City of Oak Park, Michigan



Year Ended June 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Prepared by Finance Department

City Manager Erik Tungate

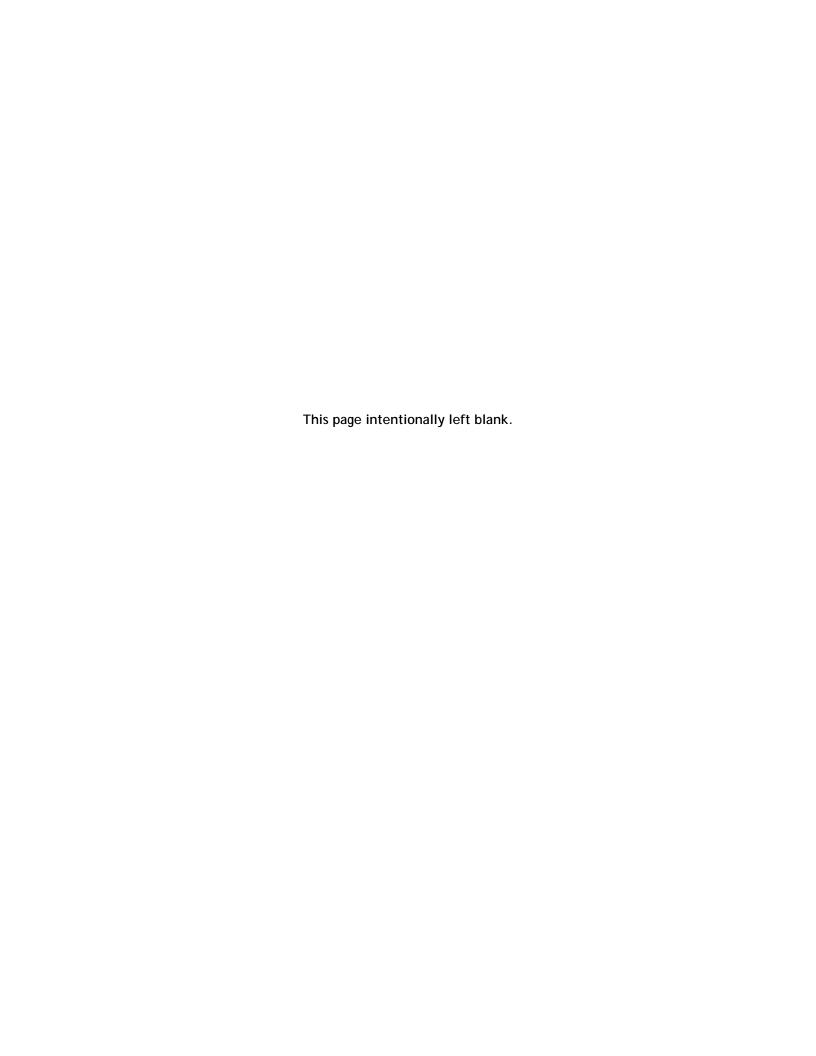


Table of Contents

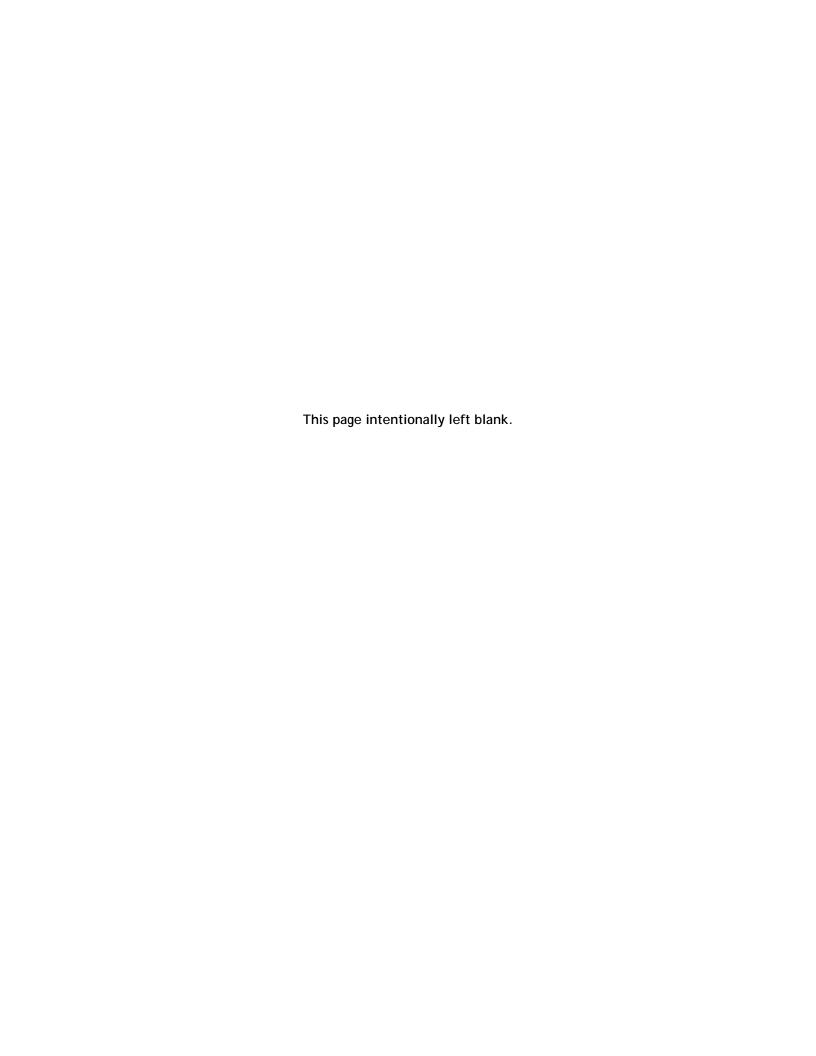
	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Transmittal Letter	1
Elected and Appointed Officials	5
Table of Organization	6
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	7
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	11
Management's Discussion and Analysis	16
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	29
Statement of Activities	30
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	32
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to Net Position of Governmental Activities	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	34
Reconciliation of Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	36
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	20
Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	39
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	40
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	42
Statement of Changes In Fiduciary Net Position	43
Combining Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units	44
Combining Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units	45
Notes to Financial Statements	48
Required Supplemental Information	
Pension Plans:	
Schedule of Investment Returns	88
Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:	00
General Employees' Retirement System	89
Public Safety Employees' Retirement System	90
Schedule of City Contributions	91
Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:	0.3
Schedule of Investment Returns	93
Schedule of Changes in City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios:	0.4
General Retiree Healthcare Plan	94
Public Safety Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of City Contributions	95 97
JUICUULE OI CILY COILLIDULIONS	7/

Table of Contents

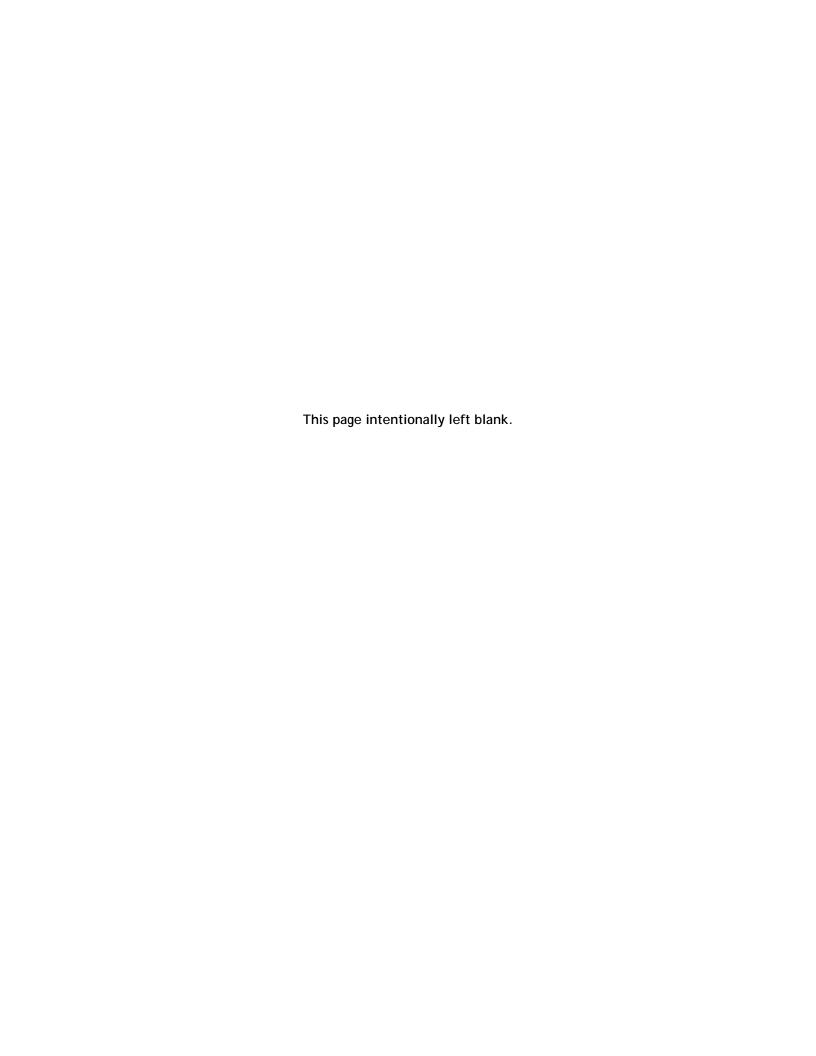
	<u>Page</u>
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	100
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	101
Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds	102
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds	106
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Major Streets Fund	109
Local Streets Fund	110
Solid Waste Fund	111
Narcotics Forfeiture Fund	112
Criminal Justice Training Fund	113
Community Development Block Grant Fund	114
Caseflow Assistance Fund	115
Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund	116
Veterans Treatment Court Grant Fund	117
45th District Court Fund	118
Library Fund	119
Mental Health Court Grant Fund	120
Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Funds	122
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Debt Service Funds	123
Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds	124
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Funds	126
Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds	128
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Fund Net Position - Internal Service Funds	129
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds	130
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	131
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	132

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION	
1 - Net Position by Component	138
2 - Changes in Net Position	140
3 - Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	144
4 - Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	146
5 - Taxable and Estimated Actual Value of Property	148
6 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	150
7 - Principal Property Tax Payers	152
8 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	153
9 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	154
10 - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	155
11 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	156
12 - Legal Debt Margin	157
13 - Revenue Bond Coverage	158
14 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	159
15 - Principal Employers	161
16 - Full-time Equivalent by Department / Union Group	162
17 - Operating Indicators by Function / Department	166
18 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Department	168
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	171









CITY OF OAK PARK

OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

Mayor
Marian McClellan
Mayor Pro Tem
Solomon Radner
Council Members
Carolyn Burns
Ken Rich
Regina Weiss
City Manager
Erik Tungate

December 17, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Oak Park, Michigan

The comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the City of Oak Park (the "City") for the year ended June 30, 2018, is hereby submitted as mandated by the City Charter, Section 9.8, and state statute, Public Act 2 of 1968. The City Charter and state statute require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The financial statements and supplemental schedules contained herein have been audited by Rehmann Robson, Certified Public Accountants. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart and a list of the City's principal officials. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements as well as the independent auditor's report on these financial statements. The required supplemental information includes management's discussion and analysis and information on the pension and other postemployment benefits plans. Other supplementary information includes combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules. The statistical section, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

The Reporting Entity and Services Provided

The City has defined its financial reporting entity in accordance with the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City includes all the funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the Mayor and City Council. Based on these criteria, the Economic Development Corporation, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and Corridor Improvement Authority have been included in this report.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; planning and zoning; library services; and recreational activities and cultural events. In addition, water and sewer services are provided under an enterprise fund concept, with user charges set by City Council to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

Local Economy and Governmental Structure

The City of Oak Park is located near the southeast corner of Oakland County in metropolitan Detroit, and approximately 3.5 miles from Macomb County and adjacent to the northern boundary of the City of Detroit and Wayne County. The City contains approximately 5.5 square miles with a population of 29,319 as reported by the U.S. Bureau of Census for 2010.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government as established in its charter adopted October 29, 1945. The City Council is comprised of a Mayor, elected at-large every two years, and four Councilmembers, two elected at-large every four years. The City Council is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions and regulations governing the City. City Council also appoints the members of various statutory and advisory boards and commissions, the City Manager, and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for the day-to-day management of the City and enforcement of laws and ordinances established by City Council and appoints and supervises the heads of departments of the City organization.

The City of Oak Park has grown over the years to a point where only one percent of its total land area is vacant. Although most of the growth occurring in Oakland County is taking place to the west and north, the I-696 freeway, which runs through Oak Park, provides a corridor of opportunity for redevelopment and enhancement of existing development.

It is management's goal to maintain high quality services to the citizens of Oak Park during economic uncertainty. The City has adopted prudent financial policies, which will help guide it through the upcoming years. The City has a strong property tax base and management believes it can meet the challenges confronting the community in the near future.

Major Initiatives

The following were among those many diverse activities and accomplishments to which both the elected officials and staff devoted their energies in fiscal year 2017-2018:

- 1) The City's number one priority was preserving fund balance while maintaining or improving existing city services. The City's General Fund had an original budget that did not anticipate an increase in fund balance. Due to the significant efforts on behalf of the entire city, the amended operating budget was balanced and the overall result was an increase to the fund balance in the General Fund of more than \$40,000, bringing total fund balance at June 30, 2018 to approximately \$3,894,000 or 18.90% of expenditures and transfers. The ending fund balance continues to be in the targeted range for the fourth year in a row.
- 2) The second priority was to address the long-term legacy costs. The City was able to contribute \$60,899 and \$894 over the actuarially required public safety and employees pension contributions, respectively. In addition, the City made a voluntary contribution in excess of the pay-as-you-go contribution to the OPEB fund totaling \$600,000.
- The third priority was economic development and improving the quality of life for residents and businesses. The focus on economic development projects is to rehabilitate existing structures and promote new development. The quality of life issues include additional public safety officers for safety and code enforcement officers to ensure all structures and city lots are maintained are up to existing code.

Financial Information

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City Council has adopted the following financial policies to guide the process for long-term financial decisions: 1) Debt Management Policy - provides guidelines for borrowing money to finance projects; 2) Cash Management Policy - provides guidelines for the day-to-day handling of cash and investments; 3) Capital Improvement Policy - sets capitalization thresholds and parameters for capital asset purchases; and 4) Investment Policy - provides guidelines for investment of the City's liquid assets.

A large parcel of property owned by the State of Michigan, which formerly housed the Eight Mile Armory, has stood vacant for many years. The State has sold this parcel for commercial development with portions of this property currently being redeveloped. This project continues to stimulate development in that area and provide additional tax dollars to fund future development.

As the City continues to operate in an environment of slow economic growth and significant limitations on revenues, additional funding sources may need to be found to fund large capital projects. This may include additional taxes, which can only be raised by a vote of the people. Other sources of revenue may include grants, special assessments or raising fees. These challenges will be met following the financial policies above.

Federal Financial Assistance

As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The internal control systems are evaluated periodically by management to achieve these objectives. The City was not required to have a single audit in fiscal year 2017-2018 to test these controls, per Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), because it did not received more than \$750,000 in federal awards this fiscal year.

Budgeting Controls

In accordance with state law, the City's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis for governmental funds, and its accounting records are also maintained on that basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt and accrued vacation benefits. Governmental funds, such as the City's general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds, are reported on the modified accrual basis. The City's enterprise fund, internal service funds and pension and other employee benefits trust funds are reported on the accrual basis, under which revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the General Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level for the general and special revenue funds. However, for internal accounting purposes, budgetary control is maintained by object class (line account) for all funds. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Purchase orders that would create an over encumbrance are not written until additional appropriations are available. Encumbered accounts lapse at year-end. There were no encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2018.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance and Administrative Services, Department of Technical and Planning Services and our independent auditors, Rehmann Robson, Certified Public Accountants. Each of them has our sincere thanks.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

[Signature omitted for security purposes]

Erik Tungate City Manager

ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Council

Marian McClellan *Mayor*

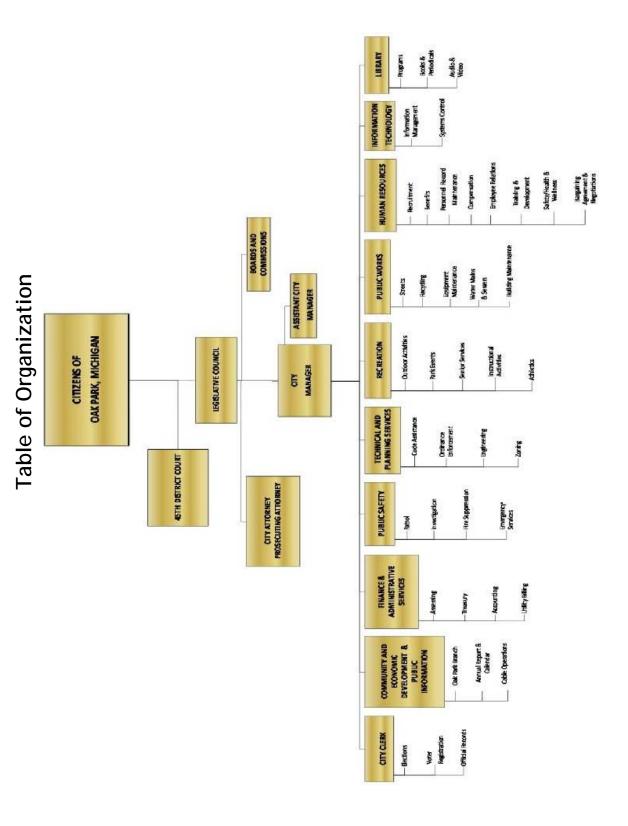
Solomon Radner Mayor Pro-Tem

Carolyn Burns Ken Rich Regina Weiss Council Members

Appointed Officials and Senior Management

Erik Tungate, City Manager

Kevin Yee, Assistant City Manager / Public Works Director T. Edwin Norris, City Clerk Saundra Crawford, Director of Finance and Administrative Services Jamen Winters, Deputy Finance Director John Gillooly and Ebony Duff, City Attorney Brandon Bowman, Library Director Robert Barrett, Director of Technical and Planning Services Steve Cooper, Director of Public Safety Laurie Stasiak, Director of Recreation Steve Lukasik, Deputy Treasurer WCA Assessing, City Assessor Scott Lemarbe, General Foreman Ed Mlynczyk, General Foreman Mike Pinkerton, Deputy Director of Public Safety Daniel Fairless, Deputy Director of Technical and Planning Services David DeCoster, Deputy Director of DPW & Director of Facilities Kevin VanDewalle, Water Supervisor Maralee Rosemond, Senior Services Coordinator Vicky Brooks, Director of Human Resources & Operations Kimberly Marrone, Director of Economic Development & Communications Denise Desantis, Director of Communications & Public Information Crystal McLain, Director of Strategic Planning and Special Projects





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Oak Park Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

This page intentionally left blank.

FINANCIAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank.



Rehmann Robson

675 Robinson Rd. Jackson, MI 49203 Ph: 517.787.6503 Fx: 517.788.8111 rehmann.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 17, 2018

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Oak Park, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Oak Park, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oak Park, Michigan, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 75

As described in Note 24, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions,* in the current year. Accordingly, beginning net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and water and sewer enterprise funds were restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of the pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Oak Park, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Oak Park, Michigan (the "City"), we offer readers an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's net position decreased in the current year. Net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$8.0 million, or 9.0 percent. Net position of the business-type activities decreased by \$1.6 million, or 10.8 percent.
- The total cost of all of the City's governmental programs was \$38.6 million.
- · In the City's business-type activities, revenues were \$12.4 million while expenses were \$11.2 million.
- The fund balance of the City's governmental funds reported an increase of \$1.4 million, or 14.9 percent, over the prior year from \$9.2 million to \$10.6 million.
- The general fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$40,748, or 1.1 percent.
- The City's installment debt outstanding decreased \$2.5 million, or 7.0 percent, over the prior year from \$35.2 million to \$32.7 million.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements for governmental activities show how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins with the statement of net position. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows) as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities:

- · Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, judicial, public safety, road maintenance and repair, public works, health and sanitation, culture and recreation, library, community development, and interest and fiscal charges. Property taxes, franchise fees, and state grants finance most of these activities.
- · Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system is reported here.
- Discretely presented component units The City includes three separate legal entities in its report, the Economic Development Corporation, Brownfield Authority, and Corridor Improvement Authority. Although legally separate, these discretely presented component units are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by statute and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. The City's three kinds of funds—governmental, proprietary and fiduciary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds. When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise fund (a type of proprietary fund) is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but in greater detail. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the City's motor pool operation.

Fiduciary funds. This category includes the City's pension and other employee benefits trust funds along with its agency funds, which account for monies held on behalf of others.

Reporting the City as Trustee

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan and retirees' health care - general and public safety employees' fund. It is also responsible for other assets in an agency capacity. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate statements of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City as a Whole

The City's total net position decreased over the prior year from negative \$23.8 million to negative \$83.5 million. Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Net Position									
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	То	tal				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017				
Current and other assets	\$ 13,254,663	\$ 13,049,009	\$ 6,481,588	\$ 6,750,669	\$ 19,736,251	\$ 19,799,678				
Capital assets, net	42,172,417	44,771,972	28,271,318	27,986,286	70,443,735	72,758,258				
Total assets	55,427,080	57,820,981	34,752,906	34,736,955	90,179,986	92,557,936				
Deferred outflows										
of resources	9,506,305	4,253,027	183,633	202,909	9,689,938	4,455,936				
Long-term debt Pension and other	29,289,513	30,597,521	9,269,941	7,417,014	38,559,454	38,014,535				
postemployment benefits	128,644,291	69,981,091	11,899,892	6,964,780	140,544,183	76,945,871				
Other liabilities	2,019,428	2,882,084	941,907	1,345,637	2,961,335	4,227,721				
Total liabilities	159,953,232	103,460,696	22,111,740	15,727,431	182,064,972	119,188,127				
Deferred inflows										
of resources	1,311,823	1,637,864			1,311,823	1,637,864				
Net position Net investment in										
capital assets	15,026,750	16,080,881	22,094,929	20,845,966	37,121,679	36,926,847				
Restricted	4,388,861	3,372,538	-	-	4,388,861	3,372,538				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(115,747,281)	(62,477,971)	(9,270,130)	(1,633,533)	(125,017,411)	(64,111,504)				
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (96,331,670)	\$(43,024,552)	\$12,824,799	\$19,212,433	\$(83,506,871)	\$(23,812,119)				

Except for the unrestricted net position deficit in the governmental and business-type activities, the City reports positive balances in all other categories of net position. The net position deficits are a direct result of the net pension liability from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in fiscal year 2015 and the other postemployment benefit liability from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, in the current year.

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$8.0 million. Unrestricted net position — the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements — changed from negative \$62.5 million at June 30, 2017 to negative \$115.7 million at the end of this year. The decrease in unrestricted net position (increase in the deficit) is largely due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the current year.

The net position of the business-type activities decreased by \$1.6 million. The decrease in net position is due primarily to the change in the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Change in Net Position									
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	To	tal				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017				
Revenues										
Program revenues:	.	.	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*	*	*				
Charges for services	\$ 6,890,525	\$ 5,840,771	\$12,356,387	\$11,353,474	\$ 19,246,912	\$ 17,194,245				
Operating grants	3,096,285	2,452,723	90,817	-	3,187,102	2,452,723				
Capital grants	44,438	422,628	-	-	44,438	422,628				
General revenues:	44 240 424	47 425 027			44 240 424	47 425 027				
Property taxes	16,340,124	17,125,027	-	-	16,340,124	17,125,027				
State shared	3,556,332	3,329,476	-	-	3,556,332	3,329,476				
Other taxes	642,949	683,781	- 22.070	25.044	642,949	683,781				
Investment earnings	120,820	101,695	23,870	25,044	144,690	126,739				
Other	- 20 (04 472	20.057.404	6,731	- 44 270 540	6,731	- 44 224 (40				
Total revenues	30,691,473	29,956,101	12,477,805	11,378,518	43,169,278	41,334,619				
Expenses										
General government	8,428,726	4,078,708	_	_	8,428,726	4,078,708				
Judicial	3,312,598	2,000,064	_	_	3,312,598	2,000,064				
Public safety	16,032,718	9,299,317	_	_	16,032,718	9,299,317				
Road maintenance	10,002,710	,,_,,,,,,,			.0,00=,0	7,277,017				
and repair	2,599,451	3,141,546	-	_	2,599,451	3,141,546				
Public works	2,047,753	1,516,904	-	-	2,047,753	1,516,904				
Health and sanitation	2,726,238	2,498,707	-	-	2,726,238	2,498,707				
Culture and recreation	903,615	658,582	-	-	903,615	658,582				
Library	962,330	821,249	-	-	962,330	821,249				
Community development	709,763	444,575	-	-	709,763	444,575				
Interest on long-term debt	921,950	1,076,246	-	-	921,950	1,076,246				
Water and sewer	, <u> </u>	-	11,182,425	9,972,023	11,182,425	9,972,023				
Total expenses	38,645,142	25,535,898	11,182,425	9,972,023	49,827,567	35,507,921				
·						· · ·				
Change in net position										
before special item	(7,953,669)	4,420,203	1,295,380	1,406,495	(6,658,289)	5,826,698				
Special item			(2,850,000)		(2,850,000)	-				
Change in net position	(7,953,669)	4,420,203	(1,554,620)	1,406,495	(9,508,289)	5,826,698				
Net position										
Beginning of year	(43,024,552)	(47,444,755)	19,212,433	17,805,938	(23,812,119)	(29,638,817)				
Restatement for GASB 75	(45,353,449)	-	(4,833,014)	-	(50,186,463)	-				
End of year	\$ (96,331,670)	\$(43,024,552)	\$12,824,799	\$19,212,433	\$(83,506,871)	\$(23,812,119)				
J.u.	+ (/0,00.,0/0)	+ (.0,02 .,002)	Ţ :=;0= :;. //	Ţ:/,=:=,:55	+ (55)555,571)	+ (-0)0,)				

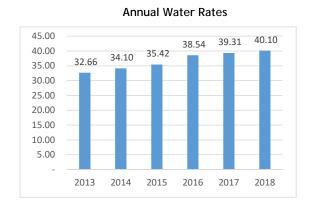
The City's total revenue for all programs and services remained relatively consistent with the prior year with a 4.4 percent (\$1.8 million) increase. The total cost of all programs and services increased by 40.3 percent (\$14.3 million). This increase is largely due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, in the current year.

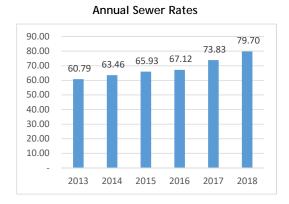
Governmental activities. Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by 2.5 percent (\$0.7 million), while total expenses increased 51.3 percent (\$13.1 million).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Business-type activities. The City has one business-type activity: the water and sewer system. Revenues of the City's water and sewer activity increased by 9.7 percent (\$1.1 million). Expenses increased by 12.1 percent (\$1.2 million). The City reported net income before special item of \$1.3 million in the water and sewer activity. This was a decrease from fiscal year 2017 net income of \$1.4 million. The factors driving these results include:

- The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the current year.
- The City raised water and sewer rates in conjunction with the estimated cost increases for the fiscal year with the intent of maintaining the net position of the fund. The City settled a lawsuit subsequent to year end related to fiscal year 2018 and prior billings which resulted in a refund of \$2,850,000 being recorded. The lawsuit expense represents the majority of the decrease in the 2018 net position.
- Water rates increased from \$39.31 in fiscal year 2016-2017 to \$40.10 per 1,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2017-2018.
 Sewer rates increased from \$73.83 to \$79.70 per 1,000 cubic feet. A recent history of the City's water and sewer rates follows:





The City's Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$10.6 million, which is above last year's total of \$9.2 million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$40,748 in the City's general fund. Refer below for further information regarding the significant changes in general fund revenues and expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council made quarterly budget amendments and other amendments as necessary. Budget amendments generally fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved as projects and contracts were competitively bid and come in higher than originally budgeted. The second included Council approved increases in appropriations when preparing the subsequent year's budget. These appropriations were to adjust the original budget when departments submitted estimated year-end figures that exceeded current budgeted amounts. Finally, amending the budget at the last City Council meeting of the fiscal year to prevent significant budget overruns.

Total actual revenues were greater than the final amended budgeted amount by \$253,696. Significant increases from the final amended budgeted amounts included \$129,764 of court fines revenue received over estimated amounts and \$86,457 of unbudgeted right of way fees received.

The actual expenditures were \$112,394 more than the final budget amounts in the general fund with five expenditure activities exceeding their budget. Refer to footnote 3 for a detailed listing of these overages. The expenditure overage is primarily due to the voluntary contribution to the City's OPEB plan of \$600,000 over the pay as you go amount from the fiscal year 2018 expenditure savings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General fund revenues. The following paragraphs analyze the activities of the City's major operating fund. General fund revenues totaled \$20.6 million, an increase of 2.67% over the prior year. Revenues by source were as follows:

	General Fund Revenues										
		Fiscal	Percent of Total	-	ncrease Decrease)	% Change from Prior Year					
		2016	2017	TOTAL	(L	eci ease)	Teal				
Property taxes	\$	12,395,925	\$ 12,724,183	60.05%	\$	(328,258)	-2.58%				
Licenses and permits		688,406	516,630	3.33%		171,776	33.25%				
Intergovernmental		3,517,417	3,383,187	17.04%		134,230	3.97%				
Charges for services		608,329	546,315	2.95%		62,014	11.35%				
Fines and forfeits		2,067,620	1,742,209	10.02%		325,411	18.68%				
Interest income		93,060	63,807	0.45%		29,253	45.85%				
Other		1,272,279	1,129,931	6.16%		142,348	12.60%				
Total	\$	20,643,036	\$ 20,106,262	100.00%	\$	536,774	2.67%				

Ad valorem taxes provide the City's primary source of revenue. The City's total tax rate is 36.1688 per \$1,000 of taxable value. This is below the state's legal limit as provided for by the Headlee Amendment and the Truth in Taxation Act and includes the 6.8953 mill voter-approved levy for PA 345 public safety retirement costs. The overall increase in revenue is due to the decrease in the reserve for chargebacks and property tax appeals. See rates, as follows:

Purpose of	2018	2017		
Millage	Rate	Rate		
Operating	16.1117	16.2712		
Library	1.4690	1.4836		
Solid Waste/Refuse	2.9088	2.9377		
2012 Debt	1.6800	1.8500		
2015 Debt	1.6100	1.8000		
2010 Debt	1.9050	2.0000		
Recreation	0.4925	0.4974		
Public Safety	1.9700	1.9896		
Headlee Override	1.1265	1.1377		
Public Safety Act 345	6.8953	6.9636		
	36.1688	36.9308		

Licenses and permits increase was primarily due to redevelopment projects which resulted in new construction and permit related activities.

Intergovernmental revenues increase was primarily due to slightly higher amounts received from the State of Michigan due to increases in sales tax collections and CVTRS revenue sharing.

Charges for services increase is due primarily to increase in SMART Bus subsidy received in the current year.

Fines and forfeits revenues increase was primarily due to increased ticket collection revenue collected by the district court.

Interest income increase is attributable to higher interest rates recognized on city investments due to several rate increases by the Federal Reserve.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other revenues increase is primarily due to increase in prescription drug subsidy rebates on employees healthcare.

General fund expenditures. General fund expenditures were \$18.6 million, an increase of \$0.6 million or 3.4%, over the prior year. Broken down by function, expenditures were as follows:

	General Fund Expenditures									
	Fiscal	Yea	ar	Percent of		ncrease	% Change from Prior			
	2018 2017			Total	([Decrease)	Year			
General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community development Nondepartmental	\$ 3,498,671 10,198,874 714,724 666,885 156,576 3,396,046	\$	4,007,155 9,359,363 770,441 656,008 154,129 3,069,226	18.78% 54.74% 3.84% 3.58% 0.84% 18.23%	\$	(508,484) 839,511 (55,717) 10,877 2,447 326,820	-12.69% 8.97% -7.23% 1.66% 1.59% 10.65%			
Total	\$ 18,631,776	\$	18,016,322	100.00%	\$	615,454	3.42%			

General government expenditures decrease is due primarily to increased utilization of technical and planning personnel services to other departments and funds.

The public safety department increase is due primarily to increase in personnel costs, increase in motor pool utilization and increase in pension defined benefit pension contributions (including amount over required ARC).

The public works department decrease was primarily due to increased utilization of personnel in other departments and funds.

Culture and recreation remained relatively consistent.

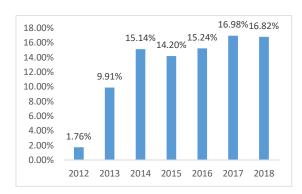
Community development remained relatively consistent.

Nondepartmental expenditures increase is largely due to the additional voluntary contribution to the OPEB plan of \$600,000 above the pay-as-you-go amount.

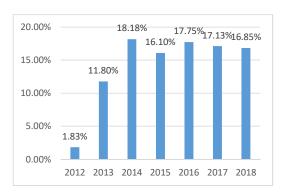
Management's Discussion and Analysis

General fund. Fund balance at June 30, 2018 increased by 1.1 percent or \$40,748 over the prior year. The unassigned (and available for appropriation portion of) fund balance increased by \$58,329 to a balance of \$3.5 million which provides the City with 68 days of expenditures, and is equivalent to 18.6 percent of annual expenditures and transfers. Our goal is to maintain this percentage at 8.3 to 18.0 percent (one to two months expenditures), a level considered adequate to meet any unforeseen events and avoid cash shortfalls during periods of low tax collections. An additional goal is to maintain fund balance at 10 to 15 percent of revenues. Unassigned fund balance can be graphically demonstrated as follows:

Unassigned Fund Balance as a % of Revenues



Unassigned Fund Balance as a % of Expenditures and Transfers Out



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At June 30, 2018, the City had \$70.4 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water and sewer lines.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)											
		Government	al <i>F</i>	Activities	В	Business-ty _l	pe A	Activities	Total			
	2018			2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Land	\$	1,642,187	\$	1,642,187	\$	11,502	\$	11,502	\$	1,653,689	\$	1,653,689
Rights-of-way		600,818		600,818		-		-		600,818		600,818
Work in progress		-		1,171,788		1,588,382		1,479,085		1,588,382		2,650,873
Infrastructure - roads		19,272,653		20,052,346		-		-		19,272,653		20,052,346
Infrastructure - sidewalks		2,028,840		2,225,201		-		-		2,028,840		2,225,201
Infrastructure - systems		-		-	2	6,573,838	2	26,328,072		26,573,838		26,328,072
Buildings		15,126,913		15,537,718		1,300		2,167		15,128,213		15,539,885
Improvements		2,028,106		2,011,604		-		-		2,028,106		2,011,604
Library collection		203,205		198,998		-		-		203,205		198,998
Equipment - vehicles		990,886		969,406		-		-		990,886		969,406
Equipment - miscellaneous		278,809		361,906		96,296		165,460		375,105		527,366
Total capital assets, net	\$	42,172,417	\$	44,771,972	\$2	8,271,318	\$2	27,986,286	\$	70,443,735	\$	72,758,258

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. Under current state statutes, the City's net debt may not exceed 10% of the total assessed value of real and personal property as certified by the City Assessor. The City's net debt of \$26,859,682 is 4.6% of assessed value, and provides a legal debt margin of \$31,674,920. Net general bonded debt per capita equaled \$846.

The long-term debt obligations of the City consist of general obligation bonds outstanding and a capital lease.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

At year-end, the City had \$32,741,389 in installment debt outstanding versus \$35,200,320 last year, a decrease of 7.0 percent, as shown in the table below.

	Installment Debt										
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total						
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017					
General obligation bonds (backed by the City) Capital lease	\$ 24,495,000 2,070,000	\$ 25,915,000 2,145,000	\$ 6,176,389	\$ 7,140,320	\$ 30,671,389 2,070,000	\$ 33,055,320 2,145,000					
Total	\$ 26,565,000	\$ 28,060,000	\$ 6,176,389	\$ 7,140,320	\$ 32,741,389	\$ 35,200,320					

At June 30, 2018, the 2012 street improvement refunding bonds, the 2015 street improvement refunding bonds, and the 2010 municipal complex bonds were the only outstanding governmental general obligation bonds. These bonds are paid by a tax levied on all taxpayers separate from the operating millage. A mill represents \$1 of tax for every \$1,000 of taxable value of real and personal property. The City's debt service levy in fiscal year 2017-2018 was 5.1950 mills. Requirements for general obligation bonds will decrease until all bonds are paid off in May 2036.

The City belongs to a consortium of cities known as the Twelve Towns Drainage District. This District was formed to collect and treat sewage and stormwater for 14 communities. In 1998 the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality ordered the District to upgrade its retention facility and decrease its excess flows into Lake St. Clair. The total estimated cost of these improvements is \$130 million, of which the City of Oak Park is responsible for 13.48%. This project began in fiscal year 2000-2001.

The District is borrowing funds through construction drawdowns to complete this project. As of June 30, 2018, the City is obligated to pay \$6,176,389. Due to the nature of draws, the exact obligation will be unknown until the project is complete or no other draws are made. Payments on these obligations continue until 2029, ranging from \$65,707 to \$1,054,343. The City will continue to monitor the sewer rates to ensure sufficient cashflow to repay this debt.

The City's general obligation Standard & Poor's Rating Service underlying bond rating was upgraded to be A+/Positive last year. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue to 10 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is below this \$58,534,602 state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and claims and judgments. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Oak Park (population 29,319) is primarily a residential community located in southeastern Oakland County, Michigan. The local tax base has experienced an increase of 4.2% for fiscal year 2017-2018 and is expected to have a modest increase in the following year (4.3% expected for 2018-2019). This rebound in the economy is encouraging but will continue to present challenges in the near future. Service levels will continue to be adjusted to match annual revenues.

In November 2012, the voters approved the creation of an Act 345 retirement system for public safety employees. The approval comes with the ability to use a property tax levy to fund a portion of public safety retirement costs (previously paid by the general fund). The voters approved up to 7 mills to be assessed annually to be used for this purpose for a seven year period beginning in 2013-2014 fiscal year. In fiscal years 2015-2016 the full 7 mills was levied and 6.8953 mills were levied for fiscal year 2017-2018.

Overall net general bonded debt is moderate and continues to decline for the fourth year in a row, at \$846 per capita and 5.40% of actual taxable value of property.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget including tax rates and fees to be charged for the business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the City now stands at 5.7 percent versus 5.8 percent a year ago. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 3.9 percent and the national rate of 3.7 percent.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2018-2019. The fiscal year 2018-2019 budget was adopted in May 2018. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$21.435 million, an increase of 5.3% percent over the estimated fiscal year 2017-2018 amount of \$20.35 million. Property tax revenue is budgeted to increase slightly by 4.1%. Overall, revenues are expected to remain relatively flat. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase, to \$20.82 million from \$20.56 million in fiscal year 2017-2018. The City has added no major new programs or initiatives to the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget.

The expense plan for the water and sewer fund for fiscal year 2018-2019 is \$14,035,882 an increase of \$3.02 million from fiscal year 2017-2018. The plan includes an increase in water rates of 3.9% and an increase in sewer rates of 20%. This increase is necessary due to an increase in the wholesale water and sewage rates from Oakland County.

This plan includes expenses for the Twelve Towns Drainage District (known also as the George W. Kuhn Drain). Construction continues and ten bonds have been issued to pay for the costs. The City is responsible for 13.48% of the cost. Debt payments have been built into the budget and sewer rates increased to meet our obligations. The George W. Kuhn Drain debt payment will be \$1.0 million in fiscal year 2018-2019.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Finance and Administrative Services' Office, at the City of Oak Park, 14000 Oak Park Blvd., Oak Park, MI, 48237.

This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

	Pr	imary Governme	nt	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 10,556,577	\$ 2,832,807	\$ 13,389,384	\$ 511,608
Receivables	2,275,128	3,648,774	5,923,902	-
Prepaid items	422,958	7	422,965	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,243,005	1,599,884	3,842,889	-
Capital assets being depreciated, net	39,929,412	26,671,434	66,600,846	
Total assets	55,427,080	34,752,906	90,179,986	511,608
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred pension amounts	4,406,681	127,358	4,534,039	-
Deferred OPEB amounts	4,931,972	56,275	4,988,247	-
Deferred charge on refunding	167,652		167,652	
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,506,305	183,633	9,689,938	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term debt:	2,019,428	941,907	2,961,335	482,911
Due within one year	2,383,162	1,579,501	3,962,663	-
Due in more than one year	26,906,351	7,690,440	34,596,791	-
Other liabilities due in more than one year:	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Net pension liability	47,453,707	6,549,835	54,003,542	-
Net OPEB liability	81,190,584	5,350,057	86,540,641	
Total liabilities	159,953,232	22,111,740	182,064,972	482,911
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension amounts	974,829	-	974,829	-
Deferred OPEB amounts	336,994		336,994	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,311,823		1,311,823	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	15,026,750	22,094,929	37,121,679	-
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Capital projects	219,105	-	219,105	-
Debt service	496,311	-	496,311	-
Judicial	188,053	-	188,053	-
Public safety	73,631	-	73,631	-
Road maintenance and repair	2,071,466	-	2,071,466	-
Public works	1,217,168	-	1,217,168	-
Library	123,127	-	123,127	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(115,747,281)	(9,270,130)	(125,017,411)	28,697
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (96,331,670)	\$ 12,824,799	\$ (83,506,871)	\$ 28,697

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		F			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Primary government Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 8,428,726	\$ 4,414,603	\$ -	\$ 44,438	\$ (3,969,685)
Judicial	3,312,598	191,037	188,796	-	(2,932,765)
Public safety	16,032,718	66,021	33,098	-	(15,933,599)
Road maintenance and repair	2,599,451	191,986	2,607,190	-	199,725
Public works	2,047,753	532,062	-	-	(1,515,691)
Health and sanitation	2,726,238	1,462,305	-	-	(1,263,933)
Culture and recreation	903,615	-	-	-	(903,615)
Library	962,330	32,511	86,971	-	(842,848)
Community development	709,763	-	180,230	-	(529,533)
Interest and fiscal charges	921,950				(921,950)
Total governmental activities	38,645,142	6,890,525	3,096,285	44,438	(28,613,894)
Business-type activities -					
Water and sewer	11,182,425	12,356,387	90,817		1,264,779
Total primary government	\$ 49,827,567	\$ 19,246,912	\$ 3,187,102	\$ 44,438	\$(27,349,115)
Component units					
Brownfield Authority	\$ 492,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (492,326)
Corridor Improvement Authority	10,866				(10,866)
Total component units	\$ 503,192	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (503,192)

continued...

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Pri				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	•		mponent Units
Change in net position					
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (28,613,894)	\$ 1,264,779	\$ (27,349,115)	\$	(503,192)
General revenues:					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	13,957,227	-	13,957,227		507,982
Debt services	2,382,897	-	2,382,897		-
State shared revenues	3,556,332	-	3,556,332		-
Franchise fees	642,949	-	642,949		-
Investment earnings	120,820	23,870	144,690		57
Other		6,731	6,731		
Total general revenues	20,660,225	30,601	20,690,826		508,039
Special item - settlement of lawsuit (note 25)		(2,850,000)	(2,850,000)		
Change in net position	(7,953,669)	(1,554,620)	(9,508,289)		4,847
Net position (deficit), beginning of year, as restated	(88,378,001)	14,379,419	(73,998,582)		23,850
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (96,331,670)	\$ 12,824,799	\$ (83,506,871)	\$	28,697

concluded.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	0 15 1		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental	
Accede	General Funds Funds		Funds			
Assets Cash and investments	\$	3,758,347	\$	6,441,968	\$	10,200,315
Receivables:	Ş	3,730,347	Ş	0,441,900	Ş	10,200,313
Taxes		15,879		_		15,879
Special assessments		13,077		424,786		424,786
Accounts		202,239		525,754		727,993
Due from other governments		591,424		515,046		1,106,470
Due from other funds		51,864		-		51,864
Prepaid items		422,560		61		422,621
•				-		
Total assets	\$	5,042,313	\$	7,907,615	\$	12,949,928
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	602,645	\$	513,240	\$	1,115,885
Accrued liabilities		505,509		147,478		652,987
Due to other funds				51,864		51,864
Total liabilities		1,108,154		712,582		1,820,736
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue		23,466		-		23,466
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		15,879		-		15,879
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-		421,628		421,628
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		102,775		102,775
Total deferred inflows of resources		39,345		524,403		563,748
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		422,560		61		422,621
Restricted		-		4,640,051		4,640,051
Assigned		-		2,083,209		2,083,209
Unassigned		3,472,254		(52,691)		3,419,563
Total fund balances		3,894,814		6,670,630		10,565,444
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	5,042,313	\$	7,907,615	\$	12,949,928

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 10,565,444

\$ (96,331,670)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net Less net capital assets accounted for in internal service funds	2,243,005 39,929,412 (990,886)
The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing. Accordingly, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the	
governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance. Unavailable receivables	23,466
Unavailable property taxes receivable	15,879
Unavailable long-term special assessments receivable	421,628
Unavailable grants receivable	102,775
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities. Net position of governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds	1,305,445
	, ,
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(200 544)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(208,516)
Bonds and capital leases payable Unamortized bond premium	(26,565,000) (790,993)
Accrued compensated absences	(1,933,520)
Unamortized deferred charge on refunding	167,652
Certain pension and postemployment-related amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(47,453,707)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	4,406,681
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(974,829)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(81,190,584)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	4,931,972
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(336,994)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Net position (deficit) of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Licenses and permits 688,406 - 688 Intergovernmental: - 220,773 220 Federal grants - 220,773 220 State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,728 ,406 ,773 ,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
Special assessments - 526,728 526 Licenses and permits 688,406 - 688 Intergovernmental: - 220,773 220 Federal grants - 220,773 220 State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,728 ,406 ,773 ,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
Licenses and permits 688,406 - 688 Intergovernmental: - 220,773 220 Federal grants - 220,773 220 State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,406 ,773 ,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
Intergovernmental: 220,773 220 Federal grants - 220,773 220 State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,773 ,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222
Federal grants - 220,773 220 State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
State grants 3,517,417 2,848,599 6,366 Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,016 ,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
Charges for services 608,329 1,621,085 2,229 Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,414 ,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
Fines and forfeitures 2,067,620 266,521 2,334	,141 ,111 ,222 ,570
	,111 ,222 ,570
	,570
	,570
Other 1,272,279 533,943 1,806	
Total revenues 20,643,036 10,399,534 31,042	
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government 3,498,671 - 3,498	,671
Judicial - 2,169,253 2,169	,253
Public safety 10,198,874 37,406 10,236	,280
Road maintenance and repair - 2,184,807 2,184	,807
Public works 714,724 42,516 757	,240
Health and sanitation - 2,726,238 2,726	,238
	,885
	,382
	,909
Nondepartmental costs 3,396,046 - 3,396	
Debt service:	
Principal - 1,495,000 1,495	,000
·	,695
	,188
Total expenditures 18,631,776 11,038,818 29,670	,594
Devenues ever (under) even ditures 2 044 240 (420 294) 4 274	076
Revenues over (under) expenditures	,970
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers in - 2,568,991 2,568	,991
Transfers out (1,970,512) (598,479) (2,568	
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,970,512) 1,970,512	
Net change in fund balances 40,748 1,331,228 1,371	,976
Fund balances, beginning of year 3,854,066 5,339,402 9,193	,468
Fund balances, end of year \$ 3,894,814 \$ 6,670,630 \$ 10,565	444

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,371,976

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased / constructed	363,184
Depreciation expense	(2,631,622)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(352,597)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.

Net change in deferred inflows for long-term special assessments receivable	(410,635)
Net change in deferred inflows for grants receivable	58,829

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities	1,495,000
---	-----------

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable on long-term debt	71,641
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(12,896)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts	(809,497)
Change in net other postemployment benefit liability	(6,908,039)
Change in the accrual for compensated absences	(250,154)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual governmental funds. The net revenue (expense) attributable to those funds is reported with governmental activities.

Interest income from internal service funds	ervice funds709

Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (7,953,669)
	•	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	(Ur	tual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues	12.255 (22	10 300 350	,	10 205 005		45.544
Property taxes	\$ 12,255,630	\$ 12,380,359	\$	12,395,925	\$	15,566
Licenses and permits	475,325	678,475		688,406		9,931
Intergovernmental -	2 240 200	2 522 245		2 547 447		(4.049)
State grants	3,360,398	3,522,365 623,303		3,517,417 608,329		(4,948)
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	679,510	•		•		(14,974)
Interest income	1,643,638	1,937,856 54,979		2,067,620 93,060		129,764 38,081
Other	35,225 1,186,572	1,192,003		1,272,279		80,276
Other	 1,100,372	 1,192,003		1,2/2,2/9		00,270
Total revenues	19,636,298	 20,389,340		20,643,036		253,696
Expenditures						
General government:						
City council	66,213	62,310		53,998		(8,312)
City manager	366,703	414,886		390,639		(24,247)
Human resources	366,694	358,633		333,203		(25,430)
Information technology	250,315	248,715		236,280		(12,435)
City attorney	285,600	290,600		303,182		12,582
Prosecuting attorney	66,660	66,660		66,660		-
City clerk	284,714	288,090		278,012		(10,078)
Finance and administrative services	1,051,956	1,083,883		1,027,949		(55,934)
Public information	284,127	271,194		243,771		(27,423)
Technical and planning services	1,373,533	1,350,964		1,268,127		(82,837)
Less reimbursements from other funds for						
finance and administrative services	 (699,500)	 (692,500)		(703,150)		(10,650)
Total general government	 3,697,015	 3,743,435		3,498,671		(244,764)
Public safety:						
General	9,519,095	9,799,941		10,016,462		216,521
K9 unit	179,716	186,908		182,412		(4,496)
Total public safety	9,698,811	9,986,849		10,198,874		212,025
Public works:						
Building and maintenance	866,797	651,072		560,930		(90,142)
Administration	12,565	10,445		7,819		(2,626)
Shepherd park	56,076	58,603		72,406		13,803
Other parks	69,781	54,904		73,569		18,665
Total public works	1,005,219	 775,024	_	714,724		(60,300)

continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Expenditures (concluded)							
Culture and recreation:							
Administration	\$	355,564	\$	353,449	\$	349,851	\$ (3,598)
Athletics		41,624		32,624		24,977	(7,647)
Outdoor activities		95,919		95,919		76,086	(19,833)
Instructional activities		20,400		29,400		28,246	(1,154)
Special recreation activities		41,978		43,978		40,420	(3,558)
Swimming pool		119,821		124,321		111,035	(13,286)
Senior services		44,654		44,654		36,270	(8,384)
Total culture and recreation		719,960		724,345		666,885	(57,460)
Community development		215,065		210,536		156,576	 (53,960)
Nondepartmental costs		3,067,423		3,079,193		3,396,046	316,853
Total expenditures		18,403,493		18,519,382		18,631,776	 112,394
Revenues over expenditures		1,232,805		1,869,958		2,011,260	 141,302
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		716,332		716,332		-	(716,332)
Transfers out		(2,161,887)		(2,278,779)		(1,970,512)	 (308,267)
Total other financing uses		(1,445,555)		(1,562,447)		(1,970,512)	 (408,065)
Net change in fund balance		(212,750)		307,511		40,748	(266,763)
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,854,066		3,854,066		3,854,066	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,641,316	\$	4,161,577	\$	3,894,814	\$ (266,763)

concluded.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds
Assets	Enterprise Fund	Sei vice Fullus
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,832,807	\$ 356,262
Receivables:	2,032,007	7 330,202
Special assessments	1,800	_
Accounts	3,519,379	_
Due from other governments	127,595	-
Prepaid items	7	337
Total current assets	6,481,588	356,599
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,599,884	-
Capital assets being depreciated, net	26,671,434	990,886
Total noncurrent assets	28,271,318	990,886
Total assets	34,752,906	1,347,485
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred pension amounts	127,358	-
Deferred OPEB amounts	56,275	
Total deferred outflows of resources	183,633	
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	864,454	40,308
Accrued liabilities	40,166	1,732
Accrued interest payable	37,287	-
Current portion of long-term debt	1,579,501	
Total current liabilities	2,521,408	42,040
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	147,552	-
Claims and judgments, net of current portion	2,350,000	-
Bonds payable, net of current portion	5,192,888	-
Net pension liability	6,549,835	-
Net OPEB liability	5,350,057	
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,590,332	
Total liabilities	22,111,740	42,040
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	22,094,929	990,886
Unrestricted (deficit)	(9,270,130)	314,559
Total net position	\$ 12,824,799	\$ 1,305,445

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	ater and Sewer nterprise Fund	Internal
Fr	nterprise Fund	
		Service Funds
Operating revenues Charges for services \$	12 254 207	¢ 4 E42 200
Charges for services \$ Fines and forfeitures	12,356,387	\$ 1,543,299
Other	- 4 721	215,660
Other	6,731	57,744
Total operating revenues	12,363,118	1,816,703
Operating expenses		
Water	1,221,889	_
Sewage treatment	5,767,969	_
Transmission and distribution	1,149,802	_
Maintenance and operation	1,260,632	_
Customer accounting and collection	308,688	_
General and administration	497,531	_
Depreciation	810,785	139,577
Wages and benefits	010,703	87,659
Insurance	_	1,114,626
Gasoline	_	161,484
Professional services	_	81,029
Supplies	_	171,896
Juppites		171,070
Total operating expenses	11,017,296	1,756,271
Operating income	1,345,822	60,432
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
State revenue - SAW grant	90,817	-
Interest income	23,870	709
Debt service - interest expense	(165,129)	-
	(111)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(50,442)	709
Income before special item	1,295,380	61,141
Special item - settlement of lawsuit (note 25)	(2,850,000)	
Change in net position	(1,554,620)	61,141
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	14,379,419	1,244,304
Net position, end of year \$	12,824,799	\$ 1,305,445

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer	Internal
	Enterprise Fund	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	\$ 11,954,646	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services	-	1,543,299
Other receipts	-	273,404
Payments to suppliers	(8,245,143)	(650,438)
Payments to employees	(2,314,151)	(897,080)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,395,352	269,185
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
State grants	90,817	_
g	,	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchases of capital assets	(1,095,817)	(161,057)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(963,931)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(127,842)	<u> </u>
		_
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,187,590)	(161,057)
Cash flows from investing activities	22.070	700
Interest and dividends	23,870	709
Net change in cash and investments	(677,551)	108,837
Cash and investments, beginning of year	3,510,358	247,425
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 2,832,807	\$ 356,262

continued...

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		siness-type Activities		vernmental Activities
	Wate	er and Sewer	I	nternal
	Ente	erprise Fund	Ser	vice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	1,345,822	\$	60,432
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		810,785		139,577
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Special assessments receivable		(1,800)		-
Accounts receivable		(424,352)		-
Due from other governments		17,680		-
Prepaid items		2		96,726
Deferred outflows of resources - pension amounts		75,551		-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB amounts		(56,275)		-
Accounts payable		(387,516)		15,147
Accrued liabilities		(53,501)		749
Due to other funds		-		(43,446)
Accrued compensated absences		(33,142)		-
Net pension liability		(414,945)		-
Net OPEB liability		517,043		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,395,352	\$	269,185

concluded.

Non-cash transactions

The water and sewer enterprise fund reported a special item related to the settlement of a lawsuit, which resulted in an increase in long-term debt of \$2,850,000.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2018

	Emp	ion and Other loyee Benefit rust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,334,068	\$ 792,209
Due from other governments		89,653	-
Investments, at fair value:			
Equity mutual funds		44,337,727	-
Fixed income mutual funds		16,274,276	-
Money market accounts		2,203,343	-
		_	
Total assets		66,239,067	\$ 792,209
Liabilities Accounts payable Undistributed receipts		668,526	\$ 792,209
Total liabilities		668,526	\$ 792,209
Net position			
Restricted for pension and other			
postemployment benefits	\$	65,570,541	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Additions	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds				
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	7,378,931			
Plan members	Ţ	459,692			
Total contributions	-	7,838,623			
Total Continuations		7,030,023			
Investment income:					
Net change in fair value of investments		3,364,452			
Interest		27,968			
Dividends		1,497,023			
Total investment income		4,889,443			
Less: investment management expense		(229,594)			
Net investment income		4,659,849			
Total additions		12,498,472			
Deductions					
Benefits		9,797,698			
Change in net position		2,700,774			
Net position, beginning of year		62,869,767			
Net position, end of year	\$	65,570,541			

Combining Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2018

	Economic Development Corporation			ownfield uthority	Imp	forridor rovement uthority	Total Component Units		
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	12,091	\$	483,912	\$	15,605	\$	511,608	
Liabilities Accounts payable		_		477,326		5,585		482,911	
Accounts payable			-	477,320		3,303		702,711	
Net position Unrestricted	\$	12,091	\$	6,586	\$	10,020	\$	28,697	

Combining Statement of Activities

Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Economic				С	orridor	Total		
	Deve	lopment	Br	Brownfield		Improvement		mponent	
	Cor	poration	Authority		Authority			Units	
Expenses									
Community development	\$	-	\$	492,326	\$	10,866	\$	503,192	
General revenues									
Property taxes		-		492,310		15,672		507,982	
Investment earnings		42		-		15		57	
Total general revenues		42		492,310		15,687		508,039	
Changes in net position		42		(16)		4,821		4,847	
Net position, beginning of year		12,049		6,602		5,199		23,850	
Net position, end of year	Ş	12,091	<u>Ş</u>	6,586	\$	10,020	<u>\$</u>	28,697	

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Oak Park, Michigan (the "City") was incorporated October 30, 1945. The City operates under a Mayor/Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by the charter: public safety (police and fire), building ordinance enforcement, highways and streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, public improvement, planning and zoning, library service, water, sewer and refuse removal.

The accounting policies of the City of Oak Park conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because they are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended Component Unit

The City of Oak Park Municipal Building Authority is a municipal, non-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, and is presented as a blended component unit. The Municipal Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the City Council. The City also has accountability for fiscal matters of the Authority. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is for acquiring and owning facilities for the use of the City of Oak Park.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the City's other component units. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following component units are included in the reporting entity because the primary government is financially accountable and is able to impose its will on the organizations.

Economic Development Corporation (EDC). The EDC is a municipal, non-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan for the purpose of promoting development in the City. The Economic Development Corporation is governed by a Board that is appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to significantly influence the daily operations of the Corporation.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was established to promote the redevelopment of, and private investment in, environmentally distressed properties within the City. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is governed by a Board that is appointed by the City Council. The City also has accountability for fiscal matters of the Authority.

Corridor Improvement Authority. The Corridor Improvement Authority was established to maintain and upgrade the economic viability in the business districts of the City. The designated corridors, include portions of Nine Mile Road, Eleven Mile Road and all of Coolidge. The Corridor Improvement Authority is governed by a Board that is appointed by the City Council. The City also has accountability for fiscal matters of the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the respective fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements

The City reports the following major governmental fund -

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund -

The water and sewer fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and sewer systems. The fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to a private enterprise. The intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public are recovered through user charges.

In addition the City reports the following governmental fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has three internal service funds: 1) the risk management fund is used to accumulate resources from other funds that utilize labor to pay workers compensation premiums to the Michigan Municipal League's workers compensation pool, to pay self-insured health care benefits, and for the City's property and liability insurance; 2) the motor pool fund is used for the purchase and maintenance of the City's fleet through rental charges for equipment to other funds; and 3) the court retiree's health care fund is used for the accumulation of assets to fund retiree's health care for District court employees.

Pension and other employee benefits trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City has two pension trust funds (general and public safety) and a retirees' health care fund, which account for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governments. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has a payroll agency fund used to account for payment of employee payrolls. It also uses an escrow agency fund used to hold assets belonging to other persons or entities such as bond deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise fund and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Restricted net position includes assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the government's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All investments are recorded at fair value.

The City participates in the Oakland County Investment Pool (the "Pool") which is managed by the County Treasurer. In accordance with GASB 79, the Authority's shares are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The Pool is not subject to regulatory oversight, is not registered with the SEC (Securities Exchange Commission) and does not issue separate financial statements. The value of the City's position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares, and includes accrued interest.

Notes to Financial Statements

Interfund Receivables and Payables

In addition to transactions related to pooled cash, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are included in the "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" accounts on the balance sheet.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items represent payments made to vendors for goods and services applicable to future fiscal years. Prepaids of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items are offset by nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by proprietary fund types is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund type statements of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Years
20-45
20
10-50
10-50
10
3-25
5-25
30
50
3-10
5-100
20-80
10-30
10
80
10-80
10-30
5-80

Notes to Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in a debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Special Assessments

Special assessments, if any, are recorded as revenues when due, not when levied. Estimated annual installments not yet available are reflected as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements and as revenues in the government-wide financial statements. Special assessments are billed annually on June 1 and are due and payable August 1.

Compensated Absences

The City accrues vacation pay, sick pay (at fifty percent of unused sick days), compensatory time off, and any salary-related payments for these compensated absences. The current obligations of all funds and the long-term obligations of proprietary funds are recorded in the respective funds. City employees are granted vacation time based on length of service. Most employees have the option of receiving compensatory time off in lieu of pay for overtime worked up to 40 hours. Sick pay is earned at the rate of one day per month, and unused sick days may be accumulated up to 150 days. Employees will be paid for 50 percent of total accumulation upon retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

Unused sick and vacation that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. The compensated absence liability is liquidated from the general and water and sewer funds. Unused sick and vacation is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a liability. For governmental funds, the current portion of the liability for compensated absences reflects only the unpaid balance of reimbursable unused leave for employees that terminated by the fiscal year end. In accordance with GAAP, for the governmental funds, in the fund financial statements, the noncurrent portion of the compensated absences are considered long-term and, therefore, are not a fund liability and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. In addition to the proprietary funds, the general fund, and several nonmajor special revenue funds have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds also report unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance* is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. A formal resolution of the City Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City reports *assigned fund balance* for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign fund balance has been granted to the City Manager by the City Council. *Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund and deficits from other governmental funds.

When the government incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed, assigned, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements

Statements of Cash Flows

The City presents statements of cash flows for all proprietary fund types. These statements, which have been prepared utilizing the direct method, analyze the net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents by source. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less and the deposits in the investment funds to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. Annual budgets lapse at year-end.

The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department (activity) level for general government within the general fund, the functional level for all others expenditures in the general fund, and the activity level for special revenue funds.

The governing body must approve budget amendments at the activity level and supplemental appropriations, which affect total fund expenditures. Department directors or the city manager can transfer appropriations between line items within a department or activity without governing body approval. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.

The City's appropriation resolution is generally passed during the month of May preceding the fiscal year in which the planned expenditures relate. Subsequent amendments are made to avoid unfavorable variances from the original budget. Related resolutions are made to state the purpose and amount of the changes. The city manager has the responsibility to enforce the budget. Unused appropriations do not carry forward to the next fiscal year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other firm commitments are used for the expenditure of monies, is utilized as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental funds. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end, however, material encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. These material encumbrances outstanding at year-end, if any, are reported as assignments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET AND FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

P.A. 621 of 1978 of the State of Michigan, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated in budget resolutions of the governing body. Budgets are required by State law for general and special revenue funds.

In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on an activity level for the general fund and on a functional basis for all other funds, with the approved budgets of the City of those budgetary funds being adopted at the activity or department level.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds, which were in excess of amounts appropriated, as follows:

	Final			Actual Over	
	Budget	Actual			Budget
General fund					
General government -					
City attorney	\$ 290,600	\$	303,182	\$	12,582
Public safety -					
General	9,799,941		10,016,462		216,521
Public works:					
Shepherd park	58,603		72,406		13,803
Other parks	54,904		73,569		18,665
Nondepartmental costs	3,079,193		3,396,046		316,853
Nonmajor governmental funds					
Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund -					
Community development	4,500		4,858		358
Veterans Treatment Court Grant fund -					
Judicial	32,250		33,867		1,617
Mental Health Court Grant fund -					
Judicial	60,000		61,966		1,966
45th District Court fund -					
Judicial	2,012,675		2,030,095		17,420

At year end, the City reported unrestricted fund balance deficits in certain nonmajor special revenue funds, as noted below. The governmental fund deficits resulted from unavailable grant revenues.

Nonmajor governmental funds:

Community Development Block Grant fund	\$ (5,696)
Veterans Treatment Court Grant fund	(15,389)
Mental Health Court Grant fund	(31,606)

Notes to Financial Statements

4. BUILDING PERMITS AND RELATED COSTS

The City has the following revenues and costs related to building permits:

Shortfall at July 1, 2017 \$ (346,118)

Current year building permit revenue 287,371

Related costs (290,276)

Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2018 \$ (349,023)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2018:

	G	Primary overnment	Component Units		Totals
Statement of net position Cash and investments	\$	13,389,384	\$	511,608	\$ 13,900,992
Statement of fiduciary net position Pension and other employee benefit trust funds:					
Cash and cash equivalents		3,334,068		-	3,334,068
Investments		62,815,346		-	62,815,346
Agency funds -					
Cash and cash equivalents		792,209		-	 792,209
Total	\$	80,331,007	\$	511,608	\$ 80,842,615
Deposits and investments Bank deposits -					
Checking, savings accounts and certificates of depo	sit				\$ 5,589,834
Treasurer's investments					12,432,252
Pension and other employee benefit trust funds inves	tme	nts			62,815,346
Cash on hand					 5,183
Total					\$ 80,842,615

Notes to Financial Statements

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$4,897,605 of the City's bank balance of \$5,524,699 (book balance of \$5,589,834) was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City's depository policy does not specifically address this risk, although the City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits City funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, unregistered or held by a counterparty or its agent but not in the government's name. All investments are held in the name of the City by a counterparty, and thus are not exposed to custodial credit risk. The City's investments are limited to bonds, commercial paper and mutual funds.

Following is a summary of the City's investments as of June 30, 2018:

U.S. agencies	\$	2,087,236
Municipal bonds		5,999,304
Commercial paper		1,003,223
Mutual funds		264,915
Oakland County Investment Pool		3,077,574
Total	Ś	12.432.252

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific governmental securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Notes to Financial Statements

The City's investments were rated by Standard & Poor's ("S&P") and Moody's as follows:

Rat	ting	
Moody's	S&P	Amount
AAA AA1 A2 MIG1 N/A N/A	AA+ N/A AA SP-1+ AA AA-	\$ 2,087,236 2,578,053 434,575 125,624 345,872 2,515,180
Not rated	Not rated	4,345,712
		\$ 12,432,252

Concentration of Credit Risk. At June 30, 2018, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of Portfolio
U.S. agencies	Federal Farm Credit Bank	5.79%
Municipal bonds	Reeths-Puffer Schools	6.30%
Municipal bonds	Williamston Community Schools	14.01%
Municipal bonds	Ypsilanti School District	11.43%
Commercial paper	Catholic Health Initiatives	8.07%
Oakland County Investment Pool	Oakland County	24.75%

The City's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the market rate of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the summary of significant accounting policies. The maturity dates for the investments are as follows:

		Investment Maturities (fair value by years)						
	Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5			6-10	
U.S. agencies Municipal bonds Commercial paper	\$ 2,087,236 5,999,304 1,003,223	\$	1,003,223	\$	963,635 5,515,415	\$	1,123,601 483,889 -	
	\$ 9,089,763	\$	1,003,223	\$	6,479,050	\$	1,607,490	

The City's investment policy does not address interest rate risk. The City's investments in U.S. agencies are non-callable. Amounts in the Oakland County Investment Pool are accessible to the City on demand; accordingly, the investment is not deemed to have a maturity date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the City's investment managers. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment managers will request the information from the fund managers, if necessary.

The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

	_evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. agencies Municipal bonds Commercial paper	\$ 	\$ 2,087,236 5,999,304 1,003,223	\$ - - -	\$ 2,087,236 5,999,304 1,003,223
Mutual funds	 264,915	 -	 -	 264,915
	\$ 264,915	\$ 9,089,763	\$ -	\$ 9,354,678

Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund Investments

Following is a summary of the pension and other employee benefits trust funds investments at fair value as of June 30, 2018:

Investment Type	Amount
Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds Money market accounts	\$ 44,337,727 16,274,276 2,203,343
Total investments	\$ 62,815,346

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the trust funds will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although its investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk (and its investments are uninsured and unregistered), the trust funds' investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty or its agent in the trust funds' name.

Notes to Financial Statements

Concentration of Credit Risk. The pension and other employee benefits trust funds investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk. At June 30, 2018, there were no concentrations in securities of any one issuer greater than 5% of investment fair market value.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the market rate of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The pension and other employee benefits trust funds investment policy does not address credit or interest rate risk.

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefits investments, net of investment expense, was as follows:

•	Employees' Retirement System	7.85%
•	Public Safety Employees' Retirement System	7.81%
•	General Retiree Healthcare Plan:	2.99%
•	Public Safety Retiree Healthcare Plan:	2.99%

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Fair Value Measurements. The pension and other employee benefits trust funds categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the City's investment managers. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment managers will request the information from the fund managers, if necessary.

The pension and other employee benefits trust funds had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds Money market accounts	\$ 44,337,727 16,274,276 1,349,645	\$ - 853,698	\$ - -	\$ 44,337,727 16,274,276 2,203,343
Total investments	\$ 61,961,648	\$ 853,698	\$ -	\$ 62,815,346

Notes to Financial Statements

6. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governments	\$	727,993 424,786 15,879 1,106,470	\$	3,519,379 1,800 - 127,595
	\$	2,275,128	\$	3,648,774

Special assessments are the only receivables not expected to be collected within one year.

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Payables are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable	\$	1,156,193 654,719 208,516	\$	864,454 40,166 37,287
	\$	2,019,428	\$	941,907

Notes to Financial Statements

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances are comprised of the following at year-end:

	 from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 51,864 -	\$	- 51,864
	\$ 51,864	\$	51,864

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be collected within one year.

For the current fiscal year, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Tı	Transfers in		
Transfers Out	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
General fund Nonmajor governmental	\$	1,970,512		
funds		598,479		
	\$	2,568,991		

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year of the City's governmental activities was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance				
Governmental activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 1,642,187	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,642,187				
Rights-of-way	600,818	-	-	-	600,818				
Work in progress	1,171,788	-	(352,597)	(819,191)					
	3,414,793	-	(352,597)	(819,191)	2,243,005				
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Infrastructure - roads	104,856,485	292,427	-	630,289	105,779,201				
Infrastructure - sidewalks	5,726,137	-	-	-	5,726,137				
Buildings	19,634,675	-	-	-	19,634,675				
Improvements	3,825,410	-	-	188,902	4,014,312				
Library collection	585,814	41,245	(4,125)	-	622,934				
Vehicles and equipment	4,295,811	161,057	-	-	4,456,868				
Other equipment	1,846,599	29,512	-	-	1,876,111				
	140,770,931	524,241	(4,125)	819,191	142,110,238				
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure - roads	(84,804,139)	(1,702,409)	-	-	(86,506,548)				
Infrastructure - sidewalks	(3,500,936)	(196,361)	-	-	(3,697,297)				
Buildings	(4,096,957)	(410,805)	-	-	(4,507,762)				
Improvements	(1,813,806)	(172,400)	-	-	(1,986,206)				
Library collection	(386,816)	(37,038)	4,125	-	(419,729)				
Vehicles and equipment	(3,326,405)	(139,577)	-	-	(3,465,982)				
Other equipment	(1,484,693)	(112,609)	-	-	(1,597,302)				
	(99,413,752)	(2,771,199)	4,125	-	(102,180,826)				
Total capital assets									
being depreciated, net	41,357,179	(2,246,958)		819,191	39,929,412				
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$ 44,771,972	\$ (2,246,958)	\$ (352,597)	\$ -	\$ 42,172,417				

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital asset activity for the year of the City's business-type activities was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities			2.00		
Capital assets not being dep	reciated:				
Land	\$ 11,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,502
Work in progress	1,479,085	109,297	· <u>-</u>	· -	1,588,382
, 5	1,490,587	109,297	-	-	1,599,884
Capital assets being deprecia	ated:				
Buildings	86,500	-	-	-	86,500
Garage	24,564	-	-	-	24,564
Vehicles and equipment	1,216,246	-	-	-	1,216,246
Water system	13,848,553	369,617	-	-	14,218,170
Water - hydrants	560,836	45,000	-	-	605,836
Water - tanks	166,833	252,500	-	-	419,333
Water - pump station	1,074,290	-	-	-	1,074,290
Water - master meter	27,514	-	-	-	27,514
Water - reservoir	852,719	-	-	-	852,719
Water - reservoir pump	677,557	-	-	-	677,557
Sewer system	20,190,186	319,403	-	-	20,509,589
	38,725,798	986,520			39,712,318
Less accumulated depreciati	on for:				
Buildings	(84,333)	(867)	-	-	(85,200)
Garage	(24,564)	-	-	-	(24,564)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,050,786)	(69,164)	-	-	(1,119,950)
Water system	(4,649,390)	(160,489)	-	-	(4,809,879)
Water - hydrants	(440,642)	(6,531)	-	-	(447,173)
Water - tanks	(166,833)	(25,250)	-	-	(192,083)
Water - pump station	(936,168)	(14,329)	-	-	(950,497)
Water - master meter	(22,355)	(344)	-	-	(22,699)
Water - reservoir	(555,946)	(1,962)	-	-	(557,908)
Water - reservoir pump	(340,595)	(18,285)	-	-	(358,880)
Sewer system	(3,958,487)	(513,564)			(4,472,051)
	(12,230,099)	(810,785)			(13,040,884)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	26,495,699	175,735	-	-	26,671,434
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 27,986,286	\$ 285,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,271,318

Notes to Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

General government	\$ 695,814
Road maintenance and repair	1,898,770
Library	37,038
Internal service funds	 139,577
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,771,199

10. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds 2012 Refunding Street Improvement, installments o \$520,000 to \$660,000 throug May 1, 2028, interest at 2.0 to 3.0%		\$ -	\$ (590,000)	\$ 6,340,000	\$ 615,000
2015 Refunding Bond, installments of \$415,000 to \$755,000 through May 1, 2030, interest at 4.0%	7,410,000	-	(430,000)	6,980,000	445,000
2010 Municipal Complex, installments of \$50,000 to \$925,000 through May 1, 2036, interest at 2.5 to 7.0%	11,575,000		(400,000)	11,175,000	400,000
Total governmental activities bonds	s 25,915,000	-	(1,420,000)	24,495,000	1,460,000
Unamortized premium 2012 G.O. 2015 G.O.	110,399 743,756		(10,036) (53,126)	100,363 690,630	10,036 53,126
Capital lease	2,145,000	-	(75,000)	2,070,000	80,000
Compensated absences	1,683,366	1,029,496	(779,342)	1,933,520	780,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 30,597,521	\$ 1,029,496	\$ (2,337,504)	\$ 29,289,513	\$ 2,383,162

Notes to Financial Statements

	Beginning Balance	Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Business-type activities									
Water revenue bonds George W. Kuhn Drain installments of \$65,707 to \$1,054,343 through April 1, 2029, interest at 1.625% to					(0/2.00)				
2.5%	\$ 7,140,320	Ş	-	\$	(963,931)	\$	6,176,389	\$	983,501
Claims and judgments	-		2,850,000		-		2,850,000		500,000
Compensated absences	 276,694		62,788		(95,930)		243,552		96,000
Total business-type activities	\$ 7,417,014	\$	2,912,788	\$	(1,059,861)	\$	9,269,941	\$	1,579,501

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

	Go	vernment	ernmental Activities			Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities
Year Ended June 30,	Prin	ncipal	Interest		Principal		ı	nterest
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028 2029-2033 2034-2036	1, 1, 1, 1, 9,	,540,000 ,580,000 ,620,000 ,675,000 ,725,000 ,520,000 ,705,000 ,200,000	\$	913,685 870,365 825,293 775,642 724,216 2,737,277 1,213,582 259,185	\$	983,501 1,006,432 1,029,370 1,054,343 853,582 1,183,454 65,707	\$	149,080 125,394 101,145 76,339 50,927 55,262 1,643
		,565,000	\$	8,319,245	\$	6,176,389	\$	559,790

All general obligation bonded debt is supported by the City's full faith and credit. Interest is payable on all obligations semi-annually. Principal is paid on an annual basis.

The City is a participating community in the George W. Kuhn drain project. The project is administered by the Oakland County Drain Commission and financed through the sale of drain bonds, a State of Michigan revolving loan fund, federal and state grants, and contributions from Oakland County. The City along with 13 other local communities are obligated for payment of principal and interest of the outstanding debt. It is currently anticipated that the City's total obligation at the end of construction will be approximately \$15.6 million with an interest rate ranging from 1.625% to 2.5%. As of June 30, 2018, the City's outstanding obligation is approximately \$6.18 million and incurred interest expense of \$165,129 for the year then ended. Due to the current construction of the project, the sale of drain bonds and draws from the revolving fund are being incurred on as an as needed basis and thus an accurate schedule of principal and interest payments cannot be determined at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

Several years ago, a class action lawsuit was filed against the City related to its water and sewer rates. In October 2018, a settlement was reached whereby the City will pay \$2,850,000 to resolve the claims of the class. Within one week of the settlement date, a payment of \$500,000 was made. Subsequently, a payment of \$587,500 is to be made each year for the next four years. Annual payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount				
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	500,000 587,500 587,500 587,500 587,500			
	\$	2,850,000			

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases insurance coverage through public entity risk pools or commercial carriers. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied based on taxable values of property located in the City. Taxable values are established annually. The taxable property values for the 2017 tax levy are as follows:

Real property	\$ 425,385,100
Personal property	33,550,020
Total	\$ 458,935,120

For the current fiscal year, the City levied 19.7007 mills for general governmental services, 1.4690 mills for library services, 6.8953 mills for public safety pension (Public Act 345), 2.9088 mills for solid waste, and 5.1950 mills for long-term debt retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

13. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City received reduced property tax revenues during fiscal year 2018 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) agreements.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property in the City. The abatements amounted to approximately \$92,500 in reduced City tax revenues for fiscal year 2018.

14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plans Administration. The City of Oak Park has two defined benefit pension plans, the Employees' Retirement System ("ERS", which covers general employees) and the Public Safety Employees' Retirement System ("PS", which covers police and fire employees). Originally, the City had a single pension plan that covered both employee groups, but effective with the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation the original plan was split into these two plans.

The original plan was established by Chapter 15 of the City Charter as a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all employees of the City hired before August 1, 2004. General employees hired after August 1, 2004 and employees belonging to the AFSCME union hired after July 1, 2006 are part of the defined contribution pension plan described below. The separate plans were established by the City Council under the authority of Chapter 15 of the City Charter.

The City is the administrator of both the original defined benefit plan and now the two separate plans. Administrative costs of the plans are financed through investment earnings. The plans are included as pension trust funds in the City's financial statements; stand-alone financial reports of the plans have not been issued.

The financial statements of the plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Plan investments are stated at fair value which is determined as follows: (a) short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value; (b) securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates; (c) investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the System's governing body, with the assistance of a valuation service; and (d) cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably approximates fair value.

Management of the ERS is vested in the City of Oak Park Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of five members, one is the City Manager of the City of Oak Park, one is a citizen member of the City of Oak Park, two members are elected by the active participants of the Plan, and one is appointed by City Council.

Notes to Financial Statements

Management of the PS is vested in the City of Oak Park Public Safety Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of five members, one is the City Manager of the City of Oak Park, one is an active member from the Command Officers Union group, one is an active member of the Public Safety Officers Union group, and two are appointed by the City Council.

Plans Membership. Membership of the plans consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation for each plan:

	General	Public Safety
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to benefits Active employees	150 17 27	98 5 52
Total	194	155

Benefits Provided. Employees retiring with ten or more years of service are entitled to annual pension benefits. ERS employees may retire at age 55, with retirement mandatory at age 70 without the employer's consent to continue. ERS non-union employees may retire after 25 years of service, regardless of age. PS employees may retire at age 50, with retirement mandatory at age 60 without the employer's consent to continue. PS employees may retire after 25 years of service, regardless of age.

Vested employees receive a retirement benefit based on a formula established by a negotiated union contract or City Ordinance. The benefit of ERS employees is generally based on a multiplier of 2.5 times the five-year final average compensation. The benefit of PS employees is generally based on a multiplier 2.8 times the three-year final average compensation. Employees can also receive a benefit based on a disability that occurred on the job (duty disability), a disability that occurred outside employment (nonduty disability), or death (paid to surviving spouse or dependent). Benefits can be amended by City Ordinance (voted on by a majority of City Council) or a negotiated contract with union groups.

Employee Contributions. Eligible ERS employees are required to contribute 3.25% of compensation to the plan. Eligible PS employees are required to contribute 8.50% of their annual compensation to the plan.

Employer Contributions. The City is required to contribute at annual actuarially determined rate to provide assets sufficient to pay benefits to plan members. The rate paid in fiscal year 2018 by the City is 84.69% of annual covered payroll for ERS members and 57.50% of annual covered payroll for PS members.

Employer and employee contributions are established, and may be amended, by City Charter and Council approved union contracts.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 (rolled forward to June 30, 2018).

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by respective actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017 (and rolled forward to June 30, 2018), using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent Salary increases Varies

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rate RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table

Changes in assumptions -

Employee's Retirement System:

The assumption that mortality and disability decrements do not occur during the first five years of employment was removed; liability load for "roll-in amounts" decreased from 9.00% to 4.00%; adjusted dates of hire were added to the data to reflect the adjusted service accurately; discount rate was decreased from 8.00% to 7.00%.

Public Safety Employee's Retirement System:

The assumption that mortality and disability decrements do not occur during the first five years of employment was removed; liability load for "roll-in amounts" decreased from 12.50% to 7.00%; liability load for subsidized service purchases was removed and replaced with actual adjusted service dates; discount rate was changed from 7.52% to 7.00%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 2013 through March 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (for both ERS and PS) was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion below of the investment allocation policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equities:		
Large cap	26%	7.38%
Mid cap	11%	8.25%
Small cap	7 %	8.35%
International equities:		
Developed	15%	8.38%
Small cap	3%	8.55%
Emerging markets	3%	10.15%
Fixed income:		
Core	23%	4.10%
Leveraged loans	3%	5.53%
Real estate	4 %	9.49%
Cash	2%	3.87%
Infrastructure	3%	6.75%
	100%	-
		=

Investment Allocation Policy. The plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the respective Board of Trustees. The policy pursues an investment strategy that protects the financial health of the plans and reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Plan assets will be invested in the broad investment categories and asset classes to achieve the allocation targets below. Recognizing that asset returns may vary, causing fluctuations in the relative dollar value levels of assets within classes, the plans may not maintain strict adherence to the targets in the short-term, but may allow the values to fluctuate within these ranges. Over the long-term, the plans will strive to adhere to the given targets as financially practicable and move toward target allocations in a prudent manner consistent with its fiduciary duty.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.0% for ERS and PS was used to measure the respective total pension liabilities. The discount rate is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The projection of cash flows used to determine the respective single discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the ERS and PS's fiduciary net position was projected, using the long-term expected rate of return, to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	To	tal Pension Liability (a)	an Fiduciary let Position (b)	N	let Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Employees' Retirement System					
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	40,735,745	\$ 19,305,654		21,430,091
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		246,853	-		246,853
Interest		2,679,864	-		2,679,864
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		(486,200)	-		(486,200)
Changes in assumptions		(807,180)	-		(807,180)
Employer contributions		-	1,445,558		(1,445,558)
Employee contributions		-	51,977		(51,977)
Net investment income		-	1,461,332		(1,461,332)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions		(2,893,955)	(2,893,955)		-
Other changes		48,778	-		48,778
Net changes		(1,211,840)	64,912		(1,276,752)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	39,523,905	\$ 19,370,566	\$	20,153,339

Notes to Financial Statements

	То	tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Public Safety Employees' Retirement System						
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	71,651,880	\$	40,470,218	\$	31,181,662
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		837,339		-		837,339
Interest		5,173,752		-		5,173,752
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		446,463		-		446,463
Changes in assumptions		3,895,295		-		3,895,295
Employer contributions		-		2,551,000		(2,551,000)
Employee contributions		-		407,715		(407,715)
Net investment income		-		3,096,956		(3,096,956)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(4,121,370)		(4,121,370)		-
Other changes		(1,628,637)		-		(1,628,637)
Net changes		4,602,842		1,934,301		2,668,541
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	76,254,722	Ś	42,404,519	Ś	33,850,203
20.0555 31 5 4110 5 67 25 10		. 5,25 1,722	4	,,,	7	33,030,203

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.0%) or 1% higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount (7.0%)			1% Increase (8.0%)			
General Public Safety	\$ 23,884,597 42,421,871	\$	20,153,339 33,850,203	\$	16,953,334 26,651,836			
Total	\$ 66,306,468	\$	54,003,542	\$	43,605,170			

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$401,268 and \$4,065,393, for the ERS and PS systems, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		et Deferred Outflows nflows) of Resources
Employees' Retirement System						
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	391,872	\$		<u></u> \$	391,872
Public Safety Employees' Retirement System Difference between expected and actual						
experience		424,687		100,491		324,196
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		2,670,359		874,338		1,796,021
earnings on pension plan investments		1,047,121		-		1,047,121
		4,142,167		974,829		3,167,338
Total	\$	4,534,039	\$	974,829	\$	3,559,210

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense through annual amortization as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Employees' Retirement System		Retirement		Retirement		E	ublic Safety mployees' etirement System
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	330,403 180,293 (124,275) 5,451	\$	1,575,768 1,575,079 (2,340) 18,831				
	\$	391,872	\$	3,167,338				

The net pension liability is generally liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

15. 45th DISTRICT COURT PENSION PLANS

The 45th District Court's defined contribution plan, 457 plan and health savings plan are held in trust. The District Court contributes 7.5% of compensation for full-time and part-time employees, the 457 plan is voluntary with employees making up to 3% contribution and the employer matching up to 3% (full-time employees only), and the health savings plan is for full-time employees hired after July 2009, where the employer contributes 3% of compensation and employees are allowed to contribute payments (post-tax) to this plan with no matching. The third party administrator for this plan is MERS. The plans cost to the 45th District Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was \$97,483. The defined contribution pension cost to the employees was \$0. Contributions to the plan are recognized when due and payable. Plan provisions and contribution rates are established and may be amended by resolution of the City Council. Unvested benefits forfeited by employees who leave employment early are redistributed to active participants.

16. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City of Oak Park defined contribution pension plan provides retirement benefits to general employees hired after August 1, 2004 and employees belonging to the TPOAM union hired after July 1, 2006. The City contributes 7.5% of covered payroll and will match an employee's voluntary contribution up to 3% of covered payroll. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by City Council. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$78,237 by employees and \$264,577 by the City. The City contributes 3% of covered payroll to a health savings plan for general employees hired after August 1, 2004 and employees belonging to the TPOAM union hired after July 1, 2006. There are 48 plan members at June 30, 2018. The City contributes 1% of covered payroll to a health savings plan for POAM, POLC and Dispatchers hired after March 1, 2013. There are 15 plan members at June 30, 2018.

17. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS

Plan Administration. The City provides a single-employer defined benefit postemployment group hospitalization plan for its general employees and group hospitalization, dental and optical plans for its public safety employees hired before August 1, 2004. Group hospitalization, dental and optical plans are provided for district court employees. The City contributes 3% of covered payroll to a health savings plan for general employees hired after August 1, 2004 and employees belonging to the TPOAM union hired after July 1, 2006. These plans were established through the employees' union contracts; employees not covered by union contracts receive the same benefits that general employees receive.

The general employees' postemployment benefits and the public safety employees' coverage pass to the surviving spouse upon death of the retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements

The City pays 100% of the benefits for all public safety, court and general current retirees. Co-pays, at the percentage indicated below, are required for retirees who were hired after January 18, 1993 for public safety officers and July 1, 1992 for public safety command officers.

Years of	Employer	Retiree
Service	Pays	Pays
0-9	0%	100%
10-14	55%	45%
15-19	75%	25%
20-24	85%	15%
25 and up	100%	0%

Expenditures for the premiums are paid and recognized as they become due. There is the added stipulation in the union contracts that once retirees and dependents reach age 65, they shall be converted to Medicare coverage.

The City has created a retiree's health care fund, an other employee benefit trust, in anticipation of prefunding retiree's health care for general and public safety employees. The funds set aside are held in a fund authorized by Public Act 149 of the State of Michigan.

Plans Membership. Membership of the plans consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

	General	Public Safety	Court
Inactive plan members receiving or entitled to		,	
future benefits	151	94	22
Covered Spouse/Dependents	78	87	14
Active plan members	22	38	8
Total	251	219	44

Benefits Provided. The City provides medical, pharmacy, dental, and vision for eligible retirees hired prior to July 1, 2010 and their dependents. Pre-Medicare benefits are provided through self-insured plans administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan. Medicare Supplemental benefits are provided through fully-insured arrangements administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan Medicare Advantage plan. The City Council has the authority to establish or amend benefit terms, to determine the types of benefits provided through the OPEB Plan, and to determine the classes of plan members covered.

Contributions. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums or benefits are due for payment; in other words, the plan may be financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Administrative costs of the plan are paid for by the City's general fund. Plan participants are required to make co-payments, as noted above. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City made an additional contribution over the pay-as-you-go amount of \$600,000.

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions. The total other postemployment liability was determined by respective actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017 (and rolled forward to June 30, 2018), using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.0 percent Salary increases 2.5 percent

Investment rate of return 4.5 percent, net of other postemployment benefit plan

investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rate

Mortality rate

8.0 percent, graded down to 5.0%

RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Data Set with MP-2017

(set-forward 10 years for disability).

Changes in assumptions First valuation performed by Watkins Ross; discout rate lowered from

3.1% to 3.0%; trend rates changed from 6.0% graded down to 4.0% to 8.0% graded down to 5.0% for pre-65 claims, 5.0% forage 65 and after; mortality rates changed from RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table 50/50 blend male/female to RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total

Data Set with MP-2017 (set-forward 10 years for disability).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 2013 through March 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on other postemployment benefit plan investments (for General, Public Safety, and Court) was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the other postemployment benefit plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion below of the investment allocation policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fidelity 500 Index Premium Pooled cash	25% 75% 100%	10.00% 0.00%

Investment Allocation Policy. The plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the respective Board of Trustees. The policy pursues an investment strategy that protects the financial health of the plans and reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Plan assets will be invested in the broad investment categories and asset classes to achieve the allocation targets above. Recognizing that asset returns may vary, causing fluctuations in the relative dollar value levels of assets within classes, the plans may not maintain strict adherence to the targets in the short-term, but may allow the values to fluctuate within these ranges. Over the long-term, the plans will strive to adhere to the given targets as financially practicable and move toward target allocations in a prudent manner consistent with its fiduciary duty.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.0% for General, Public Safety, and Court was used to measure the respective total other postemployment benefit liabilities. The assets are not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members beyond the first year. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets, the long-term expected rate was used to discount the projected benefits. From the year that benefit payments were not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits were discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated. The discount rate is used to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate used as of June 30, 2017 was 3.1%

Changes in the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability. The components of the change in the net other postemployment benefit liability are summarized as follows:

	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
General Retiree Healthcare Plan			
Balances at June 30, 2017, as restated	\$ 35,219,662	\$ 1,158,422	\$ 34,061,240
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	304,260	-	304,260
Interest	1,076,780	-	1,076,780
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	1,107,922	-	1,107,922
Changes in assumptions	3,071,218	-	3,071,218
Employer contributions	-	1,878,228	(1,878,228)
Net investment income	-	38,027	(38,027)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(1,578,228)	(1,578,228)	-
Net changes	3,981,952	338,027	3,643,925
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 39,201,614	\$ 1,496,449	\$ 37,705,165

Notes to Financial Statements

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Public Safety Retiree Healthcare Plan			
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 37,656,846	\$ 1,935,473	\$ 35,721,373
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	525,509	-	525,509
Interest	1,164,989	-	1,164,989
Differences between expected and	, ,		, ,
actual experience	(575,996)	-	(575,996)
Changes in assumptions	7,594,136	-	7,594,136
Employer contributions	-	1,504,145	(1,504,145)
Net investment income	-	63,534	(63,534)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(1,204,145)	(1,204,145)	-
Net changes	7,504,493	363,534	7,140,959
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 45,161,339	\$ 2,299,007	\$ 42,862,332
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Court Retiree Healthcare Plan	(4)	(2)	(4) (2)
Balances at June 30, 2017, as restated	\$ 4,737,968	\$ -	\$ 4,737,968
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	68,132	_	68,132
Interest	143,650	_	143,650
Differences between expected and	1 13,030		1 13,030
actual experience	1,076,251	_	1,076,251
Changes in assumptions	291,606	-	291,606
Employer contributions	-	344,463	(344,463)
Benefit payments, including refunds of		3, .33	(3, .03)
employee contributions	(344,463)	(344,463)	_
Net changes	1,235,176	- (3.1.7,100)	1,235,176
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 5,973,144	\$ -	\$ 5,973,144

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.0%, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.0%) or 1% higher (4.0%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%			
	Decrease	Discount	Increase			
	(2.0%)	(3.0%)	(4.0%)			
General	\$ 44,881,119	\$ 37,705,165	\$ 32,162,246			
Public Safety	51,841,068	42,862,332	35,953,434			
Court	6,832,453	5,973,144	5,280,224			
Total	\$ 103,554,640	\$ 86,540,641	\$ 73,395,904			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0% graded down to 5.0% over six year, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% lower (7.0% graded down to 4.0% over six years) or 1% higher (9.0% graded down to 6.0% over six years) than the current rate:

		Current			
	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%		
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase		
	(7.0% graded	(8.0% graded	(9.0% graded		
	down to 4.0%)	down to 5.0%)	down to 6.0%)		
General Public Safety Court	\$ 32,256,234 35,524,595 5,281,166	\$ 37,705,165 42,862,332 5,973,144	\$ 44,654,644 52,498,435 6,827,136		
Total	\$ 73,061,995	\$ 86,540,641	\$ 103,980,215		

Notes to Financial Statements

Other postemployment benefit expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized other postemployment benefit expense of \$5,125,548, \$4,514,806, and \$1,455,288, for the General, Public Safety, and Court retiree healthcare plans, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
General Retiree Healthcare Plan			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 100,720	\$ -	\$ 100,720
Changes in assumptions	279,202	- -	279,202
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on other postemployment benefit	,		,
plan investments	16,682		16,682
	396,604	-	396,604
Public Safety Retiree Healthcare Plan			
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	-	336,994	(336,994)
Changes in assumptions	4,443,042	-	4,443,042
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on other postemployment benefit			
plan investments	24,250		24,250
	4,467,292	336,994	4,130,298
Court Retiree Healthcare Plan Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 97,841	\$ -	\$ 97,841
Changes in assumptions	26,510	-	26,510
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on other postemployment benefit plan investments	-	-	-
	124,351		124,351
Total	\$ 4,988,247	\$ 336,994	\$ 4,651,253

The net other postemployment benefit liability is generally liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in other postemployment benefits expense through annual amortization as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	General Employees' Retirement System		Public Safety Employees' Retirement System		Re	Court nployees' tirement System	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	384,092 4,170 4,170 4,172	\$	4,112,110 6,062 6,062 6,064	\$	124,351 - - -	\$ 4,620,553 10,232 10,232 10,236
	\$	396,604	\$	4,130,298	\$	124,351	\$ 4,651,253

18. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT FUNDS

	Plan Net Position							
		mployees' etirement System	Public Safety Employees' Retirement System		Retiree Health Care - General and Public Safety			Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	392,310	\$	2,941,758	\$	3,334,068
Due from other governments Investments, at fair value:		24,053		65,600		-		89,653
Equity mutual funds		14,048,012		30,289,715		-		44,337,727
Fixed income mutual funds		5,080,448		11,193,828		-		16,274,276
Money market accounts		492,804		856,841		853,698		2,203,343
Total assets		19,645,317		42,798,294		3,795,456		66,239,067
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		274,751		393,775		-		668,526
Net position Restricted for pension and other								
postemployment benefits	\$	19,370,566	\$	42,404,519	\$	3,795,456	\$	65,570,541
				·-				

Notes to Financial Statements

	Changes in Plan Net Position							
		mployees' etirement System	E	ublic Safety Imployees' Petirement System	Car	iree Health e - General nd Public Safety		Total
Additions						J		
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	1,445,558	\$	2,551,000	\$	3,382,373	\$	7,378,931
Plan members		51,977		407,715		-		459,692
Total contributions		1,497,535		2,958,715		3,382,373		7,838,623
Investment income: Net change in fair								
value of investments		1,059,205		2,216,091		89,156		3,364,452
Interest		1,001		1,955		25,012		27,968
Dividends		480,668		1,016,355		-		1,497,023
Total investment income		1,540,874		3,234,401		114,168		4,889,443
Less: investment expense		(79,542)		(137,445)		(12,607)		(229,594)
Net investment income		1,461,332		3,096,956		101,561		4,659,849
Total additions		2,958,867		6,055,671		3,483,934		12,498,472
Deductions								
Benefits		2,893,955		4,121,370		2,782,373		9,797,698
Change in net position		64,912		1,934,301		701,561		2,700,774
Net position, beginning of year		19,305,654		40,470,218		3,093,895		62,869,767
Net position, end of year	\$	19,370,566	\$	42,404,519	\$	3,795,456	\$	65,570,541

19. JOINT VENTURES

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority (the "Authority") which consists of 12 municipalities in Oakland County and provides refuse disposal services for the benefit of member municipalities. The City appoints one member of the joint venture's governing board and controls six of 69 votes. The governing board approves the annual budget. The participating communities provide funding for its operations. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the last available audited financial statements, the Authority reported a decrease in net position in the amount of \$709,616, resulting in ending net position in the amount of \$4,149,868. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City expended \$1,829,071 of payments made to the Authority. The City is unaware of any situation that would cause any additional financial benefit or burden related to the Authority. Complete financial statements for the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at 3910 Webster Road, Royal Oak, Michigan, 48073.

Notes to Financial Statements

20. LEASES

The City of Oak Park has an agreement with Rolston Hockey, LLC for the operation of the City ice rink. Rolston will pay rent of \$2,500 each month, which is to be paid in advance by the tenth of the month. The City may terminate the contract only if Rolston fails to perform the terms and conditions of the contract. The City received \$30,000 from Rolston for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The City of Oak Park has an agreement with Hatzalah of Michigan for use of building space. Hatzalah will pay rent of \$826 each month, which is to be paid in advance by the first of the month. The term of the lease commenced on May 1, 2017 and expired on May 1, 2018, but was renewed on May 1, 2018, and expires on April 30, 2019. The City received \$9,084 from Hatzalah for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

21. FUND BALANCES

A detailed listing of nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	General Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total ·
Nonspendable -			
Prepaids	\$ 422,560	\$ 61	\$ 422,621
Restricted for:			
Road surface repairs	_	2,071,466	2,071,466
Solid waste	_	1,217,168	1,217,168
Debt service	_	704,827	704,827
Library	_	123,127	123,127
Public safety	_	73,631	73,631
Courts	_	188,053	188,053
Unspent bond proceeds	_	42,674	42,674
Total restricted	 <u>-</u>	 4,640,051	 4,640,051
Total restricted	 	 4,040,031	 4,040,031
Assigned for:			
Library	-	7,715	7,715
Municipal buildings	-	2,075,494	2,075,494
Total assigned	-	2,083,209	2,083,209
Unassigned (deficits)	3,472,254	(52,691)	3,419,563
Total fund balances	\$ 3,894,814	\$ 6,670,630	\$ 10,565,444
	\$	\$	\$

Notes to Financial Statements

22. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates that potential claims against the City being defended by attorneys appointed by liability insurance carriers would not materially affect the operations or financial condition of the City. The City Attorney estimates, that while possible, it is not probable that the City will receive unfavorable rulings in any other lawsuits.

23. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of the net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities
Capital assets:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	2,243,005	\$ 1,599,884
Capital assets being depreciated, net		39,929,412	26,671,434
		42,172,417	28,271,318
Related debt:			
General obligation bonds		24,495,000	6,176,389
Unamortized bond premium		790,993	-
Capital lease		2,070,000	-
Less unamortized deferred loss on refunding		(167,652)	-
Less unexpended bond proceeds		(42,674)	-
		27,145,667	6,176,389
Net investment in capital assets	\$	15,026,750	\$ 22,094,929

24. RESTATEMENT

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions,* in the current year. As a result of this change, beginning net position of governmental activities and the water and sewer enterprise fund/business-type activities were decreased by \$45,353,449 and \$4,833,014, respectively.

25. SPECIAL ITEM

A class action lawsuit was filed in a prior year against the City related to its water and sewer rates. In October 2018, a settlement was reached whereby the City will pay \$2,850,000 to resolve the claims of the class. The first payment was made in October 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Employee's Retirement System and Public Safety Employee's Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns

		Annual Money
		Weighted Rate
Fiscal		of Return, Ne
Year		of Investment
Ended		Expense
Employees' Reti	rement System	
6/30/2014		13.89%
6/30/2015		0.91%
6/30/2016		-1.72%
6/30/2017		11.59%
6/30/2018		7.85%
Public Safety En	nployees' Retirement System	
6/30/2014		17.37%
6/30/2015		-0.02%
6/30/2016		-1.35%
6/30/2017		11.69%
6/30/2018		7.81%

Required Supplementary Information

General Employees' Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended June 30,						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Change in total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 471,343	\$ 485,484	\$ 303,303	\$ 325,140	\$ 246,853		
Interest	2,471,316	2,159,545	2,726,891	2,563,114	2,679,864		
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	-	810,181	(136,533)	(56,941)	(486,200)		
Changes of assumptions	-	(8,131,545)	4,952,784	(2,789,126)	(807,180)		
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(3,237,481)	(3,165,651)	(3,079,825)	(3,081,680)	(2,893,955)		
Other changes					48,778		
Net change in total pension liability	(294,822)	(7,841,986)	4,766,620	(3,039,493)	(1,211,840)		
Total pension liability, beginning	47,145,426	46,850,604	39,008,618	43,775,238	40,735,745		
Total pension liability, ending (a)	46,850,604	39,008,618	43,775,238	40,735,745	39,523,905		
Change in plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	1,367,086	1,272,539	1,336,565	1,338,260	1,445,558		
Contributions - member	61,130	54,389	52,239	48,211	51,977		
Net investment income (loss)	(3,162,566)	196,674	(326,643)	2,053,473	1,461,332		
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(3,237,481)	(3,165,651)	(3,079,825)	(3,081,680)	(2,893,955)		
Administrative expense	-	-	(4,531)	-	-		
Other - transfer to Public Safety Employees' Retirement System	(31,376,710)						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(36,348,541)	(1,642,049)	(2,022,195)	358,264	64,912		
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	58,960,175	22,611,634	20,969,585	18,947,390	19,305,654		
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	22,611,634	20,969,585	18,947,390	19,305,654	19,370,566		
City's net pension liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$24,238,970	\$18,039,033	\$24,827,848	\$21,430,091	\$20,153,339		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total pension liability	48.3%	53.8%	43.3%	47.4%	49.0%		
Covered payroll	\$ 1,998,057	\$ 1,885,123	\$ 1,786,708	\$ 1,695,162	\$ 1,706,969		
City's net pension liability as a							
percentage of covered payroll	1213.1%	956.9%	1389.6%	1264.2%	1180.7%		

Required Supplementary Information

Public Safety Employees' Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended June 30,						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Change in total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 1,351,362	\$ 1,391,903	\$ 941,346	\$ 1,116,227	\$ 837,339		
Interest	4,381,564	4,346,878	4,427,324	4,968,550	5,173,752		
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	-	136,404	2,342,761	(251,605)	446,463		
Changes of assumptions	-	(19,693,917)	3,938,301	(2,189,134)	3,895,295		
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(4,961,937)	(4,280,101)	(4,378,526)	(4,431,882)	(4,121,370)		
Other changes	-	-	-	-	(1,628,637)		
Net change in total pension liability	770,989	(18,098,833)	7,271,206	(787,844)	4,602,842		
Total pension liability, beginning	82,496,362	83,267,351	65,168,518	72,439,724	71,651,880		
Total pension liability, ending (a)	83,267,351	65,168,518	72,439,724	71,651,880	76,254,722		
Change in plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	2,869,461	2,438,761	2,521,391	2,387,270	2,551,000		
Contributions - member	325,361	317,315	330,804	325,575	407,715		
Net investment income (loss)	11,976,064	(7,748)	(513,784)	4,198,316	3,096,956		
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(4,961,937)	(4,280,101)	(4,378,526)	(4,431,882)	(4,121,370)		
Administrative expense	-	-	(10,848)	(11,984)	-		
Other - transfer from Employees' Retirement System	31,376,710	-	-	-	-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	41,585,659	(1,531,773)	(2,050,963)	2,467,295	1,934,301		
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		41,585,659	40,053,886	38,002,923	40,470,218		
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	41,585,659	40,053,886	38,002,923	40,470,218	42,404,519		
City's net pension liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$41,681,692	\$25,114,632	\$34,436,801	\$31,181,662	\$33,850,203		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	49.9%	61.5%	52.5%	56.5%	55.6%		
Covered payroll	\$ 3,727,181	\$ 3,954,232	\$ 4,041,630	\$ 4,169,534	\$ 4,436,592		
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1118.3%	635.1%	852.1%	747.8%	763.0%		

Required Supplementary Information

Employee's Retirement System and Public Safety Employee's Retirement System Schedule of City Contributions

		Contributions in Relation to the			Contributions as a
Fiscal	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution		Percentage of
Year	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
Ended	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Employees' Reti 6/30/2014	rement System \$ 1,211,912	\$ 1,367,086	\$ (155,174)	\$ 1,998,057	68.4%
6/30/2015	1,272,539	1,272,539	-	1,885,123	67.5%
6/30/2016	1,318,377	1,336,565	(18,188)	1,786,708	74.8%
6/30/2017	1,256,953	1,338,260	(81,307)	1,695,162	78.9%
6/30/2018	1,384,659	1,445,558	(60,899)	1,706,969	84.7%
Public Safety Er 6/30/2014 6/30/2015 6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018	mployees' Retire \$ 2,105,664 2,159,875 2,326,055 2,314,911 2,550,106	ment System \$ 2,869,461 2,438,761 2,521,391 2,387,270 2,551,000	\$ (763,797) (278,886) (195,336) (72,359) (894)	\$ 3,727,181 3,954,232 4,041,630 4,169,534 4,436,592	77.0% 61.7% 62.4% 57.3% 57.5%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date June 30, 2017

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 that

is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which the

contributions are reported.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method 2.5% scale on amortization is applied to recognize increasing

amortization payments

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Required Supplementary Information

Employee's Retirement System and Public Safety Employee's Retirement System Schedule of City Contributions

Asset valuation method

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the prior year's actuarial value brought forward to the valuation date with contributions, benefit payments, and expected investment income. The excess/(deficit) of actual return on market assets over expected return on actuarial assets is the asset gain(loss) for the year. The rolled forward actuarial assets are then adjusted by adding/(subtracting) 20% of the asset gains/(losses) for each of the five preceding years. A final adjustment is made, if necessary, so the actuarial value of assets is no more than 120% nor less than 80% of the market value.

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases Varies

Investment rate of return 7% net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2020 using

Mortality Improvement Scale BB.

Changes in assumptions -

Employee's Retirement System:

The assumption that mortality and disability decrements do not occur during the first five years of employment was removed; liability load for "roll-in amounts" decreased from 9.00% to 4.00%; adjusted dates of hire were added to the data to reflect the adjusted service accurately; discount

rate was decreased from 8.00% to 7.00%.

Public Safety Employee's Retirement System:

The assumption that mortality and disability decrements do not occur during the first five years of employment was removed; liability load for "roll-in amounts" decreased from 12.50% to 7.00%; liability load for subsidized service purchases was removed and replaced with actual adjusted service dates; discount rate was changed from 7.52% to 7.00%

7.00%

Required Supplementary Information

General, Public Safety, and Court Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ended		Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
General Retiree 6/30/2017 6/30/2018	Healthcare Plan:	3.59% 2.99%
Public Safety Re 6/30/2017 6/30/2018	tiree Healthcare Plan:	3.59% 2.99%
Court Retiree He 6/30/2018	ealthcare Plan:	N/A (1)

⁽¹⁾ The Court Retiree Healthcare Plan is not pre-funded and has no assets.

Required Supplementary Information

General Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended	June 30,
	2017	2018
Change in total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 372,392	\$ 304,260
Interest	1,435,899	1,076,780
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	-	1,107,922
Changes of assumptions	7,013,108	3,071,218
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	(1,545,294)	(1,578,228)
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,276,105	3,981,952
Total OPEB liability, beginning	32,681,525	39,957,630
Less amounts for Court Retiree Healthcare Plan (1)		(4,737,968)
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	39,957,630	39,201,614
Change in plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	1,545,294	1,878,228
Net investment income	40,168	38,027
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	(1,545,294)	(1,578,228)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	40,168	338,027
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	1,118,254	1,158,422
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	1,158,422	1,496,449
City's net OPEB liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$38,799,208	\$37,705,165
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total OPEB liability	2.90%	3.82%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,105,252	\$ 1,706,969
City's net OPEB liability as a		
percentage of covered payroll	1842.97%	2208.90%

⁽¹⁾ The Court Retiree Healthcare Plan total OPEB liability was presented with the General Retiree Healthcare Plan for the year ended 6/30/2017, but is presented separately for the year ended 6/30/2018 (prospectively).

Required Supplementary Information

Public Safety Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended	d June 30,
	2017	2018
Change in total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 525,509	\$ 525,509
Interest	1,307,879	1,164,989
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	-	(575,996)
Changes of assumptions	7,536,448	7,594,136
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	(1,553,955)	(1,204,145)
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,815,881	7,504,493
Total OPEB liability, beginning	29,840,965	37,656,846
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	37,656,846	45,161,339
Change in plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	1,553,955	1,504,145
Net investment income	67,112	63,534
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	(1,553,955)	(1,204,145)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	67,112	363,534
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	1,868,361	1,935,473
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	1,935,473	2,299,007
City's net OPEB liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$35,721,373	\$42,862,332
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total OPEB liability	5.14%	5.09%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,842,496	\$ 3,464,030
City's net OPEB liability as a		
percentage of covered payroll	929.64%	1237.35%

Required Supplementary Information

Court Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	ear End une 30 2018),
Change in total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 68,	132
Interest	143,6	550
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	1,076,2	251
Changes of assumptions	291,6	506
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	 (344,4	1 63)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,235,	176
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 4,737,9	968
Total OPEB liability, ending (a)	 5,973, ⁻	144
Covered payroll	\$ 422,9	984
City's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1412.	14%

Required Supplementary Information

General, Public Safety, and Court Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of City Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended	D	actuarially etermined ontribution	ii A D	ntributions n Relation to the actuarially etermined ontribution	 ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
General Retiree I	Healt	hcare Plan:					
6/30/2017	\$	1,620,940	\$	1,544,008	\$ 76,932	\$ 2,105,252	73.3%
6/30/2018		4,307,310		1,878,228	2,429,082	1,706,969	110.0%
Public Safety Ret	iree	Healthcare Pla	an:				
6/30/2017	\$	1,901,699	\$	1,561,737	\$ 339,962	\$ 3,842,496	40.6%
6/30/2018		3,988,426		1,504,145	2,484,281	3,464,030	43.4%
Court Retiree He	althc	are Plan:					
6/30/2018	\$	625,762	\$	344,463	\$ 281,299	\$ 422,984	81.4%

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, ten years of data will be presented.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date June 30, 2017 (rolled forward to June 30, 2018)

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30

that is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of compensation, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years
Asset valuation method Market value

Healthcare inflation rate 8.0%, graded down to 5.0% over 6 years

Inflation rate 2.0

Salary increases 2.5% with an age related merit increase scale applied

Investment rate of return 4.5%, including inflation

Mortality rates RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Data Set with MP-

2017 (set-forward 10 years for disability)

Required Supplementary Information

General, Public Safety, and Court Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of City Contributions

Changes in assumptions

First valuation performed by Watkins Ross; discout rate lowered from 3.1% to 3.0%; trend rates changed from 6.0% graded down to 4.0% to 8.0% graded down to 5.0% for pre-65 claims, 5.0% forage 65 and after; mortality rates changed from RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table 50/50 blend male/female to RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Data Set with MP-2017 (set-forward 10 years for disability).

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Project		Total Nonmajor Governmental	
Assets Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 3,336,992	\$	743,827	\$	2,361,149	\$	6,441,968	
Special assessments	395,831		-		28,955		424,786	
Accounts	505,932		-		19,822		525,754	
Due from other governments	515,046		-		-		515,046	
Prepaid items	 61		-				61	
Total assets	\$ 4,753,862	\$	743,827	\$	2,409,926	\$	7,907,615	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 481,252	\$	-	\$	31,988	\$	513,240	
Accrued liabilities	93,610		39,000		14,868		147,478	
Due to other funds	 51,864		-				51,864	
Total liabilities	626,726		39,000		46,856		712,582	
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	395,831		-		25,797		421,628	
Unavailable revenue - grants	 102,775						102,775	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 498,606				25,797		524,403	
Fund balances								
Nonspendable	61		_		-		61	
Restricted	3,673,445		704,827		261,779		4,640,051	
Assigned	7,715		-		2,075,494		2,083,209	
Unassigned (deficit)	 (52,691)		-				(52,691)	
Total fund balances	 3,628,530		704,827		2,337,273		6,670,630	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$ 4,753,862	\$	743,827	\$	2,409,926	\$	7,907,615	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental
Revenues	ć 4 074 037	ć 2.202.00 7	ć	Ć 4.254.024
Property taxes	\$ 1,971,937	\$ 2,382,897	407.005	\$ 4,354,834
Special assessments	119,723	-	407,005	526,728
Intergovernmental:	220,773			220 772
Federal grants	2,822,425	26,174	-	220,773 2,848,599
State grants Charges for services	1,621,085	20,174	-	1,621,085
Fines and forfeitures	142,814	_	123,707	266,521
Interest income	16,463	3,501	7,087	27,051
Other revenue	78,113	3,301	455,830	533,943
Other revenue	70,113		455,650	333,743
Total revenues	6,993,333	2,412,572	993,629	10,399,534
Expenditures Current:				
Judicial	2,169,253	-	-	2,169,253
Public safety	37,406	-	-	37,406
Road maintenance and repair	2,184,807	-	-	2,184,807
Public works	-	-	42,516	42,516
Health and sanitation	2,726,238	-	-	2,726,238
Library	805,382	-	-	805,382
Community development	149,092	-	314,241	463,333
Debt service:				
Principal	-	1,495,000	-	1,495,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	980,695	-	980,695
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	134,188	134,188
Total expenditures	8,072,178	2,475,695	490,945	11,038,818
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,078,845)	(63,123)	502,684	(639,284)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	2,199,856	150,656	218,479	2,568,991
Transfers out	(380,000)	-	(218,479)	(598,479)
	(000)000)		((0,0,0,0)
Total other financing sources	1,819,856	150,656		1,970,512
Net change in fund balances	741,011	87,533	502,684	1,331,228
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,887,519	617,294	1,834,589	5,339,402
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,628,530	\$ 704,827	\$ 2,337,273	\$ 6,670,630

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

	Major Streets	Local Streets	V	Solid /aste Fund	arcotics rfeiture
Assets Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,325,372	\$ 458,557	\$	916,737	\$ 61,434
Special assessments Accounts	395,831 13,672	- 14,834		- 477,421	-
Due from other governments Prepaid items	324,267 1	 116,587 -		28	-
Total assets	\$ 2,059,143	\$ 589,978	\$	1,394,186	\$ 61,434
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 111,552	\$ 4,328	\$	153,472	\$ 459
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	11,807	 4,052 -		23,518	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	123,359	 8,380		176,990	 459
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	395,831	-		-	-
Unavailable revenue - grants	38,945	 11,139			
Total deferred inflows of resources	434,776	11,139			
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	1	-		28	-
Restricted	1,501,007	570,459		1,217,168	60,975
Assigned Unassigned (deficits)	-	-		-	-
onassigned (denicits)		 		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,501,008	570,459		1,217,196	 60,975
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	0.050.435	T00 075			44.42.1
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,059,143	\$ 589,978	<u>Ş</u>	1,394,186	\$ 61,434

riminal Justice raining	Dev	mmunity elopment ck Grant	Caseflow Assistance		Neighborhood Stabilization Program		Tre	eterans eatment irt Grant	45th District Court		
\$ 13,056	\$	-	\$	188,939	\$	-	\$	-	\$	210,840	
- - -		- - 27,197 -		- - -		- - -		- - 15,389 -		- 5 - -	
\$ 13,056	\$	27,197	\$	188,939	\$		\$	15,389	\$	210,845	
\$ 400 - -	\$	3,773 2,504 20,920	\$	886 - -	\$	- - -	\$	6,821 339 8,229	\$	180,687 30,158	
400		27,197		886		-		15,389		210,845	
- -		- 5,696		- -		-		- 15,389		- -	
-		5,696		-				15,389			
 12,656 - - - 12,656		- - (5,696) (5,696)		188,053 - - 188,053		- - - - -		- - (15,389) (15,389)		- - - -	
\$ 13,056	\$	27,197	\$	188,939	\$	-	\$	15,389	\$	210,845	

continued...

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

		Library		ital Health urt Grant		Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$	162,057	\$		\$	3,336,992
Receivables:	Ş	102,037	Þ	-	Ş	3,330,992
Special assessments		_		_		395,831
Accounts		-		-		505,932
Due from other governments		-		31,606		515,046
Prepaid items		32		-		61
Total assets	\$	162,089	\$	31,606	\$	4,753,862
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	10,247	\$	8,627	\$	481,252
Accrued liabilities		20,968		264		93,610
Due to other funds		-		22,715		51,864
Total liabilities		31,215		31,606		626,726
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-		-		395,831
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		31,606		102,775
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		31,606		498,606
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		32				61
Restricted		123,127		-		3,673,445
Assigned		7,715		-		7,715
Unassigned (deficits)		-		(31,606)		(52,691)
Total fund balances (deficits)		130,874		(31,606)		3,628,530
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	162,089	\$	31,606	\$	4,753,862

concluded.

This page intentionally left blank.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major Streets	Local Streets	Solid Waste Fund	Narcotics Forfeiture
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,311,904	\$ -
Special assessments	85,566	34,157	-	-
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants	42,438	-	-	-
State grants	1,875,789	731,401	13,944	-
Charges for services	-	-	1,462,305	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	24,520
Interest income	5,441	3,202	4,362	225
Other revenue	71,730	533		
Total revenues	2,080,964	769,293	2,792,515	24,745
Expenditures Current: Judicial				
Public safety	-	-	-	32,441
Road maintenance and repair	1,296,839	887,968	_	32,441
Health and sanitation	1,290,039	007,700	2,726,238	-
Library	_	_	2,720,230	-
Community development	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Total expenditures	1,296,839	887,968	2,726,238	32,441
Revenues over (under) expenditures	784,125	(118,675)	66,277	(7,696)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	(330,000)	330,000	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(330,000)	330,000		
Net change in fund balances	454,125	211,325	66,277	(7,696)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	1,046,883	359,134	1,150,919	68,671
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 1,501,008	\$ 570,459	\$ 1,217,196	\$ 60,975

J	riminal lustice raining	Community Development Block Grant	Caseflow Assistance	Neighborhood Stabilization Program	Veterans Treatment Court Grant	45th District Court
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -
	8,941 -	140,339 - -	- 15,912 -	35,996 - -	- 18,432 -	91,448 143,576
	- -	- - -	687 -	- -	- - -	47,461 - -
	8,941	140,339	16,599	35,996	18,432	282,485
	4,965	-	43,325 -	-	33,867 -	2,030,095
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	144,234		4,858	<u>-</u>	
	4,965	144,234	43,325	4,858	33,867	2,030,095
	3,976	(3,895)	(26,726)	31,138	(15,435)	(1,747,610)
	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,799,363
						1,799,363
	3,976	(3,895)	(26,726)	31,138	(15,435)	51,753
	8,680	(1,801)	214,779	(31,138)	46	(51,753)
\$	12,656	\$ (5,696)	\$ 188,053	\$ -	\$ (15,389)	\$ -

continued...

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

December		Library		tal Health urt Grant		Total
Revenues	÷	((0.022	÷		÷	4 074 027
Property taxes	\$	660,033	\$	-	\$	1,971,937
Special assessments		-		-		119,723
Intergovernmental:		2 000				220 772
Federal grants		2,000		-		220,773
State grants		34,637		31,921		2,822,425
Charges for services		15,204		-		1,621,085
Fines and forfeitures		70,833		-		142,814
Interest income		2,546		-		16,463
Other revenue		5,850				78,113
Total revenues		791,103		31,921		6,993,333
Expenditures						
Current:						
Judicial		-		61,966		2,169,253
Public safety		-		-		37,406
Road maintenance and repair		-		-		2,184,807
Health and sanitation		-		-		2,726,238
Library		805,382		-		805,382
Community development						149,092
Total expenditures		805,382		61,966		8,072,178
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(14,279)	-	(30,045)		(1,078,845)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		70,000		493		2,199,856
Transfers out		(50,000)		-		(380,000)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Total other financing sources (uses)		20,000		493		1,819,856
Net change in fund balances		5,721		(29,552)		741,011
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		125,153		(2,054)		2,887,519
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	130,874	\$	(31,606)	\$	3,628,530

concluded.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues		-		
Property taxes	\$ 68,555	\$ 84,660	\$ 85,566	\$ 906
Intergovernmental -				
Federal grants	-	272,902	42,438	(230,464)
State grants	1,485,957	1,729,740	1,875,789	146,049
Interest income	2,408	2,150	5,441	3,291
Other revenue	 55,000	75,711	71,730	(3,981)
Total revenues	1,611,920	2,165,163	2,080,964	(84,199)
Expenditures Current -				
Road maintenance and repair	2,243,393	2,052,215	1,296,839	(755,376)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(631,473)	112,948	784,125	(671,177)
Other financing uses Transfers out	(320,000)	(440,000)	(330,000)	(110,000)
Net change in fund balance	(951,473)	(327,052)	454,125	781,177
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,046,883	1,046,883	1,046,883	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 95,410	\$ 719,831	\$ 1,501,008	\$ 781,177

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues Special assessments Intergovernmental -	\$ -	\$ 21,813	\$ 34,157	\$ 12,344
State grants Interest income	636,838 2,473	576,580 1,000	731,401 3,202	154,821 2,202
Other revenue	-	268	 533	 265
Total revenues	639,311	599,661	769,293	169,632
Expenditures Current -				
Road maintenance and repair	 1,358,167	 1,397,063	 887,968	 (509,095)
Revenues under expenditures	(718,856)	(797,402)	(118,675)	678,727
Other financing sources Transfers in	320,000	440,000	330,000	(110,000)
Net change in fund balance	(398,856)	(357,402)	211,325	568,727
Fund balance, beginning of year	435,288	 359,134	 359,134	 <u>-</u> _
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 36,432	\$ 1,732	\$ 570,459	\$ 568,727

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Solid Waste Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Ur	tual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,291,461	\$ 1,307,882	\$ 1,311,904	\$	4,022
Intergovernmental-					
State grants	9,000	13,192	13,944		752
Charges for services	1,450,000	1,423,137	1,462,305		39,168
Interest income	 3,036	 1,860	 4,362		2,502
Total revenues	2,753,497	2,746,071	2,792,515		46,444
Expenditures Current -					
Health and sanitation	 2,958,783	 2,844,723	 2,726,238		(118,485)
Net change in fund balance	(205,286)	(98,652)	66,277		164,929
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,150,919	 1,150,919	 1,150,919		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 945,633	\$ 1,052,267	\$ 1,217,196	\$	164,929

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Narcotics Forfeiture Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Ur	tual Over der) Final Budget
Revenues		-			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 10,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,520	\$	520
Interest income	 100	 113	 225		112
Total revenues	10,100	24,113	24,745		632
Expenditures Current -					
Public safety	 30,400	 46,395	32,441		(13,954)
Net change in fund balance	(20,300)	(22,282)	(7,696)		14,586
Fund balance, beginning of year	 68,671	 68,671	 68,671	II.	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 48,371	\$ 46,389	\$ 60,975	\$	14,586

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Criminal Justice Training Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues	3	Ū				· ·	
Intergovernmental -							
State grants	\$ 8,500	\$ 8,500	\$	8,941	\$	441	
Interest income	 25	 20		-		(20)	
						_	
Total revenues	8,525	8,520		8,941		421	
Expenditures Current -							
Public safety	8,525	8,502		4,965		(3,537)	
Net change in fund balance	-	18		3,976		3,958	
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,680	8,680		8,680			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,680	\$ 8,698	\$	12,656	\$	3,958	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues								
Federal grants	\$ 127,915	\$	158,113	\$	140,339	\$	(17,774)	
Expenditures Current -								
Community development	99,580		156,312		144,234		(12,078)	
Net change in fund balance	28,335		1,801		(3,895)		(5,696)	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year					(1,801)		(1,801)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 28,335	\$	1,801	\$	(5,696)	\$	(7,497)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Caseflow Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues		-						
Intergovernmental -								
State grants	\$	20,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,912	\$	912	
Interest income		2,000		622	687		65	
Total revenues		22,000		15,622	16,599		977	
Expenditures Current -								
Judicial		85,000		44,474	 43,325		(1,149)	
Net change in fund balance		(63,000)		(28,852)	(26,726)		2,126	
Fund balance, beginning of year		214,779		214,779	214,779			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	151,779	\$	185,927	\$ 188,053	\$	2,126	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund

Budget and Actual - Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental - Federal grants	\$	_	\$ 35,996	\$ 35,996	\$ -
Expenditures Current - Community development		_	4,500	4,858	358
Net change in fund balance		-	31,496	31,138	(358)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year			 (31,138)	 (31,138)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 358	\$ 	\$ (358)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Veterans Treatment Court Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental - State grants	\$ 30,342	\$ 32,250	\$ 18,432	\$ (13,818)
Expenditures Current - Judicial	30,342	32,250	33,867	1,617
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(15,435)	(15,435)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 -	 -	 46	 46
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ -	\$ 	\$ (15,389)	\$ (15,389)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - 45th District Court Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental -	_						
State grants	\$ 91,448	\$	91,448	\$	91,448	\$	-
Charges for services	175,000		140,000		143,576		3,576
Fines and forfeitures	 		1		47,461		47,460
Total revenues	266,448		231,449		282,485		51,036
Expenditures Current -							
Judicial	2,059,354		2,012,675		2,030,095		17,420
Revenues under expenditures	(1,792,906)		(1,781,226)		(1,747,610)		33,616
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	1,792,906		1,832,979		1,799,363		(33,616)
Net change in fund balance	-		51,753		51,753		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(51,753)		(51,753)		(51,753)		-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (51,753)	\$		\$		\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues	ċ	/ F2_000	Ļ	/ [7 / 0]	ċ	((0.022	,	2.240	
Property taxes	\$	652,080	\$	657,685	\$	660,033	\$	2,348	
Intergovernmental: Federal grants		_		2,000		2,000		_	
State grants		18,400		23,585		34,637		11,052	
Charges for services		15,000		14,001		15,204		1,203	
Fines and forfeitures		67,700		69,376		70,833		1,457	
Interest income		1,575		682		2,546		1,864	
Other revenue		-		1,109		5,850		4,741	
Total revenues		754,755		768,438		791,103		22,665	
Expenditures									
Current -									
Library		832,755		839,379		805,382		(33,997)	
Revenues under expenditures		(78,000)		(70,941)		(14,279)		56,662	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		109,174		121,174		70,000		(51,174)	
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)			
Total other financing sources		59,174		71,174		20,000		(51,174)	
Net change in fund balance		(18,826)		233		5,721		5,488	
Fund balance, beginning of year		125,153		125,153		125,153			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	106,327	\$	125,386	\$	130,874	\$	5,488	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Mental Health Court Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental - State grants	\$	100,000	\$	60,000	\$	31,921	\$	(28,079)
Expenditures Current -								
Judicial		100,000		60,000		61,966		1,966
Revenues under expenditures		-		-		(30,045)		(30,045)
Other financing sources Transfers in				2,054		493		(1,561)
Net change in fund balance		-		2,054		(29,552)		(31,606)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		(2,054)		(2,054)		(2,054)		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(2,054)	\$		\$	(31,606)	\$	(31,606)

This page intentionally left blank.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds June 30, 2018

	Re	2015 Refunding Bond		112 Street efunding Bond	2010 Municipal Complex Bond		I 2011 Library and Recreation Lease		Total
Assets Cash and investments	\$	169,545	\$	397,000	\$	177,282	\$	-	\$ 743,827
Liabilities Accrued liabilities	\$	13,000	\$	12,000	\$	14,000	\$	-	\$ 39,000
Fund balances Restricted		156,545		385,000		163,282			 704,827
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	169,545	\$	397,000	\$	177,282	\$		\$ 743,827

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	R	2015 Refunding Bond		2012 Street Refunding Bond		2010 Municipal Complex Bond		2011 Library and Recreation Lease		Total
Revenues										
Property taxes Intergovernmental -	\$	737,169	\$	785,242	\$	860,486	\$	-	\$	2,382,897
State grants		8,922		8,716		8,536		-		26,174
Interest income		829		1,653		958		61		3,501
Total revenues		746,920		795,611		869,980		61		2,412,572
Expenditures										
Debt service:										
Principal		430,000		590,000		400,000		75,000		1,495,000
Interest and fiscal charges		296,907		161,474		446,597		75,717		980,695
Total expenditures		726,907		751,474		846,597		150,717		2,475,695
Revenues (under) over expenditures		20,013		44,137		23,383		(150,656)		(63,123)
Other financing sources Transfers in								150,656		150,656
וומווזוכוז ווו								130,030		130,030
Net change in fund balances		20,013		44,137		23,383		-		87,533
Fund balances, beginning of year		136,532		340,863		139,899				617,294
Fund balances, end of year	\$	156,545	\$	385,000	\$	163,282	\$	_	\$	704,827

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2018

		Public provement		y-Owned roperty		Sidewalk Program
Assets Cash and investments	\$	515,326	\$	118,710	\$	215,993
Receivables:	ڔ	313,320	ڔ	110,710	Ļ	213,773
Special assessments		-		-		28,955
Accounts						19,822
Total assets	\$	515,326	\$	118,710	\$	264,770
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	5,000
Accrued liabilities		-		-		14,868
Total liabilities				15,000		19,868
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments						25,797
Fund balances						
Restricted		-		-		219,105
Assigned		515,326		103,710		-
Total fund balance		515,326		103,710		219,105
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$	515,326	\$	118,710	\$	264,770

Municipal Building onstruction	С	unicipal complex nstruction	Total
\$ 1,468,446	\$	42,674	\$ 2,361,149
- -		<u>-</u>	28,955 19,822
\$ 1,468,446	\$	42,674	\$ 2,409,926
\$ 11,988	\$	- -	\$ 31,988 14,868
11,988		-	 46,856
			25,797
- 1,456,458		42,674 -	261,779 2,075,494
 1,456,458		42,674	 2,337,273
\$ 1,468,446	\$	42,674	\$ 2,409,926

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Public Improvement	City-Owned Property	Sidewalk Program
Revenues Special assessments Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 407,005
Interest income Other revenue	1,090 104,000	251 351,830	131
Total revenues	105,090	352,081	407,136
Expenditures Public works Community development Capital outlay	6	314,235 	42,516 - -
Total expenditures	6	314,235	42,516
Revenues over (under) expenditures	105,084	37,846	364,620
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	218,479	- -	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	218,479		
Net change in fund balances	323,563	37,846	364,620
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	191,763	65,864	(145,515)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 515,326	\$ 103,710	\$ 219,105

Municipal Building Construction	Municipal Complex Construction	Total
\$ - 123,707 5,457	\$ - - 158	\$ 407,005 123,707 7,087 455,830
129,164	158	993,629
- - 134,188	- - -	42,516 314,241 134,188
134,188		490,945
(5,024)	158	502,684
(218,479)	-	218,479 (218,479)
(218,479)		
(223,503)	158	502,684
1,679,961	42,516	1,834,589
\$ 1,456,458	\$ 42,674	\$ 2,337,273

Combining Statement of Net Position

Internal Service Funds June 30, 2018

	Mar	Risk nagement	Retirees Health Care Motor Pool Court				Total		
Assets									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments Prepaid items	\$	312,439	\$	43,823 1	\$	- 336	\$	356,262 337	
Total current assets		312,439		43,824		336		356,599	
Noncurrent assets -									
Capital assets, net				990,886		<u>-</u>		990,886	
Total assets		312,439		1,034,710		336		1,347,485	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		-		40,308		-		40,308	
Accrued liabilities				1,732		-		1,732	
Total current liabilities				42,040				42,040	
Net position									
Investment in capital assets		-		990,886		-		990,886	
Unrestricted		312,439		1,784		336		314,559	
Total net position	\$	312,439	\$	992,670	\$	336	\$	1,305,445	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Risk Management	Motor Pool	Retirees Health Care Court	Total
Operating revenues	· ·			
Charges for services	\$ 712,973	\$ 658,301	\$ 172,025	\$ 1,543,299
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	215,660	215,660
Other	56,909	835	213,000	57,744
Other	30,707			37,777
Total operating revenues	769,882	659,136	387,685	1,816,703
Operating expenses				
Depreciation	-	139,577	-	139,577
Wages and benefits	-	87,659	-	87,659
Insurance	770,387	-	344,239	1,114,626
Gasoline	-	161,484	· -	161,484
Professional services	1	81,028	-	81,029
Supplies		171,896		171,896
Total operating expenses	770,388	641,644	344,239	1,756,271
Operating income (loss)	(506)	17,492	43,446	60,432
Nonoperating revenues				
Interest income	506	203		709
Change in net position	-	17,695	43,446	61,141
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	312,439	974,975	(43,110)	1,244,304
Net position, end of year	\$ 312,439	\$ 992,670	\$ 336	\$ 1,305,445

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Risk Management		Motor Pool		Retirees Health Care Court		Total
Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from interfund services	\$	712,973	\$	658,301	\$	172,025	\$ 1,543,299
Miscellaneous receipts		56,909		835		215,660	273,404
Payments to suppliers		(251,189)		(399, 249)		-	(650,438)
Payments to employees		(422,485)		(86,910)		(387,685)	 (897,080)
Net cash provided by operating activities		96,208		172,977		-	269,185
Cash flows from capital							
and related financing activities							
Purchases of capital assets		-		(161,057)		-	(161,057)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Interest and dividends		506		203			709
Net change in cash and investments		96,714		12,123		-	108,837
Cash and investments, beginning of year		215,725		31,700			247,425
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	312,439	\$	43,823	\$		\$ 356,262
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(506)	\$	17,492	\$	43,446	\$ 60,432
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income (loss) to net cash provided by							
operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		-		139,577		-	139,577
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Prepaid items		96,714		12		-	96,726
Accounts payable		-		15,147		-	15,147
Accrued liabilities		-		749		-	749
Due to other funds		-		-		(43,446)	 (43,446)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	96,208	\$	172,977	\$		\$ 269,185

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

	Payroll Fund		Escrow Fund		Tax Fund		Agency Fund		Total Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,916	\$	700,770	\$	61,245	\$	278	\$	792,209
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$	29,916	\$	700,770	\$	61,245	\$	278	\$	792,209

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions),		Deductions		Balance une 30, 2018
Payroll Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,697	\$	2,083,580	\$	(2,098,361)	\$	29,916	
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 44,697	\$	503,727	\$	(518,508)	\$	29,916	
Escrow Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 517,025 -	\$	274,724 2,417	\$	(90,979) (2,417)	\$	700,770	
Total assets	\$ 517,025	\$	277,141	\$	(93,396)	\$	700,770	
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 517,025	\$	274,724	\$	(90,979)	\$	700,770	
Tax Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,061	\$	18,281,045	\$	(18,241,861)	\$	61,245	
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 22,061	\$	6,966,895	\$	(6,927,711)	\$	61,245	
Agency Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,051	\$	149,434	\$	(151,207)	\$	278	
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 2,051	\$	5,315	\$	(7,088)	\$	278	

continued...

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017 Addition			Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Total All Agency Funds Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 585,834	\$	20,788,783 2,417	\$ (20,582,408) (2,417)	\$ 792,209
Total assets	\$ 585,834	\$	20,791,200	\$ (20,584,825)	\$ 792,209
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 585,834	\$	7,750,661	\$ (7,544,286)	\$ 792,209

concluded.

This page intentionally left blank.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank.

Statistical Section Table of Contents

This part of the City of Oak Park's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

		<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	138
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	148
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	154
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	159
Operating Information	These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	161

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the annual financial reports for the applicable year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities	\$ 14,884,759 3,201,454 (1,865,169) 16,221,044	\$ 15,406,195 4,088,332 (4,176,964) 15,317,563	\$ 2,076,411 16,892,886 (7,479,222) 11,490,075	\$ 1,805,028 16,169,292 (12,720,940) 5,253,380	\$ 13,132,212 6,911,104 (18,447,947) 1,595,369
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type activities	\$ 14,053,708 2,734,483 16,788,191	\$ 16,780,263 503,073 17,283,336	\$ 17,689,440 1,623,541 19,312,981	\$ 15,566,968 4,345,077 19,912,045	\$ 16,175,706 4,653,218 20,828,924
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total primary government	\$ 28,938,467 3,201,454 869,314 33,009,235	\$ 32,186,458 4,088,332 (3,673,891) 32,600,899	\$ 19,765,851 16,892,886 (5,855,681) 30,803,056	\$ 17,371,996 16,169,292 (8,375,863) 25,165,425	\$ 29,307,918 6,911,104 (13,794,729) 22,424,293

2014	2015	2016	2017		2018
\$ 14,247,686	\$ 14,000,594	\$ 15,052,182	\$ 16,080,881	\$	15,026,750
4,887,899	4,317,193	4,464,360	3,372,538		4,388,861
(20,223,425)	(68,221,764)	(66,961,297)	(62,472,772)	((115,747,281)
\$ (1,087,840)	\$ (49,903,977)	\$ (47,444,755)	\$ (43,019,353)	\$	(96,331,670)
\$ 16,773,566	\$ 17,818,784	\$ 19,700,636	\$ 20,845,966	\$	22,094,929
6,175,448	733,114	(1,894,698)	(1,633,533)		(9,270,130)
\$ 22,949,014	\$ 18,551,898	\$ 17,805,938	\$ 19,212,433	\$	12,824,799
\$ 31,021,252	\$ 31,819,378	\$ 34,752,818	\$ 36,926,847	\$	37,121,679
4,887,899	4,317,193	4,464,360	3,372,538		4,388,861
(14,047,977)	(67,488,650)	(68,855,995)	(64,106,305)	((125,017,411)
\$ 21,861,174	\$ (31,352,079)	\$ (29,638,817)	\$ (23,806,920)	\$	(83,506,871)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 5,664,693	\$ 5,455,233	\$ 5,175,795	\$ 7,507,151	\$ 7,899,791
Judicial	3,110,586	2,480,818	2,438,608	2,536,686	2,128,180
Public safety	12,207,633	11,980,655	11,807,208	10,268,074	2,653,492
Road maintenance and repair	3,264,468	3,132,845	3,773,388	3,557,279	3,209,098
Public works	1,790,791	1,748,297	1,468,111	960,745	2,402,385
Health and sanitation	2,165,616	2,074,094	1,938,016	2,079,476	1,983,105
Culture and recreation	1,529,508	1,346,217	1,257,593	966,087	1,470,915
Library	1,040,661	1,028,408	904,488	945,653	762,658
Community development	584,284	1,499,055	1,889,763	981,099	5,242,607
Interest on long-term debt	1,076,660	1,038,320	1,211,375	1,563,087	1,501,533
Total governmental activities	32,434,900	31,783,942	31,864,345	31,365,337	29,253,764
Business-type activities:					
Water and sewer	8,019,513	8,796,597	8,721,512	9,517,443	10,147,814
Total primary government expenses	40,454,413	40,580,539	40,585,857	40,882,780	39,401,578
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	471,650	470,968	491,946	2,969,159	3,623,194
Judicial	650,713	609,349	620,549	185,301	-
Public safety	1,445,393	1,422,872	1,436,686	46,635	50,257
Road maintenance and repair	-	72,648	-	148,312	125,599
Public works	405,399	153,071	399,625	294,580	459,765
Health and sanitation	611,694	644,564	835,541	1,101,773	1,141,929
Culture and recreation	435,876	471,547	433,396	-	-
Library	13,475	20,593	18,475	11,436	17,684
Community development	8,960	3,136	94,507	365	-
Operating grants and contributions	2,054,958	4,457,172	3,801,612	2,599,832	2,273,132
Capital grants and contributions	35,158	50,000	-	893	-
Total governmental activities	6,133,276	8,375,920	8,132,337	7,358,286	7,691,560
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water and sewer	9,050,017	9,148,095	10,676,880	10,726,423	10,985,124
Operating grants and contributions					
Total business-type activities	9,050,017	9,148,095	10,676,880	10,726,423	10,985,124
Total primary government					
program revenues	15,183,293	17,524,015	18,809,217	18,084,709	18,676,684
Net (expense)/revenue					
Government activities	(26,301,624)	(23,408,022)	(23,732,008)	(24,007,051)	(21,562,204)
Business-type activities	1,030,504	351,498	1,955,368	1,208,980	837,310
Total primary government net expense	(25,271,120)	(23,056,524)	(21,776,640)	(22,798,071)	(20,724,894)

2014		2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 6,824,175	\$	3,064,969	\$ 9,940,652	\$ 4,078,708	\$ 8,428,726
1,976,211		1,944,235	2,280,899	2,000,064	3,312,598
9,525,007		3,497,663	7,401,142	9,299,317	16,032,718
4,098,970		4,702,539	3,125,342	3,145,293	2,599,451
1,744,556		1,141,585	2,837,202	1,516,904	2,047,753
2,268,966		3,023,012	280,850	2,498,707	2,726,238
827,531		572,947	475,963	658,582	903,615
696,640		702,648	661,836	821,249	962,330
1,161,136		384,815	601,863	444,575	709,763
 1,170,026		1,192,125	 1,076,838	 1,076,246	 921,950
30,293,218		20,226,538	28,682,587	25,539,645	38,645,142
 9,447,898		8,242,405	 11,841,571	9,972,023	 11,182,425
 39,741,116		28,468,943	 40,524,158	 35,511,668	 49,827,567
2 020 727		4 474 072	4 257 245	2 427 7 47	4 44 4 602
2,930,627		4,171,972	4,357,345	3,436,647	4,414,603
148,221		184,028	210,220	178,908	191,037
41,518		40,237	58,596	55,402	66,021
251,972		131,194	154,627	219,892	191,986
288,447		733,485	480,086	567,170	532,062
1,149,094		1,245,819	1,311,457	1,357,366	1,462,305
144,126		22,380	24,974	25,386	32,511
21,680		22,300	24,774	23,300	32,311
2,241,178		2,406,046	2,690,345	2,452,723	3,096,285
1,750		561,703	100,150	422,628	44,438
 7,218,613		9,496,864	 9,387,800	 8,716,122	 10,031,248
7,210,013		7,170,001	7,507,000	0,710,122	10,031,210
11,550,673		11,706,574	10,984,177	11,353,474	12,356,387
-		-	-	-	90,817
 11,550,673		11,706,574	 10,984,177	 11,353,474	 12,447,204
18,769,286		21,203,438	20,371,977	20,069,596	22,478,452
(23,074,605)	((10,729,674)	(19,294,787)	(16,823,523)	(28,613,894)
 2,102,775		3,464,169	 (857,394)	 1,381,451	 1,264,779
 (20,971,830)		(7,265,505)	 (20,152,181)	 (15,442,072)	 (27,349,115)

continued...

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Property taxes	\$ 22,730,399	\$ 18,138,062	\$ 15,762,619	\$ 15,222,837	\$ 14,067,560
State shared revenues	-	3,622,093	3,438,471	2,937,911	3,040,964
Franchise fees	584,255	669,415	701,558	714,074	794,287
Investment earnings	318,845	73,560	60,045	60,524	51,382
Miscellaneous	8,561	51,411	(8,173)	-	-
Transfers	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
Total governmental activities	23,592,060	22,504,541	19,904,520	18,885,346	17,904,193
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	100,469	93,647	24,277	156	29,569
Other	-	· -	· -	-	, -
Transfers	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Special item	-	· -	· -	-	-
Total business-type activities	150,469	143,647	74,277	50,156	79,569
Total primary government	23,742,529	22,648,188	19,978,797	18,935,502	17,983,762
Change in net position					
Governmental activities	(2,709,564)	(903,481)	(3,827,488)	(5,121,705)	(3,658,011)
Business-type activities	1,180,973	495,145	2,029,645	1,259,136	916,879
Total primary government	\$ (1,528,591)	\$ (408,336)	\$ (1,797,843)	\$ (3,862,569)	\$ (2,741,132)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$	16,466,311	\$ 16,326,336	\$ 17,549,447	\$ 17,133,346	\$ 16,340,124
	3,134,336	3,197,425	3,288,744	3,329,476	3,556,332
	757,237	712,120	717,762	683,781	642,949
	33,512	48,071	248,056	102,322	120,820
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	 -	(50,000)	-	 -
	20,391,396	20,283,952	21,754,009	21,248,925	20,660,225
	17,315	16,381	61,434	25,044	23,870
	-	-	-	-	6,731
	-	-	50,000	-	-
	-	 -	-	-	 (2,850,000)
	17,315	 16,381	 111,434	 25,044	 (2,819,399)
	20,408,711	20,300,333	21,865,443	21,273,969	17,840,826
	<u> </u>		· · · · ·	 · · · · · ·	 <u> </u>
	(2,683,209)	9,554,278	2,459,222	4,425,402	(7,953,669)
	2,120,090	3,480,550	(745,960)	1,406,495	(1,554,620)
-		 	 , , , ,	 	
\$	(563,119)	\$ 13,034,828	\$ 1,713,262	\$ 5,831,897	\$ (9,508,289)

concluded.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013
General fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 90,444	\$ 191,983	\$	234,242	\$ 245,037	\$ 198,853
Unassigned	 2,029,085	 1,970,324		1,514,649	 312,162	 1,802,454
Total general fund	 2,119,529	 2,162,307	_	1,748,891	 557,199	 2,001,307
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable	23,368	33,737		25,396	22,815	16,255
Restricted	3,453,091	4,569,839		17,436,759	16,146,559	6,956,543
Assigned	784,216	835,683		1,082,319	1,413,109	1,642,112
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	 -		-	 -	
Total all other governmental funds	 4,260,675	 5,439,259		18,544,474	 17,582,483	 8,614,910
Total all governmental funds	\$ 6,380,204	\$ 7,601,566	\$	20,293,365	\$ 18,139,682	\$ 10,616,217

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 387,059 2,973,036	\$ 597,521 2,833,231	\$ 482,475 3,196,719	\$ 440,141 3,413,925	\$ 422,560 3,472,254
3,360,095	 3,430,752	3,679,194	3,854,066	3,894,814
702	246	1,842	461	61
4,887,899	4,317,193	4,585,574	3,632,049	4,640,051
1,419,099	2,002,675	1,907,456	1,944,357	2,083,209
(7,869)	(23,840)	(28,218)	(232,266)	(52,691)
6,299,831	6,296,274	6,466,654	5,344,601	6,670,630
 0,477,031	 0,270,274	 0,400,034	 J,3 44 ,001	 0,070,030
\$ 9,659,926	\$ 9,727,026	\$ 10,145,848	\$ 9,198,667	\$ 10,565,444

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 18,750,272	\$ 18,170,382	\$ 15,793,548	\$ 14,806,367	\$ 14,486,295
Special assessments	470,023	191,247	468,193	213,990	392,523
Licenses and permits	269,104	286,918	324,819	410,216	376,502
Intergovernmental	5,964,854	7,974,547	7,061,634	5,498,001	5,274,629
Charges for services	1,309,149	1,395,148	1,571,672	2,084,989	1,922,419
Fines and forfeitures	1,929,781	1,862,371	1,864,326	1,939,928	1,786,713
Interest income	342,713	77,613	122,813	59,080	50,674
Other	822,522	863,996	917,993	909,167	1,815,024
other	022,322	003,770	917,773	707,107	1,013,024
Total revenues	29,858,418	30,822,222	28,124,998	25,921,738	26,104,779
Expenditures					
Judicial	2,135,060	2,135,210	2,060,494	2,068,527	1,670,645
General government	4,342,750	4,261,390	3,862,062	4,020,488	3,708,268
Public safety	10,087,745	9,699,945	9,444,711	8,463,849	6,829,039
Road maintenance and repair	1,480,601	1,357,550	1,510,941	1,175,485	1,282,793
Public works	2,698,244	2,517,367	2,056,929	2,153,619	2,253,710
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	1,157,626	1,045,643	918,526	866,830	600,876
Library	820,483	850,138	668,867	3,293,302	702,671
Community development	281,927	1,218,937	1,611,291	815,551	549,543
Nondepartmental	2,745,727	2,735,006	2,735,439	2,804,481	2,691,078
Debt service:					
Principal	1,695,000	1,700,000	1,295,000	1,420,000	1,230,000
Interest	1,076,660	1,038,320	1,207,578	1,440,644	1,493,206
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	64,220
Prior year tax refunds	-	-	-	11,131	648,227
Capital outlay	3,227,400	991,354	1,338,008	883,378	9,812,695
Total expenditures	31,749,223	29,550,860	28,709,846	29,417,285	33,536,971
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,890,805)	1,271,362	(584,848)	(3,495,547)	(7,432,192)
011 5					
Other financing sources (uses)			12 224 4 7		0.450.000
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	13,326,647	-	9,150,000
Premium on issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	160,579
Payment to refund bond escrow agent	-	-	-	2 500 000	(9,160,000)
Issuance of capital lease	2 402 242	2 474 424		2,500,000	-
Transfers in	2,492,312	2,476,424	2,476,424	2,919,289	11,704,946
Transfers out	(2,542,312)	(2,526,424)	(2,526,424)	(2,969,289)	(11,939,946)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(50,000)	13,276,647	2,450,000	(84,421)
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (1,940,805)	\$ 1,221,362	\$ 12,691,799	\$ (1,045,547)	\$ (7,516,613)
Debt services as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	9.72%	9.59%	9.14%	10.03%	11.61%

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	16,422,482	\$	16,292,076	\$	16,997,519	\$	17,239,139	\$	16,750,759
7	133,052	Ţ	525,492	Ţ	334,150	7	531,443	7	526,728
	363,301		546,585		633,468		516,630		688,406
	5,336,577		6,121,119		6,008,506		6,142,814		6,586,789
	2,188,756		2,857,318		2,499,661		2,094,312		2,229,414
	1,803,694		2,056,122		2,200,334		1,986,362		2,334,141
	33,146		47,385		244,144		100,369		120,111
	1,284,806		1,299,773		1,682,787		1,408,372		1,806,222
	1,201,000		1,277,773	_	1,002,707		1, 100,372		1,000,222
	27,565,814		29,745,870		30,600,569		30,019,441		31,042,570
	1,946,216		1,950,499		2,384,920		2,099,767		2,169,253
	3,284,804		3,613,552		3,562,498		4,007,155		3,498,671
	5,557,392		8,447,856		8,771,838		9,391,416		10,236,280
	1,753,709		1,756,810		2,161,235		3,818,001		2,184,807
	2,970,801		3,616,070		3,092,354		791,087		757,240
	-		-		-		2,498,707		2,726,238
	591,912		570,403		544,721		656,008		666,885
	727,789		738,863		766,733		827,630		805,382
	600,913		593,951		677,202		520,597		619,909
	5,214,184		3,944,438		4,681,648		3,069,226		3,396,046
	, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
	1,360,000		1,400,000		1,641,000		1,455,000		1,495,000
	1,211,564		1,175,121		1,425,436		1,022,022		980,695
	-		-		-		-		-
	109,740		382,611		-		-		-
	3,193,081		1,161,178		755,044		810,006		134,188
	28,522,105		29,351,352		30,464,629		30,966,622		29,670,594
	(956,291)		394,518		135,940		(947,181)		1,371,976
					7 025 000				
	-		-		7,825,000		-		-
	-		-		796,882		-		-
	-		-		(8,289,000)		-		-
	- 2,695,253		- 2,153,584		- 11,107,393		2,125,068		- 2,568,991
	(2,695,253)		(2,153,584)		(11,157,393)		(2,125,068)		(2,568,991)
	(2,073,233)	_	(2,133,304)		(11,137,373)		(2,123,000)		(2,300,771)
					282,882				
\$	(956,291)	\$	394,518	\$	418,822	\$	(947,181)	\$	1,371,976
	10.54%		9.15%		10.58%		9.09%		8.45%
_				_		=		_	

Taxable and Estimated Actual Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real Property			
Year Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Personal	Total
June 30,	Property	Property	Property	Property	Taxable Value
2018	\$ 303,162,780	\$ 97,241,660	\$ 24,980,660	\$ 33,550,020	\$ 458,935,120
2017	293,941,530	95,836,930	19,829,100	30,565,350	440,172,910
2016	289,174,450	97,946,090	17,119,170	32,054,990	436,294,700
2015	283,412,310	99,570,910	17,124,830	32,106,170	432,214,220
2014	280,856,040	101,354,490	17,629,760	34,403,540	434,243,830
2013	312,688,580	107,596,610	18,982,270	35,705,130	474,972,590
2012	358,677,900	115,935,490	23,383,320	33,460,080	531,456,790
2011	427,200,170	99,543,660	60,865,560	36,210,100	623,819,490
2010	496,759,030	110,469,460	69,924,120	37,535,040	714,687,650
2009	511,737,180	109,204,400	70,406,640	37,226,110	728,574,330

Source: City of Oak Park Assessing Department

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable value.

Schedule 5 Unaudited

Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Taxable Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
36.1688	\$1,170,692,040	39.20%
36.9308	1,037,375,040	42.43%
37.6060	945,379,900	46.15%
37.1191	871,556,740	49.59%
36.8734	866,136,280	50.14%
29.8398	948,753,780	50.06%
27.2386	1,257,602,340	42.26%
24.5191	1,288,399,640	48.42%
24.6863	1,629,550,940	43.86%
24.6704	1,816,037,880	40.12%

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of taxable value)

Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Library	Debt Service	Solid Waste	PA 345	Total Direct
2018: Homestead (1) 2018: Non-homestead	19.7007	1.4690	5.1950	2.9088	6.8953	36.1688 36.1688
2017: Homestead (1) 2017: Non-homestead	19.8959	1.4836	5.6500	2.9377	6.9636	36.9308 36.9308
2016: Homestead (1) 2016: Non-homestead	20.0000	1.4914	6.1615	2.9531	7.0000	37.6060 37.6060
2015: Homestead (1) 2015: Non-homestead	20.0000	1.4914	6.2017	2.9531	6.4729	37.1191 37.1191
2014: Homestead (1) 2014: Non-homestead	20.0000	1.4914	5.9560	2.9531	6.4729	36.8734 36.8734
2013: Homestead (1) 2013: Non-homestead	20.0000	1.4914	5.3953	2.9531	-	29.8398 29.8398
2012: Homestead (1) 2012: Non-homestead	18.8563	1.4914	4.4378	2.4531	-	27.2386 27.2386
2011: Homestead (1) 2011: Non-homestead	17.3563	0.9914	3.7183	2.4531	-	24.5191 24.5191
2010: Homestead (1) 2010: Non-homestead	17.3563	0.9914	3.8855	2.4531	-	24.6863 24.6863
2009: Homestead (1) 2009: Non-homestead	17.3563	0.9914	3.8696	2.4531	-	24.6704 24.6704

Source: City of Oak Park Treasury Department

⁽¹⁾ The State of Michigan passed a Property Tax Reform measure in 1994 which reduced property taxes for property owners who reside at the property (homestead). This reform created a two tiered tax system which accounts for the presentation above.

:	School Districts	i			Total Rates	Total Rates for Residents Residing I		
			Community		Oak Park School	Ferndale School	Berkley School	
Oak Park	Ferndale	Berkley	College	County	District	District	District	
8.9991	8.2313	7.6843	1.5431	13.3213	60.0323	59.2645	58.7175	
26.9991	26.2313	25.3465	1.5431	13.3213	78.0323	77.2645	76.3797	
9.4592	8.3000	7.7148	1.5707	9.1248	57.0855	55.9263	55.3411	
27.4592	26.3000	25.7148	1.5707	9.1248	75.0855	73.9263	73.3411	
15.5000	13.0000	13.7269	1.5819	9.2081	63.8960	61.3960	62.1229	
33.5000	31.0000	31.7269	1.5819	9.2081	81.8960	79.3960	80.1229	
17.8912	15.3662	13.0788	1.5844	7.5590	64.1537	61.6287	59.3413	
36.0712	33.5462	31.2588	1.5844	7.5590	82.3337	79.8087	77.5213	
17.1251	13.5901	11.3042	1.5844	7.5590	63.1419	59.6069	57.3210	
35.3051	31.7701	29.4842	1.5844	7.5590	81.3219	77.7869	75.5010	
17.0682	13.5332	11.2270	1.5844	8.9051	57.3975	53.8625	51.5563	
35.2482	31.7132	29.4070	1.5844	8.9051	75.5775	72.0425	69.7363	
15.5252	13.5052	11.1788	1.5844	8.9051	53.2533	51.2333	48.9069	
33.7052	31.6852	29.3588	1.5844	8.9051	71.4333	69.4133	67.0869	
14.6800	13.4780	10.6668	1.5844	8.7051	49.4886	48.2866	45.4754	
31.8600	31.6580	28.8468	1.5844	8.7051	66.6686	66.4666	63.6554	
13.4494	13.4796	10.6685	1.5844	8.7051	48.4252	48.4554	45.6443	
31.6294	31.6596	28.8485	1.5844	8.7051	66.6052	66.6354	63.8243	
13.4492	13.4795	10.6684	1.5844	8.4905	48.1945	48.2248	45.4137	
31.6292	31.6595	28.8484	1.5844	8.4905	66.3745	66.4048	63.5937	

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2009			2018	
	Taxable		Percentage	Taxable		Percentage
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	of Total	Value	Rank	of Total
Spirit Realty, L.P.	\$ -	-	-	\$ 8,872,300	1	1.93%
FEDEX	-	-	-	7,407,150	2	1.61%
DTE Electric Company	3,669,440	9	0.50%	6,678,690	3	1.46%
Lincoln Towers Apartments, LLP	6,506,500	3	0.89%	5,401,270	4	1.18%
Consumers Energy Company	-	-	-	4,964,090	5	1.08%
Oak Park Crown Pointe, LLC	-	-	-	4,925,900	6	1.07%
Village Green Companies	6,434,950	4	0.88%	4,669,130	7	1.02%
Barton Malow Contracting	-	-	-	4,505,880	8	0.98%
Oak Park Manor MI, LLC	4,867,690	7	0.67%	3,660,730	9	0.80%
Teitel JSL LTD Dividend Housing Dev.	-	-	-	2,817,700	10	0.61%
Detroit Square Properties, LLC	9,684,600	1	1.33%	-	-	-
Jewish Federation Apartments	8,088,780	2	1.11%	-	-	-
Parkwoods Shopping Plaza, LLC	5,966,600	5	0.82%	-	-	-
Greenfield Lincoln Inv. #2, LLC	5,738,800	6	0.79%	-	-	-
Oakmont Properties	3,881,730	8	0.53%	-	-	-
Lincoln Center	3,408,040	10	0.47%		-	
	\$58,247,130		7.99%	\$53,902,840		11.75%

Source: City of Oak Park Assessing Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Year o		Subsequent	Total Collect	tions to Date
	for the Fiscal		% of	Years		% of
Year	Year	Amount	Levy	Collections	Amount	Levy
2018	\$ 16,611,438	\$ 15,521,142	93.44%	\$ 64,571	\$ 15,585,713	93.83%
2017	16,255,214	15,211,479	93.58%	109,269	15,320,748	94.25%
2016	16,301,611	15,088,697	92.56%	63,360	15,152,057	92.95%
2015	16,104,874	15,031,406	93.33%	94,188	15,125,594	93.92%
2014	16,260,957	14,955,242	91.97%	109,923	15,065,165	92.65%
2013	15,138,509	13,946,023	92.12%	101,563	14,047,586	92.79%
2012	14,899,108	13,746,273	92.26%	81,518	13,827,791	92.81%
2011	15,658,581	14,363,567	91.73%	95,810	14,459,377	92.34%
2010	18,708,879	16,964,827	90.68%	81,685	17,046,512	91.11%
2009	19,029,345	17,269,947	90.75%	113,244	17,383,191	91.35%

Source: City of Oak Park Treasury Department

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General			Water		% of	
Ending	Obligation	Unamortized	Capital	Revenue	Total Primary	Personal	Per
June 30,	Bonds	Premium	Lease	Bonds	Government	Income	Capita
2018	\$ 24,495,000	\$ 790,993	\$ 2,070,000	\$ 6,176,389	\$ 33,532,382	67.32%	\$ 1,143.71
2017	25,915,000	854,155	2,145,000	7,140,320	36,054,475	75.96%	1,229.73
2016	27,295,000	917,317	2,220,000	8,081,332	38,513,649	79.74%	1,286.26
2015	29,330,000	-	2,290,000	9,008,845	40,628,845	84.08%	1,390.20
2014	30,660,000	140,507	2,360,000	9,892,544	43,053,051	80.52%	1,463.64
2013	31,950,000	150,543	2,430,000	10,754,639	45,285,182	93.11%	1,544.57
2012	33,120,000	-	2,500,000	12,510,082	48,130,082	99.29%	1,641.60
2011	34,540,000	-	-	13,697,003	48,237,003	99.06%	1,645.25
2010	22,410,000	-	-	14,315,803	36,725,803	75.42%	1,252.63
2009	24,110,000	-	-	15,066,183	39,176,183	80.45%	1,209.18

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General	Unamortized	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service		% of Estimated Actual Taxable	Per
Ending June 30,	Obligation Bonds	Premium	Funds	Total	Value of Property	Capita
Litating Surie 30,	Dorius	Tremium	ranas	rotai	value of Troperty	oupitu
2018	\$24,495,000	\$ 790,993	\$ 496,311	\$24,789,682	5.40%	\$ 846
2017	25,915,000	854,155	400,299	26,368,856	5.94%	892
2016	27,295,000	917,317	436,883	27,775,434	6.18%	920
2015	29,330,000	130,471	337,729	29,122,742	6.71%	989
2014	30,660,000	140,507	-	30,800,507	7.01%	1,039
2013	31,950,000	150,543	-	32,100,543	6.72%	1,090
2012	33,120,000	-	-	33,120,000	6.21%	1,126
2011	34,540,000	-	-	34,540,000	5.43%	1,156
2010	22,410,000	-	-	22,410,000	3.02%	736
2009	24,110,000	-	-	24,110,000	3.20%	796

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2018

	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City *	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct City of Oak Park	\$ 27,355,993	100.00%	\$ 27,355,993
Overlapping			
Berkley School District	57,390,000	10.65%	6,112,035
Ferndale School District	42,909,941	11.29%	4,844,532
Oak Park School District	7,990,000	75.91%	6,065,209
Oakland County (at-large)	340,795,795	0.85%	2,896,764
Oakland Intermediate School District	44,695,000	0.85%	379,908
			20,298,448
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 47,654,441

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at lease in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Oak Park. This process recognized that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

^{*} Amount supplied by Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan.

Schedule 12 Unaudited

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years				
Assessed value			\$	585,346,020
Legal debt limit (10% of SEV)			\$	58,534,602
Legal debt tillit (10% of 3EV)			Ş	36,334,602
Gross indebtedness Amount available in debt service funds	\$	27,355,993		
Net bonded debt	_	(496,311)		26,859,682
Legal debt margin			\$	31,674,920
Net bonded debt as a percentage of assessed value				4.59%

Fiscal Year		Debt Limit		Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	[Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2040	¢	E0 E34 (03	÷	24 050 402	ċ	24 (74 020	45.00%
2018	\$	58,534,602	\$	26,859,682	\$	31,674,920	45.89%
2017		51,868,752		27,442,706		24,426,046	52.91%
2016		47,268,995		29,078,117		18,190,878	61.52%
2015		43,577,837		31,292,468		12,285,369	71.81%
2014		43,306,814		32,803,885		10,502,929	75.75%
2013		47,437,689		35,438,601		11,999,088	74.71%
2012		53,202,679		33,885,602		19,317,077	63.69%
2011		64,419,982		21,574,317		42,845,665	33.49%
2010		81,477,547		23,325,784		58,151,763	28.63%
2009		90,844,906		25,161,839		65,683,067	27.70%

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Revenue Bond Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Gross Revenue	Expenses Net of Depreciation and Interest	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Total Debt Service Requirement	Coverage
2018	\$ 12,477,805	\$ 10,206,511	\$ 2,271,294	\$ 983,501	2.31
2017	11,504,380	9,002,977	2,501,403	963,931	2.60
2016	11,076,829	9,513,741	1,563,088	941,012	1.66
2015	11,756,573	9,221,737	2,534,836	1,144,100	2.22
2014	11,550,673	8,527,198	3,023,475	1,147,399	2.64
2013	10,985,124	9,204,993	1,780,131	1,550,517	1.15
2012	10,726,423	8,500,899	2,225,524	1,552,305	1.43
2011	10,676,880	8,091,387	2,585,493	1,523,214	1.70
2010	9,148,095	8,094,665	1,053,430	1,552,893	0.68
2009	9,050,017	7,304,931	1,745,086	1,493,798	1.17

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Note: This schedule represents the enterprise fund revenue available to cover additional potential debt, after first covering enterprise fund expenses and existing debt (Kuhn Drain bonds). As of June 30, 2018, the City had no revenue bonds outstanding.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population	ersonal ncome	P	er Capita ersonal ncome	Median Age	Unemployment Rate
2018	29,319	\$ 49,811	\$	23,092	34.6	5.70%
2017	29,319	47,463		22,059	37.8	5.80%
2016	29,319	47,292		22,143	36.8	7.90%
2015	29,319	48,476		21,677	37.1	8.10%
2014	29,319	53,297		22,486	38.2	11.30%
2013	29,319	48,476		23,242	38.6	13.50%
2012	29,319	48,697		21,677	34.6	14.40%
2011	29,319	48,697		21,677	34.6	16.20%
2010	29,319	48,697		21,677	34.6	18.70%
2009	32,399	48,697		21,677	34.6	20.60%

Source: Michigan Bureau of Labor Market Information and Strategic Initiatives

This page intentionally left blank.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2009			2018	
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment
1 -9	1		1	1		1
Barton Malow Company	=	-	-	795	1	5.15%
EJS USA, Inc.	-	-	-	500	2	3.24%
Easter Seals - Michigan	=	-	-	400	3	2.59%
Oak Park School District	485	1	2.81%	392	4	2.54%
Home Depot Measurement Services	-	-	-	300	5	1.94%
Fed Ex	=	-	-	251	6	1.63%
City of Oak Park	227	2	1.32%	209	7	1.35%
Berkely School District	=	-	-	198	8	1.28%
Hewson Van Hellemont PC	-	-	-	130	9	0.84%
Ringside Creative LLC	=	-	-	111	10	0.72%
Jewish Federation Apartments	130	3	0.75%	=	-	-
Detroit Square Properties	105	4	0.61%	=	-	-
Lincoln Towers Apartments	99	5	0.57%	-	-	-
Detroit Edison	98	6	0.57%	=	-	-
Parkwoods Shopping Plaza	98	7	0.57%	=	-	-
Huntington Gardens, Village Green Mgmt.	97	8	0.56%	-	-	-
Symtec Manufacturing	96	9	0.56%	-	-	-
CBS, Inc.	95	10	0.55%	-	-	
	1,530		8.87%	3,286		21.28%

Source: City of Oak Park Community & Economic Development

Full-time Equivalent Employees by Department / Union Group Last Ten Fiscal Years

Dan auton aut // Inian	2009	2010	2011	2012
Department/Union Full-time	2009	2010	2011	2012
Council	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
City Manager	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
Information Technology	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
City Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community & Economic Development	-	-	-	-
City Clerk	4.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
Finance & Administrative Services	17.00	15.00	13.00	11.00
Technical & Planning Services	13.00	13.00	12.00	10.00
Public Information	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public Safety	78.00	74.00	73.00	68.00
Public Works	26.00	26.00	24.00	24.00
Recreation	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Library	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.00
District Court 45-B / Probation	25.00	27.00	27.00	23.00
District Court 45-b / Probation	189.00	184.00	176.00	161.00
	107.00	104.00	170.00	101.00
Part-time				
City Manager	_	_	0.12	0.12
City Attorney	_	_	-	-
Prosecuting Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community & Economic Development	-	-	-	-
City Clerk	_	0.50	0.50	0.50
Technical & Planning Services	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Public Information	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
Public Works	3.17	3.17	3.17	3.17
Recreation	21.10	21.10	20.35	20.35
Library	4.50	4.50	3.75	3.75
District Court 45-B / Probation	2.40	0.70	0.70	1.70
2.52.150 Codic 15 B / 1 Tobactori	37.92	36.72	35.34	36.34
				33.31
Total	226.92	220.72	211.34	197.34

Note: The amounts presented under part-time workers represent full-time equivalents (FTE) and not actual positions. FTEs equalizes part-time hours to that of a full-time worker in a like position. For example a part-time worker who works 30 hours in a office that normally works 40 hours would be recorded at .75 FTE (30 hours / 40 hours = .75 FTE).

Schedule 16 Unaudited

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
1.00	1.00	2.00	-	2.00	2.00
1.00	-	-	_		-
-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
10.00	10.00	11.00	10.00	11.00	11.00
9.00	11.00	12.50	14.00	16.50	16.50
2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
57.00	59.00	59.00	59.00	61.00	62.00
21.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	24.00	24.00
2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00
22.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00
139.00	147.00	150.50	152.00	158.50	163.50
-	0.63	-	0.73	0.73	-
-	-	0.56	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	•	0.50	0.50	0.45
-	-	•	-	-	-
0.50	2.97	2.38	-	-	-
-	-	-	0.70	-	-
5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
1.67	2.37	2.27	2.27	4.79	3.97
20.35	20.87	20.35	20.35	20.35	20.35
2.50	5.24	6.56	2.90	5.12	5.03
2.70	4.45	4.00	4.00	3.50	1.20
32.97	41.78	41.37	36.70	40.24	36.25
171.97	188.78	191.87	188.70	198.74	199.75

continued...

Full-time Equivalent Employees by Department / Union Group Last Ten Fiscal Years

Department/Union	2009	2010	2011	2012
Full-time Personnel by Salary Classification Legislative	5	5	5	5
Exempt	11	11	11	10
Supervisory	13	13	13	13
Administrative	5	5	5	4
TPOAM	59	56	56	43
POAM	51	47	47	45
COAM	14	14	14	13
Dispatch	6	6	6	5
District Court 45-B	25	27	27	23
	189	184	184	161

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Schedule 16 Unaudited

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
5	5	5	5	5	5
11	10	10	11	12	12
10	11	11	11	11	11
6	5	5	5	6	7
33	38	41.50	43	43.50	43.50
34	38	37	37	38	39
13	12	12	12	14	14
5	5	5	5	6	6
22	23	24	23	23	23
139	147	150.50	152.00	158.50	160.50

concluded.

Operating Indicators by Function / Department

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Public Safety					
Hazardous violations	4,060	3,428	3,624	3,624	2,409
Total violations	11,171	10,122	9,473	9,473	9,473
EMS requests	2,305	2,533	2,423	2,423	2,389
Traffic crashes	730	659	655	655	593
Technical & Planning Services					
Number of building permits	582	526	526	526	649
Value of building permits	\$ 6,143,751	\$ 4,560,779	\$ 4,560,779	\$ 4,560,779	\$13,015,549
Library					
Residents with library cards	17,400	18,268	18,916	18,916	19,062
Items available	105,750	105,720	94,939	94,939	103,021
Health and Sanitation					
Tons of solid waste recycled	826.00	818.00	793.00	793.00	762.00
Water System					
Water Rate Per Unit	\$ 2.76	\$ 3.02	\$ 3.12	\$ 3.27	\$ 3.27

Source: City of Oak Park Public Safety Department Source: City of Oak Park Technical & Planning Department

Source: City of Oak Park Library

Source: SOCRRA

Source: City of Oak Park Water & Sewer Department

Schedule 17 Unaudited

2014	2015		2016		2017		2018
2,057	2,3	76	2,093	3	2,736		3,670
6,941	7,4	49	5,784	1	7,152		9,813
2,408	2,50	51	2,445	5	2,547		2,535
648	68	38	746	5	727		719
468	7:	55	692	2	713		792
\$ 8,184,966	\$14,450,3	58	\$25,085,257	7	\$ 9,270,250	\$1	12,426,781
19,800	20,12	22	19,464	1	19,483		13,174
104,924	104,6	48	98,742	2	106,092		87,571
,	ŕ		,		,		,
817.00	786.0	00	895.00)	885.00		951.00
\$ 3.41	\$ 3.5	54	\$ 3.85	5	\$ 3.93	\$	4.17

Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Department Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Public Safety					
Vehicles assigned	29	34	38	33	37
Public Works					
Vehicles assigned	38	42	42	42	41
Number of buildings	4	4	4	4	5
Road Maintenance and Repair					
Miles of major streets	20.72	20.72	21	21	21
Miles of local streets	65.33	65.33	65.33	65.33	65.33
Water & Sewer System					
Miles of water mains	115	115	115	115	115
Miles of sewers	80.64	80.64	80.64	80.64	80.64
Recreation					
Swimming pool	1	1	1	1	1
City parks	10	10	10	10	10
Park acreage	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8

Source: City of Oak Park Finance Department

Schedule 18 Unaudited

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
36	27	26	36	39
42	45	49	50	53
5	5	5	5	5
21	18.35	18.35	18.35	18.35
65.33	65.94	65.94	65.94	65.94
115	115	115	115	115
80.64	80.64	80.64	80.64	80.64
1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	10	10
109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8	109.8

This page intentionally left blank.



Rehmann Robson

675 Robinson Rd. Jackson, MI 49203 Ph: 517.787.6503 Fx: 517.788.8111 rehmann.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 17, 2018

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Oak Park, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Oak Park, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Lobson LLC