

RAPID NEEDS ASSESSMENT
2023-2025

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PLAN REVIEW

Every two years, or upon significant change, Eagle County will review this Rapid Needs Assessment Plan, components, and supporting elements, and make any required updates or changes.

RECORD OF CHANGES

DATE	SUBJECT	PAGE(S)	SIGNATURE
12/2022	Format for 2023-2025 update	1-29	Fernando Almanza

AUTHORITY

- CRS 24-33.5-701 through 716
- CRS 30-10-513
- Colorado Disaster Act of 1992

OVERVIEW

This plan is to provide for the orderly and coordinated assessment of all or any part of Eagle County if it is determined that such action is the most effective means available for providing coordination and oversight of the effects of an emergency situation. All municipalities and response agencies have been given the opportunity to provide input to this plan.

SCOPE

A Rapid Needs Assessment (RNA) takes place within hours after an incident and focuses on lifesaving needs, imminent hazards, and critical lifelines. This is also referred to as a ‘windshield’ assessment, as it involves first responders and key officials reporting on conditions as they move through stricken areas. It is essentially a community wide “size-up” that helps identify immediate life safety and response priorities as soon as possible, preferably in the first operational period. The Vail Public Safety Communications Center and the Pitkin County Regional Emergency Dispatch Center, also known as the Public Safety Answering Points (PSAP’s), will be instrumental in initially identifying the need for activation of the RNA plan based upon the nature and extensiveness of calls that they receive. The Eagle County Public Information Officer Group or the State Virtual Operations Support Team group will be helpful in monitoring social media for a community perspective.

RNA involves teamwork among local public and private personnel. Depending on the time of the incident and the amount of warning, it may initially include personnel from law enforcement, fire, public works agencies and other resources in the affected area. Personnel who are in place and know their responsibilities are the front-line teams for RNA.

Later, damage assessment operations may include other government organizations, volunteer organizations, and private citizens.

PURPOSE

The ability of Eagle County to perform a rapid situational assessment accurately and within the first few hours after an incident is critical to providing an adequate response to life threatening situations and imminent hazards that may impact the County.

An RNA will enable officials to prioritize response activities, determine available resources, allocate those resources, and request needed mutual aid and/or state and federal assistance.

SITUATION AND ASSUMPTIONS SITUATION

The primary Natural Hazard risks faced by Eagle County and its municipalities include, but not limited to, wildfire, flooding, and severe storms. Additional significant hazards include transportation (HazMat and Mass Casualty), terrorist activity, and urban fire.

Typical natural hazards where this RNA Plan may be implemented would be large-scale flooding, landslide, wildfire on a large scale or potentially an earthquake.

ASSUMPTIONS

Eagle County is, in general, well prepared to respond to disaster events and has the full support of resources available through the State of Colorado and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). However, the most efficient use can be made of the available resources (both internal to the

County and external through requests for assistance made through the Colorado Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management) only when the magnitude, severity, and precise nature of the event and the resulting damages are known.

It is critical that a Situation Assessment be conducted that is quick (within three hours or less of the event) and of the appropriate detail (generalities are unhelpful, yet too much detail will actually slow down the collection and interpretation process).

The County's RNA Plan is designed to be used in a major event with large scale damage. Under these circumstances, it must be anticipated that normal operation of the County and/or municipalities usual priorities will be suspended or delayed in order to do the most good for the most citizens in as little time as possible.

Any major event may be expected to disrupt, if not totally curtail, communications via telephone. Even if the telephone lines and switching equipment are not physically damaged, severe overloading will occur, which will result in telephone service becoming extremely slow and unreliable.

Cellular service is also dependent upon the landline telephone system in some measure. Additionally, cellular towers, and particularly interconnection microwave equipment, may be subject to physical damage from some events. Moreover, cellular service is typically more prone to overloading than basic landline service.

A major event could overload the communications systems of police, fire and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) dispatch systems. Those systems are also subject to physical damage and consequent reduced capacity, or outright failure, particularly in the event of an earthquake.

A disaster event will also impact transportation. A flood and landslide event can realistically be expected to result in failed road and bridge structures. Debris from damaged buildings and trees and large rock falls will likely further block roads. Should the event occur during travel periods, stalled vehicles will exacerbate the impact to transportation. Transportation blockages impact not only the ability to respond to the situation, but also the ability to assess the situation.

A major disaster will also have a very significant and varying impact on County utilities. Disruptions are to be expected and could result, either directly or indirectly, in situations that threaten life and property.

In many cases the resources available to be used in the RNA process will depend upon the location, time of the day, day of the week, and even the time of the year that the event occurs.

The County's RNA plan is designed to work as effectively as possible under any combination of these factors.

Effective disaster management lies in the effective use of as many resources as possible and the use of those resources in the most effective manner possible. Thus, the RNA should be performed, when possible, by personnel who can be deployed rapidly and by those personnel who can best be spared from other tasks.

Phone assessments of critical facilities can be initiated by the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) or Incident Commander where phone service is available. Radio assessments of critical facilities that use interoperable radios can be initiated by the EOC or the Incident Commander.

Personnel may not be available from response agencies to do a rapid needs assessment due to staffing shortages or the magnitude of the event and the required response. The use of volunteers and volunteer organizations and Incident Management Team (IMT) or EOC personnel to perform the assessment may be needed at this point.

ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

All responses shall follow National Incident Management System guidelines to include the establishment of a Single or Unified Command structure. This will be done at the earliest time possible and that information provided to all personnel.

Use of response agencies listed below will depend on availability of resources.

Public Safety Answering Points

- Receive initial reports of situations via 911 calls or other methods.
- Dispatch appropriate response agencies to situation location(s).
- When multiple locations are reporting similar situations, contact Eagle County Emergency Management to activate this RNA plan.
- Deliver public warning as directed in accordance with Eagle County Emergency Operations Plan (EOP), Appendix L.
- Notify all relevant response agencies of the disaster - including Emergency Management.
- Prioritize responses until the EOC is operational.
- Transfer disaster relevant non-emergency calls to the EOC.

Incident Command

- The Incident Commander may be first on scene and is often law or fire personnel. A clear early establishment of an Incident Command or a Unified Command is vital. Incident Command/Unified Command (IC/UC) will be initially responsible for implementation of this plan until the EOC is operational. Once the EOC is operational and coordination between IC and EOC is established then the RNA shall be placed under that control and the IC/UC will continue with all other duties required. Other command duties may be relegated to the EOC as agreed upon.
- Will verify evacuation shelters are capable of receiving citizens if necessary.

Law Enforcement

- Provide personnel to conduct an RNA. This information will be provided to the IC or, if activated, the EOC.
- Check critical facilities within assigned divisions.
- Upon request and availability, provide a person to staff Emergency Support Function # 13 position in the EOC to assist in information collection received by Law Enforcement personnel doing assessments. These persons will be relieved for re-assignment to higher priority duties as other EOC staff become available.
- Provide collected information to the IC, or the EOC if activated.

Fire Departments

- Provide personnel to conduct an RNA within their response areas by districts, concentrating on locations of Hazardous Materials using the provided assessment sheets.
- Upon request and availability, provide a person to staff Emergency Support Functions #4 and 10 positions in the EOC to assist in information collection received by firefighting personnel doing assessments. These persons will be relieved for re-assignment to higher priority duties as other EOC staff become available
- Provide collected information to the IC, or the EOC if activated.

Public Works

- Provide personnel to conduct a Rapid Needs Assessment in divisions within their area of responsibility using the assessment sheets provided.
- Water Treatment/Treatment Plant personnel will be responsible for self-assessment of those facilities.
- Upon request and availability, provide a person to staff Emergency Support Function # 3 positions in the EOC to assist in information collection received from PW personnel.
- Provide collected information to the IC, or the EOC if activated.

Incident Management Team

- Assist with RNA through use of RNA assigned personnel.

Emergency Management/EOC

- Open and staff the EOC upon notification. Staff for the EOC will be provided by designated personnel.
- Once established, the EOC will be responsible for collecting the RNA information along with overseeing more detailed Damage Assessments at a later time. Coordination of any state and federal resources requested will take place at the EOC.
- Will attempt to acquire the necessary resources to complete the assessment if the response agencies are not available to perform the RNA.
- Will provide a Situation Report and a Damage Assessment Summary to the Colorado Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management (DHSEM) as soon as possible.
- For seismic events, verify dams or reservoirs that affect Eagle County are intact (depending on event). This can be done by contacting emergency management for surrounding counties.
- Will ascertain the status of evacuation centers, if needed.
- Will ascertain status of dams and reservoirs that affect Eagle County, if applicable, from IC or other sources.
- Will provide completed data to IC.

Other Agencies (Community Resources)

- Other agencies such as schools, resorts, medical and long term care facilities, utility providers, state and federal agencies within the County will provide status on their facilities, upon request, to the EOC for use in the RNA. This may include information from the Colorado Department of Transportation on state and federal highways in the County.

Municipalities

- Municipalities will provide status on any damages within their jurisdiction to the EOC. These municipalities may be covered by fire districts and law enforcement from outside their boundaries but will also gather information on local conditions.

Medical Facilities

- Medical facilities will collect their in-house damage data and assessment and provide that information to the EOC upon request.

CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

The basic concept of RNA is to help determine where resources are needed that will do the most good, for the most number of people, in the least amount of time. It is critical to determine a fairly accurate overview of the full extent and nature of the situation in order to enable that the most beneficial and effective decisions are made with regard to event priorities, deployment of available resources, and requesting of additional outside resources.

Without an overall picture of the event a small portion of an area may be overwhelmed by response efforts while another area, having greater need, is left with no support. Every County and municipal employee and every citizen has a role in RNA. Each must first assess his or her personal situation and take whatever steps may be immediately necessary for their personal safety and that of those around them.

In terms of the formal RNA, the Fire and Law Enforcement agencies, together with Public Works, play the lead roles, with critical input from Community Resources (which may include utilities, businesses, organizations, and volunteers).

There are several important uses of the information gathered in RNA. Initially, the on-scene IC will use the RNA information to make initial planning and strategy decisions. Once the EOC has been effectively activated and coordination and policy staff have gathered, they use the information gathered from the

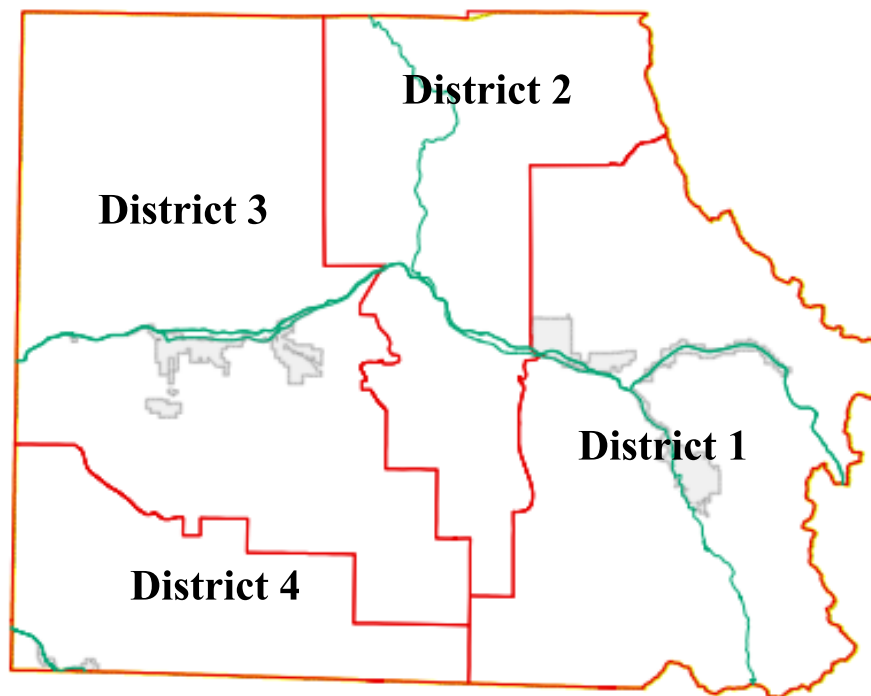
RNA process to assess the situation, make policy determinations, and formulate effective and realistic goals. At all levels, relevant accurate information is essential for effective decision making.

The RNA process is different from the other forms of damage assessment that come later in the event. The purpose of RNA is not to estimate the dollar value of the damage or the fine details. It is, rather, to assess the nature, magnitude and scope of the event so that the decision makers can assign the appropriate priorities to their response, utilizing the available resources most effectively, and requesting outside resources of the most appropriate types that are most needed.

To accomplish this important purpose, it is necessary to get information that helps disclose the type and extent of the damage that has occurred, where it has occurred, and the transportation limitations and capabilities that will affect the response. Specifically, what roads are blocked, where, and by what? What utilities are functional and what utilities need to be shut down to protect life or property? Where is the largest number of victims trapped, in need of medical care, or in need of shelter? What significant buildings are damaged, and which may be available for sheltering?

To facilitate the quick gathering of this critical information under conditions far from ideal, the County has been divided into multiple districts. These districts utilize the existing patrol district boundaries for the Eagle County Sheriff's Office. The County is divided into quadrants as follows:

- District 1 – Eagle River Valley, East of the Edwards Spur Road to the county lines at Vail Pass and Tennessee Pass including the communities of Red Cliff, Minturn, Avon, Beaver Creek, Vail and portions of Edwards.
- District 2 – Eagle River Valley, between Wolcott and Edwards Spur Road including Highway 131 to the county line including the communities of McCoy, Bond, Wolcott, Bellyache Ridge, Cordillera and portions of Edwards.
- District 3 – Eagle River Valley, between Glenwood Canyon and Wolcott to the summit of Cottonwood and Crooked Creek Passes including the communities of Eagle, Gypsum, Dotsero, Sweetwater and Burns.
- District 4 – Roaring Fork River Valley including the communities of El Jebel and a portion of Basalt.



District Boundary Map

Within most of these districts, there exist facilities that are deemed Critical Infrastructure. A listing of special facilities such as day care centers and assisted living is included as part of the Eagle County Threat Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment plan.

A listing of hazardous materials manufacturing and storage sites is available at the Emergency Management office or the fire district/department having jurisdiction.

Key facilities are identified for priority assessment during RNA. These facilities are pre-listed on the damage assessment forms that have been provided as part of this plan

ACTIVATION AND PRIORITIES

When an event has occurred that appears to have the potential to exceed the response capability of Eagle County agencies the RNA program shall be activated by the Incident Commander or Sheriff who will immediately notify the appropriate PSAP, who will then notify the other departments and the Office of Emergency Management (OEM).

Activation shall be immediately announced by PSAPs for all appropriate Law, Fire or Public Works agencies and the Chiefs'/Directors' Group in the Everbridge employee alert system.

Phase One of the RNA shall consist of the first 1-3 hours of an event during which a reasonably complete picture of the nature (flood, wildfire, etc.), scope (Localized or Widespread), and magnitude (Slight, Moderate or Severe damage) of the event is being obtained.

A defined geographic area is important in providing the correct and most efficient response necessary to support the event. Once this has become reasonably clear to those in charge (the IC before the EOC has been activated, and the EOC after activation), Phase One has been completed.

The IC will coordinate with other field response personnel to identify location, communications protocols to include radio channels and/or talk groups and reporting requirements.

This will be dependent on resource availability of each agency. If these agencies do not have the resources available then the EOC may utilize Incident Management Personnel, volunteers and/or volunteer agencies to complete this phase.

Law, Fire and Public Works will assign staff to act as RNA personnel as available. These RNA personnel will give first priority to the accomplishment of their respective RNA roles during Phase One of the event as described above, subject to the following considerations:

- There may be situations encountered in which it is necessary to take immediate action since, although posing an immensely serious threat of escalation, the situation is currently capable of effective and fairly rapid suppression/curtailment with immediately available resources. For example, a HazMat leak encountered by adequately trained and equipped personnel, if not stopped, will certainly spread widely and rapidly, necessitating a widespread evacuation or posing a serious risk to a large number of individuals or critical facilities.
- The Incident Commander shall remain in ultimate control of their incident/event and the assigned RNA personnel shall remain in control of the RNA process.

Once activated, RNA Phase One procedures shall remain in effect until

- Terminated by the IC upon determination that the event is, in fact, not of sufficient scope to exceed the available response capability of the City or County;
- The completion of Phase One of the event, or
- By determination of the IC and/or EOC.
- Upon the completion of Phase One, the IC and/or EOC shall notify all other RNA personnel.

Phase Two shall commence upon the termination of Phase One. During Phase Two, initial damage assessment and reporting shall begin as stated for Phase One with the exception of the changes in priorities described below.

Upon completion of Phase One and after the Nature, Scope, Magnitude and Geographical area have been defined, the assessment of critical (key) facilities within the affected area shall begin. Assigned personnel will assess the Critical Facilities and Lifelines within their division, using the RNA worksheets supplied in this document.

Other damage observed in assigned areas should also be noted on the forms.

Periodically (as soon as possible), all field units and personnel will report the information gathered to the IC/UC until the EOC is operational. Once the EOC is operational and coordination between IC and the EOC is complete, all RNA information will be routed to the EOC.

Participating Community Resources will similarly report their findings to the appropriate location.

Once the collection of data is completed and the information passed on to the IC/EOC then the assigned personnel may be requested to revert to a more detailed assessment of their division.

RNA assigned personnel will continue, however, with reporting if additional information is obtained during other response activities.

If necessary due to conditions multiple assessments may be made for updates or changes.

Phase One and Two assessments can be done concurrently where appropriate.

USE AND PURPOSE OF RNA DATA

Data collected will allow officials to make informed decisions on resource prioritization and allocation, coordination of response agencies and help in determining needs for any acquisition of out-of-county resources.

If warranted, a full listing of gathered information collected by the EOC will be sent to DHSEM through the Regional Field Manager (for their use and transmittal to FEMA if needed) as soon as the needs assessment is completed or at different intervals, if requested.

Once the RNA is complete a more detailed Damage Assessment will begin in accordance with Appendix F of the Eagle County EOP.

LOGISTICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Depending upon the actual severity of the damage from the event, getting the personnel with RNA responsibility to the areas of their responsibility could become a factor. The impact of these damages upon the effectiveness of the RNA plan has been minimized by its reliance upon personnel who would normally be available to perform those tasks. For example, the Fire personnel are distributed among multiple fire stations; Law Enforcement personnel are distributed among the County and municipalities; the Public Works personnel will be distributed County wide (such as water treatment plants, shops, etc.); and the Community Resources are used within their own facilities, where they may be physically present at the time of the event.

LOGISTICS

The equipment that is essential to the RNA program is largely already in place and can be made available without significant expense in time or manpower.

Existing Equipment

Communication Equipment is standardized through-out the County and interoperability is available with Statewide Mutual Aid talkgroups, Local Mutual Aid talkgroups and conventional channels on the DTR system.

VHF radios are available to many agencies and the ability to interconnect different types of communications systems is available through OEM and PSAPs.

(A standardized ICS Form 205 (Communications Plan) is located in Appendix T of the Eagle County EOP.

This form will be used to help determine communication needs and assignment of talkgroups or channels for use during the RNA.)

Response Vehicles are available for all responders and dedicated RNA personnel through their home agency. If access to affected areas has been damaged or blocked by debris then vehicles with plows and road clearing equipment are available through local Public Works departments.

A Mine-Resistant Ambush Protected (MRAP) vehicle that is resistant to flats and has the ability for high water access is available through the Special Operations Unit of law enforcement.

Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) use will be beneficial in providing video assessment in areas not accessible by other means.

Forms have been developed that facilitate the gathering of the limited specific information needed for the RNA process. The IC, as well as the EOC, has access to the corresponding forms to facilitate the transfer of the information. Where forms are not available or incomplete any written or electronic media will work as long as location and extent of damages are recorded.

IMPLEMENTATION AND ACTIVATION

The RNA plan is activated by the Incident Commander who is typically either the Law Enforcement lead for the area or the Fire Chief of the affected district/municipality or by the OEM.

PLAN DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE

Plan development, review and comment opportunities for the Eagle County RNA Plan has been provided to all cities, towns and response agencies along with the private sector prior to final approval of the plan by the Eagle County Board of County Commissioners.

Any jurisdiction, agency or participating Community Resource that wishes to suggest, or request, changes or modifications to this plan may submit them to the OEM at emergency@eaglecounty.us.

The OEM shall have the responsibility for maintaining the currency of this plan and submitting it for approval to the Board of County Commissioners.

ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT

Activity Logs

- The Incident Commander and, if activated, the EOC shall maintain accurate logs (ICS form 214 or equivalent) recording decisions, significant activities, and the commitment of resources to support operations.

Documentation of Costs

- Expenses incurred in carrying out response for certain hazards, such as radiological accidents or hazardous materials incidents, may be reimbursable from the responsible party or other sources. Hence, all departments and agencies will maintain records of personnel and equipment used and supplies consumed during activation. All agencies are responsible for costs incurred by their personnel.
- Each agency is responsible for establishing effective administrative controls to guide the expenditure of funds during the emergency. Accurate activity and expenditure logs, invoices, and other financial transaction records are required for any possible reimbursement requests. Record keeping is also necessary to facilitate closeouts and to support post-emergency audits and for any possible reimbursements.
- All agencies are responsible for their own costs involved in this plan including those associated with any resources ordered or requested unless otherwise agreed upon.

CRITICAL RESPONSE and LIFELINE FACILITIES ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

<p>Critical (key) Facilities Information</p> <p>Division 1</p>	<p>Report # _____</p> <p>Date _____ Time _____</p>		
<p>Facilities Status</p>	<p>Operational</p>	<p>Impacted</p>	<p>Non-Operational</p>
<p>Fire Stations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Station 1 (East Vail) ● Station 2 (Main Vail) ● Station 3 (West Vail) ● Station 5 (Minturn) ● Station 7 (Avon) ● Station 11 (Beaver Creek) ● 			
<p>Law Enforcement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vail Police ● Minturn Sub ● Eagle-Vail Sub ● Avon Police 			
<p>EMS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ECPS Vail Building ● ECPS Avon Building 			
<p>Local Government</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vail Municipal Building ● Red Cliff Town Hall ● Minturn Municipal Bldg. ● Eagle County Avon Annex ● Avon Municipal Bldg. 			
<p>Medical Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vail Health ● Avon Urgent Care ● Centura Health ● Beaver Creek Medical Center 			

Facilities Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
PSAP ● Vail Communications Center			
DTRS Sites ● East Vail ● Main Vail ● Vail Junction ● Lower Dowd ● Beaver Creek ● Lower Beaver Creek			

Lifeline Status Division 1		Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____	
Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Roads ● Interstate 70 ● U.S. Highway 6 ● U.S. Highway 24			

(list additional roads) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● ● 			
Bridges and Overpasses (list) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Street/Turkey Creek ● Water Street/Eagle River ● 			
Status		Impacted	Non-Operational
Dams <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Homestake Reservoir ● Robinson Lake ● Eagle Park Reservoir ● Black Lakes #1 ● Black Lakes # 2 ● Nottingham ● Benchmark Lake ● Western Hillside Reservoir ● 			
Schools <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vail Mountain School ● Red Sandstone Elementary ● Vail Ski & Snowboard Academy. ● Homestake Peak School ● Avon Elementary School ● Red Sandstone School ● Charter School 			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Battle Mountain High School ● 			
<p>Water/Wastewater Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle River W & S - Vail ● Red Cliff Water ● Red Cliff Waste Water ● Minturn Water Treatment ● Eagle River W & S - Avon ● 			
<p>Ditches</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● ● 			
<p>Electrical Substations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Vail ● Metcalf ● Potato Patch/Red Sandstone 			
<p>Natural Gas Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Miller Ranch Station ● Meadow Mountain ● Matterhorn ● Vail Valley Drive x South Frontage Road ● 			
<p>Telephone Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vail Central Station ● Eagle Vail Central Station ● 			
<p>Hazardous Materials Sites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● ● 			

Railroad <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● UP Leadville line (Exempt) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 			
Assisted Living <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● ● 			
Other Buildings Damaged (Approximate Number in Division)			

CRITICAL RESPONSE and LIFELINE FACILITIES ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

Critical (key) Facilities Information Division 2	Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____		
Facilities Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Fire Stations ● Station 12 (Edwards) ● Station 15 (Cordillera) ● Station 16 (Upper Cordillera) ● Station 25 (Rock Creek) ●			
Law Enforcement ● Edwards Sub ●			
EMS ● ECPS Edwards Building			
Local Government ●			
Medical Facilities ● Vail Health -Edwards			
DTRS Sites ● Wolcott			

Lifeline Status			
Division 2	Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____		
Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Roads ● Interstate 70 ● U.S. Highway 6 ● U.S. Highway 24 ● Colorado 131 ● Colorado River Road ● Trough Road (list additional roads) ● ●			
Bridges and Overpasses (list) ● ● ●			
Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Dams ● Granby Dam (Grand) ● Williams Fork Dam (Grand) ● Shadow Mountain Dam (Grand) ● Willow Creek Dam (Grand) ● Green Mountain Dam (Summit)			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Dillon Reservoir (Summit) 			
Schools <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Edwards Elementary School ● Vail Christian High School ● Vail Christian Academy ● St. Clare of Assisi School ● 			
Water/Wastewater Facilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle River W & S - Edwards ● 			
Ditches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Electrical Substations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wolcott 			
Natural Gas Facilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			
Telephone Facilities (cell towers) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Edwards Central Station ● 			
Hazardous Materials Sites <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Railroad <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● UP Colorado River line ● UP Craig Spur 			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● UP Leadville line (Exempt) ● 			
Assisted Living <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			
Other Buildings Damaged (Approximate Number in Division)			

CRITICAL RESPONSE and LIFELINE FACILITIES ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

<p>Critical (key) Facilities Information</p> <p>Division 3</p>	<p>Report # _____</p> <p>Date _____ Time _____</p>		
<p>Facilities Status</p>	<p>Operational</p>	<p>Impacted</p>	<p>Non-Operational</p>
<p>Fire Stations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Station 9 (Eagle) ● Station 13 (Dotsero) ● Station 14 (Gypsum) ● Station 23 (Sweetwater) ● 			
<p>Law Enforcement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle County Justice Center ● Eagle Police ● Gypsum Sub ● 			
<p>EMS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Building ● Gypsum Building 			
<p>Local Government</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Municipal Building ● Eagle County Complex ● Gypsum Municipal Bldg. ● Eagle County Maintenance Service Facility 			
<p>Medical Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Sylvan Lake Medical Center ● Gypsum Urgent Care 			
<p>EOC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle County EOC 			
<p>DTRS Sites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Beacon (Holy Cross Energy) 			

<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Castle Peak (State of Colorado)● East Beacon● Red Table (Holy Cross Energy)● Blowout●			
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Lifeline Status Division 3		Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____	
Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Roads ● Interstate 70 ● U.S. Highway 6 ● U.S. Highway 24 ● Cottonwood Pass Road ● Colorado River Road ● Crooked Creek Pass Road (list additional roads) ● ●			
Bridges and Overpasses (list) ● ● ●			
Status		Impacted	Non-Operational
Dams ● Welsh Dam/Reservoir ● Wohler Reservoir (Routt) ● Sylvan Lake ● Noecker ● LEDE Reservoir ● Heart Lake			
Schools ● Eagle Elementary School			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Valley Middle School ● Brush Creek Elementary School ● Red Canyon High School ● Stone Creek School ● Gypsum Elementary School ● Eagle Valley High School ● Red Hill Elementary School ● Gypsum Middle School 			
<p>Water/Wastewater Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Water ● Eagle Waste Water ● Gypsum Water ● Gypsum Waste Water ● Dotsero? ● 			
<p>Ditches</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
<p>Electrical Substations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Gypsum 			
<p>Natural Gas Facilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			
<p>Telephone Facilities (cell towers)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle Central Station ● Gypsum Central Station 			
<p>Hazardous Materials Sites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 			
Airport <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle County Regional Airport 			
Railroad <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● UP Colorado River line ● UP Leadville line (Exempt) ● 			
Assisted Living <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Castle Peak Assisted Living ● ● 			
Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			
Other Buildings Damaged (Approximate Number in Division)			

CRITICAL RESPONSE and LIFELINE FACILITIES ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

Critical (key) Facilities Information Division 4	Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____		
Facilities Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Fire Stations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Station 42 El Jebel ● Station 41 Basalt ● 			
Law Enforcement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● El Jebel Minturn Sub ● 			
EMS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● See Fire Stations 			
Local Government <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Eagle County Community Center – El Jebel ● Basalt Municipal Bldg. ● 			
Medical Facilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Mid-Valley Medical Center 			
DTRS Sites <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● None 			

Lifeline Status Division 4	Report # _____ Date _____ Time _____		
Status	Operational	Impacted	Non-Operational
Roads <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Colorado 82 ● Cottonwood Pass Road (list additional roads) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 			
Bridges and Overpasses (list) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Dams <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Von Spring # 1 ● Von Springs # 2 ● Polaris ● Spring Park ● Willow Springs Pond <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lake Christine ● Ruedi Reservoir ● Wildcat Reservoir (Pitkin) 			
Schools <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Basalt Elementary School ● Basalt Middle School <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 			
Water/Wastewater Facilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Basalt Water Treatment 			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Basalt Waste Water Treatment ● Mid-Valley Waste Water 			
Ditches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Electrical Substations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Basalt ● 			
Natural Gas Facilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● 			
Telephone Facilities (cell towers) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 			
Hazardous Materials Sites <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● ● 			
Assisted Living <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● ● ● 			
Other Buildings Damaged (Approximate Number in Division)			