ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Honorable Mayor, Court issisters and City Manager City of Franklin, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have a salined the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major final and the aggregate remaining final information of the City of Fracklin, Kertnety (City) as of and for the year moded June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as fixed in the table of contents.

Mauagement's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management in responsible for the preparative and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control televant to be preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to finance or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial americans based on our andis. We conclused our andis in accordance with andiring standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial surfaints contained in 6th arcordance America and in 6th arcordance America States. Those standards require that we plus and positions the annix to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial astematoms are free from material insistencement.

An main implies performing procedures to obtain sucisi evidence about the assections and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the molitar's judgment, including the assections of the risks of natural indistances of the financial statements, whether due to final or error, in making these risk assessments, the audient considers internal control relevant to the entirely a reportation and his presentation of the function statements in order to design sucidar procedures that are appropriate in the electronistances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opision on the effectiveness of the order's is internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. As soofs also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the social evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, is all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the bosiness-type activities, each major fand, and the aggregate remaining fixed information of the City of Franklin, Kernocky, us of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where agglestick, each flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with recovering principles generally accepted in the United States of Atomics.

The Henerakie Mayor, Commissioners and City Manager City of Frankin, Kentucky Page Two

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally sportners on Accounting principles generally scorpted in the United States of America require that the trianagesteem's discussion and marginist on pages 33 - 30, General Fand badgetury computation schedule on pages 73 - 76, infrastructure condition and marketmake data on page 77, OFEB schedules of funding progress at a employer contribution and pages 73 - 79, and promise schedules on appeas 80 - 81 be personated to appointment the basic financial statements, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers in to be an esternating part of financial reporting for playing the basic financial statements is an appropriate operational, commonly, or historical context. We have applied certain Embody procedures to the required supplementary information and comparing the information and the management is response to our positive, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our solder for basic financial statements. We do not express an optimism of provide any assumance.

Our ands was conducted for the purpose of forming cycleious on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and tecenological midrishand from statements and exhibited on pages 12 – 33 sees presented for purposes of additional enabyless and are not a regarded part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual normajor find financial statements and proprietary finds budgetary comparison schedules are the respectivity of sunsuperson and were derived from and relate directly to the moletyles accounting and other records used to propose the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the adding procedures applied in the mater of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the adding procedure applied in the material of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, inchaing comparing and other records said to private the basic financial statements for to the basic financial statements and other records said approaches its accordance with audicing standards pecentify accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all materials respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In secondance with Government Audzing Sundanity, on have also issued our report dated February 9, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, receivable and sparse and effort matter. The purpose of that report is to describe the score of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of our another province in accordance with Government Audzing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting or our considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kely More UP Bowling Green, Keransky February 9, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- · Government-wide financial statements.
- Fund financial statements
- · Notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in eash flows in future fiscal periods, e.g., depreciation and carned but tunued yeastion leave.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, administrative services, financial services, police, fire, public works, community development and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater, sewer collection and rehabilitation, sanitation, fiber optic services and related support departments which comprise the Utility Fund. The City does not have any component units, e.g., where the City has control over the income and expenses of the entity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources which have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories; governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

City of Franklin, Kentucky Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

As management of the City of Franklin (City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the information contained in the Accountants' Reports and Financial Statements and Supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,934,951 and \$32,274,375 for the prior fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental activities reported ending net position of \$15,680,230 which includes unrestricted net position of \$1,091,671. Respectively for the prior fiscal year, \$12,333,721 of net position and (\$1,428,749) of unrestricted net position. In FY2015, the most significant cause for the change in unrestricted net position was the implementation of OASB 68, regarding the recording of the City's net pension liability, discussed in length in Note 9 of the Financial Statements. In FY2016, the most significant cause for the increase in unrestricted net position was the sale of the City's Fiber Optics Program to the Franklin Electric Plant Board for \$2,500,000.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,677,623 with \$2,572,104 for the prior fiscal year.
- For the year ended June 30, 2016, total debt decreased by a net amount of \$863,562 during the year. For the prior fiscal year, total debt decreased by \$857,467 during the year due to principal reductions.
- The City had total revenues of \$13,833,558 for the year ended June 30, 2016 which includes: program revenues (charges for service) of \$7,071,001, operating grants and contributions of \$436,832, and general revenues of \$6,323,723. The City had total expenses of \$11,949,941 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Comparatively, the City had total revenues of \$12,858,683 for the year ended June 30, 2015 which includes: program revenues (charges for service) of \$6,569,197, operating grants and contributions of \$330,598, capital grants and contributions of \$50,000 and general revenues of \$50,908,888. The City had total expenses of \$11,503,379 for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- The City's total capital outlays were \$2,498,482 for the current fiscal year and \$926,997 for the prior fiscal year. For the Governmental Funds, capital outlays were \$560,436 for the current fiscal year and \$138,435 for the prior fiscal year. For the Proprietary Funds, capital outlays for the current fiscal year were \$1,938,046 and the prior fiscal year of \$788,562.

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Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are included in the governmental fund type. These funds use the modified accrual accounting basis, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to each. The general fund, special revenue funds and permanent funds are all governmental type funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds, in general, charge customers for the services that are provided. These funds use a long-term financial accounting approach, full occural basis and provide additional information in the statement of cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 72 of this report

Government-wide Analysis

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 reporting model was implemented in fiscal year 2004.

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$33,934,951 for the current fiscal year and \$32,274,375 at the close of the prior fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (85%) is its investment in capital assets, e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to equire those assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Only the uncestricted net position of the City may be used to meet the government's engoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

| | | 2016 Net Position | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
| Current and other assets | \$ 10,778,437 | \$ 5,557,013 | \$16,335,450 |
| Capital assets | 14.274.350 | 19.295,552 | 33_569,902 |
| Total assets | 25.052.787 | 24.852.565 | 49.935.352 |
| Defenred amount on refunding bonds | | 115.227 | 115,227 |
| CERS pension contributions | 945,494 | 293,657 | 1,239,151 |
| Total deferred outflows | 945,494 | 4(8.831 | 1.354.378 |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 4,453,692 | 4,762,450 | 9,216,142 |
| Net CERS pension leability | 5,218,013 | 1,490,118 | 6,708,131 |
| Other liabilities | 612.597 | 744.347 | 1.356.944 |
| Total liabilities | 10,284,302 | 6.936,915 | 17.281,217 |
| CERS net pension investment difference | 33,749 | 9.813 | 43.552 |
| Total deferred inflows | 33,749 | 9,813 | 43,562 |
| Net position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted | 13,903,901 | 15,243,615 | 29,147,516 |
| Expendable - Highways & Streets | 175,277 | _ | 175,277 |
| Expendable - Debt service & capital activity | · - | 1,188,997 | 1,188.997 |
| Nonexpendable - Perpetual Care | 502,381 | | 509,381 |
| Unrestricted | 1.091.671 | 1.822.169 | 2.913.780 |
| Total net position | \$ 15.691,230 | <u>\$ 18.254.721</u> | \$33.934.95 <u>1</u> |

| | | 2015 Net Position | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
| | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 7.600,671 | \$ 5,124,813 | \$12,725,484 |
| Capital assets | 14.090,693 | 21.826,638 | 35.917,331 |
| Total assets | 21,691,364 | 26,951,451 | 48.642.815 |
| Defensed amount on refunding bonds | _ | 121,762 | 121,762 |
| CERS pension contributions | 523,845 | 149,647 | 673.492 |
| Total deferred outflows | 523,845 | 271,409 | 795,254 |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 4,858,141 | 5,150,271 | 10,008,412 |
| Net CERS pension liability | 4,033,692 | 1.152.309 | 5,186,001 |
| Other fishilities | 562.641 | 857,640 | 1,420,281 |
| Yotal liabilities | 9.454.474 | 7.160.220 | 16.614.694 |
| CERS net pension investment difference | 427,014 | 121,986 | 549,000 |
| Total deferred inflows | 427,014 | 121.986 | 549.000 |
| Net position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 12,754,883 | 17,333,358 | 30,088,241 |
| Restricted | 1,007,587 | 1.181.055 | 2,188,642 |
| Unrestricted | (1,428.749) | 1.426.241 | (2.508) |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 12 333.721</u> | <u>\$ 19.940.654</u> | <u>\$ 32 274 375</u> |

| | 2016 Changes in Net Position | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | Governmental | | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | |
| | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Program revenues | £ 1.055.000 | £ 2011071 | £ 7.671.601 | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,256,939 436,832 | \$ 5,814,071 | \$ 7,071,001 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 430,332 | _ | 436,832 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | - | - | - | |
| General revenues | 000.101 | | 033.101 | |
| Property taxes | 992,101 | - | 992,101 | |
| Occupational fees | 2,182,981 | - | 2,182,931 | |
| Insurance premium fees | 1,518,542 | - | 1,518,542 | |
| Franchise fees | 86,834 | | 86,834 | |
| Business liceuse fees | 745,688 | | 745,688 | |
| Interest income | 34,579 | 5,841 | 40,420 | |
| Miscellaneous income | 384,970 | 113,044 | 498,014 | |
| Gain (loss) on the sale of assets | (40,278) | 302,023 | 261,745 | |
| Transfers | 2 500,000 | (2.500,000) | | |
| Total revenues and transfers | 10.698.579 | 3.734,979 | 13,833.558 | |
| Expenses | | | | |
| General government | 1,829,143 | - | 1,829,143 | |
| Public surety | 2.524,387 | _ | 2,524,387 | |
| Public services | 1,417,270 | _ | 1,417,270 | |
| Community and cultural | 678,036 | _ | 678,036 | |
| Interest expense on long-term debt | 122.3\$) | 129,513 | 251.893 | |
| Water and wastera ster | | 4,380,694 | 4,380,694 | |
| Sanitation | - | 868.518 | 858,518 | |
| Fiber Optic | | | | |
| Total expenses | 6,571,216 | 5378,725 | 11.949.941 | |
| Change in nel position | 3,527,363 | (1.643,746) | 1,883,617 | |
| Net position, beginning of year | 12,333,721 | 19,940,654 | 32,274,375 | |
| Prior period adjustment | (180.854) | (42_187) | (223.041) | |
| Net position, beginning of year, restated | 12_152_867 | 19.898.467 | 32.051.334 | |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 15,680,230 | \$ 18,254,721 | \$ 33,934,951 | |

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| | 2015 Changes in Net Position | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
| Revenues | | | |
| Program reversies | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,024,368 | \$ 5,544,829 | \$ 6,569,197 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 330,598 | _ | 330,598 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| General revenues | | | |
| Property taxes | 942,720 | - | 940,720 |
| Occupational fees | 2,073,342 | - | 2,073,342 |
| Insurance promium fees | 1,513,805 | - | 1,513,805 |
| Franchise fees | 100,036 | - | 100,096 |
| Business license fees | 740,107 | _ | 740,107 |
| Interest income | 4,378 | 6,663 | 11,041 |
| Miscellaneous income | 412,492 | 113,719 | 526,211 |
| Gain on the sale of assets | 2,561 | 1,005 | 3,566 |
| Trथार्जकड | (245_108) | 246,108 | |
| Total revenues and transfers | 6.8%359 | 5.962.324 | _12.858.683 |
| Expenses | | | |
| General government | 1,590,309 | - | 1,590,309 |
| Public safety | 2.210,640 | | 2,210,640 |
| Public services | 1.272,622 | _ | 1,272,622 |
| Community and cultural | 686,836 | _ | 686,836 |
| Interest expense on long-term debt | 133,341 | 138,555 | 271.836 |
| Water and wastewater | 133,341 | 4,053,413 | 4.053.413 |
| Sanitation | _ | 860,018 | 860.018 |
| Fiber Optic | | <u>557,645</u> | 557.645 |
| Total expenses | 5.893.748 | 5.609,631 | 11,503,379 |
| Change in net position | 1,002,611 | 352,693 | 1,355,304 |
| Net position, beginning of year Change in accounting principle- | 15,472,916 | 20,771,155 | 36,244,071 |
| GASB468 | (_4.141.806) | (_1.183,194) | (5325,000) |
| Net position, beginning of year, restated | 11,331,110 | 19,587,961 | 30,919,071 |
| Net position, end of year | \$.12333.721 | \$.19.940.654 | \$ 32 274.375 |

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

On.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$6,847,510 compared to \$3,598,592 for the prior fiscal year. The City's major sources of revenues are insurance premium fees, payroll occupational fees and property taxes. The fund balances primarily represents the accumulation of revenues in excess of expenditures not reimbursed by funding sources.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were approximately \$288,652 increase in revenue and \$206,570 decrease in appropriations which can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Both insurance fees and occupational fees were slightly stronger than anticipated in the original bodget. This is due, in part, to an increase in overall employment within our municipality. Unemployment has decreased from 4.6% in November 2015 to 3.5% in November 2016. Budget to actual companisons reveal that, of the City's top thirty employers, twenty one performed better than anticipated, based on three year historical trends. The City collected \$87,000 more occupational taxes than bodgeted, \$63,000 of which was generated from our top thirty employers. Similar circumstances were noted regarding the City's Insurance Premium fees. Of the City's top thirty insurance remitters, twenty one produced more premiums than anticipated, again based on three year historical trends. The City collected \$82,000 more than budgeted, almost all of which related to a decrease in remittances from the City's top insurance remitters. Property tax revenues were \$70,000 more than budgeted, almost all of which related to a decrease in our bad debt. The City has expanded its collection efforts and, as a result, our bad debt was substantially less than anticipated. Additionally, the City's alcobot beverage sales, and related regulatory fees, continue to increase quarter over quarter. Given how relatively new this regulatory fee is, it is extremely difficult to trend these fees, especially given the continued curve upwards in alcohol sales.
- Risk management expenses were increased as a result of the City's increase in legal contractual services, specifically related to unreimbursed consultant expenses regarding the City's most recent Comeast Franchise Fee negotiation.
- The Police Department experienced another year of significant personnel turnover. As a result, the personnel budget reflected significant variances, as this turnover was unanticipated. Additionally, the process to hire police personnel continues to increase in length, thus creating a significant time gap between officer turnover and correlating officer replacement.
- The City's Capital Outlay appropriations were increased as a direct result of the
 increase in above mentioned revenues. Appropriations for capital equipment
 were approved. Additionally, approximately \$50,000 of budgeted capital
 expenditures were deferred to FY2017, relating specifically to the timing of
 required services and product delivery, thus eausing a variance between budget
 to actual expenditures.

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- Capital expenditures for the installation of 5 new fire hydrants on 31W South, \$26,000.
- Capital expenditures of \$456,900 for the replacement of a water main and related service taps, specifically entitled the "Strawberry Lane" project. This project took approximately 3.5 years to complete.
- Capital expenditures of \$788,000 for improvements and additions to the City's waste water system, specifically related to the 31W South Sewer Line Expansion.
- Capital expenditures of \$218,800 for equipment and vehicles for the City's water and wastewater system (repairs to the wastewater treatment plant's belt press, a service truck and backhoo for water distribution, new SCADA system for the collections department, a streaming current monitor for the water treatment plant, etc.).

Major capital asset purchases during the prior fiscal year include the following:

- Capital expenditures of \$53,617 to install a new roof on the Water Treatment Plant's Pump House and to complete significant repairs and overhauls to the Plant's High Service Pamps.
- Capital expenditures of \$641,199 for improvements and additions to the City's water and waste water system.
- Capital expenditures of \$32,420 for equipment at the City's Waste Water Treatment Plant
- Equipment used by Street department of \$22,060
- Vehicles for the Public Works Department of \$17,306.
- Cruisers for the Police Department of \$34,864.
- Capital expenditures of \$25,590 for improvements and additions to the City's storm water infrastructure.

Long-term Debt

The City had \$3,663,725 in revenue bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2016, which is a decrease of \$863,562 from the previous year. The City made principal payments of \$861,769 during fiscal year 2016. In the previous year, the City had \$5,405,525 in revenue bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2015, which is a decrease of \$85,933 from the previous year. The City made principal payments of \$855,674 during fiscal year 2015.

Total revenues for the year were within acceptable parameters (within 4% of budget), in total, with finil budgetary estimates while expenses were slightly less than final budgetary estimates (by 3.1%). This relates primarily to personnel changeover within the police department and a deferral of espital purchases into Fiscal Year 2017.

Proprietary Funds

Operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds increased 4.8% from the prior year to 55,814,071. The City approved a 5% Water & Sewer rate increase, effective January 1, 2016, due to the completion of a capital needs Uffity Rates Study, discussed below under Economic Factors. The City also implemented a 1.60% cost of living increase in the Sanitation Fund, pursuant to the City's garbage hauler contract. Operating revenues from Water and Wastewater increased by 54.% to 54,398,870 while operating revenues from Sanitation services increased 0.4% to 543,76,587 while operating expenses for Water & Wastewater increased by 9.9% to 5863,518. This decrease relates directly to the structure of the garbage hauler contract, the current garbage hauler bills commercial customers directly, as the prior contract required the City to bill all residential and commercial customers.

Capital Asset and Delt Administration

Carital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt for its governmental and business-type activities was \$29,147,516 and \$30,088,241 as of June 30, 2015. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and engineering and stretch.

Major capital asset purchases during the current fiscal year include the following:

- General Fund
 - Capital Expenditures of \$40,800 to repair/replace windows at City Hall as well as replace carpet.
 - Purchase of cruisers and related equipment for the Police Department of \$148,117
 - Purchase of a Dump Truck by the City's Public Works Department, \$120,000.
 - Investment in office equipment, finance department, furniture at the police department, and city wide job costing software totaling \$49,900.
- Franklin Municipal Utilities
 - Capital expenditures of \$21,000 to repaye the parking lot at the Water Treatment Plant

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Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,847,510 at June 30, 2016, excluding capital assets and long-term debt. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$3,204,344 in the City's General Fund. For the previous year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,598,592 at June 30, 2015, excluding capital assets and long-term debt. Included in last year's total change in fund balance was an increase of \$640,576 in the City's General Fund.

Modified Approach to Infrastructure

The condition of the City's roads is determined using its Road Management and Inspection Program (RMIP). The road condition is rated from 1 to 100 (OCI), with 100 being new or recently paved.

It is the City's policy to assess the condition of the roads every three years for cracks, potholes, misalignment, drainage condition and number of specific safety hazards. There were no roads severely deficient in condition at June 30, 2016.

The City has not changed the measurement scale used to assess and report the condition of its roads for the past $10\,\mathrm{years}$.

The City's goal is to have all roads at 90-100 OCI rating.

Eligible infrastructure assets are not depreciated, additions and improvements thereto are capitalized and all other outlays made for such assets are expensed in the period incurred only if requirements regarding asset management system and preservation at condition level are met.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In 2008 the City of Franklin was awarded a \$1,000,000 grant from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration to aid in the costs of the construction of a fiber optic project. The purpose of the project was to enhance economic development and City services by providing a reliable, advanced telecommunication service. During fiscal year 2011-2012, the City contracted for the purchase and installation of equipment, the construction of the fiber cable and the splicing and testing of the system. As of June 30, 2015, the program was operating within its third year and the program reflected total investment in capital assets, including infrastructure, buildings and equipment, of \$2.00.110.

Effective July 1, 2015, however, the Board of Commissioners determined that it was in the best interest of the City of Franklin, Kentocky to convey for Two Million Five Hundred Thousard Dollars (\$2,500,000.00), to the Electric Plant Board the City of Franklin's fiber optic system. The intended use of the fiber optic system is to enhance the communities' businesses and promote economic development to the benefit of all of the residents of Franklin, Simpson County, Kentucky, Further, the Electric Plant Board of the City of Franklin has personnel and equipment better suited for the maintenance and operations of the fiber optic system.

Given the significant costs related to a Municipality operating a Fiber Optics Program, our bond rating agency, Moody's Investment Services, felt concern over the financial risk that the Fiber Program presented. As a result, in October 2014, Moody's doungraded the City's General Obligation Debt from an Al to an A3 and assigned a negative outlook. As a result of the above mentioned business sale, moving the fiber program to an entity more suited to the fiber optics business, the City was able to confer with Moody's and was granted the removal of the negative outlook in September of 2015. It is anticipated that, given the financial performance of the City during FY2016, Moody's will reevaluate our financial risk, or Leck thereof, and reinstate our original rating of A1.

financial risk, or lack thereof, and reinstate our original rating of A1.

The City continues to operate within a time of change and anticipated growth. The City's leaders have spent a lot of time and effort focusing on the sustainability of the City's leaders have spent a lot of time and effort focusing on the sustainability of the City's infrastructure, such as what capital investments are required to maintain and rehabilitate our current infrastructure as well as what areas of growth there are that the City needs to expand our evisting water and sewer systems. In Fiscal Year 2014 the City kicked off an in-depth Uolity Rate Study where we analyzed the pressing needs of each department within our Utility Division: Water Production, Water Distribution, & Waste Water Treatment. Within this study we identified all expital investments necessary to rehabilitate the City's current water and sewer lines, its treatment plants, and related equipment. Each Department Head identified areas of need and these capital improvements were incoreporated into this study so the City could adequately identify the most pressing areas of intense need. The Utility Rate Study was incredibly valuable from many different perspectives, from infrastructure needs, to equipment needs, to a more detailed analysis of our revenue base and related operating expenditures. During FYE 2015, the City concluded this study and ultimately adopted a five year capital improvement plan, as well as identified annual financial impact and identified the need for a utility rate increase. The City's concluded financial impact and identified the need for a utility rate increase. The City's constance adopted by Ordinance in February 2015. These rates are scheduled to increase by 5% per year, effective January 1 of each exhedar year.

Below is a brief summary of some of the areas of exvension and rehabilitation that the City

Below is a brief summary of some of the areas of expansion and rehabilitation that the City

- The City has recently completed a project related to the expansion of its existing sewer lines. This project is providing service to an area that was annexed into the City south of Franklin in fiscal year 2013, extending all the way to the KY/TN line, well past Exit 2 on Interstate 65. This project, including all engineering work, was completed for a total cost of \$775,000.
- The City's Waste Water Treatment Department has identified a lift station and sub-basin that needs significant rehabilitation work. The expectation is that this investment and improvement will decrease some of the water's run off infiltration into the sewer systems as well as improve the overall systems operating capacity for the citizens using the sewer system within that sub-basin. This project is

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Outside of the City's Water Utility Departments there are many areas of growth and expansion being experienced within the City. Below is some discussion regarding the most significant economic changes that are significantly impacting the City and our

During Fiscal Year 2013, the City initiated a City-Wide Beautification Program The program began July 2012 with the hiring of a full time Code Enforcement Officer, and has since been extremely proactive in the effort to make noticeable improvements to the City with regards to blighted and dilapidated structures. To date, thirty nine blighted and dilapidated properties have been condemned by the City with thirty can of these properties having been subsequently demolished and the lots cleared of all material and debris. There are currently five properties which have been condemned and are pending action. These actions are the result of a combined effort by the City's Code Enforcement Officer and the City/County Planning and Zoning Office.

In efforts to elaborate on our property condemnation process, we would like to note that once these dilapidated structures were removed from the property, then the City typically files a lien against the property for the costs involved with the removal. Once a lien is filed against the property, then the City has the ability to foreclose on the lien. Many times this leads to the City acquiring the property. In years past, the City has sold vacant lots through an auction type process or donated the lots to organizations to construct new houses. Even though the lots were cold or transfered many times the City mould continue to love to first. were sold or transferred, many times the City would continue to incur costs related to the property related to mowing and maintaining the property.

In FY2016, in an effort to reduce the City's responsibility in maintaining vacant properties, a program was developed to put these properties back into productive use and once again provide a tax base for City revenue. The program was titled a Surplus Property Re-Use Program

Approximately two times per year, a list of City owned properties will be evaluated and can be declared as "surplus property" by the Franklin City Commission. Once the lots are deemed as surplus, then the City begins the publication process by posting on the website, posting signs on the surplus property lots, advertising in the local newspaper and announcing at the City Commission meeting.

Community members are able to inquire about a property and an information packet is sent out to the community member by the Community Development Director or the proposal information can be downloaded from the city website

The community member puts together a proposal for the property they are interested in, following the guidelines as stated in the packet. Once the dealline has passed, the proposals are gathered, evaluated for completeness and included on the agenda for the next Code Enforcement Board meeting.

being completed in two phases. Phase I was completed subsequent to year end, for a total cost of \$400,040. Phase It is expected to be completed in FY2017 with an estimated cost, including all engineering work, of \$399,500. Additionally, the City has been awarded a Federal Grant, in the amount of \$97,000, to apply toward the cost of this Phase II project.

The City has experienced some growth toward the South of Franklin, related to its recent annexation of lend all the way to the KY/IN line. Initially, during the City's Utility Rate Study, there were expectations that the south area of Franklin will experience significant growth and expansion over the next several years. If this were to occur, the City's analysis indicates that the current size of the sewer line does not receive the capacity necessary to accommodate the kind of growth the City is anticipating. Therefore the City began reviewing and entering into perliminary engineering discussions regarding replacement of the current sewer lines, down the 31-W corridor, with newer, larger lines that will be able to handle and service any growth within that particular area of town. This project, including all engineering work, has an estimated project cost of \$9,000,000 to

With that said, however, the City is experiencing significant growth throughout the entire City. Although the original rate study was focused on anticipated infrastructure needs toward the south of town, as discussed above, the City now feels it would be prudent to complete a Municipal Growth Study to better anticipate growth patterns in our area, in conjunction with economic development patterns. This study could shift the entire direction of the City's utility infrastructure needs and investments. This study is expected to be completed within the next 3-5 years. within the next 3-5 years

- The City's Water Distribution Department is working within its fourth year of a substantial water main replacement initiative. Currently, the City is working toward replacing all of its 2" gal anized water lines with new, sustainable water lines. The expectation is that the replacement of this old and corroded line will provide better water service to the City's customers as well as reduce some of the annual water loss that the City experiences. Additionally the City has begun replaxing these lines in-house, rather than contracting the projects out. This allows the City to take advantage of its own synergy and cooperation among the City's departments, because what one department does always directly impacts another, therefore it provides for more timely reaction to any project related incidences. Additionally there is a major cost swings realized by completing the project in-house rather than paying a premium for contracted services. The distribution department's most recent project, the Strawberry Lane Project, was completed at a cost of \$456,900. The City has three smaller line replacement projects expected to be completed by FY2018.
- Along the same lines as the City's Water Distribution Water Line Replacement Asing the Satie intens as the Cry's Water Distributed Water Collection System's maintenance and replacement needs with the intention of beginning to reserve funds, of approximately \$300,000 annually, for an annual maintenance and replacement initiative within the Wastewater Treatment Department.

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The transfer of property will be based on the best evaluated use of the property, time from to complete improvements and compliance with applicable codes. To be considered for these properties, the community member submitting the proposal must be current on City taxes and have no existing leng on any property currently owned in the City of Franklin. They cannot have had any code violations that resulted in a citation being issued on any properties within the City of Franklin within the last two years. The City of Franklin reserves the right to reject any call proposals expensited. reject any or all proposals submitted.

At the Code Enforcement Board meeting the proposal is discussed and scoring criteria is completed by the Board. A recommendation will be made by the Code Enforcement Board to the City Commission. The City Commission will adopt a resolution authorizing the transfer of property.

Once a determination is made by the City Commission, the Community Development Director will contact the community member and work with them to transfer the deed.

Once a deed is transferred, the Community Development Director will monitor the progress of the property improvements and ensure the new owner maintains the property and builds as described in their proposal.

If a property owner does not follow through on the development of the property as stated in their proposal then the Code Enforcement Board will review the situation and have the option to take the ownership of the property

This initiative is unique to the City and it's cutting edge, the first of its type. The City is excited to the implementing this program and is excited to see how this changes our community development and clean up efforts.

- For the past several years, City management has identified the need for the City to For the past several years, City management has identified the need for the City to rehabilitate its stormwater system. City's stormwater system is provided to protect the waterways and land in the City of Franklin by managing flooding and to benefit the natural environment. The City felt as if the cost of designing, developing, improving, operating, maintaining, and monitoring the stormwater system required in the City of Franklin should therefore be allocated to the extent practicable to all property owners and/or occupants of land based on their impact on the stormwater system. In order to provide revenue to fund those costs and to fairly allocate those costs, a Stormwater Management Fund was established and adopted into Ordinance, and was implemented effective July 1, 2015. All revenues collected for the purpose of stormwater management from user fees, grants, permit fees, and other charges collected under this program, will be deposited into this fund and all disbursements from the Fund will be for the purposes of the following: purposes of the following:
 - The acquisition by gift, purchase, or condemnation of real property, and interests therein, necessary to construct, operate, and maintain stormwater management facilities.

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- All costs of administration and implementation of the stormwater management program, including the establishment of reasonable
- management program, including the extension of reasonates operation and capital reserves to meet budgeted, uranticipated or emergency stomwater management requirements.

 If Engineering and design, debt service and related financing expenses, construction costs for new facilities, and enlargement or improvement
- Operation and maintenance of the stormwater system.
- Monitoring, surveillance, and inspection of stormwater control
- Water quality monitoring and water quality programs. Retrofitting developed areas for pollution control. Inspection and enforcement activities.

- Costs of public education related to stormwater and related issues. Billing and administrative costs. Other activities which are reasonably required.

As of June 30, 2016, the City has accumulated a fund balance of \$130,000

- There has been significant activity within our Franklin-Simpson Industrial Authority throughout the year. During the past year there were four industrial or commercial businesses that expanded their existing operations, investing over \$8,400,000 in capital and creating more than 115 new jobs. Additionally, there were seven industrial or commercial businesses that located their business in our Industrial Pasks, investing over \$88,700,000 in capital and are expecting to create over 244 new jobs. In FY2015 a German-owned automotive parts maker, Fritz Winter North America LP, announced that it planned to build a \$193.7 million foundly and production facility in Franklin, bringing 343 jobs to Simpson County, Kentucky. Company executives are currently building a 240,000 square-foot facility in the Wilkey North Industrial Park. Construction started early in 2016 and casting and machining of disc bake rotors is expected to begin in the summer of 2017.
- For many years the City has participated along with the Commonwealth of Kentucky in the state's Kentucky Business Incentive (KBI) Program. This program provides state income tax credits of 3% of each qualified employee's wages (i.e. % of the state's income tax) to new and existing agribusinesses, regional and national bacdquarters for certain business operations, manufacturing companies, and non-retail service or technology related companies that locate or expand operations in Kentucky by rebating this money back to the company to assist with starting or expanding the business. This credit is available to the company for ten (10) years. As part of this participation, the local government which is the situs for the business is required to forego collection of a total of 1% occupational taxes on, essentially, the base number of jobs created under the KBI program for each qualified employe, for a period of 10 years. In other words, the state contributes 3%, and one or more local government(s) separately or together must contribute a total of 1%. Alternatively, the local government can make a

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full time labor which is interpreted as an overall sign of stabilization within our local economy. We are excited to see our community's unemployment rates maintain a stable level, rates decreasing slightly—from 4.6% in November 2015 to 3.5% in November 2016; however, this rate is still below the state rate of 4.0% and the national rate of 4.4%.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 117 West Cedar Street, P. O. Box 2805, Franklin, KY 42135. one time "in lieu of" coatribution in an amount that approximates the 1% contribution and aids the company, such as proxiding water and sewer improvements, etc. The City of Franklin and County of Simpson have agreed to participate in the KBI program. Although this has been a wooderful program for industrial and commercial expansion within the Commonwealth, the City's has, to date, exclusively provided the local 1½ "match," which is beginning to create some financial hardship on the City given that busically all industrial growth and expansion will not generate any new occupational fee revenue for the City for a period of up to ten (10) years while causing the City to provide services as regular costs. In the last year, the City reached an agreement with the Simpson County Fiscal Court, via an interlocal agreement, wherein the Fiscal Court will begin to provide its entire. 35% occupational fee per employee (with the City providing 25%) in an effort to lessen the financial impact on the City and share this burden. When the City and the County have reached an equal total contribution amount in the KBI program as a whole (including the amounts the City has contributed in the past), the City and County will thereafter each contribute an equal 50% per qualified employee per local governmental entity. At that point, the City will realize a net 50% occupational fee for the ten (10) year participation period, instead of receiving nothing. Obviously, this will have a positive economic impact on the City going ferward. one time "in lieu of" contribution in an amount that approximates the 1%

- During FY2017, the City received notice that its third largest employer, Harman International Industries, was changing its business model and reducing its weekforce by 1/3. This restructuring could reduce annual occupational tax revenue by over \$100,000 annually. Current remittances haven't reflected a reduction in salaries, so the final financial impact is yet to be determined.
- As mentioned above, the City is experiencing tremendous growth throughout our corporate city limits. The housing/construction market is experiencing activity that this City hasn't seen in over ten years. Currently, as of February 2017, the following housing related construction projects are underway:
 - o. Three subdivisions are under development, all of which will allow for approximately 286 homes to be constructed (the Retreat at Fox Chase Subdivision, Fox Chase Phase II Subdivision, Pleasant Valley Subdivision, and the development of eight homes on West Madison Street by Bullington-Patton Enterprises)
 - One upscale apartment complex offering 125 units and many amenities, located just past Exit 6 off of 165.
 - o One moderate apartment complex, offering 24 units, off of Witt Road,
- Overall, all leaders within our community are excited for growth and expansion.
 The end result, primarily, is the desire for our community to have the capacity and availability to provide jobs to our critizens. City leaders are noting that several industrial management teams are shifting their workforce from temporary labor to

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

| | Primary Grantment | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | Geographia | Business-type | |
| | Actives | Astivises | Total |
| | | 311421,772 | |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Carly and cash equivalents | \$ 1,433,259 | \$ 2687,698 | 5 7,125,517 |
| Coefficients of deposit | 439.221 | · - | 437,221 |
| Ready the (not of 1200 and for uncollectibles) | | | |
| Apparets | 29.628 | 653.019 | 673,647 |
| Texes | 595.643 | · – | 5)(-64) |
| Notes | 3,426,055 | _ | 3,426,635 |
| International Control of the Control | 41.173 | - | 41.173 |
| Etanil bilities | 2617 | (2,647) | _ |
| Hymiav | 4277 | 375.911 | 373.981 |
| | 72,723 | 163,001 | 235,729 |
| Depart from a | 16,149 | 100,071 | 200,120 |
| Pestrutol assety | 1,332,029 | \$29,255 | 1,931,284 |
| Cart and cash open shock | 1,554,029 | 1.693,718 | 1.033,718 |
| Cartificates of deposit | - | 1,585,710 | 1.037,710 |
| Capital assets, net of accommissed degree about | (2,343,447 | 313,331 | 12,765,833 |
| Novdepreciable | | 18,574,223 | 21,455,126 |
| Elegracian de capital a isots | 1,890,903 | 317.934 | 337,938 |
| Construction in progress | | | 49,995,352 |
| Total ayests | 25.652,787 | 11 152 555 | 11,993,332 |
| DESTREED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Defend amoust on refusing bonds | _ | 115,227 | 115,227 |
| CEPS person contributions | 945,494 | 293,657 | 1.239.151 |
| Total defend outlings | 915,494 | 475.554 | 1354373 |
| Med federatements | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accordants payable | 333,231 | 335,3:29 | 668,600 |
| Ofter accred Labilities | 171,592 | 356,536 | 535,088 |
| Acqued interest pay able | 13,434 | 10,494 | 23,508 |
| Acoused vacation | 94320 | 32,128 | 124,449 |
| Noncorrect Exhauties | | | |
| Castomer deposits | | 434,577 | 431,577 |
| OFFBEATIN | 27,573 | 93.253 | 117,841 |
| Net persion Labelety | 5.218.013 | 1.450,118 | 6.733.131 |
| Due within one year | 3,3%1,426 | 414.24) | 3,830,666 |
| Designar 644 665588 | 1,039,684 | 3,793.37) | 4 833 058 |
| Total liabletica | 10.284.302 | 6.935.915 | 17,291 217 |
| road Enormod | 10234303 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| CEG est possion in estment difference | 33,742 | 9,813 | 43_551 |
| | | | |
| NET POSITION | 11.031.031 | 15,243.615 | 29,147,516 |
| Net investment in copyral assets | 13,903,901 | 13,243,513 | \$2,147,210 |
| Restricted for | | | |
| Expandible | | | 173,277 |
| H- <u>ra</u> hanya at-dan ceta | 175,277 | | |
| Debt service and capital softrity | _ | 1,188,997 | 1,188.997 |
| Nonespondable | | | |
| Perpetral care | 909,381 | | 539,341 |
| Unrestricted | 1.631 671 | 1.822.103 | 2913.751 |
| Tetal net position | \$ 15.681 230 | 5 18 254,721 | <u> 33,914.951</u> |
| • | | | |

See Notes to Financial Statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

| | Georgi | Name (n Geographia Funda | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,034,786 | \$ 403,514 | \$ 4,433,300 |
| Certificates of deposit | | 439,221 | 439,221 |
| Recentables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | | **** |
| Accounts | 4,171 | 25,457 | 29,628 |
| Taxes | 996,650 | _ | 995,650 |
| Notes | 3,426,055 | | 3,425,055 |
| [stergovermental | 22,017 | 19,162 | 41,179 |
| Dae from offer fands | 34,333 | 51,597 | 85,530 72,728 |
| Proposed items | 70,639 | 2,053 | 12,128 |
| Restricted assets | | 21.442 | 1 222 622 |
| Cवक्र कर्म राज्ये श्वांत ग्रेक्टड | 1.261,029 | 71,000 | 1.332,029 |
| Total assets | 5 9.849.650 | \$ 1.012.04) | <u>\$ 10,851,720</u> |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BAT | LANCES | | |
| Lisbilities | | 4 441 575 | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 171,921 | \$ 161,372 | \$ 333,293 |
| Due to other femile | 50,933 | 32,288 | 83,281 |
| Accrued expenses | 163,419 | 8.162 | 171,581 |
| Total habilities | 356.333 | 201.822 | 558,155 |
| Deferred inflores | | | |
| Unavailable reverue | 3,426,055 | = | 3.425.055 |
| Fund balances Nonspendable | | | |
| Prepaid items | 70,639 | 2,039 | 72,728 |
| Perpetaal care | - | 5/9,381 | 509,331 |
| Restricted | | | |
| Highways and streets | _ | 42,832 | 42,832 |
| Committed | | | ***** |
| Stormento | _ | 129,210 | 129,210 |
| Assigned to: | | | 1 212 637 |
| Debt service | 1,212,807 | _ | 1,212,807 |
| Retrement benefits | 4),463 | | 40,463 |
| Drug enforcement | 7,760 | 12/ 22/ | 7,760 |
| Other purposes | **** | 126,706 | 126,706 |
| Encembrance reserve | 28,000 | _ | 28,000 |
| Unasigned | 4,677,613 | 010.212 | <u>4,677,623</u> 6,847,510 |
| Total front balances | 6,037,292 | 810218 | 6917310 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund belowes | 2 3813 (@) | 1.012.040 | \$ 10.861.720 |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | | Jagran Reversa Oversina | es Capital | | (Expense) Peren arasi in Not Pos icany Granno | tim |
|--|-------------------|---|---|---------------|--|---|--|
| | | Charges | Gran's and | Grants and | | Discussive | |
| | Execus. | Six Sartices | Cathleirs | | | attrices | Total |
| lenedicaffregrans Princey Communist Communications | | | | | | | |
| General government | 5 1 \$ 24,143 | \$ \$63,750 | | s | (\$ 565,345) | s - | (\$ 965,311) |
| Patitic relay | 2,521,317 | 27,792 | 139,825 | - | (2,355,763) | - | (23%,765) |
| Patricia servica | 1,417,270 | 3 23 5 62 | 193,437 | - | (903,321) | | (9)3,321) (523,590) |
| Comments and cultural | 67£635 | 41145 | 133,630 | - | 529,595) | _ | (523,590) |
| ಬಿಡ ು ಬ ಡ್ಡ-ಕರ್ಡಾ ಹೇಗ | 111345 | | | | C17235D | | (|
| विश्वती हुळ च्याच्याच्याची इन्द्रोलेसी ख | 6.371.216 | 175550 | 435.132 | | L 1127,134) | | <u> </u> |
| Extract-type tolering | 4 510 207 | 4,934,170 | | _ | | 421.63 | 418 663 |
| क्षित्रीय क्षेत्री ए क्ष्मीर वर्षाय विकास क्षेत्री | 8(8,518 | 175.201 | _ | | _ | 6,(13 | 6.613 |
| Fèrres: | 954,524 | | | _ | - | | |
| | | | | | • | | |
| Total business type authorites | 5.378,725 | 5 814 071 | _ | | | 415.325 | 435 345 |
| Total primary generates | <u>\$ 1194931</u> | \$ 7,071,061 | 5 435332 | <u> </u> | (| 135,345 | 4,412106 |
| | | Omeral (common Perper) true Occupational Instruction to Provide tel Provide technology (common from Macchinery (com from from Tomofers | i Ecs crive tres cs cs tres cs | | 992,174 2,182,551 1,518,562 85,834 745,668 34,579 354,979 4,2716 2,591,600 | | 993,131 2.17,251 1,518,542 84,344 745,643 42,429 424,745 |
| | | Total gare | ad test arranged from | efas | 1.474.117 | (2073 (97) | 6 323,725 |
| | | Chargeinestp | sii sa | | 3.527.363 | (161116) | 1.613 617 |
| | | Napalia, k | <u>इंक्स्प्रेक</u> स्त्री देशक | | 12,333,721 | 19,942,634 | 32,274,315 |
| | | Prior pariod a \$3 | a tracet | | <u></u> | (<u>42117</u>) | C293 641 |
| | | Nat pasition, be | eiseing diyav.r≪ | r:1 | _12152457 | 19 654 457 | . 32 951 114 |
| | | Na pulting es | defsex | | \$ 15(3) 233 | 5 14.254.721 | 1 33 911 551 |
| | | | | | | | |

See Notes to Financial Statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

| Total fund balances - governmental funds | \$ 6,847,510 |
|---|--|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Position are different because: | of Net |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial researd, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | ources §4,274,350 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds | period 3,426,056 |
| Some liabilities are not due and payable in the corrent period therefore, are not reported in the funds | i ani, |
| Accrued interest on long-term obligations (| 26,114) 94,320) 13,405) 1 <u>5,592</u>) (9,779,431) |
| Contributions to the CERS pension plan have been defeired Statement of Net Position | in the 945,494 |
| Investment earnings on pension plan assets have been deferred Statement of Net Position | in the (33.749) |
| Net position of governmental activities | <u>\$ 15,680.230</u> |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| _ | Gootsl | Normajor Governmental Fewls | Total Governmental Frends |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Reverses Tares | | | |
| | \$ 992,101 | s – | \$ 592,101 |
| Property Occupational | 2.182.581 | • _ | 2.182.931 |
| Instruce prenim | 1518542 | | 1,518,542 |
| Franchise | \$6,834 | | 85,831 |
| Provinces license | 745.083 | - | 745333 |
| Magovermorish | 182,718 | 172,871 | 355,589 |
| Charges for sales and services | · – | 317,542 | 317,542 |
| Interfaci charges | 993,445 | · - | 903,445 |
| Fires and forfeitnes | 79,633 | _ | 79,683 |
| Contributions and donations | - | 10,100 | 10,160 |
| Investment income | 31,340 | 2,614 | 33,954 |
| Macellaneous | 534,669 | 625 | 535,294 |
| Total reverses | 7.257.402 | 503,752 | 7,761,154 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| Conact | | _ | |
| General government | \$ 1,693,033 | s – | \$ 1,693,933 |
| Public sufety | 2,245,951 | | 2,245,954 |
| Public services | 877,324 | 463,245 | 1,340,570 |
| Community services | 428,626 | 247,503 | 676,129 |
| Caretal orday | 504,671 | 31,425 | \$35,696 |
| Debt service | 429.244 | | 429.244 |
| Friscipal | 122.701 | _ | 122,701 |
| [ब्ब्बर्स | 122,701 | | |
| Total expenditures | <u>6.301.563</u> | . 742,174 | 7.043.737 |
| Facess (deficiency) of revenues over (pader) expenditures | 955,839 | (238,422) | 717.417 |
| Other featuring sources (uses) | | | |
| Transes in | 2,500,000 | 285,596 | 2,785,996 |
| Transfers ora | (282,935) | (3,000) | (285,995) |
| Sale of capital assets | 31,591 | | 31.501 |
| Total other frameling strates (uses) | 2.248,505 | 282.535 | 2.531.501 |
| Net change in fixed toherces | 3,204,344 | 44,574 | 3,248,918 |
| First behaves, beginning of year | 2.832.943 | 765,644 | 3,598,592 |
| Find beforees, end of year | 5 6.037,292 | \$ 810.218 | \$ 6.847,510 |

See Notes to Financial Statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

| | Enterorise Funds | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|
| | Water and Fifter | | | |
| | Wastewater | See bestieg | Ogtic | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash स्वातंत्र भेरतम् | \$ 2,348,686 | \$ 339,002 | s – | \$ 2,687,683 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 578,524 | 71,495 | | 650,019 |
| Dise from other funds | 5,350 | - | _ | 5,350 |
| Investory | 375,981 | _ | _ | 375,981 |
| Preprid items | 162,529 | 472 | - | 163,001 |
| Recricted assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 599,255 | - | _ | 599,255 |
| Certificates of deposit | 1.083,718 | | = | 1333,718 |
| Total curest usets | 5.151.043 | 410,969 | | 5.565.012 |
| Noncurrent assets | | | | |
| Capital assets | | | | |
| Lami | 343,277 | 4),114 | | 383,391 |
| Deprociable capital assets, net | 18,574,223 | | _ | 18,574,223 |
| Construction in progress | 317,933 | | = | 337,938 |
| Total necountriassets | 19.255,438 | 49,114 | | 19295.552 |
| Total assets | 24,479,431 | 451.083 | | 24.850.564 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | | | |
| Defenal amount on refunding books | 115,227 | | _ | 115,227 |
| CERS pension contributions | 293,657 | | | 293,657 |
| | | | | |
| Total देवीकाओं अमीरणड | 478.531 | | | 493.884 |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | <u>წა</u> | Total vernmental Funds |
|---|--|-----------|------------------------|
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun- | 14 | \$ | 3,248,918 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in Activities are different because | the Statement of | | |
| Governmental funds report capital cothays However, in the statement of activities, the co- allocated over their estimated useful lives depreciation expense. This is the amount by w | st of those assets is and reported as | | |
| exceeded depreciation in the current period | | | 255,436 |
| Governmental funds only report the disposal of or extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disp | he strement of | (| 71,779) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current to governmental funds, while the repayment long-term debt consumes the current fina governmental funds. Neither transaction, how on net position. Also, governmental funds promitions, discounts and semilar items when whereas these amounts are deferred and amount of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of long-term debt and related item. | of the principal of notal resources of ever, has any effect report the effect of debt is first issued, zed in the statement these differences in | | 427,533 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of acti- the use of our art financial resources and, reported as expenditures in governmental funds | therefore, are not | | |
| Compensated absences OFER expense Accured interest on long-term debt Pension expense | \$ 8,144 (32,071) 2,932 (188,553) | | |
| | | (| 210,448) |
| Principal collections on notes receivable are i | | | |
| mental funds. Principal collections reduce lon, | | , | 122 2971 |
| able in the government-wide strement of net p | SHOI | <u> </u> | 122.291) |
| Change in net position of governmental activiti- | ėš | <u>\$</u> | 3,527,363 |

See Notes to Financial Statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

| | Feterwise Fronts | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--|--|
| | Wzeraci | | Fiber | | | |
| | Wastenator | Switzleg | Optic | Total | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Conect liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts pay thite | \$ 227,160 | \$ 163,149 | s - | \$ 335,309 | | |
| Accreal kishibtics | 66.219 | 300,287 | | 355,506 | | |
| Accrued interest | 10,404 | | - | 10.404 | | |
| Accress vacation | 32,128 | _ | _ | 32.128 | | |
| Due to other funds | 2,619 | 5,350 | - | 7,939 | | |
| Current mutarities of potes turnishe | 144.240 | | | 144,240 | | |
| Payable from restricted assets | | | | • | | |
| Current materials of revenue box | ds | | | | | |
| payable | 300,000 | | _ | 300,000 | | |
| Customer deposits | 434,577 | - | | 434.577 | | |
| | | | | • | | |
| Total current liabilities | 1,217,377 | 413,785 | | 1,631,163 | | |
| Noncourers habilities | | | | | | |
| OPER liability | 48,621 | 41.642 | - | 90,263 | | |
| Net pension behilds | 1,490,118 | · – | | 1,430,118 | | |
| Reverse toods payable | 3,793,370 | | _ | 3,793,370 | | |
| ••• | | | | | | |
| Total noncurrent habilities | 5,332,109 | 41.642 | | 5,373,751 | | |
| Total Establishes | 6.549,436 | 455,428 | - | 7,004,914 | | |
| TOWN DOWN TOWN | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | | | |
| CFRS net intestment difference | 9.813 | _ | | 9,813 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| NZ E BACITION | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets | 15,203,501 | 40,114 | | 15,243,615 | | |
| Restricted for debt service and | 10,205,501 | 47,114 | _ | 13,243,013 | | |
| cared activity | 1.183.997 | _ | _ | 1.188.997 | | |
| Urrespicted (descrit) | 1,188,997 | (44,459) | _ | 1,832,109 | | |
| Catesarius (optiga) | (355)358 | 11,423 | | 1,022,103 | | |
| Total pet position | \$ 18,259,066 | (\$4,345) | s | 5 18 254.721 | | |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Faterprise Funds | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | Wzer zol | | Filter | | | | |
| | Wasternster | Serie Micro | Otic | Total | | | |
| Operating tenences | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 4,799,615 | \$ \$50,110 | 5 - | \$ 5,649,725 | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 139,255 | 25,691 | | 164.345 | | | |
| Total operating concess | 4,938.870 | 875.201 | | 5.8(4.97) | | | |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | | |
| Schooles, wages and banefits | 1,455,903 | 8,557 | - | 1,474,470 | | | |
| Mintenance | 255,707 | 650,451 | _ | 907,158 | | | |
| Utilities | 325,616 | - | _ | 325,616 | | | |
| Administrative | 554,100 | 209,500 | | 763,69.0 | | | |
| Supties | 539,310 | _ | _ | 539,310 | | | |
| Other | 191,759 | _ | - | 191,759 | | | |
| Depreciation | 1.043.122 | | | 1,043,192 | | | |
| Total operating expenses | 4,376.587 | 858.518 | = | 5,245,105 | | | |
| Opa zány income (Isss) | 552.283 | 6,683 | | 568,956 | | | |
| Nonpersing revenues (expenses) | | | | | | | |
| Investment income | 5,598 | 333 | _ | 5,841 | | | |
| Muscellaneous reverse | 113,044 | - | - | 113,044 | | | |
| Interest expense | (130,087) | _ | - | (130,037) | | | |
| Amentization expense | (3,031) | _ | - | (3,031) | | | |
| Administrative fees | (502) | - | | (592) | | | |
| Gam (loss) on disposal of assets | (2634) | | 394,797 | 302 623 | | | |
| Total programing revenues | (17,752) | 333 | 304,707 | 287.283 | | | |
| Income (loss) before transfers | 544,531 | 7,016 | 304,707 | 856,254 | | | |
| Irenfers ca | | | (2500,000) | (2.500,000) | | | |
| Change in net position | 544.531 | 7,916 | (2.195,293) | (1,643,746) | | | |
| Net position (deficit), beginning of yea | 17,756,722 | (11,351) | 2,195,293 | 19,940,654 | | | |
| Prior period edysensers | (42.187) | | | (42.187) | | | |
| Net position (deficit), beginning of year restand | r, <u>17,714.535</u> | ((| 2,195,293 | | | | |
| Net position (deficit), and of year | \$ 18.259.065 | (<u>3 4.342</u>) | S | <u> 3 18 254 721</u> | | | |

See Notes to Financial Statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | | | Estacris | e Ftoda | | |
|---|---|------------|----------|--------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| | 7 | Water and | | | Filter | | |
| | 7 | Visteveter | S | 10000 | Ozne | - | Total |
| Recording of operating income to not cash | | | | | | | |
| provided to operating strickies: | | | | | | | |
| Operating income | 5 | 552.233 | 5 | 6,683 | _ | 5 | 558,955 |
| A free-trained to reconside operating income to | | | | | | | |
| net cash provided by operating activities | | | | | | | |
| Deposition | | 1,043.192 | | - | - | | 1,043,192 |
| Noneporating revenues | | 113,044 | | _ | | | 113,044 |
| Cheese is used and labilities | | | | | | | |
| (Excresse) decrease in accounts receivable | | 23.113 | (| 1,114) | | | 21.936 |
| (Exercise) docrease in disc from other | | | | | | | |
| feeds | (| 4,346) | | 2,434 | - | (| 1.942) |
| (Leacue) decrease in inventory and | | | | | | | |
| gregaid flows | (| 131 (12) | | 228 | - | (| 131,454) |
| Exercise in defeated combines of | | | | | | | |
| Fe9:TCFGCS | (| 185,197) | | | - | (| 185,197) |
| Decrease in accounts payable | Ĺ | 50,351) | (| 5,925) | - | - (| 56,210) |
| Decrease in accred Fabilities | (| 14,696) | (| 2,494) | _ | (| 16,593) |
| Decrease in accreed vacables | Ĺ | 8,5(-1) | | - | _ | - (| 8,9-4) |
| Increase in customer deposits | | 48,041 | | - | - | | 45,041 |
| forcase (decrease) in the to other facility | (| 6,621) | | 5,350 | _ | (| 67E) |
| Increase (decrease) in OFEB Landity | | 359 | (| 203) | _ | | 166 |
| largeage in person Eachly | | 337,839 | | _ | _ | | 337,879 |
| Decrease in deferred inflow of resources | (| 1(2 (73) | _ | - | = | <u>_</u> | 112173) |
| Not cash provided by operating | | | | | | | |
| activities | 2 | 1 614 018 | <u>s</u> | 4535 | | 2 | 1.611.951 |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | Entage | se Fæds | |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Water and | | Fire | |
| | Westchark | <u>Switster</u> | Optic | Tetal |
| Cash Bons from operating arthrities | | | | |
| Cad received from castament | \$ 5,129,665 | \$ 874,047 | s | \$ 5,997,152 |
| Cash payments to employees end retries | (1,419,155) | £770) | | (1,457,925) |
| Cath payments to suppliers | (1,555,792) | (653,112) | | (2.156,674) |
| Payments for edministrative courts and | (551 150) | (<u>209.500</u>) | = | (<u>163 666)</u> |
| Not cash provided by operating activities | 1.614018 | 4.935 | = | 1618.953 |
| Cash fisms from monepital financing activities | | | | |
| Transfers out to other famile | | | <u>(_2503600</u>) | (2.533.030) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing | | | | |
| activisies | | | | |
| Proceeds from the sale of capital useds | 1,353 | | 2,500,000 | 2.501,358 |
| Purchase of capital assets | (20,293) | - | _ | (750,233) |
| Principal paid on bonds, notes and | | | | |
| lene obligations | (432,525) | _ | - | (432,525) |
| Index est paid on bonds, notes and | | | | |
| lease obligations | ((33,833) | _ | - | (19),133) |
| Administrate fees paid | (502) | = | | (552) |
| Not cards provided by (med in) capital | | | | |
| कर्त हर्रायको विकारित कर्तार्थक | (<u>1.551.755)</u> | | 2503(60) | <u>1.237.265</u> |
| Cash flows from his esting activities | | | | |
| Psychases of certificates of deposit | (1,877) | | _ | (1,877) |
| hita est received | 3.533 | 333 | | 5,841 |
| Not cash provided by investing activities | 2631 | 333 | | 3931 |
| Net impeate in each and each equivalents | 353,914 | 5,258 | _ | 359,192 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 2.591.027 | 333,734 | | 2927,751 |
| Cub sat cub expludests and of year | \$ 2947.941 | S 339 002 | <u> </u> | \$ 3,255,943 |
| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, and of year Reflected in the Statement of Fund Net Position - | | | <u>Σ</u> = | • |
| Proprietars Fands as: | | | | |
| | \$ 2,341,635 | \$ 339,002 | s | \$ 2,687,658 |
| Cush and cush equivalents | | | | |
| Code and code equivalents Restricted code and code equivalents | 599.255 | | | <u> 599. 235</u> |

See Notes to Financial Statements

(Continued)

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Franklin, Kentucky (City) is a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government. The City provides a full range of municipal services including general government services, police and fire protection, public works, parks and recreation, and cemetery operations. In addition, the City owns and operates a water and sewer system.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the City. There are no component units, legally separate entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the City's substantive appointment of the majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the City must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Related Organizations and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the Electric Plant Board and the Housing Authority of Franklin are considered related organizations of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement is governed by representatives from each of the governments that created the organization, but is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Based on these criteria, the Franklin-Simpson Industrial Authority, Franklin-Simpson Planning and Zoning Commission, and Franklin-Simpson Planning and Zoning Adjustment Board are considered jointly governed organizations of the Cite

Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participates retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Based on these criteria, the Franklin-Simpson Parks Board and the Simpson County 911 Advisory Board are considered joint ventures of the City.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements as follows:

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary extivities of the City. Fiduciary extivities are excluded from the government-wide statements because they cannot be used to support the City's own programs. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental extivities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are those that are learly associated with a specific function or identifiable activity. Express that can not be specifically identified to a particular function are charged to funds based on time spent for that function and are included in the functional categories. Program revenues

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The City's five normajor special revenue funds account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditures for operating the Greenlawn-Shady Rest Cemetery (Greenlawn-Shady Rest Cemetery (Greenlawn-Shady Rest Cemetery Fund), governmental housing, community and economic development projects (Community Development Fund), public works (Municipal Aid Fund), economic development edivities (Reconomic Development Revolving Loan Fund), and stormwater system (Stormwater Fund).

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to allow only the earnings and not the principal to be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The City reports two nonmajor permanent funds (Francis Harris Cemetery Perpetual Fund and Greenlawn-Shady Rest Cemetery Perpetual Fund) which account for assets held in trust for the permanent maintenance and beautification of Greenlawn-Shady Rest cemetery.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises — where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determinations or revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Wastewater Fund

The Water and Wastewater Fund accounts for the operations of the City's water and wastewater system.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

include: (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or identifiable activity. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund – governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and major enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate cohumn. All other governmental and enterprise funds, if any, are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following najor governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law, ordinance or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fived charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Sanitation Fund

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the operations of the City's sanitation system.

Fiber Optic Fund

The Fiber Optic Fund accounts for the operations of the City's fiber optic system. In June, 2015, the City Commission voted by resolution to sell and transfer all of the tangible and intangible assets of the fiber optic network to the Franklin Electric Plant Board. The Board assumed day-to-day operations of the fiber optic network on July 1, 2015.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Funds

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accural basis of eccounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities including long-term assets, as well as long-term debt and obligations, are included in Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items. When both restricted and morestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Non-xchange transactions, in which the City receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and similar items and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of non-xchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period in which the taxes are levied. Franchise fees, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Grants, entitlements and donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as deferred revenues. Grants and similar aid to other organizations are recognized as expenses as soon as recipients have met all eligibility requirements. Amounts paid before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as prepaid items.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (evenditures and other financing usus) in spendable resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified occural basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The City considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within (0) days after year end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, liceness and investment camings. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensed absences and obligations for worker's compensation, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. Pension expenditures are recognized when amounts are due to a plan.

The City reports uncarned revenue on its combined balance sheet. Uncarned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Uncarned revenue also arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for uncarned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their payment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet since their use is limited by applicable bond inhentures. Construction find accounts are used to report proceeds of general obligation and revenue bonds and notes that are restricted for use in construction and espital acquisitions. Deprecisition and Maintenance accounts are the resources set aside to provide reasonable reserves for renewals, replacements, improvements, extensions, extraordinary major repairs and contingencies related to bond obligation projects. Sinking Fund accounts are the resources accumulated for debt service payments.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments include certificates of deposit or government obligations carried at fair value. Investment income includes interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Unbilled Revenue

The City bills customers for water and sewer services after usage based upon meter readings made during the month. The City records a receivable for unbilled revenue at June 30 for usage for which bills have not been sent.

Capital Asset

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for preprietary funds. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as put of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be eash equivalents. At June 30, 2016, eash equivalents consisted primarily of certificates of deposit and short-term instruments with local financial institutions

Receivables and Pavables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending-borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to"from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund lears) or "advances toffrom other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund leans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Property values are assessed on January 1 of each year, taxes are levied annually by ordinance and are payable on December 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are both measurable and available.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximate market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures or expenses when used

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets, excluding infrastructure, are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

| Utility relant | 25 - 50 |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Building and improvements | 25 - 40 |
| Furniture and equipment | 10 |
| Vehicles | 4 |

The City utilizes the modified approach for reporting eligible infrastructure assets. Eligible infrastructure assets are not depreciated, additions and improvements thereto are capitalized and all other outlays made for such assets are expensed in the period incurred only if requirements regarding asset management system and preservation at condition level are met.

Depreciation expense is charged directly to the department/function based on the department that utilizes the related asset

Compensated Absences

The City grants vacation and sick pay to all full-time employees based on length of service time. The cost of vacation and sick pay is accrued when earned in the government wide and proprietary fund funancial statements and reported as accrued liabilities. In fund financial statements, only amounts that are expected to be liquidated with available financial resources are reported as expenditures and included in accrued liabilities.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the columns for governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are anxectized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are reported as expenses in the period incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issuad is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Hearmad Payment

The City defers revenue recognition for assets recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are uncarned In addition, in governmental fund financial statements, notes and lease receivables at fiscal year-end are recorded as uncarned revenue because petential revenue does not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

With the implementation of GASB Statements 65 and 68, the City's Statement of Net Position includes deferred inflows (or deferred outflows) of resources when appropriate. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s). Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s). These amounts will not be recognized as expense or revenue until the applicable period.

<u>Deferred Outflows</u> - include the differences between reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of refunded debt obligations that is recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. In addition, it includes coordibutions to pension plans made subsequent to the City's measurement date of June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred Inflows</u> - include differences between projected and actual earnings on investments in remain rules.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position

In the government-wide statements, the difference between the City's total assets and total liabilities represents net position.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, greators, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, in investing activities.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and proprietary activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of each or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after monoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

CITY OF FRANKLIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact
- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—anseants constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City ordinance).
 To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose.
 Intent can be expressed by the City Commission or by an official or body to which the City Commission delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—in the General fund, resources not otherwise reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. This classification is also used to report negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

The City Commission establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by City Commission through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other desirable forms.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of reveous and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Budgetary Information

Budget Policy

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and enterprise funds. A budget is not prepared for the City's permanent funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Legal Compliance

All agencies of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the part year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before June 1st, the proposed budget is presented to the City Commission for review. The City Commission holds public bearings to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July I, the budget is legality emetted through passage of an ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that after the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT RETURN

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; letters of credit issued by federal home lean banks; bonds, notes, letters of credit or other obligations of the U. S. Treasury, U. S. agencies or instrumentalities or the state of Kentucky; bonds of any city of the first, second, and third classes, county, school district or educational institution of the state of Kentucky; or surety bonds having an aggregate current face value or current quoted market value at least equal to the amount of the deposits in excess of amounts insured by the FDIC.

At June 30, 2016, \$7,884,840 of the City's bank balances of \$9,979,318 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows, while \$2,094,477 was covered by the FDIC:

Uninsured and collisteral held by pledging financial \$ 6,719,340 1.165,500 \$ 7,884,840 Uninsured and uncollectulized
Total deposits exposed to custodial credit risk

Investments

In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 66.480, the City may legalty invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, U. S. agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, obligations of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities, shares of mutual funds or interest bearing deposits of insured national or state banks.

At June 30, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Maturities Type Fair Value Less than 1 U.S obligations \$...658.903 \$ 658,908

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT RETURN (Continued)

Included in the following balance sheet captions:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit \$ 7,125,987 439,221 Restricted assets Cash and cash equivalents 1.931.284 Certificates of deposit 1,083,718 \$ 10,580,210

Investment Income

Investment income for the year cruled June 30, 2016

Interest and dividend income \$ 40,420

NOTE 3. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable at June 30, 2016 consists of the following:

Franklin-Simpson Industrial Authority premissory note receivable, dated December 3, 2010, receivable in 240 monthly installments of \$33,333, including interest at 7,93%; secured by real estate mortgage.

\$.3,426,056

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT RETURN (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - The City recognizes that some level of risk is inherent in any investment transaction. Losses may be incurred due to issuer default, market price changes, or closing investments prior to maturity due to unanticipated cash flow needs. While the City has adopted an investment policy that recommends controlling interest rate risk through maturity diversification, the policy states that unless matched to a specific cash flow need, the City's funds should not, in general, be invested in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not folfill its obligations. It is the City's policy to limit its investments in securities issued by a state or local government or any U. S. agency or instrumentally to the top there ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). At June 30, 2016, investments in U. S. agency obligations not directly guaranteed by the U. S. government were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City's funds must be diversified by security type and institution with the exception of fully insured or fully collateralized investments and except for authorized investment pools, no more than 30% of the City's total investment portfolio shall be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. At June 30, 2016, 109% of the City's investments were in U. S. Obligation Mutual Funds.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheets as follows:

Carrying value Deposits Investments \$ 9,921,393 658,907 \$10.580,21Q

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 4. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The City's restricted assets are as follows as of June 30, 2016:

| | Caè | Coliforn of Depoil | letros Pereirale | _ Itel |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Constituental somities: | | | | |
| General French | | | | |
| Period life fred | \$ 43,40 | 5 | 5 | \$ 43,452 |
| Pohoe ford | 7.7-0 | - | - | 7,760 |
| Cay of Fording MOVE and Ford | 1,212,837 | | | 1,212,622 |
| Total General Facul | 12(102) | - | - | 1341,039 |
| Special Personal Fund | | | | |
| Cremati Dad smat | 71 600 | | | 21 (00 |
| Total procuments activities | 1 332 022 | | | 1 332 029 |
| Business type activities: Exterprise Fund | | | | |
| Water and Windows and Fund | | | | |
| Customer deposits | 139,523 | 354,474 | _ | 493,977 |
| Debt service reserve | 459,752 | 351,776 | _ | 767.528 |
| Derradicion colors | 122,721 | 271,753 | | 272,750 |
| Minimuse and regimental reserve | | 112.23 | | 142.754 |
| Total backers type anticides | 520 255 | 10370 | _ | _16291 |
| 1,01 (02.234))6 20623 | 777722 | . 1537 11 | | |
| فتعد اعتبنده اعتبآ | \$ 1931 244 | \$ 1(53715 | <u> </u> | 5 3 615 602 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

| | Brince 124 3k 3615 | Incuser | Dearway | Balance Jan 33, 2016 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Contracted activities: Capital aneta, pur being deposition | | | | Janes Reine |
| Land | 5 L583.418 | \$ 159,645 | s | 5 1.745.276 |
| Sa cota and alike-walks | 19 634 169 | . 177,423 | · - | 17,03119 |
| Contrator is progress | 15915 | 7,425 | 24340 | |
| Total capital arrows, and being deposited | 12.241.532 | 157 285 | 11310 | 12353 447 |
| Capital areas being depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 1.944.642 | 43,133 | (24,457) | 1.9/1.077 |
| Vehida | 2,017,453 | 213,271 | (552,476) | 1.354,243 |
| Faritate, Ettern and equipment | 1435129 | 63.63 | (354.634) | 1113 092 |
| Total इक्क्षेटले बारवर्तन, रिल्डियु खेळूक स्टॉबर्टर व | 5,448 255 | 3003 | (<u>1331565)</u> | 4 518,417 |
| Len reconstruit deposition | | | | |
| Ballings and inversements | ((64,648) | (65,350) | 11,253 | 1 719,6451 |
| Veida | (1,713,622) | (141341) | \$99,551 | 554,614) |
| Farmara, filtrari and equipment | (1219,734) | (<u>71.656</u>) | 313.912 | 941 435) |
| रिस्पी अल्पालकीयार्थ केन्द्रस्कर्वेण्या | (| 237 6573 | 1251229 | <u>(2617.514)</u> |
| Total capital maste, being depreciated, and | 1851131 | 112.00 | (<u>11.733)</u> | 11/25/3 |
| Generalistic and activities capital assets, not | 1.11(2)(5) | 5 273 777 | G 55122) | \$ 14 274 339 |
| Burben-type retiriries: | | | | |
| Capital arrets, not being depreciated | | | | |
| land | \$ 374,234 | 5 19,353 | (\$ 1.200) | \$ 313,374 |
| Countraction in progress | 1155 152 | <u>]1(62)</u> | C 13321595 | 337.931 |
| Total १६५देश ४४८चा, ४८९ रिक्स्यु वेदम १८५८ई | 1.5-0.439 | 331,512 | (<u>13469)</u> | 721,323 |
| Capital assets hims Approximed | | | | |
| Utility plant | 31,154,036 | 1,279,552 | (1,662,437) | 37,781,141 |
| Enlises | 445,975 | 25,600 | (374,137) | 59,73\$ |
| Funitare and equipment | 3,622,673 | 164,250 | (572311) | 3,214,612 |
| Vehida | 535,120 | \$2,611 | (33,514) | 549,307 |
| Land improvements | 12165 | 29 553 | 2.551) | 37 855 |
| Total capital assets being depositated | 42 731 667 | 1543.004 | 2651235 | 41.612 145 |
| Les accentres descriries | | | | |
| Uting plant | (19,337,016) | (\$43,400) | 155.234 | (13,512 128) |
| Dallforn | (123,633) | (752) | 57,813 | 66.6771 |
| Foreign and opposite | (2,621,535) | (155,432) | 204,727 | (2,512,125) |
| Veida | (453,505) | (41,025) | 31,344 | (472,434) |
| Land ingress counts | (2921) | 2 (63) | | |
| Total accumulated dependation | 21.52(122) | (1(4)192) | 419.314 | (23 ((8 633) |
| रिल्पी क्यूपीनी सकता, रेस्टेस्ट बेल्क्स र्व्यापते, स्ता | 23 256 231 | 497,172 | (| 16 574 223 |
| Poince-type artivities capital anch, cet | 2 31 150 CM | S. Busi | (53,175,51 3) | <u>3 19 243 552</u> |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

| | Raince Jane 30, 2015 | _bereses | Descripts | Roberto Jane 30, 2016 | Arramis Die is One Yess |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Boshess-type activities: Retenue bonds Unamentized discourts | \$ 4310,000 | s - | (\$ 290,000) | \$ 4,020,000 | \$ 300,000 |
| prominent zel Bands payable, zel | | = | (<u>3,504)</u> (<u>293,504)</u> | 73.370 4,993,370 | 300,600 |
| Notes payable | 214,765 | | (142.525) | 144.24) | 1(1,24) |
| Total business-type activities | 5 467363) | <u>s</u> | (<u>\$ 435.023</u>) | <u>5 4 217 610</u> | 5_44.70 |
| Total governmental and functions type activities | 5 9 527 247 | s | (<u>\$853.563</u>) | S 8 663 724 | 5.3.832.666 |

Governmental activities:

The City enters into general obligation bonds, lease purchase agreements and notes payable to finance the acquisition and construction of various public projects. These long-term liabilities pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Governmental activities long-term debt of the City consisted of the following at June

General Obligation Bonds:

\$2,695,000 City of Fruikla, Kertacky General Obligation PACs Project Refronting and Improvement Books, Series 2009, dated October 13, 2009, fully registered books in the demonstration of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, matering on October 1 in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$355,000 through 2024, interest at 2016 to 149 to public semigrant obligation leave proclase at 2016 to 149 to public semigrant obligation leave proclase agreement and lose general obligation leave proclase agreements and conceptual obligation and possible contentions principal induces stating \$13,003,311) and to finance the coast of the expeditions of five police crusies and a portion of the construction and installation costs of a City (their optic loop process, secred by the full faith, crofit and tracing power of the City.

\$_1305.000

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions'programs of the primary government as follows:

| Covernmental activities: | |
|---|-------------------|
| General government | 5 63,054 |
| Public safety | 162.853 |
| Public works | 53,644 |
| Community and cultural | 1,108 |
| Total depreciation expense - governmental activities | <u>\$ 280,659</u> |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Water and wastewater | \$ 1,043,192 |
| Fiber Optic | |
| Total depreciation expense - business-type activities | \$ 1,043,192 |

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Revenue bonds and other directly related long-term liabilities, which are intended to be paid from proprietary funds, are included in the accounts of such funds. All other long-term indebtedness is accounted for in the Governmental column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

| | Falunce June 30, 2015 | Eccass | Decreases | Halance Jan. 33, 2016 | Amounts Due in One Year |
|--|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Gwernwental activities; Boots payette Less namestical discourt Brods payette, net | \$ 1,550,0%) (| <u> </u> | (\$ 245,000) 1,710 (243,230) | \$ 1,305,000 (| \$ 250,000 250,000 |
| Notes psynble | 3.320.670 | | (184_244) | 3,135,425 | _3.135.435 |
| ल्यि हमसञ्चली स्रकारिक | 5 4853.648 | <u> </u> | (<u>\$ 427.534</u>) | 5 4 424 114 | 5 3 3 5 5 4 2 6 |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Notes payable:

Notes payable:

\$3,572,073 Frankin Back & Trust Company General Obligation Refronding Note, Series 2013, dated December 20, 2013, interest at 2,23% populate gracterly beginning. March 20, 2014, the final proprient of the order templet contracting principal believes plus accornel interest will be the December 20, 2016, issued to reflect the collecting principal pri

\$ 3.136,426

Business-type activities:

Notes payable:

Water and Wastewater Fund:

\$2,572,24) Kentrely Infrastructure Authority assistance agreement note, dated July 1, 1996, principal and interest at 1,215 payable semi-aroually on June 1 and Documber 1 deough Pare, 2017, proceeds used to finance appraises to wastewater transment plant.

5 141.242

Revenue bonds

Revenue bonds are comprised of various issues for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping, renovating, expanding and refurbishing additions and improvements to the City's system. The City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Water and Wastewater Fund:

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 were as follows

| | Interest Rates | Final Maturity Date | Principal at June 30, 2016 |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Reverse books, Series 2009 (A) Reverse books, Series 2012 (B) | 2 00 - 4.375% 2 00 - 3.75% | December 1, 2024 December 1, 2033 | 5 730,000 3.290,000 |
| Unscottized discourts, premisms | , cet | | 4,020,000 |
| Total reverse benda pay & | k - bainess-type a | stivities | <u>\$_4693,370</u> |

- (A) \$1,545,000 City of Franklin, Kentocky Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding and Improvement Boods, Series 2009, dated October 13, 2009, fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, matering on December 1 in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$160,000 through 2024; interest payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1; issued to currently refund certain outstanding lease purchase obligations and finance the construction of improvements to City's water and sewer system; secured by water and sewer system revenues
- (B) \$3,860,000 City of Franklin, Kentucky Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, dated July 24, 2012; fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof; insturing on December 1 in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$230,000 through 2033, interest payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1; issued to currently refund the City's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004; secured by water and sewer system revenues.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Total project costs were approximately \$4,000,000 and the Authority delivered a certificate of occupancy issued by the Public Protection Cabinet, Department of Housing, Buildings and Construction to Quad/Graphics, Inc. on December 3, 2010. World Color USA, LLC, a subsidiary of World Color Press, Inc., was acquired by Quad/Graphics, Inc. on July 2, 2010.

On December 3, 2010, the City ("holder") and Authority ("maker") entered into a Promissory Note in the principal amount of \$4,000,000 (see Note 3). As of June 30, 2016, the City has recorded a note receivable from the Authority and uneamed revenues of \$3,548,353 in the General Fund

The following is a schedule, by year, of future note payments to be received from the Authority pursuant to premissery note repayment terms:

| (ea F∆t≒g J±e3) | Principal | Interest | Total |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 2017 | \$ 132.382 | \$ 267.617 | \$ 392.99 |
| 2018 | 143,293 | 256,700 | 393,999 |
| 2019 | 155,115 | 244,884 | 399,999 |
| 2020 | 167.907 | 232,692 | 399.933 |
| 2021 | 181,752 | 218,247 | 399,999 |
| 2022-2026 | 1,159,874 | 840,121 | 1,599,595 |
| 2027-2031 | 1.435.727 | 28).937 | 1.76664 |
| | \$ 3,426,056 | \$ 2340.593 | \$_3.766.654 |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

| Yest Fading | | tal Activities Business-Type Ac | | re Activities | O.Setum | numer-Wite | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Jan. 3) | Principal | ht/arest | Principal | <u>ंशिवस्त्र</u> | Principal | E/erest | |
| 2)17 | 5 3,315,436 | 5 75,876 | \$ 444,24) | \$ 139,555 | \$ 3,833,656 | \$ 199,433 | |
| 2318 | 250,000 | 33,170 | 300,000 | 111,337 | 560,000 | 145,237 | |
| 2319 | 270,000 | 25,245 | 315,000 | 102,942 | 585,000 | 121.194 | |
| 2723 | 80,000 | 19,040 | 200,600 | 95,319 | 243,000 | 115,159 | |
| 2)21 | \$3,650 | 16.(1) | 200,000 | 91919 | 260,000 | 195,933 | |
| 2022 - 2026 | 355,000 | 29,979 | 1,040,000 | 352,920 | 1,455,000 | 322,920 | |
| 2027 - 2031 | _ | _ | 991,000 | 3/2,978 | 923,022 | 279,978 | |
| 2032 - 2035 | | | 675,000 | 31,344 | 675 (00) | 35366 | |
| | 5.4.411.425 | 5. 200,013 | \$_4.164.742 | <u>\$ 1 133 171</u> | \$ 8 635 666 | <u>\$ 1 336 184</u> | |

Industrial Development Project Financine

On April 1, 2010, the City entered into a \$4,000,000 General Obligation Note to fund the construction by the Franklin-Simpson Industrial Authority ("Industrial Authority") of an addition to an existing manufacturing facility to be leased to World Color (USA), LLC ("World Color"). On December 20, 2013, the City entered into a \$3,572,003 General Obligation Refunding Note with Franklin Bank & Trust Cempany, to pay off the outstanding prioripal bedance of its JP Morgan Chase Bank General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2010, dated June 30, 2010. The Refunding Note was issued by the City to reduce future note debt service requirements due to a lower fixed interest rate on Refunding Note.

On March 8, 2010, the City, County of Simpson, Kentucky ("County"), and Industrial Authority entered into an Interlocal Agreement Regarding Industrial Development ("Interlocal Agreement") relating to the World Color industrial development project. Pursuant to Interlocal Agreement, the City and County agreed to pledge, annually, all amounts necessary for project construction and annual debt service requirements. The Industrial Authority, owner of project real property, entered into a lease agreement with World Color for lease of project real property.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payable as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

| | letafæd <u>Recensives</u> | Interfend Pavables | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Governmental Funds | • | | |
| General Fund | \$ 34,333 | \$ 50,993 | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | | |
| Economic Development Revolving Loss Fund | 50.933 | _ | |
| Community Development Fund | _ | 32,206 | |
| Steman ster Fund | | 82 | |
| Total governmental famils | 85,930 | 83,281 | |
| Promising Funds | | | |
| Water and Wasters ater Fund | 5,350 | 2,649 | |
| Switetico Fond | | 5_350 | |
| | 5,350 | 7,533 | |
| Total promiet ety finals | \$ 91.281 | 4 91361 | |

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur (2) transactions are recorded in the eccounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ending Line 30, 2016 are summarized as follows.

| | Transfers In | Treasfers Out |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| General Fords General Ford | \$ 2.500,000 | \$ 282.936 |
| Special Researce Ford | \$ 2,550,550 | 1 202,930 |
| Greenlawn-Shady Rest Cemetery Fond | 185,000 | |
| Stormatter Fund | 99 996 | - |
| Permittens Freed | | |
| Greenlawn-Shary Rest Centetery Perpetual Ford | | 3,000 |
| Total governmental funds | 2785.596 | 285.936 |
| Proprietary Funda | | |
| Fiber Offic Fuel | | 2.500,000 |
| | \$ 2,785,996 | \$ 2,785,996 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN

County Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit peasion plan created by the Kentucky General Assembly, pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) and covers substantially all regular full-time City employees (members) employed in nonhazardous and hazardous duty positions. The KRS issues a publicly available annual report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained at https://krystky.gov.

Benefits Provided

CERS provides for retirement, health insurance, disability and death benefits to plan members. Members are vested in the plan after five years' service credit. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost of living adjustments (COLAs) are provided at the discretion of the State Legislature. Sente Bill 2 of 2013 eliminated all future COLAs unless the State Legislature so authorizes on a biennial basis and citber (i) the system is over 100% funded or (ii) the Legislature appropriates sufficient funds to pay the increased liability for the COLA. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date. Tier 1 includes plan members whose participation began on offer September 1, 2008, Tier 2 includes plan members whose participation began on or after September 1, 2008 but before January 1, 2014, and Tier 3 includes plan members whose participation began on or after January 1, 2014.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Members receiving a monthly benefit based on at least four years of creditable service are eligible for a \$5,000 death benefit. Beneficiaries of deceased members are eligible for a monthly benefit if the member was (1) eligible for retirement at the time of death or, (2) under the age of 55 with at least 60 months of service credit and currently working for a participating agency at the time of death or (3) no longer working for a participating agency but at the time of death had at least 144 months of service credit. If the beneficiary of a deceased active member is not eligible for a monthly benefit, the beneficiary will receive a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and any accumulated interest.

Members participating before August 1, 2004 may retire on account of disability provided the member has at least 60 months of service credit and is not eligible for an unreduced benefit. Additional service credit may be added for computation of benefits under the benefit formula. Members participating on or after August 1, 2004, but before January 1, 2014, may retire on account of disability provided the member has at least 60 months of service credit. Benefits are computed as the higher of a % of final rate of pay (20% nonhazardous, 25% hazardous) or the amount calculated under the benefit formula based upon actual service. Members participating on or after January 1, 2014, may retire on account of disability provided the member has at least 60 months of service credit. The hypothetical account which includes member contributions, employer contributions and interest credits can be withdrawn as a hump sum or an annuity equal to the larger of a % of the member's membry final rate of pay (20% nonhazardous, 25% hazardous) or the annuitized hypothetical account into a single life annuity option. Members disabled as a result of a single duty-related injury or act of violence related to their job may be eligible for special benefits.

Contributions

Employee contribution rates are set by statutes governing the KRS and may only be changed by the Kentucky General Assembly. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per KRS Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and the actuarially accrued liability contribution rates shall be determined by the Board of Trustees on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of July 1 of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Tier 1 non-hazardous members are eligible to retire with an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with four years of service credit or after 27 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a benefit formula calculation based on final compensation times benefit factor inters years of service. Tier 1 final compensation is the average of the five highest years' earnings, benefit factor is 2.20% for members participating prior to August 1, 2004 and 2.00 % for members participating on a filter August 1, 2004 and before September 1, 2008. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 with five years of service credit or at any age with 25 years of service credit. Tier 2 non-hazardous members are eligible to retire with an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years' service credit or at age with 25 years of service or early a service years plus age equal 87. Final compensation for Tier 2 benefit formula calculation is the average of the last complete five years' earnings and benefit factor is an increasing percent based on service at retirement plus 2.00% for each year of service over 30. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 60 with 10 years of service. Tier 3 non-hazardous members are eligible to retire with an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years' service credit or at age 57 based on the Rule of 87. Tier 3 members are not eligi000ble for reduced retirement benefits. Tier 3 is a hybrid cash balance plan. When a member is eligible to retire, the benefit is calculated based on the member's accumulated account balance. A member cannot such a service are different, which includes member contributions, employer contributions and interest credits can be withdrawn in a hump sum or annutivized into a single life annuity option.

Tier I harardous members are eligible to retire with an unreduced retirement benefit at age 55 with five years of service credit or after 20 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by above benefit formula. Calculation is based on average of the three highest years' earnings (final compensation), a 2.50% benefit factor and years of service. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 50 with 15 years of service credit. Tier 2 hazardous members are eligible to retire at any age with 25 years of service or at age 60 with 5 years of service tredit. Benefit formula calculation is based on average of the three highest complete years' earnings, an increasing percent benefit factor based on service at retirement, and years of service. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 50 with 15 years of service. Tier 3 hazardous members are also eligible to retire at any age with 25 years of service or at age 60 with 5 years of service. Tier 3 members are not eligible for reduced retirement benefits.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuatial basis adopted by the Board. The normal contribution rate (the percent computed of employee creditable compensation) shall be determined by the entry age normal cost funding method. The actuatially secuned liability shall be determined by actuarial method consistent with the methods prescribed for determining the normal contribution rate. The actuarially accrued liability contribution shall be computed by amortizing the total unfunded actuarially accured liability over a period of 30 years using the level-percentage-of-payrolf amortization method. Administrative costs of CERS are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

Plan members participating in CERS on or before August 31, 2008 (Tier 1), with nonhazardous and hazardous duty positions, were required to contribute 5% and 8%, especiately, of their annual creditable compensation. For plan members who began participating on or after September 1, 2008 but before January 1, 2014 (Tier 2), contribution rates are 6% (nonhazardous) and 9% (hazardous) of annual creditable compensation. The additional 1% is deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under C USC Section 401(h) in the Pension Fund (Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR F-420E). Plan members participating on, or after January 1, 2014 (Tier 3), were required to contribute to the hybrid cash balance plan. Plan members and employers contribute a set percentage of creditable compensation into the member's account. Members contribute 5% (nonhazardous) and 5% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation and 1% to the health insurance (had which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. Employers contribute 4% (nonhazardous) and 7.5% (hazardous) of creditable compensation into member's hypothetical account.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed 17.06% (nonhazardous - 12.42% pension; 4.64% insurance) and 32.95% (hazardous - 20.26% pension; 12.69% insurance) of each enployee's creditable compensation to CERS, in accordance with its actuarially determined contribution set. The City's employer's contributions to CERS for pension benefits for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$452,495.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a fiability of \$6,708,131 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .114971 percent

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$689,486. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows | |
|--|----------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Not difference between projected and softmil earnings on pension plan investments Difference between expected and actual experience Charge of assumptions | s | 52,538 93,690 635,631 | s | ======================================= | |
| Change in proportion and differences between employer econologics and proportionate state of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement | | 4,797 | | 43,561 | |
| ස්ස් ef Jane 30, 2015 Te/al | <u>s</u> | 452,495 1,233,151 | <u>. </u> | <u></u> 43.561 | |

The amount shown above for "contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2015," will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended Line 30. | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------|
| 2017 | \$ | 216,930 |
| 2018 | | 216,930 |
| 2019 | | 134,287 |
| 2020 | | 174.948 |
| | , | 743,095 |
| | <u>-</u> | |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table: the following table:

| Asset Class | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Refran | TastAllenic | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| Combinal Equals | 5.47% | 44% | |
| Combined Fixed Income | 1 50% | 19% | |
| Real Return (Diversified | | | |
| Influen Syricies) | 3.50% | 10% | |
| Real Forze | 4 500 6 | 515 | |
| Absolute Return (Diversified | | | |
| Hedge Funds) | 4 2 5 % | 10% | |
| Private Ferrity | 8.50% | 10% | |
| Cash Equivalent | -0 25% | 235 | |
| Ical | | 16785 | |

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the KRS Board of Trustees as 7.50 percent based on a blending of the factors described

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of eash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the City will be made at the actuality determined contribution rate pursuant to an exturait valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the KRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fluxing net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inscrive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 setuzrial valuation was determined using the following setuzrial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25 percent

Salary increases 4.0 percent average, including inflation,

Investment rate of

7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

The rates of mortality used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table The rates of mortality used for active members is RP-2009 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for makes and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality tables used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience study prepared every five years for KRS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2003 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expease, and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class (see chart below). These were combined to produce the long-term expected

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLAN (Cortinued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as the net pension liability if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.50%) | Current Discount Rate (7,50%) | 196 Increase (8 5014) | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| City of Franklin's not pension hability Hazardous Forhazardous | \$ 3,622,903 4.951,497 | \$ 2,829,622 3.878.503 | \$ 2,173,105 2,959,680 | |
| Total | \$ 8,573,410 | \$ 6.7/8.131 | \$ 5,132,786 | |

NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description and Contribution Information

In addition to the peasion benefits described above in Note 9, the City maintains an informal retirement plan authorized by the Mayor/Commission. The City does not issue a separate, publicly available OPEB financial report. City employees who retired prior to May 1, 1988, plus employees/speases who retired after May 1, 1988 plus employees/speases who retired after May 1, 1988 but who elected not to participate in the CERS plan (above), are paid a \$100 per month retirement benefit. Twenty retired City employees are currently covered under the plan. Retirement benefits are financed on a pay as you go basis. Payments under the plan totaled \$23,329 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

In addition to providing retirement benefits, the City also provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for these retired employees and their spouses. The cost of the retiree health care and life insurance benefits is borne 100% by the City and is financed on a pay as you go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2016, payments under the plan totaled \$86,745.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement 45 for employers in plans with fewer then one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities for funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

| Arcost registed costabilities | \$ 123,582 |
|--|------------|
| Extends on not OFFB obligation | |
| Adjustment to amount required contribution | 3-3,979 |
| Argenal Off B cost (expense) | 154,561 |
| Contributions made | (122.323) |
| Increase (decrease) in not OFEB oblig ±ion | 32.738 |
| Net OFEB obligation—beginning of year | 85,603 |
| Not OFFB obligation—end of year | \$_117.841 |

The City's annual OPEH cost, the percentage of annual OPEH cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEH obligation for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

| Fiscal Year Endad Jame 30 | Arend OFED Cost | Percentage of Arroad OPEB Cost Net Contributed Ob | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|------------|--|
| 2016 | \$144,346 | 84.7414 | \$ 117,841 | |
| 2015 | \$123,582 | 113.1435 | \$ 85,693 | |
| 2014 | \$151,095 | 75 2% | \$ 101,839 | |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Health insurance premiums - 2015 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the City's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 4 percent was used. In addition, a simplified version of the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over retire life expectancy not to exceed thirty years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 was thirty years.

NOTE 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The plan's investments are held in trust by Public Employee Benefit Service Corporation. Participating employees can contribute to the plan based on either a percentage of compensation or a fixed dollar amount per pay period up to 100% of the participant's total includible compensation or \$18,000 for 2016, whichever is less. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, contributions made on behalf of employees totaled \$62,088.

NOTE 12. SOLID WASTE COLLECTION FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

Commercial and Residential

On September 30, 2013, the City entered into an exclusive commercial and residential franchise agreement with Scott Waste Services, LLC (franchisee), for the collection of residential and commercial solid waste and wastewater treatment plant waste in the City. Pursuant to franchise agreement for residential services, the City shall withhold 10% of the monthly gross receipts (franchise fee) received by the City shall withhold 10% of the monthly gross receipts (franchise fee) received by the City from utility bill payments attributable to operations conducted by franchisee. In addition, City shall withhold 3% of the monthly gross receipts as a collection fee for its billing and collection services provided. For commercial services, the franchisee shall bill all

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,243,606, all of which was unfunded.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of cents far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accuracil liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City and retirees/spouses) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accured liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Marital Status - Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement

Mortality - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National Center for Health Statistics.

Healthcare cost trend rate - The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was based on projections of the Society of Actuaries long-term healthcare trends analysis model. A rate of 7 percent initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 3.8 percent after 19 years, was used.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12. SOLID WASTE COLLECTION FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS (Continued)

commercial and industrial customers and pay to the City a fee of 10% of collected gross receipts for commercial and industrial services. The franchise agreement is for a five year period beginning October 1, 2013 and ending September 30, 2018. The City reserves the right to conduct a mid-term review in March, 2016 and this agreement may be renewed for up to three additional five year terms, upon mutual agreement of both parties.

Industrial

In September, 2013, the City entered into non-exclusive industrial franchise agreements with franchisees for the collection of industrial solid waste in the City and/or industrial parks located therein. The industrial franchisee must remit to the City monthly 10% of the gross receipts received attributable to its operations in the industrial franchise area. The franchise agreements are for a five year period beginning October 1, 2013 and ending September 30, 2018 and are renewable for three equal terms at the City's discretion.

NOTE 13. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT FOR FIRE PROTECTION

On June 21, 2012, the City and Simpson County Fiscal Court ("County") entered into an Interlocal Agreement for fire protection and related emergency services. The County presently familishes basic fire protection services within its boundaries and the City desires to contract for essential fire fighting, protection and emergency services for the City.

At onset of Interlocal Agreement, the City and County fire departments merged into the Franklin-Simpson Fire Rescue operated, managed and administered by the County, with the Simpson County Fire Department Chief being the chief officer of the merged department

Fire Station and Equipment

The County shall have full use of fire station owned by City and shall maintain the station and grounds. The City shall retain ownership of the fire station and shall provide for major capital repairs of station required during the term of the agreement including extensions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 13. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT FOR FIRE PROTECTION (Continued)

Personnel

Staffing of Franklin-Simpson Fire Rescue will be determined by the Fire Chief, in consultation with the County Judge Executive and the Mayor and City Manager, subject to approval of the Simpson County Fiscal Court.

Financial Contributions

City contributions to the County to the cost and expense of Franklin-Simpson Fire Rescue shall be at amounts per City's adopted budget payable monthly, however, not less than \$250,000 annually, without the prior written agreement of the parties. City contributions shall be increased or decreased annually, based upon change in consumer price index or cost of living increases set by Governor's Office of Lecal Development or comparable governmental office, effective July 1st of year increase or decrease is adopted by applicable state office, or the percentage increase in Simpson County's fire department budget, whichever is lower.

Financial contributions to the County for implementation of federal, state or local mandatory regulations shall be determined by negotiation. City shall furnish, without charge, quantities of water and use of fire hydrants as County may require or be able to use in its fire fighting operations within the City or County. City shall provide insurance coverage for the fire station facility, however, vehicles owned or operated by County located within the station, shall be insured by the County.

Term

The term of the agreement is for ten years, unless extended by mutual agreement or terminated. The agreement shall be renewed for one additional ten year term unless, not less than twelve months prior to the expiration of this agreement, either party shall provide written notice to the other of its intent to terminate. The agreement may be terminated by either party by written notice at least one year prior to intended termination.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 16. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to privatesector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2016, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$51,787,290.

NOTE 17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE - IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB 68

Effective July 1, 2014, the City was required to adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement no. 63, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 63). GASB 68 replaced the requirements of GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government but provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB 68 requires governments providing acfined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pensions benefits as a liability to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. Cost-sharing governmental employers, such as the City, are required to report a net pension liability, pension expense and pension-related assets and liabilities based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all governments in the plan.

GASB 68 required retrospective application. Beginning of year net position was adjusted to reflect the retrospective application. The adjustment resulted in a \$4,141,806 restatement of beginning net position for governmental activities and \$1,183,194 for business-type activities in fiscal year 2015.

In fiscal year 2016, the City determined deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2015, for contributions subsequent to the measurement date, included contributions for the employee health insurance fund, in error. As a result, a prior period adjustment in fiscal year 2016 resulted in a \$180.834 restatement of beginning net position for governmental activities and \$42,197 for business-type activities.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, eners and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City maintains outside insurance coverage (either commercial or through a pooled insurance program) covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled chaims did not exceed this commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENCIES

The City has been named as a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City that resolution of these matters will not have a material edverse effect on the City's financial position. Accordingly, no provision for any liability resulting from such litigation has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The City participates in numerous State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the granter agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the granter agencies, therefore, to the extent that the City compiled with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable at June 30, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

In June, 2015, the City Commission voted by resolution to sell and transfer all of the tangible and intangible assets of its fiber optic network to the Franklin Electric Plant Board (Board) for \$2,500,000. The Board assumed day-to-day operations of the fiber optic network on July 1, 2015. The City also is a guzranter of the Board's \$650,000 Franklin Bank & Trust commercial revolving draw promissory note, dated May 14, 2015, issued to facilitate the transfer of the fiber optic network from the City to the Board. The Board's note payable has a note maturity date of May 14, 2020 and the City's guaranty remains in effect until the Board's Franklin Bank & Trust debt is paid in full.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 18. RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February, 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 22, Feir Value Measurement and Application. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement establishes standards for valuation techniques and establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This statement also requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques.

Statement adoption did not impact the City's financial position.

In June, 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Other Theo Pensions. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans provided to employees of state and local governments. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions required to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to actuarial present value, and attribute present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements of defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

The City is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB No. 75 and is currently unable to disclose the impact of the adoption of these standards upon the financial position and results of operations.

In August, 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This statement's provisions are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information regarding a government's tax abatement agreements and agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. New disclosure information to be disclosed about the agreements include brief description information, the gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period and commitments made by a government, other than to abote taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement.

The City is currently evaluating the impact of GASB No. 77 and believes no impact to the financial position of the City will result from its adoption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 30, 2016, the City, as lessee, entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Bond Corporation, lessor, for the purpose of financing various improvements to the City's water and sewer system. The financing agreement amount of \$1,190,000 is payable in monthly lease rental payments beginning January 1, 2017 through January 1, 2037. The lease contains an optional prepayment price. The financing agreement does not constitute a general obligation of the City but grants to lessor a security interest in project personal property.

In April, 2010, the City entered into a \$4,000,000 General Obligation Note to fund the construction by the Franklin-Simpson Industrial Authority of an addition to an existing manufacturing facility to be leased to World Color (USA), LLC ("Company"). See Note 6 - Industrial Davelopment Project Financing. In December, 2016, the Company exercised its option to purchase the real property. The purchase price totaled \$3,374,105 and the City's note receivable from the Industrial Authority and Franklin Bank. & Trust Company General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2013, dated December 20, 2013, were paid off.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variance with

| | | | | Final Budget |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Original | Final | | Positive |
| | | | | |
| | Budget | Bodget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ \$95,818 | \$ 921,924 | \$ 992,101 | \$ 70,177 |
| Occupational taxes | 1,980,000 | 2,095,279 | 2,182,931 | 87,772 |
| Insurance president taxes | 1,437,500 | 1,437,344 | 1,518,542 | 81,153 |
| Business buense tryes | 616,000 | 704.235 | 745.088 | 4),852 |
| Figurchise taxes | 93,000 | 99,000 | 85,834 | (12,166) |
| Liagnamarid | 179,502 | 179,625 | 182,718 | 3,093 |
| Interfered charges | 903,445 | 933,445 | 933,445 | 54375 |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$5,500 | 79,450 | 79,683 | 283 |
| Miscellaneous | 478,006 | 548.566 | \$66,009 | 17,443 |
| Harenzon | 478000 | | 331,039 | 17,443 |
| Total reverses | 6,635,772 | 6.958.750 | 7.257,412 | 283,652 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| General government | | | | |
| Legislaine | | | | |
| Fersonal services | 118,934 | 121,332 | 123,778 | (2,226) |
| Contracted services | 21,630 | 9,18-5 | 9,717 | (531i |
| Materials and samples | 850 | 3.129 | 1.166 | (37) |
| O±er | 17,900 | 13,694 | 17,547 | 3.653) |
| Total legislative | 158474 | 145,761 | 152.203 | 6.447) |
| Ad-instrative | | | | |
| Personal services | 481,715 | 507,082 | 502,436 | 4,646 |
| Contraction services | 63,702 | 55,307 | 63,276 | (11.969) |
| Materials and supplies | 7,850 | 6,143 | 6,494 | (351) |
| Ožer | 7250 | 8.657 | 11.061 | (2404) |
| 033 | | ansi | | 2.434) |
| Total a baixist aire | 560,517 | 578.159 | 588,267 | (19.078) |
| Finance and accounting | | | | |
| Parsacel services | 563,234 | 509,400 | 506,059 | 3,341 |
| Contractesi services | 147,985 | 144,186 | 135,681 | 8,50\$ |
| Materials and supplies | 55,400 | 53,900 | 48,850 | 5,050 |
| Other | 12.850 | 11,250 | 10,155 | 1,094 |
| Total finance and accounting | 780,459 | 718,736 | 700,746 | 17,990 |
| Rid measurers | | | | |
| Personal services | 201,852 | 196,646 | 175,327 | 21,319 |
| Contractual services | 17,000 | 18,500 | 36,724 | (18,224) |
| Meterials and surplies | 7,000 | 5,500 | 4,431 | 1,019 |
| Other | 44.953 | 48,100 | 35.280 | 12,820 |
| Total risk कारका स्टब्स | 270.821 | 268,746 | 251,812 | 16,934 |
| निर्देशी हुकालाओं हुठा सामान्यानी | 1,770,281 | 1.711.432 | 1,693,033 | 18.39) |
| | | | | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Expondáveres (continued) | Original Budget | Final Balset | Actual | Varience with Final Budget Positive (Nozative) |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| Public sufery: Police department: Administration: | | | | |
| Personal services | \$ 244,973 | \$ 239,001 | \$ 237,963 | \$ 1,033 |
| Committed services | 17,831 | 4,336 | 2,452 | 1,844 |
| Meterials and supplies | 11,660 | 4,033 | 2,344 | 1,694 |
| Oha | 4.650 | 3,725 | 3,407 | 318 |
| Total administration | 278,470 | 251,670 | 245,176 | 4.894 |
| Patrol | | | | |
| Personal services | 1.547,172 | 1.537.863 | 1,453,078 | 49,785 |
| Contractful services | 54,221 | 53,547 | 53,191 | 356 |
| Materials and supplies | 75,750 | 62.849 | 59.193 | 3,659 |
| Other | 7.800 | 11,975 | 8,400 | 2.675 |
| | | 11/2/2 | | 2,913 |
| Total partel | 1.684.913 | 1.665.334 | 1.593.859 | 56,475 |
| Non-sween personnel | | | | |
| Personal services | 69,402 | 69,763 | 67.671 | 1.092 |
| Contractual services | 38,330 | 45,680 | 47.768 | (2,083) |
| Materials and supplies | 7,000 | 14.264 | 13.345 | 918 |
| Oder | | 400 | 911 | (511) |
| | | | | |
| Total root-swom personnel | 114,732 | 129,107 | 129,595 | (|
| Total police department | 2,078,145 | 2.045.511 | 1,584,731 | 60,780 |
| Fire department | | | | |
| Inspection and a transistration | | | | |
| Contractoral services | 1.375 | 1,375 | 1.107 | 268 |
| Fuelighing | | | | |
| Contractual services | 260,127 | 260,127 | 260.126 | |
| COMMENT SCHOOL | 200,127 | 201,121 | 293,125 | |
| Total fire department | 261,592 | 261_502 | 261,233 | 269 |
| Total public safety | 2.339,647 | 2.307,013 | 2.245,964 | 61.043 |
| | | | | |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Bulget | Final Badset | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| Expenditures (contrass) | | | | |
| Public services Public works Personal services | \$ 540,450 | \$ 520,736 | \$ 537,374 | (\$ 16,638) |
| Centractual services | 167,189 | 171,321 | 161,214 | 10,107 |
| Materials and survices | 102,528 | 102,927 | 87,420 | 15,507 |
| Other | 6,050 | 2,157 | 1,505 | 662 |
| Total public works | \$16.217 | 797,[5] | 787.513 | 9.638 |
| Code enforcement | | | | |
| Personal services | 90,411 | 81,179 | 81,314 | (135) |
| Contactual services | 6,697 | 5,960 | 3,674 | 2,285 1,243 |
| Materials and supplies | 4,550 | 2,824 | 1,581 3,242 | 1,243 512 |
| Onzer | 1,450 | 3,754 | 3.212 | |
| Total code enforcement | <u>J02,493</u> | 93,717 | 89.811 | 3.5% |
| Total public services | 918.715 | 890,868 | 877.324 | 13.544 |
| Community services | | | | |
| Economic development | 193,947 | 256,591 | 225,857 | 30,727 |
| Parks and percention | 195,000 | 220,000 | 2(0,759 | 17.241 |
| Total community services | 393,947 | 476.594 | 428.626 | 47.968 |
| Capital cottay | | | | |
| Vehicles | 109,007 | 292,673 | 264,173 | 28,500 |
| Equipment | 125,937 | 45,702 | 33,785 | 6,916 |
| Lad ad improvement | 22.000 | 165,000 | 159,850 40,852 | 5,140 25,054 |
| B-M-gs | 22,000 | 65,906 | 41,533 | |
| Reserve for capital improvement | 20,600 | | | |
| Total capital orthy | 276.944 | 570.281 | 501 671 | 65,610 |
| Delt savice | | | | |
| Principal | 422,917 | 422,917 | 427,214 | (6,327) |
| lataes | 129,928 | 129,028 | 122,701 | 6.327 |
| Total debt service | 551,945 | 551,945 | 551,945 | |
| Total expani≙ires | 6.251.472 | 6.5/68.133 | 6.3/11.563 | 206.570 |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

Infrastructure Condition and Maintenance Data June 30, 2016

Modified Approach to Infrastructure

The following schedules are presented by the City as supplementary information on infrastructure assets using the modified approach: $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2$

| | | | | Sycare Feet of | Food Area | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| | | 20 | 16 | 20 | 14 | | 2)13 |
| | OCI Condition <u>Pacing</u> | Square Feet | | Spare Feet | | Sout. | _1: |
| Acceptable | 75 - 100 | 3,765,426 | 7931 | 3.596,060 | 71.05 | 3,456,833 | 63.74 |
| Marginally deficient | 5) - 74 | 582,154 | 2)69 | 1,234,93) | 24 4) | 1,270,458 | 25 27 |
| Maderately deficient | 25 - 43 | · - | - | 23/2,045 | 4 55 | 363,533 | 5.34 |
| Severaly deficient | 0 - 24 | | = | | = | 32445 | 65 |
| Total | | 4.747.553 | 1000 | 5.661.63 <u>6</u> | <u>10.00</u> | 5.028.271 | 1666 |
| | | | Concerism of th | mental en Actu | al Mehterane | e Freservation | |
| | | 2)16 | 2)15 | _ সাৰ | | 2013 | 2012 |
| عضو لحضا | ı . | \$ 272.335 | \$ 243,770 | S 1FA | 19) \$ | 126,344 | \$ 164,260 |
| 4 44.41 | | S 757 387 | 5 227 765 | \$ 162 | 6/0 6 | 120.433 | \$ 215,025 |

The condition of the City's roads is determined using its Road Management and Inspection Program (RMIP) The road condition is rated from 1 to 100 (OCI), with 100 being new or recently paved

It is the City's policy to assess the condition of the roads at least every three years for cracks, potholes, misalignment, drainage condition and number of specific safety hazards.

The City has not changed the measurement scale used to assess and report the condition of its roads for the past $10\,\mathrm{years}$.

The City's goal is to have all roads at 90 + 100 OCI rating.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Badget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ 387.293 | <u>\$ 450.617</u> | \$ 935,839 | \$ 495, 222 |
| Other finencing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses) | (283,000) 4,000 (279,000) | (283,000) 32,749 | 2,500,000 (281,995) 31,591 2248,505 | 2,500,000 4 (1248) 2498.756 |
| Net change in final balance | 103,293 | 210.356 | 3,204,344 | 2,993,978 |
| Freed balances, beginning of year | 2.832.943 | 2 832 943 | 2,832,948 | |
| Fund believes, and of year | \$ 2941.241 | \$3,043.314 | <u>\$6037.232</u> | 5 2 993.978 |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OPEB June 30, 2016

| Actorial Valutico <u>Des</u> | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Linkfilty (AAL)— Unit Credit Cost (b) | Unfinial AAL (UAAL) (b-a) | Funded Ratio _(a/_b)_ | Covered Payroll _(c) | UAAL as a Percentage of Corered Payroll ((b = a)/c) |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 6/30/2011 6/30/2012 6/30/2013 6/30/2014 | \$ - \$ N'A N'A | \$ 1,598,663 \$ 1,458,926 N/A N/A | \$ 1,595,663 \$ 1,435,926 N/A N/A | 0 0% 0 6% N/A N/A | N'A N'A N'A N'A | N/A N/A N/A N/A |
| 6/30/2015 6/30/2016 | N/A | \$ 1,243,696 N/A | \$ 1,243,696 N/A | 0 0% N/A | N'A N'A | N/A N/A |

N/A - Actuarial valuation not performed

Information for prior years is not available as the City's first actuarial valuation was for the year ended June 30, 2011.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB $_{\rm June~30,~2016}$

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | Employer <u>Contributions</u> | Annual Required Contribution | Percentage Contributed |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2011 | \$ 148,623 | \$ 158,818 | 93.58% |
| 2012 | 128,804 | 151,095 | 85.25% |
| 2013 | 119,202 | 151,095 | 78.89% |
| 2014 | 113,635 | 151,095 | 75.21% |
| 2015 | 139.818 | 123,582 | 113.14% |
| 2016 | 122,323 | 123,582 | 98.98% |

Information for prior years is not available as the City's first octuarial valuation was performed for the year ended June 30, 2011.

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 452,495 | \$ 450,450 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | 452 495 | 450,450 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>s —</u> | <u>s – </u> |
| City's covered-employ on pay roll | \$ 3,205,636 | \$ 3,162,531 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 14.1235 | 14 24% |

Note. This schedule is intended to present a 10-year trend per GASB 68. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2016 | | 2015 |
|--|------------|--------------|------|-------------|
| Total net pension liability for County Employees Retirement Systems | S 5 | ,834,631,445 | \$ 4 | ,446.199,75 |
| City's proportion of the net pension hability | | .115044 | | .1166% |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability | S | 6,768,131 | \$ | 5,186,001 |
| City's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 3,205,636 | \$ | 3,162,531 |
| City's proportionale share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employ or payroll | | 209 26% | | 163,983 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 59.35% | | 65.939 |

Note. This schedule is intended to present a 10-year trend per GASB 68. Additionally ears will be reported as they become available.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

- Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes
- Greenlawn-Shaly Rest Cemetery Fund This fued is used to secount for the activities of the Greenlawn-Shaly Rest Cemetery. The cemetery is operated by the City with input from an advisory board
- Community Development Fond This fund is used to account for the federal community development block grash program and state communic development grash programs restricted for various governmental housing and community development and economic development projects
- Municipal Aid Final This food is used to account for the City's share of liquid field tax receipts, mineral and coal severance tax receipts and special municipal road aid bond receipts restricted for public works eliqible costs
- Economic Development Revolving Loza Fund This fund is used to account for economic development incentive Joans to local industrial tenants. Loza repsyments are restricted to future economic development activities.
- Stormwater Fund This fund is used to account for reverses received to develop and maintain the City's stormwater management system.

Permanent Funds

- Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only emings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs
- Francis Hanis Cemetery Perjetual Care Fund This fund is used to account for menies held in trust from a memorial from Francis Harris to provide for the future care and maintenance of the Greenlawn Shady Rest Cemetery.
- Greenlawn Shady Rest Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund This fund is used to account for monies set aside to provide for the future care and maintenance of the Greenlawn Shady Rest Cemetery.

| Constant Aspend | Normalia Ostational Fresh |
|----------------------|---|
| \$ 70,160 439,221 | \$ 433,514 439,221 |
| - - - | 25,457 19,162 51,597 2,699 |
| <u></u> | 71,000 \$ 1,012,040 |
| s <u>-</u> | \$ 161,371 32,248 \$,162 201,821 |
| 509,381 | 2,059 509,381 251,749 810,219 |
| \$ 519 381 | \$ 1012040 |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

| | | Special Revenue | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| .A52E12 | <u>Constan</u> | Comment, Decomment | Musepi Kil | Ecocomic Daylamos | Statesta | াত্য | | |
| Cub and cub equivalents Catalogue of deposit Production (not of all-wance | 2 37484 | s _ | \$ 171,051 | š <u>-</u> | \$ 127,819 | 2337374 | | |
| for time@ARMs) Accounts Independencedal Due from other fords Proposal from | 2.450 — — 970 | - - - | 19,163 — | 50,993 | 23,607 | 25,457 19,152 51,597 2,659 | | |
| Perhicted assets. Cash and cash equivalents | | 71.660 | | | | 71,000 | | |
| Total assets | 5 37.524 | \$71,900 | \$192.213 | \$.50,993 | \$ 152512 | \$ 502.659 | | |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND B | ALANCES | | | | | | | |
| Disherter Accounts payable Due to other finis Account expenses | s 15 | 32,2% | \$ 147,331 | s <u> </u> | \$ 13,975 \$2 8,162 | \$ 161,371 32,261 8,162 | | |
| Total liabilities | 15 | 32.2% | 147.331 | | 22.219 | 731731 | | |
| Fend talances: Nonspendable Propabl items Purpetual care Assigned to | 97) | _ | = | = | 1,119 | 2,059 | | |
| Oter purples | 35.919 | 38,734 | 42,832 | 53.991 | 123 211 | 233,713 | | |
| Total facilitatives | 37.889 | 38,794 | | 53.993 | _135333 | 330,03 | | |
| Total Individues and final balances | <u>\$ 37.934</u> | \$ 71.000 | \$187313 | 5 51911 | <u>\$ 152549</u> | <u>\$ 502.659</u> | | |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS June 30, 2016

| | Francis Hanis Cemetery Perpetual | Greenlawn- Shady Rest Cemetery Perpetual | Total Nonmajor Permanent Funds |
|--|--|---|---|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit | \$ 1,202 50,000 | \$ 68,958 389,221 | \$ 70,160 439,221 |
| Total assets | \$51,202 | <u>\$ 458.179</u> | \$ 509,381 |
| FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Cemetery maintenance Perpetual cure | \$ 51,202 ————— | \$ - 458.179 | \$ 51,202 458,179 |
| Total fund balances | <u>\$51.202</u> | s 458.179 | \$ 509.381 |

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | | Special | P.es error | | | Permitted Fig.1s | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| | Conta | Currently Bevelopment | Maricipal Ail | Economic Boshonsoi | Statistics | . Yetal | Conctay Percent | Icul Normajor Generation Fends |
| Perennes bilargese tomental Charges for sales and services Contributions In estimate income Mixediancous Technologies | 93.599 | s | \$172,871 | s - - | \$ 224,042 | \$172,811 317,542 ———————————————————————————————————— | \$ 0,(6) 2,591 - 12,491 | \$ 172,871 317,542 13,160 2,614 625 |
| Expenditures Context Philic works Community services Confind contry | 247,475 | | 269,537 31,425 | | 193,339 | 453,245 247,478 31,425 | <u>.</u> | 453,245 247,533 31,425 |
| Total expenditues | 247.473 | . | 370.952 | | _193,7/29 | 742 143 | <u>25</u> | 742 174 |
| (ಸರ್ವಾ (ಸೆಕ್ಸ್ ಕ್ರಾನ್) ಬಿಸ್ತ ಸಂಪಾರ ರಾಜ್ (ಜನೆಸ್) ಕುನೀವಿನಿಸಲು | (15).334) | | (_127,597) | | 33.333 | (_253,853) | 12.455 | (<u>238.422</u>) |
| Ofen francing sou (es (use)) Transfers in Transfers out | 185,650 | | | | 93,936 | 285,996 | (| 285,995 (3,0%) |
| Tetal ether financing sources (600) | _185.60) | | | | 93,935 | 285,936 | (3.002) | 252.925 |
| Net change in fund believen | 32,676 | - | ((27,897) | - | 130,329 | 35,198 | 9,4% | 44,574 |
| Find believes, beginning of you | 5.213 | 31.794 | _170.729 | 53,993 | = | 255.722 | _422.915 | <u> 765.611</u> |
| Food balances, and of year | 5 37,853 | 5_31,794 | 5.42832 | \$ 51993 | \$ 130 129 | \$ 350 437 | \$ 509.331 | \$ 810.218 |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Francis Hanis Cometery Perpetual | Greenlaun- Shady Rest Comotory Perpotual | Total Noumajor Permesent Funds | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Revenues | \$ 563 | \$ 1.828 | | |
| Investment income | \$ 503 | | \$ 2,391 10,100 | |
| Contributions | | 10,100 | 10,100 | |
| Total reverses | 563 | 11,928 | 12,491 | |
| Expenditures Correcti | | | | |
| Community services | 25 | - | 25 | |
| Community Services | | | | |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | 538 | 11,928 | 12,465 | |
| Other financing uses | | | | |
| Transfers out | _ | (3,650) | (3,600) | |
| Net change in fund balance | 538 | 8,928 | 9,466 | |
| Fund belance, beginning of year | 50,664 | 449,251 | 499.915 | |
| Fund belance, end of year | \$51.202 | \$ 458.179 | \$ 509.381 | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Greenlawn - Shady Rest Cemetery Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Budget | Final Balzet | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for sales and services | \$ 68,500 | \$ 76,500 | S 93,500 | \$ 17,000 |
| Investment income | 63 | 63 | 29 | (34) |
| Miscellineous | | 650 | 625 | (<u>25</u>) |
| Total reverses | 68,663 | 77.213 | 94.154 | 16.941 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Community services | | | | |
| Personal services | 7,008 | 8,797 | 8,299 | 498 |
| Contractual services | 182,890 | 183,561 | 182,081 | 1,480 |
| Materials and supplies | 1,300 | 2,468 | 1,227 | 1,241 |
| Administrative overbead | 44,846 | 44,846 | 41,846 | - |
| Other | 6.939 | 8.843 | 11,025 | (2,182) |
| Total community | | | | |
| services | 242,983 | 248.515 | 247,478 | 1,037 |
| Deficiency of revenues under | | | | |
| expenditures | (174,320) | (171,302) | (153,324) | 17,978 |
| Other financing sources | | | | |
| Transfers in | 186,000 | 185,000 | 186,000 | |
| Net change in fund belance | 11,68) | 14,698 | 32,676 | 17,978 |
| Furst belance, beginning of year | 5.213 | 5,213 | 5,213 | = |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ 16.893 | \$ 19,911 | \$37.889 | S17.978 |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Municipal Aid Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Revenues | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| [rtegoverments] | | | | |
| Liquid fuel tax | \$ 163,166 | \$ 163,165 | \$ 161,930 | (\$ 1,185) |
| Meieral and coal severance tax layestment income | 7,300 | 10,426 | 10,591 | 455 |
| lavesment parche | 250 | | 194 | (55) |
| Total researces | 170.716 | 173.842 | 173,065 | (|
| Expenditues Contest | | | | |
| Parlie norks | 205,000 | 235,000 | 269.537 | 15.453 |
| Capital outlay | 38.200 | 31,425 | 31,425 | |
| Total expenditures | 244.200 | 316,425 | 300,962 | 15.453 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (moder) expansiones | (73,434) | (142,583) | (127,897) | 14,686 |
| Fund believe, beginning of year | 170,729 | 170.729 | 170,723 | |
| Front holomore and of year | \$ 97.245 | \$ 28.145 | \$ 42.830 | \$ 14686 |

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the City's management is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing busis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where the City's management has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Wastewater Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the Water and Wastewater operations.

Sanitation Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sanitation and landfill operations

Fiber Optic Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's fiber optic operations.

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Stormwater Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Budget | Fmil Polçet | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for sales and services Fines and forfaitures | \$ 219,600 ————— | \$ 219,000 | \$ 217,226 <u>6.816</u> | (\$ 1,774) (<u>664</u>) |
| Total reverses | 219,030 | 226,480 | 224.042 | (2.438) |
| Expenditures Current: Public works: | | | | |
| Personal services | 116,779 | 118,778 | 122,793 | (4,015) |
| Contractual services | 31,973 | 45,944 | 30,026 | 15,918 |
| Materials and supplies | 66,650 | 66,953 | 40,549 | 26,404 |
| Other | 4.050 | 4.050 | 341 | 3,709 |
| Total public works | 219,452 | 235,725 | 193.709 | 42.016 |
| Capital outly | 38.000 | | | |
| Total exponditures | 257,452 | 235,725 | 193,709 | 42,016 |
| Evess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | (38,452) | (9.245) | 30,333 | 39.578 |
| Other financing sources Transfers in | 100,000 | 100,600 | 93,5% | (4) |
| Net change in fund balance | 61,548 | 90,755 | 130,329 | 39,574 |
| Ford balance, beginning of year | | | | |
| Fund bulance, and of year | § 61.548 | <u>\$ 90.755</u> | \$130,329 | \$ 39,574 |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Water and Wastewater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Bulget | Final Bad <u>set</u> | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| Operating revenues Charges for sales and services | | | | |
| Water division | \$ 2,471,116 | \$ 2,570,784 | \$ 2,671,701 | \$ 100,917 |
| Wasten ater division | 2.107.223 | 2,159,531 | 2,267,169 | 107,638 |
| maximen dipan | 2,197,229 | 2.127.231 | 2257,105 | 1072003 |
| Total operating revenues | 4.578,339 | 4,730,315 | 4,938,870 | 208.555 |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | | |
| Investment income | 7.560 | 7,500 | 5,508 | (1,992) |
| Siles of assets | | 2.115 | (2.684) | (4.799) |
| Miscellmeous | 8,900 | 185,331 | 113,044 | 72.2871 |
| Grant revenue | 100,000 | - | | , ,, |
| Band proceeds | 600.000 | = | | |
| Total nonoperating | | | | |
| revendes | 716,400 | 194,946 | 115.868 | (<u>79,078</u>) |
| Total revenues | 5.294,739 | 4.925,261 | 5.054.738 | 129,477 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Water division | | | | |
| Preduction: | | | | |
| Personal services | 348,217 | 351,102 | 353,731 | (2,629) |
| Contractual services | 197,818 | 187,982 | 172,820 | 15,162 |
| Materials and supplies | 160,255 | 164,009 | 134,425 | 29,584 |
| Other | <u>71.626</u> | 72.054 | 69,779 | 2.275 |
| Total water production | 777,916 | 775,147 | 730,755 | 44.392 |
| Distribution | | | | |
| Personal services | 494,442 | 474.221 | 470.133 | 4.088 |
| Contractual services | 68,364 | 71,850 | 52,847 | 19,003 |
| Materials and samplies | 229,990 | 220,283 | 167,899 | 52,384 |
| Other | 17,369 | 17,080 | 17.585 | (|
| Total water distribution | 810,165 | 783,434 | 708,464 | 74.970 |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Water and Wastewater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | - | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|---|--|
| | Original Bulget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
| Expenditures (continued) | | | | | |
| Meter reading and maintenance: Personal services | \$ 64,807 | \$ 64,791 | \$ 63.171 | \$ 1.620 | |
| Contractual services | 11,445 | 13,927 | 9,834 | 4,693 | |
| Miserials and supplies | 194,500 | 185,071 | 182,632 | 3,439 | |
| Other | 1.680 | 1.980 | 953 | 1,927 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total water meter reading | | | | | |
| and maintenance | 272,432 | 266,769 | 256,590 | 10.179 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total water division | 1.8/0.513 | 1.825.350 | 1,695,809 | 129,541 | |
| | | | | | |
| Wastewater division Treatment | | | | | |
| Personal services | 126 722 | * ** | | | |
| Contractual services | 336,720 | 297,867 | 3/92,787 | (4,920) | |
| Materials and supplies | 314,368 89,530 | 328,048 90,924 | 317,247 | 10,801 | |
| Other | 37,754 | 68,202 | 76,227 | 14,697 | |
| CADE | 37,734 | 08.202 | 99,684 | (<u>30.882</u>) | |
| Total wastewater treatment | 778,372 | 785.041 | 795.345 | (10.304) | |
| Collection and rehabilitation | | | | | |
| Personal services | 283.037 | 290,226 | 297,408 | (7,182) | |
| Contractual services | 55,162 | 39,608 | 38.047 | 1.561 | |
| Materials and supplies | 61,275 | 48,997 | 24,401 | 24.596 | |
| Other | 37,384 | 3,863 | 3.300 | 563 | |
| | - | | | | |
| Total wastewater collection | | | | | |
| and rehabilitation | 436,858 | 382.694 | 363,156 | 19,538 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total wastew≇er division | 1,215.230 | 1,167,735 | 1,158,501 | 9.234 | |
| | | | | | |
| Administrative overtead | 554.100 | 554,100 | 554,100 | | |
| Debt service. | | | | | |
| Principal | 432.525 | 122.727 | | | |
| Interest | 130,759 | 432,525 | 432,525 | | |
| Administrative fees | 503 | 139,759 503 | 130,087 | 672 | |
| Amenda and the second | | | 502 | | |
| Total debt service | 563,787 | 563,787 | 563,114 | 673 | |
| Capital outlays | 1.692.925 | 1,193.222 | 625.217 | 574,005 | |
| Total expenditures | 5.286.555 | 5.310.194 | 4.596,741 | 713,453 | |
| | | 3 ∩∟ | | | |
| ->t)- | | | | | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Sanitation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Bolzet | Final Badget | Actoral | Variance with Freal Bradget Positive (Negative) |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Operating revenues Charges for services | | | | |
| Hand pick-up | \$ 640,000 | \$ 656,549 | \$ 691492 | |
| Collection fees | 19.315 | 18.543 | | (\$ 6,097) |
| Fines and forfestives | 24.26) | 26,090 | 19,513 | 965 |
| Franchise fee | 165,000 | 174,589 | 25,691 | (999) |
| Tracese rec | 1055593 | 1.4.539 | 180,145 | 5,156 |
| १७३१ क्यानूच्या स्टब्स्टस | 848,575 | 876,176 | 875,201 | (975) |
| Nonverticia (eventes | | | | |
| Investment income | 350 | 322 | 333 | |
| HICHERIN INCHES | 3.9 | | | 11 |
| Totalievanies | 843.925 | 876,498 | <u>875,534</u> | (964) |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Sanitation operations | | | | |
| Personal services | 12,000 | 8,769 | 0.7/3 | |
| Contractal services | 644,900 | 657,450 | 8,557 | 202 |
| Administrative overhead | 209,500 | | 659,451 | 6,999 |
| Administrative protection | 2/39_403 | 209.500 | 209.500 | |
| Total expositores | 865,500 | 875,719 | <u>858,518</u> | 7,201 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| ora (unia) exercizaes | (\$ 16,575) | \$ 779 | 2016 | |
| our (many) educate | (<u>a 10.2/2</u>) | 2 773 | 7,016 | <u>\$6,237</u> |
| Net position, beginning of year | | | (| |
| Net position, end of year | | | (1 4.345) | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE. Water and Wastewater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Original Bulget | Find Baleet | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Excess (deficiency) of reverses over (trader) expenditures | <u>\$ 8,184</u> | (<u>\$ 384,933</u>) | \$ 457,997 | \$ 842.930 |
| Add Principal psyments Capital outlays, including cap Less | Les rodel bavileti | mzerials | 432,525 700,232 | |
| Depreciation expense Amortization expense | | | (1,043,192) (3,031) | |
| Change in net position | | | 544,531 | |
| Net position, beginning of year | | | 17,756,722 | |
| Prior period adjustment | | | (42.187) | |
| Net position, beginning of year, to | estated | | 17.714.535 | |
| Net position, end of year | | | \$ 18.259.056 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

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CITY OF FRANKLIN, KENTUCKY

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Fiber Optic Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Ongrad Bades | First Baixet | Actual | Variance with First Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Telal কেক্তম্ব | <u> </u> | <u>s</u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total expendences | | | | - |
| Execu (ತಿರೇಕನ್ನು) ನೇನ ಪಾಟ ಕಾರ (ಕಾಟಾ) ಉಂಗಮಾಟ | | | | |
| Other femocial sources (uses) Grin on sale of assets Transfers cos | | 2,500,600 | 394,707 (<u>2.509,609)</u> | (2,195,293) (2,590,000) |
| Total other francial sources (uses) | | 2.500.600 | (2.193.293) | (4,695,293) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses | <u>s – – </u> | \$_2,500,000 | (2,195,293) | (1 4.695,293) |
| Add Capital ordays Less Depreciation expense | | | | |
| Charge in net position | | | (2,195,293) | |
| Net positiva, beginning of year | | | 2.195.293 | |
| Net position, end of year | | | <u> </u> | |