.

NOTE 17 FUND BALANCE RESTRICTED OR COMMITTED TO OTHER PURPOSES

Some fund balance restrictions and commitments have been grouped together under the heading of other or various purposes. Those amounts are detailed below:

| Nonspendable Fund Balance: | | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Prepaid Items | \$ 10,437 | | |
| Restricted Fund Balance: | | | |
| Federal of State Funds Grant Restriction | 1 47,87 0 | | |
| Construction | 15,845,322 | | |
| Retirement of Long-Term Debt | 505,438 | | |
| Other Restricted Fund Balance | 2,651,145 | | |
| Unassigned | 2,084,673 | | |
| Total Fund Balance | \$21,244,885 | | |

NOTE 18 EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Council has evaluated subsequent events through March 29, 2021 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. In fiscal year 2021, the City of Rio Grande City will issue \$5,410,000 in Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation for the purpose of providing for the payment of contractual obligations to be incurred in connection with the design, planning, purchasing, acquisition, construction, equipping, expansion, repair, renovation, and/or rehabilitation of certain City-owned public property, including (1) improvements to the City's wastewater system, including expanding the treatment plant, and (2) payment of contractual obligations for professional services in connection therewith (to wit: consulting, engineering, financial advisory, and legal).

The 2020 COVID-19 (Coronavirus) pandemic has caused extensive disruptions to businesses in America and the entire World. In the face of these disruptions, the fluid situation has become difficult to assess the likely impact to not only the economy in America but also the local economy. The City of Rio Grande City, is striving to be highly attuned and is maintaining a heightened state of readiness for the principal risks and increased uncertainties ahead. Given the potential for rapid spreading of the virus, management will be evaluating the current and potential effects on its operations and financial reporting.
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | Budgeted A | Amot | ints | Actual mounts APBASIS) | Fin | ance With al Budget sitive or |
|--|---------|-------------|------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| | (| Driginal | | Final | AI DA015) | | legative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 1,790,168 | \$ | 1,790,168 | \$ 1,839,424 | \$ | 49,256 |
| Delinquent Property Taxes | | 168,693 | | 168,693 | 162,318 | | (6,375) |
| AD Valorem Tax Relief Revenue | | 1,047,901 | | 1,047,901 | 1,113,260 | | 65,359 |
| General Sales and Use Taxes | | 2,238,907 | | 2,238,907 | 2,297,064 | | 58,157 |
| Franchise Tax | | 599,445 | | 599,445 | 610,165 | | 10,720 |
| Penalty and Interest on Taxes | | 115,000 | | 115,000 | 87,342 | | (27,658) |
| Licenses and Permits | | 167,100 | | 167,100 | 148,424 | | (18,676) |
| Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants | | 268,000 | | 268,000 | 1,075,900 | | 807,900 |
| Charges for Services | | 107,100 | | 107,100 | 57,502 | | (49,598) |
| Fines | | 369,620 | | 369,620 | 173,046 | | (196,574) |
| Investment Earnings | | 9,000 | | 9,000 | 21,664 | | 12,664 |
| Other Revenue | | 24,000 | | 24,000 | 83,226 | | 59,226 |
| Total Revenues | - | 6,904,934 | | 6,904,934 | 7,669,335 | | 764,401 |
| EXPENDITURES: | Brink H | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Mayor and Council | | 13,000 | | 13,000 | 10,282 | | 2,718 |
| City Manager | | 188,155 | | 188,155 | 168,580 | | 19,575 |
| Administration | | 2,569,722 | | 2,569,722 | 1,206,680 | | 1,363,042 |
| City Secretary | | 97,128 | | 97,128 | 98,212 | | (1,084 |
| Finance | | 167,084 | | 167,084 | 171,386 | | (4,302) |
| Personnel | | 140,155 | | 140,155 | 76,255 | | 63,900 |
| Planning | | 551,467 | | 551,467 | 535,701 | | 15,766 |
| Judicial | | 251,720 | | 251,720 | 257,611 | | (5,891) |
| Police | | 2,717,427 | | 2,717,427 | 2,400,171 | | 317,256 |
| Fire Protection | | 1,014,549 | | 1,014,549 | 1,129,694 | | (115,145 |
| Public Works | | 1,230,001 | | 1,230,001 | 982,992 | | 247,009 |
| Highway and Streets | | 186,500 | | 186,500 | 174,021 | | 12,479 |
| Culture, recreation and parks | | 435,222 | | 435,222 | 378,687 | | 56,53 |
| Library | | 288,112 | | 288,112 | 375,381 | | (87,269) |
| Debt Service: | | | | | 70,327 | | (70,327) |
| Principal on Debt | | | | Nas | 6,106 | | (6,106 |
| Interest on Debt Other Debt Service | | | | | 70,113 | | (70,113) |
| Total Expenditures | | 9,850,242 | | 9,850,242 | 8,112,199 | | 1,738,043 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) | | (2,945,308) | | (2,945,308) | (442,864) | | 2,502,444 |
| Expenditures | | | - | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | 047 644 |
| Issuance of Bonds | | 1,977,352 | | 1,977,352 | 2,925,000 | | 947,648 |
| Transfers In | | 1,007,000 | | 1,007,000 | 1,677,503 | | 670,503 |
| Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds | | | | 8 | 306,224 | | 306,224 |
| Transfers Out (Use) | - | (36,025) | | (36,025) | (453,800) | - | (417,775 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 2,948,327 | | 2,948,327 | 4,454,927 | | 1,506,600 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | (0.1/1.110) | | (2.173.110 |
| Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent | - | • | | | (3,161,110) | | (3,161,110 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | (3,161,110) | | (3,161,110 |
| Tom one i maran Boontoo (2000) | | | | | | | |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | Budgeted Amounts | | | Actual Amounts AAPBASIS) | Variance With Final Budget Positive or | | |
|---|----|--------------------|--------------------|----|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| | (| Driginal | Final | | | (Ne | egative) | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 3,019 1,129,769 | 3,019 1,129,769 | | 850,953 1,119,610 | | 847,934 (10,159) | |
| Prior Period Adjustment | | | 3 | l | 125,023 | | 125,023 | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ | 1,132,788 | \$ 1,132,788 | \$ | 2,095,586 | \$ | 962,798 | |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES INNET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Pl | FY 2020 Plan Year 2019 | | FY 2019 an Year 2018 | Pla | FY 2018 an Year 2017 |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|-------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| A. Total Pension Liability | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 599,060 | \$ | 618,174 | \$ | 614,800 |
| Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) | | 704,162 | | 665,152 | | 608,326 |
| Changes of Benefit Terms | | | | | | ÷., |
| Difference between Expected and Actual Experience | | (139,767) | | (329,079) | | (93,791) |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 49,376 | | * | | 3 - () |
| Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions | | (377,234) | | (356,293) | | (222,015) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | \$ | 835,597 | \$ | 597,954 | \$ | 907,320 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 10,321,115 | | 9,723,161 | | 8,815,841 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending | \$ | 11,156,712 | \$ | 10,321,115 | \$ | 9,723,161 |
| B. Total Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ | 357,201 | \$ | 372,064 | \$ | 379,671 |
| Contributions - Employee | | 304,865 | | 316,399 | | 316,635 |
| Net Investment Income | | 1,378,366 | | (265,113) | | 1,019,516 |
| Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions | | (377,234) | | (356,293) | | (222,015) |
| Administrative Expense | | (7,777) | | (5,118) | | (5,281) |
| Other | | (234) | | (267) | | (268) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | 1,655,187 | \$ | 61,672 | \$ | 1,488,258 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 8,902,782 | | 8,841,111 | | 7,352,851 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending | \$ | 10,557,969 | \$ | 8,902,783 | \$ | 8,841,109 |
| C. Net Pension Liability | \$ | 598,743 | \$ | 1,418,332 | \$ | 882,052 |
| D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability | | 94.63% | | 86.26% | | 90.93% |
| E. Covered Payroll | \$ | 5,081,086 | \$ | 5,270,022 | \$ | 5,277,254 |
| F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 11.78% | | 26.91% | | 16.71% |

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

| | FY 2017 n Year 2016 | Pla | FY 2016 an Year 2015 |] | FY 2015 Plan Year 2014 |
|----|------------------------|-----|-------------------------|----|---------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 564,952 | \$ | 544,128 | \$ | 492,276 |
| | 556,171 | | 526,651 | | 513,277 |
| | | | 16 | | ÷ |
| | (166,728) | | (209,742) | | (660,921) |
| | | | 27,426 | | |
| | (191,301) | | (174,484) | | (184,520) |
| s | 763,094 | \$ | 713,979 | \$ | 160,112 |
| | 8,052,747 | | 7,338,768 | | 7,178,656 |
| \$ | 8,815,841 | \$ | 8,052,747 | \$ | 7,338,768 |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 359,708 | \$ | 390,073 | \$ | 359,165 |
| | 291,714 | | 286,383 | | 261,514 |
| | 436,680 | | 8,788 | | 299,025 |
| | (191,301) | | (174,484) | | (184,520) |
| | (4,932) | | (5,353) | | (3,120) |
| | (266) | | (264) | | (257) |
| \$ | 891,603 | \$ | 505,143 | \$ | 731,807 |
| | 6,461,248 | | 5,956,105 | | 5,224,298 |
| \$ | 7,352,851 | \$ | 6,461,248 | \$ | 5,956,105 |
| \$ | 1,462,990 | \$ | 1,591,499 | \$ | 1,382,663 |
| | 83.40% | | 80.24% | | 81.16% |
| \$ | 4,861,895 | \$ | 4,773,052 | \$ | 4,358,940 |
| | 30.09% | | 33.34% | | 31.72% |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2020

| | ***** | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | |
|---|-------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Actuarially Determined Contribution | \$ | 373,297 \$ | 356,241 \$ | 373,087 | |
| Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions | | (373,297) | (356,241) | (373,087) | |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 5,428,479 \$ | 5,062,113 \$ | 5,261,713 | |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 6.88% | 7.04% | 7.09% | |

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

EXHIBITG-3

| 2017 | 2015 | | | |
|-----------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| \$ 359,708 | \$ | 390,073 | S | 359,165 |
| (359,708) | | (390,073) | | (359,165) |
| \$ | \$ | | \$ | |
| \$ 4,861,895 | s | 4,773,052 | \$ | 4,358,940 |
| 7.40% | | 8,17% | | 8.24% |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| Valuation Date: | Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of |
|-----------------|--|
| | December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later. |

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Amortization Method | Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 25 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor |
| Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary Increases | 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.75% |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table based on rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014. |
| Mortality | RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB. |
| Other Information: | There were no benefit changes during the year. |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | FY 2020 n Year 2019 | FY 2019 Plan Year 2018 | FY 2018 Plan Year 2017 |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 14,735 \$ | 17,391 | \$ 15,304 |
| Interest on the Total OPEB Liability | 7,347 | 5,530 | 4,967 |
| Changes of Benefit Terms | | â | - |
| Difference between Expected and Actual Experience | (38,177) | 24,211 | - |
| Changes of Assumptions | 46,525 | (14,308) | 14,866 |
| Benefit Payments* | (508) | (527) | 14,338 |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 29,922 | 32,297 | 49,475 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | 190,927 | 158,630 | 124,021 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending | \$ 220,849 \$ | 190,927 | \$ 173,496 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 5,081,086 \$ | 5,270,022 | \$ 5,277,254 |
| Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 4.35% | 3.62% | 3.29% |

*The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Amortization Method | Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 17 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor |
| Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary Increases | 3.5% to 10.5% including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.75% |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table based on rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014. |
| Mortality | RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB. |
| Other Information: | There were no benefit changes during the year. |

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Information

The budget is prepared in accordance with financial policies approved by the City Budget Officer and the City Council following a public hearing. The Budget Officer is required by policy to present City Council with a balanced budget that contains a no-tax increase assumption as a starting point for budget discussions. The amounts budgeted in a fiscal year for expenditures in various funds may not exceed the balance in those funds as the first day of the fiscal year plus any anticipated revenue for the fiscal year as estimated by the City's management.

The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP for the General Fund, Economic Development Corporation Fund and Debt Service Fund.

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that the amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the City shall not exceed the balances in said funds plus the anticipated revenues for the current year for which the budget is made as estimated by the City's management. In addition, law provides that the City Council may, upon proper application, transfer an existing budget surplus during the year to a budget of like kind and fund but no such transfer shall increase the total budget.

Each year, all departments submit to the Budget Officer requests for appropriation. These requests are reviewed, complied and presented to the City Council for approval. The City Council conducts departmental budget reviews, adjusts budget request to final form and conducts a public hearing in the City Administrative Building. A copy of the proposed budget must be filed with the City Secretary. Copies must be available to the public. The City Council must provide for the public hearing on the budget on some date within seven calendar days after the filing of the budget and prior to October 1st of the current fiscal year.

The City controls appropriations at the category level (i.e., salaries/allowances, operations and property) for each department/project within the General Fund and some of the Special Revenue Funds. Grants are budgeted in total and not at the category level. All Debt Service Fund expenditures for principal and interest of long-term debt are considered to be in the operations category. Certain appropriation transfers may be made between categories or departments only with the approval of the City Council. Other transfers (e.g. court costs) may be authorized by the City Manager. Transfers that were made during fiscal year 2018 did not increase the City's overall budget. Unencumbered funds lapse at fiscal year end. The original budgets presented in this report reflect the budgets as amended for all appropriation transfers. The final budgets fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) in on an object class basis. More comprehensive accounting of activity on the budgetary basis is provided in a separate report, which available for public inspection in the City's administration building.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMTARY INFORMATION

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund is used to account for a tax levied on hotels within the City. The tax revenues can by expended for tourism and related programs promoting the City.

Forfeiture Fund accounts for monies obtained through forfeited "contraband" provisions pursuant to Chapter 59 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure. The City's share of adjudicated forfeitures are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes as provided by Article 59.06 of the Code.

The High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Task Force Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of Police Department activities in conjunction with other drug task force agencies.

Treasury Forfeiture Fund is the receipt account for proceeds from non-tax forfeitures made pursuant to laws enforced or administered by participating Treasury and Department of Homeland Security agencies.

Criminal Justice Division (CJD) Task Force Grant Fund is used to account for grant revenues and expenditures received for the ARRA-Edward Byre Justice Assistance Grant by the CJD programs.

Border Security Grants is used to account for grant revenues and expenditures received for border security.

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Stonegarden Fund is used to account for grant revenues and expenditures received for efforts to secure the United States' borders along routes of ingress from international borders.

SRF Airport Fund is used to account for revenues and expenses of the City's airport operations.

Public Education and Governmental (PEG) Fee Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of funds received under Chapter 66.006 of the Utilities Code concerning the 1% fee charged as part of franchise fees collected from cable companies. These fees are used to support capital costs for the City's public access channel.

Boys and Girls Club Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures which may be used for the operations of the club.

Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) Contract NO. 7215419 is used to account for revenues and expenditures of funds received by the TDA for the construction or improvement of the Sanitary Sewer Project.

Municipal Court Security Fund accounts for the receipt and use of fines which may only be used for municipal court security.

Municipal Court Technology Fund accounts for the receipt and use of fines which may only be used for municipal technology.

Municipal Jury Fund accounts for the receipt and use of fines which may only be used to fund juror reimbursements and otherwise finance jury services.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMTARY INFORMATION

Local Truancy Prevention and Diversion Fund accounts for the receipt and use of fines which may only be used for expenses relating to the position of juvenile case manager.

Park Fee Fund accounts for the receipt and use of fees which may only be used for municipal park improvements.

Economic Development Administration (EDA) Contract NO. 08-79-05074 is used to account for revenue and expenditures of funds received by the EDA for the construction or improvement of the City's infrastructure.

General Sanchez Statue Fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures of funds received for General Sanchez Statue.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the acquisition and construction of the City's major capital facilities and infrastructure improvements, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *Debt Service Fund*, also known as the Interest and Sinking Fund, was established by ordinance authorizing the issuance of General Obligation Bonds. The fund provides for payment of bond principal, interest, paying agent fees, and a debt service reserve as a sinking fund each year. An ad valorem tax rate and tax levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay the principal and interest as it comes due to provide the interest and sinking fund reserve.

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Hotel ccupancy ax Fund | Forfeiture Fund | | HIDTA isk Force Fund | Treasury Forfeiture Fund | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 273,759 | \$ 6,123 | \$ | - | \$ | 20,088 |
| Taxes Receivable | | | | | | |
| Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) | 2 | - | | <u></u> | | |
| Accounts Receivable Net | 5,051 | 3 6 3 | | - | | |
| Due from Other Governments | - | 9 7 0 | | 23,542 | | 1.2 |
| Due from Other Funds | 3,258 | 1 | | 10 | | - |
| Materials On Hand | 2 | 3 6 5 | | - | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 282,068 | \$ 6,123 | \$ | 23,552 | \$ | 20,088 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 83 | \$ 1,799 | \$ | 486 | \$ | - |
| Wages and Salaries Payable | 1,131 |) : | | - | | |
| Retainage Payable | 5 | - | | | | - |
| Due to Other Funds | 2 | | | 23,542 | | 3 4 0 |
| Due to Others | - | 22 | _ | - | | 3 8 2 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,214 | 1,821 | | 24,028 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes | ÷ | - | | - | | ्रम |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | - | - | | 4 | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Restricted Fund Balance: | | | | | | |
| Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction | 5 | 4,302 | | 3 | | 20,088 |
| Restricted for Construction | Indu d | 8 6 0 | | | | 5 H |
| Retirement of Long-Term Debt | - | :•: | | 340 | | 000 |
| Other Restricted Fund Balance | 280,854 | 3 . | | - | | |
| Unassigned Fund Balance | 1 | - | | (476) | | • |
| Total Fund Balances | 280,854 | 4,302 | | (476) | | 20,088 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances | \$ 282,068 | \$ 6,123 | \$ | 23,552 | \$ | 20,088 |

| Police Training Fund | | Bord Secur Grants | rity | DHS Stonegarden Fund | | SRF Airport Fund | | PEG Fee Fund | Воу | rs & Girls Club Fund | TDA Contract NO 7215419 | S | n Court ecurity Fund |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----|------------------------|----|--------------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| \$ | 13,436 | \$ | 7,288 | \$ 72,684 | \$ | 6,243 | \$ | 31,737 | \$ | 21,275 | \$ - | \$ | - |
| | | | | ÷ | | - | | | | | - | | 2 |
| | ÷ | | :** | - | | 2 | | | | • | - | | 5 |
| | - | | • | - | | 8 | | 4,562 | | | - | | 3 |
| | 2 | | 12 | 18,535 | | - | | : - : | | | , - | | 2 |
| | <u>-</u> | | 3 - 0 | - | | π. | | 18 | | | • | | 21,912 |
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | _ | |
| \$ | 13,436 | \$ | 7,288 | \$ 91,219 | \$ | 6,243 | \$ | 36,299 | \$ | 21,275 | \$ | \$ | 21,912 |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | ÷. | \$ | ÷ | \$ | i a r | \$ - | \$ | |
| | | | | 74 | | <u>1</u> 2 | | ÷ | | - | 3. - | | 2 |
| | 3 4 3 | | | 3 8 | | - | | | | . . | 3. - | | |
| | 3 # 6 | | 3. | 67,127 | | 2 | | 137 | | - | 82 | | 5 |
| | | | - | - | - | - | | | - | 730 | | 0 | |
| | | | 1 | 67,127 | _ | 8 | | 137 | | 730 | | s | 2 |
| | 174 | | - | 3 | _ | - | _ | | | - | | | 8 |
| | | ÷ | | | - | <u> </u> | _ | ž | _ | 12 | | | 5 |
| | 13,436 | | 7,288 | 24,092 | | - | | - | | - | - | | 8 |
| | | | - | | 2 | - | | ÷ | | 1 | 12 | | 93 |
| | | | Ē | - | 8 | 14 | | - | | - | | | |
| | - | | - | 3 | 6 | 6,243 | | 36,162 | | 20,545 | | | 21,912 |
| | | | - | 5 | - | 2 | | 2 | | ŝ | | | |
| | 13,436 | | 7,288 | 24,092 | | 6,243 | _ | 36,162 | | 20,545 | - | | 21,91 |
| \$ | 13,436 | \$ | 7,288 | \$ 91,219 | \$ | 6,243 | \$ | 36,299 | \$ | 21,275 | \$ - | \$ | 21,912 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Tech | Court nology und | Mun C Jury Fund | 1 | Trua | in Court incy Prev Fund | | Park Fee Fund |
|---|------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | 95,847 |
| Taxes Receivable | | = | | | | | | - |
| Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) | | ÷. | | | | ř | | · - |
| Accounts Receivable Net | | ÷ | | <. | | - | | 05 |
| Due from Other Governments | | - | | | | - | | |
| Due from Other Funds | | 2,405 | | 35 | | 1,756 | | - |
| Materials On Hand | | - | | | | - | | : = |
| Total Assets | \$ | 2,405 | \$ | 35 | \$ | 1,756 | \$ | 95,847 |
| LIABILITIES | - | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Wages and Salaries Payable | | - | | 10 0 -1 | | | | - |
| Retainage Payable | | - | | | | - | | 2 |
| Due to Other Funds | | - | | 22 | | | | - |
| Due to Others | | | | 3. | | | | - |
| Total Liabilities | | 20 | | - | | | | - |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | <i>1</i> 7 | |
| Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes | | | | | | (*) | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | - | | | | - | | - |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | |
| Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction | | | | 8 | | • | | = |
| Restricted for Construction | | - | | - | | | | - |
| Retirement of Long-Term Debt | | | | * | | | | 5 |
| Other Restricted Fund Balance | | 2,405 | | 35 | | 1 ,75 6 | | 95,847 |
| Unassigned Fund Balance | - | - | - | 11 | | | _ | ie. |
| Total Fund Balances | | 2,405 | | 35 | | 1,756 | - | 95,847 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances | \$ | 2,405 | \$ | 35 | \$ | 1,756 | \$ | 95,847 |

| Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds | | apital | ot Water Plant Wastewater Nonmajor ice Project Project Capital | | Debt Service Fund | | Total Nonmajor Special venue Funds | | General Sanchez Itue Fund | S | | | |
|--|----|------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|---|----------|---------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|----|
| 1,514,266 | \$ | 449,421 | \$ | 449,421 | \$ | | \$ | 511,385 | \$ | 553,460 | \$ | 4,980 | 5 |
| 320,982 | • | - | * | - | Ψ | | ų | 320,982 | Ψ | | Φ | 4,200 | , |
| (16,049) | | - | | - | | - | | (16,049) | | - | | - | |
| 9,613 | | - | | - | | | | | | 9,613 | | 2 | |
| 42,077 | | - | | - | | 1.#C | | - | | 42,077 | | - | |
| 29,376 | | - | | - | | 875 | | - | | 29,376 | | - | |
| 273,686 | | 273,686 | ~ | 273,686 | | - | | 8 | | | | - | |
| 2,173,951 | \$ | 723,107 | \$ | 723,107 | \$ | | 9 | 816,318 | \$ | 634,526 | \$ | 4,980 | \$ |
| 2,368 | \$ | (4) | \$ | - | \$ | 7 | 9 | 2 | \$ | 2,368 | \$ | | \$ |
| 1,131 | | | | 8 - 5 | | - | | 2 | | 1,131 | | ÷. | |
| 67,210 | | 67,210 | | 67,210 | | . | | ÷ | | | | 14 | |
| 96,754 | | - | | 1 | | 14 | | 5,948 | | 90,806 | | - | |
| 752 | | - | | | | - | | 4 | | 752 | | 3 | |
| 168,215 | _ | 67,210 | | 67,210 | | - | 2 4 8 8 | 5,948 | _ | 95,057 | 0 7 | - | |
| 304,932 | | | | :: - | | - | | 304,932 | | - | | ÷, | |
| 304,932 | | - | | - | | - | | 304,932 | _ | - | _ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69,206 | | - | | - | | . | | * | | 69,206 | | - | |
| 655,897 | | 655,897 | | 655,897 | | Ē | | | | | | - | |
| 505,438 | | 1 9) | | - | | Ť | | 505,438 | | 12 | | - | |
| 470,739 | | 0.7 | | = | | | | | | 470,739 | | 4,980 | |
| (476) | _ | | | ÷ | | - | 8 | - | | (476) | | | |
| 1,700,804 | | 655,897 | | 655,897 | | | | 505,438 | _ | 539,469 | _ | 4,980 | |
| 2,173,951 | \$ | 723,107 | \$ | 723,107 | \$ | - | | 816,318 | ¢ | 634,526 | \$ | 4,980 | \$ |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund | | Forfeiture Fund | HIDTA Task Force Fund | Treasury Forfeiture Fund |
|--|--|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | . | ^ |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 7 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Delinquent Property Taxes | | - | - | - | - |
| Franchise Tax | 10.1 | - | - | - | - |
| Hotel/Motel Tax | 48,1 | 29 | - | - | |
| Penalty and Interest on Taxes | | - | - | 152,978 | 1. |
| Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants | | - | - | 152,978 | |
| Fines | | - | 27.226 | | - |
| Forfeits | | - | 27,226 491 | - | 270 |
| Investment Earnings | 2,2 | 54 | | - | 210 |
| Other Revenue | New York Control of Co | _ | 3,475 | | |
| Total Revenues | 50,3 | 63 | 31,192 | 152,978 | 270 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General Government: | | | | | |
| Administration | | - | | - | 5 0 |
| Public Safety: | | | | | |
| Police | | ÷ | 29,186 | 153,226 | 3,681 |
| Conservation and Development: | | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 103,1 | 14 | | | - |
| Debt Service: | 100,1 | | | | |
| Principal on Debt | | - | 74,346 | - | - |
| Interest on Debt | | <u> </u> | 7,048 | - | - |
| Other Debt Service | | - | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures | 103,1 | 14 | 110,580 | 153,226 | 3,681 |
| - | - | - |) | | (2.411) |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (52,7: | 51) | (79,388) | (248) | (3,411) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | _ | - | 200 | - |
| Transfers Out (Use) | | - | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | , 1 | _ | | | - |
| | - | | | R | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (52,75 | 51) | (79,388) | (248) | (3,411) |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 332,8 | 62 | (28,478) | 730 | 80,737 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | 7 | 43 | 112,168 | (958) | (57,238) |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 280,8 | 54 | \$ 4,302 | \$ (476) | \$ 20,088 |

| Τı | Police raining Fund | Border Security Grants Fund | DHS Stonegarden Fund | SRF Airport Fund | PEG Fee Fund | Boys & Girls Club Fund | TDA Contract NO 7215419 | Mun Court Security Fund |
|----|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ; | : - : | \$ - | \$ - | \$- | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ |
| | - | | | - | | ÷ | - | |
| | | - | - | | 18,207 | 3 | | 3 |
| | - | 14. 14. | | | | - | - | 2 |
| | 2,296 | 100,000 | 324,523 | * | 200 | * | - | |
| | | - | (#X | | 2 9 2 1947 | | | 4,72 |
| | - 79 | - 53 | 110 | 29 | 158 | 22 | 1 | |
| | - | - | | | | | | |
| | 2,375 | 100,053 | 324,633 | 29 | 18,365 | 22 | 1 | 4,72 |
| | 1 | 2 | - | 9,106 | | 6,140 | - | |
| | 129 | 100,126 | 307,115 | Ħ | 6,390 | 140 | - | |
| | | 7 . | - | ŝ | 1 | - | 1 | |
| | ~ | 5 | - | 8 | - | | ¥ | |
| | (#) | 8 | - | 3 <u>1</u> | 1997 1997 | - | | |
| _ | 129 | 100,126 | 307,115 | 9,106 | 6,390 | 6,140 | 1 | 8 1 |
| | 2,246 | (73) | 17,518 | (9,077) | 11,975 | (6,118) | | 4,72 |
| | - | - | | 10,000 | - | 5,358 | Ŧ | |
| | | <u> </u> | | | | - 5,358 | | |
| | 2,246 | (73) | 17,518 | 923 | 11,975 | (760) | ÷ | 4,72 |
| | 11,190 | 7,361 | 6,342 | 5,320 | 24,187 | (207,390) | - | 17,18 |
| | | | 232 | | | 228,695 | | |
| 5 | 13,436 | \$ 7,288 | \$ 24,092 | \$ 6,243 | \$ 36,162 | \$ 20,545 | \$ - | \$ 21,91 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | an Court chnology Fund | J | u Court ury und | Mun Truanc Fu | • | Park Fee Fund |
|--|----------|------------------------------|----|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | ÷ | \$ | 100 | \$ | - 5 | |
| Delinquent Property Taxes | | - | | - | | - | 3992 1103 |
| Franchise Tax | | = | | 1990. 1990. | | 12. 1 | - |
| Hotel/Motel Tax | | 2 | | | | - | - |
| Penalty and Interest on Taxes | | - | | | | | 0 . =0 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants | | - | | - | | - | 0 |
| Fines | | 5,414 | | : - : | | 3 5 0 940 | 34 1 1 |
| Forfeits | | 5 | | | | | 535 |
| Investment Earnings | | 2 | | - | | 1 756 | |
| Other Revenue | | | | 35 | | 1,756 | 18,585 |
| Total Revenues | - | 5,414 | | 35 | | 1,756 | 19,120 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| General Government: | | | | | | | |
| Administration | | 2 | | | | | 4,430 |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | |
| Police | | 23,209 | | - | | | - |
| Conservation and Development: | | , | | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | - | | 12 | | 3 9 1 | <u></u> : |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 2 |
| Principal on Debt Interest on Debt | | 20 20 | | | | | <u></u> |
| Other Debt Service | | | | | | - | - |
| | 2 | 23,209 | | | 3 | • | 4,430 |
| Total Expenditures | | 23,209 | | - | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | (17,795) | | 35 | | 1,756 | 14,690 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | • | | | | 85 | ÷. |
| Transfers Out (Use) | Variante | | | 5 | | - | 19 10 10 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | () | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (17,795) | | 35 | | 1,756 | 14,690 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 20,200 | | - | | 0 | 81,157 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | | | | - | | - | |
| | | î | | | * | | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ | 2,405 | \$ | 35 | \$ | 1,756 | \$ 95,847 |

| General Sanchez Statue Fund | No S | Fotal mmajor pecial nue Funds | | Debt Service Fund | Water Plant Project Fund | | Wastewater Project Fund | | No C | Total onmajor Capital ect Funds | | Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------|--|----|--|
| ş - | \$ | - | \$ | 42 6,014 | \$ | 2 | \$ | 2 | \$ | - | \$ | 426,014 |
| ▶ :=: | Φ | 5 | φ | 35,073 | φ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 35,073 |
| - | | 18,207 | | 55,015 | | - | | | | - | | 18,207 |
| - | | 48,129 | | | | _ | | - | | | | 48,129 |
| - | | 40,127 | | 47,905 | | | | - | | | | 47.90 |
| 1994 1997 | | 579,797 | | 41,005 | | | | | | 3 - 3 | | 579,79 |
| | | 10,142 | | - | | | | - | | - | | 10,142 |
| - | | 27,226 | | - | | | | - | | - | | 27.220 |
| 1 | | 3,983 | | 1,625 | | - | | 3,425 | | 3,425 | | 9,033 |
| 5,000 | | 28,851 | | 1,020 | | - | | -,. <u>-</u> - | | | | 28,851 |
| 5,000 | | 716,335 | - | 510,617 | - | | | 3,425 | | 3,425 | | 1,230,37 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | | 19,697 | | - | | 2 | | 324 | | 324 | | 20,021 |
| | | 623,062 | | 100 | | - | | | | - | | 623,062 |
| - | | 103,115 | | . . | | | | | | - | | 103,11 |
| | | 74,346 | | 444,999 | | - | | | | - | | 519,34 |
| | | 7,048 | | 161,181 | | - | | - | | | | 168,22 |
| - | | 8 | | 31,729 | | - | | | | | - | 31,72 |
| 21 | | 827,268 | _ | 637,909 | | | | 324 | _ | 324 | _ | 1,465,50 |
| 4,980 | - | (110,933) | | (127,292) | - | - | <u></u> | 3,101 | | 3,101 | - | (235,124 |
| - | | 15,358 | | 1,273,227 | | 9 4) | | 8,234 | | 8,234 | | 1,296,81 |
| - | | | | (1,124,617) | | - | | (103,750) | | (103,750) | _ | (1,228,367 |
| - | | 15,358 | 3 | 148,610 | | - | | (95,516) | _ | (95,516) | _ | 68,45 |
| 4,980 | | (95,575) | | 21,318 | | - | | (92,415) | | (92,415) | | (166,672 |
| - | | 351,402 | | 525,491 | | 8,232 | | 748,312 | | 756,544 | | 1,633,43 |
| | _ | 283,642 | | (41,371) | | (8,232) | | | | (8,232) | | 234,03 |
| \$ 4,980 | \$ | 539,469 | \$ | 505,438 | \$ | | \$ | 655,897 | \$ | 655,897 | \$ | 1,700,80 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ECOMONIC DE VELOPMENT CORPORATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | Dudgeted | ٨٠ | oveta | | Actual | | ance With I Budget |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|
| | Budgeted Amounts | | GΑ | GAAPBASIS | | Positive or | | |
| | 0 | riginal | | Final | (See Note) | | (Negative) | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | |
| General Sales and Use Taxes | \$ | 1,062,901 | \$ | 1,062,901 | \$ | 1,112,640 | \$ | 49,739 |
| Investment Earnings | | - | | | | 12,276 | | 12,276 |
| Other Revenue | | <u> </u> | | (m) | | 5,275 | | 5,275 |
| Total Revenues | 1,062,901 | | 1,062,901 | | 1,130,191 | | 67,290 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Conservation and Development | | 881,352 | | 881,352 | | 531,984 | | 349,368 |
| Total Expenditures | - | 881,352 | | 881,352 | | 531,984 | · | 349,368 |
| Excess of Revenues Over | | 181,549 | | 181,549 | | 598,207 | | 416,658 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | - | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 43,475 | | 43,475 | | 765,000 | | 721,525 |
| Transfers Out (Use) | - | (225,000) | | (225,000) | _ | (225,000) | | • |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 20 | (181,525) | | (181,525) | | 540,000 | | 721,525 |
| Change in Fund Balance | | 24 | | 24 | | 1,138,207 | | 1,138,183 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 1,041,163 | | 1,041,163 | | 1,041,163 | | 1 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | | - | | 3 4 3 | | 1,036 | | 1,036 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ | 1,041,187 | \$ | 1,041,187 | \$ | 2,180,406 | \$ | 1,139,219 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EDA GRANT NO 087905074 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | | | | Actual | | Variance With |
|--|----|----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| | | Budgeted . | Amo | ounts | GAAPBASI | 5 | Final Budget Positive or |
| | С | riginal | | Final | (See Note) | | (Negative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Investment Earnings | \$ | 1,150,000 4,098 | \$ | 1,1 5 0,000 4,098 | \$ 1,150,00 4,09 | | \$- |
| Total Revenues | | 1,154,098 | | 1,154,098 | 1,154,09 | 98 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | |
| Conservation and Development | - | 2,249,467 | | 2,249,467 | 2,249,40 | 57 | - |
| Total Expenditures | | 2,249,467 | | 2,249,467 | 2,249,40 | 57 | - |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | (1,095,369) | _ | (1,095,369) | (1,095,36 | 9) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In Transfers Out (Use) | | 774,233 (380,614) | | 774,233 (380,614) | 774,2: (380,61 | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 393,619 | | 393,619 | 393,6 | 19 | |
| Change in Fund Balance | | (701,750) | | (701,750) | (701,75 | 0) | - |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 780,414 | | 780,414 | 780,4 | 14 | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ | 78,664 | \$ | 78,664 | \$ 78,6 | 64 | \$ |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMB TAX & LTDPLEDGE REV C/O'S BONDS, SERIES 2020 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| | | | | | | Actual | Varianc Final B | |
|---|------------------|--|----|--|------------|--|--------------------|---|
| | Budgeted Amounts | | | GA | APBASIS | Positi | | |
| | 0: | riginal | - | Final | (See Note) | | (Negative) | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Earnings | \$ | 6,020 | \$ | 6,020 | \$ | 6,020 | \$ | 3 |
| Total Revenues | | 6,020 | | 6,020 | | 6,020 | | 5 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: General Government | | 335,434 | | 335,434 | | 335,434 | | |
| Total Expenditures | | 335,434 | | 335,434 | | 335,434 | | 6 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | (329,414) | | (329,414) | | (329,414) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of Bonds Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds Transfers Out (Use) | | 15,205,000 2,296,308 (1,982,469) | - | 15,205,000 2,296,308 (1,982,469) | - | 15,205,000 2,296,308 (1,982,469) | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 15,518,839 | | 15,518,839 | | 15,518,839 | - | |
| Change in Fund Balance | | 15,189,425 | | 15,189,425 | | 15,189,425 | | |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | | | - | | - | | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ | 15,189,425 | \$ | 15,189,425 | \$ | 15,189,425 | \$ | |

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROLS, COMPLIANCE AND FEDERAL AWARDS THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 5402 Holly Rd., Suite 102 Corpus Christi, Texas 78411 Office (361)980-0482 Fax (361)980-1002

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Rio Grande City, Texas 5332 E US HWY 83 Rio Grande City, Texas 78582

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rio Grande City, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Rio Grande City, Texas's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to me material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Rio Grande City, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Corpus Christi, Texas March 29, 2021

Raul Hernandez & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 5402 Holly Rd., Suite 102 Corpus Christi, Texas 78411 Office (361)980-0482 Fax (361)980-1002

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

City Council City of Rio Grande City, Texas 5332 E US HWY 83 Rio Grande City, Texas 78582

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Rio Grande City Texas's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. City of Rio Grande City, Texas's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Rio Grande City, Texas's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Rio Grande City, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of City of Rio Grande City, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rio Grande City, Texas's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of City of Rio Grande City, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal wards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Raul Hernandez + Company, P.C.

Corpus Christi, Texas

March 29, 2021

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

- A. Summary of Auditor's Results
 - 1. Financial Statements

| Ty | pe of auditor's report issued: | | Unmodifie | ed | | |
|--------|---|---|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Inte | ernal control over financial reporting: | | | | | |
| | One or more material weaknesses identi | ified? | Y | es | X | No |
| | One or more significant deficiencies ide are not considered to be material weakn | entified that esses? | Y | es | _ <u>X</u> _ | None Reported |
| | Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | | Y | ſes | X | No |
| 2. Fee | leral Awards | | | | | |
| Inte | ernal control over major programs: | | | | | |
| | One or more material weaknesses ident | ified? | Y | es | <u></u> | No |
| | One or more significant deficiencies ide are not considered to be material weakn | entified that resses? | Y | es | _X | None Reported |
| Ty | pe of auditor's report issued on complianc major programs: | e for | U | Jnmo | dified | |
| in | y audit findings disclosed that are require accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Fea CFR) Part 200? | d to be reported deral Regulations | | es | <u>_X</u> | No |
| Ide | ntification of major programs: | | | | | |
| | <u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 11.307 21.019 | <u>Name of Feder</u> Economic Adju Coronavirus Re | istment As | | | |
| | llar threshold used to distinguish between pe A and type B programs: | l | <u>\$</u> | <u>750,0</u> | 000 | |
| Au | ditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | | Y | les | X | No |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

- B. Financial Statement Findings NONE
- C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs NONE

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

N/A

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

N/A

EXHIBIT K-1

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|--|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Expenditures |
| EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT Passed Through Office of Nat Drug Control Policy | | | |
| High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program Total Passed Through Office of Nat Drug Control Poli | 95.001 cy | G19550006A | <u>\$ 152,979</u> 152,979 |
| TOTAL EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT | | | 152,979 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Direct Programs | | | |
| Economic Adjustment Assistance | 11.307 | 08-79-05074 | 1,150,000 |
| Total Direct Programs | | | 1,150,000 |
| TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE | | | 1,150,000 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Texas Division of Emergency Manag | | | |
| Coronavirus Relief Fund Total Passed Through Texas Division of Emergency M | 2 1.019 Manag | 2020-SPA-TX | <u>827,695</u> 827,695 |
| TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY | | | 827,695 |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - CJD | | | |
| Crime Victim Assistance | 16.575 | 3087903 | 35,498 |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Pro | 16.738 | 2785006 | 31,366 |
| Total Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - (| CID | | 66,864 |
| TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY</u> <u>Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor - HSGD</u> | | | 00,00- |
| Homeland Security Grant Program Homeland Security Grant Program Total CFDA Number 97.067 | 97.067 97.067 | 3242303 3242304 | 264,131 60,393 324,524 |
| Total Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor -] | HSGD | | 324,524 |
| TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY | | | 324,524 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS | | | \$ 2,522,062 |

CITY OF RIO GRANDE CITY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of City of Rio Grande City, Texas The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and OMB Compliance Supplement, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate:

The Uniform Guidance allows an organization to elect a 10% de minimus indirect cost rate. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City did not elect to use this rate.

Sub-recipients:

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City had no sub-recipients.

Federal Loans and Loan Guarantees:

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City had no outstanding federal loans payable or loan guarantees.

Federally Funded Insurance:

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City had no federally funded insurance.

Noncash awards:

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City did not have any federal awards in the form of noncash assistance.

Reconciliation from the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Exhibit C-3:

| Total Federal Award Expended | \$ 2,522,062 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| VALLEY BAPTIST LEGACY FOUNDATION | 52,024 |
| TEXAS COUNTS | 62,800 |
| LIBRARY GRANTS | 2,000 |
| BORDER ZONE FIRE DEPT GRANT | 64,516 |
| LEOSE | 2,296 |
| BORDER SECURITY GRANT | 100,000 |
| Exhibit C-3 | \$ 2,805,697 |
| | |