CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Aldermen City of Meadowlakes, Texas Meadowlakes, TX 78654

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Meadowlakes, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Employer Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 3–8 and 38-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Meffendorf & Blocker, P.C. NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas

March 11, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Meadowlakes, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the City for the year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and City's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,117,073 (net position). Of this amount, \$583,594 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizen's and creditors.
- > The City's net position increased by \$370,753 as a result of this year's operations.
- At September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$301,646, a decrease of \$9,354 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2020, the City's Enterprise Funds reported unrestricted net position of \$287,637, an increase of \$25,762 in comparison with the prior year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 through 11). These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (beginning on page 12) report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule (operating fund), Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, the Notes to the Schedule of Contributions, Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and the Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios are presented as required supplementary information on pages 38 - 45.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider other factors as well, such as changes in the City's customers or its property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City has two kinds of activity:

- Governmental activity Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the public safety, municipal court and administration. Property taxes, user charges, sales tax and franchise tax finance most of these activities.
- > Business-type activity The City's water and sewer system, sanitation and recreation are reported as a business-type activity since the fees charged to customers cover the cost of services provided.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in Note II to the financial statements.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's utility fund (Water, Sewer, Sanitation and Recreation) is a business-type activity and provides both long and short-term financial information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased from \$1,385,181 to \$1,716,627. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - was \$295,957 at September 30, 2020. This increase in governmental net position was the result of five factors. First, the City's expenditures exceeded the revenues by \$9,354. Second, the City paid principal on long-term debt of \$395,000. Third, the City recorded depreciation in the amounts of \$57,814. Fourth, a net decrease of \$1,671 due to required entries of GASB Statement No. 75 accounting and financial reporting for other post-employment benefits and fifth, a net decrease of \$296 due to recognition of deferred inflows, outflows and pension liability related to GASB 68 accounting and financial reporting for pensions.

Net position of the City's business-type activities increased from \$4,361,139 to \$4,400,446. Unrestricted net position was \$287,637 at September 30, 2020. This increase in business-type net position was the result of a net income of \$39,307.

Table I City of Meadowlakes

NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				LS vernment
		2020	-	2019	2020	2019	_	2020		2019
Current and Restricted Assets Capital Assets	\$	428,270 2,649,967	\$	397,122 \$ 2,707,781	588,218 § 4,215,046	473,258 4,296,099		1,016,488 6,865,013	\$	870,380 7,003,880
Total Assets	\$	3,078,237	\$	3,104,903 \$				7,881,501	·	7,874,260
Deferred Outflow of Resources Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	\$	5,380 2,779	·	23,828 \$			- \$	15,823		74,463
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	8,159	. \$	24,178 \$	15,837 \$	51,379	-\$	23,996	\$	74,463
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ \$	843,704 503,467 1,347,171	\$	1,245,405 \$ 476,058 1,721,463 \$	332,389	318,667		900,100 835,856 1,735,956	_	1,359,086 794,725 2,153,811
Deferred Inflow of Resources Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB Deferred Inflow Refunding Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ \$	14,660 728 7,210 22,598	\$	12,000 \$ 823 9,614 22,437 \$	28,456 \$ 1,414 	25,500 1,749 27,249		43,116 2,142 7,210 52,468		37,500 9,614 47,114
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ - \$ =	1,409,967 10,703 295,957 1,716,627	\$.	1,060,764 \$ 11,658 312,759 1,385,181 \$	4,112,809 \$ 287,637 4,400,446 \$	4,099,264 261,875 4,361,139		5,522,776 10,703 583,594 6,117,073	_	5,160,028 11,658 574,634 5,746,320

Table II City of Meadowlakes

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

						Business-Type				TOTALS		
			nme	ental Activities	_	Ac	tivit	ies		Primary	ernment	
		2020	_	2019		2020		2019	_	2020		2019
									_		-	
Revenues:												
Property Taxes	\$	795,891	\$	744,329	Q		¢.		•		_	
Franchise Tax	-	58,528	4	57,179	Ф		\$		\$	795,891	\$	744,329
Charges for Services		15,400		14,457		2,184,631		2 114 004		58,528		57,179
Miscellaneous		117,567		159,565		10,781		2,114,804		2,200,031		2,129,261
Contributions and Donations		111,159,1		1,992		10,781		14,191		128,348		173,756
Interest Earnings		3,893		10,526		2,715		(102		-		1,992
Total Revenue	\$	991,279	- \$	988,048	٠ .	2,198,127	_	6,193		6,608		16,719
			- "	788,048	- ^Φ .	2,198,127) -	2,135,188	. 5 _	3,189,406	· ^{\$} -	3,123,236
Expenses:												
General Government	\$	492,275	\$	484,272	\$		\$		\$	492,275	¢	194 272
BCAD		12,011		12,070			Ψ		Ф	12,011	Ф	484,272
Building Committee										12,011		12,070
Flood Plain Administrator				500						-		-
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety		104,819		104,328						104,819		500
Traffic Control		30,109		30,122						30,109		104,328
Municipal Court		12,119		14,079						7-10 St. #100-3-00.0		30,122
Animal Control				76						12,119		14,079
Water and Sewer						1,066,964		1,090,431		1,066,964		76
Recreation Fund						1,066,287		1,064,159				1,090,431
Debt Service - Interest		33,150		41,779		919		1,004,139		1,066,287		1,064,159
Fiscal Agent's Fees						217				34,069		41,779
Issuance Costs										-		·-
Total Expenses	\$	684,483	\$	687,226	\$	2,134,170	<u>, –</u>	2,154,590	<u> </u>	2,818,653	_	2.041.016
					-	2,121,170	–	2,134,370	—	2,010,033	» —	2,841,816
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position												
Before Transfers & Capital Contributions	\$	306,796	\$	300,822	\$	63,957	\$	(19,402)	2	370,753	•	201 420
Grants				,		02,727	Ψ	8,080	Ф	370,733	Ф	281,420
Transfers		24,650		(46,500)		(24,650)		46,500		-		8,080
				(,, , ,	-	(21,000)	-	40,300	_		_	
Net Change		331,446		254,322		39,307		35,178		370,753		280 500
Net Position - Beginning		1,385,181		1,130,856		4,361,139		4,325,961		5,746,320		289,500
Prior Period Adjustment		* *		**************************************		.,,		.,525,701		5,140,520		5,456,817
Net Position - Ending	\$	1,716,627	\$	1,385,181	\$ -	4,400,446	s —	4,361,139	s —	6,117,073	<u>,</u> –	5,746,320
	1						=		_	5,117,073	_	3,770,320

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$684,483. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 10-11, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes was only \$795,891, because the other costs were paid by franchise tax (\$58,528), user charges (\$15,400), interest (\$3,893) and other miscellaneous (\$116,174).

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a fund balance of \$301,646, which is less than last year's total of \$311,000. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$8,399 in the City's General Fund. This decrease in the General Fund balance was caused by the excess of expenditures over revenues.

The City adopted the General Fund Budget. Actual revenues were more than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures were less than the budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At September 30, 2020, the City had the following amounts invested in capital assets, net of depreciation:

CAPITAL ASSETS

	_	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				TOTALS Primary Government			
	-	2020	_	2019	_	2020		2019	_	2020		2019	
Land and Improvements Infrastructure	\$	1,861,410	\$	1,861,410	\$	42,334 6,705,054	\$	42,334 6,568,727	\$	1,903,744 6,705,054	\$	1,903,744 6,568,727	
Buildings Improvements		1,209,508 205,724		1,209,508 205,724		422,259 486,554		416,459 394,413		1,631,767		1,625,967	
Machinery & Equipment Construction in Progress	_	170,908		170,908	_	1,115,405	_	1,029,097 93,488		1,286,313		1,200,005 93,488	
Total Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ _	3,447,550 (797,583)	\$	3,447,550 (739,769)	\$	8,771,606 (4,556,559)	\$	8,544,518 (4,248,417)	\$	12,219,156 (5,354,142)	\$	11,992,068 (4,988,186)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$=	2,649,967	\$	2,707,781	\$_	4,215,047	\$_	4,296,101	\$	6,865,014	\$_	7,003,882	

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note C and D to the financial statements.

DEBT

At September 30, 2020, the City had the following outstanding debt:

OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmenta	I Activities	Business- Activiti		TOTAL Primary Gove	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Bonds Payable Notes Payable	\$ 1,240,000 \$	1,635,000 \$	\$	- \$	1,240,000 \$	1,635,000
Net Pension Liability			102,237	197,583	102,237	197,583
Net OPEB Liability		896		1,904	=	2,800
	8,704	4,509	16,896	9,582	25,600	14,091
Compensated Absences	22,053	21,566	30,141	26,478	52,194	48,044
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 1,270,757 \$	1,661,971 \$	149,274 \$	235,547 \$	1,420,031 \$	1,897,518

For governmental activities, the City paid \$395,000 in principal payments on long-term debt.

For business-type activities the City paid principal payments in the amount of \$95,346.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes E, F, and G to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021 budget and tax rates. The major factors are the assessed property valuation and population growth. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$852,150 (including a transfer in from other funds in the amount of \$215,000) and expenditures are estimated to be \$852,150 (including a transfer out to other funds in the amount of \$215,725).

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General fund balance is expected to remain the same by the close of 2021.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's business office, at City of Meadowlakes, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Pri	mary Government					
	Business -								
	Go	vernmental		Туре					
	Α	ctivities		Activities		Total			
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	239,572	\$	469,360	\$	708,932			
Investments - Current		200			Ψ	200			
Taxes Receivable, Net		31,949		_		31,949			
Accounts Receivable (Net)		3,201		115,183		118,384			
Due from Other Funds		130,751		(130,751)		110,504			
Inventories		-		54,826		54,826			
Prepaid Items		2,089		39,791		41,880			
Capital Assets:				57,121		41,000			
Land Purchase and Improvements		1,861,410		42,334		1,903,744			
Infrastructure, Net		-,,		3,091,176		3,091,176			
Buildings, Net		702,486		194,312		896,798			
Improvements other than Buildings, Net		83,215		392,046		475,261			
Furniture and Equipment, Net		2,856		495,178		498,034			
Net Pension Asset		20,508		39,809		60,317			
Total Assets		3,078,237	-	4,803,264					
DEEEDDED OUTEL OWG OF REGOVERORS	-	3,070,237	-	4,803,204		7,881,501			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan									
Deferred Personne Outfley Pelston Plan		5,380		10,443		15,823			
Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB		2,779		5,394		8,173			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	:=	8,159		15,837	-	23,996			
LIABILITIES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Accounts Payable		9,251		148,884		158,135			
Wages and Salaries Payable		-,		2,084		2,084			
Compensated Absences Payable		22,053		30,141		52,194			
Intergovernmental Payable		-2,000		1,235		1,235			
Accrued Interest Payable		4,706		1,233		4,706			
Unearned Revenues		26,310		_		26,310			
Other Current Liabilities		36,147		87,308		123,455			
Noncurrent Liabilities:		30,147		67,306		123,433			
Debt Due Within One Year		405,000		62,737		467,737			
Due in More Than One Year		835,000		39,500		874,500			
Net OPEB Liability		8,704		16,896		25,600			
Total Liabilities		1,347,171		388,785		1,735,956			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				300,703	-	1,733,730			
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		14.660		00.444					
Deferred Resource Inflow for Refunding		14,660		28,456		43,116			
Deferred Resource Inflow OPEB		7,210				7,210			
	·	728		1,414	_	2,142			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		22,598		29,870		52,468			
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,409,967		4,112,809		5,522,776			
Restricted for Debt Service		10,703		-,112,007		10,703			
Unrestricted Net Position		295,957		287,637		583,594			
Total Net Position	\$	1,716,627	\$	4,400,446	\$	6,117,073			
		-,,047	Ψ	7,700,770	Ψ	0,117,073			

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Prog	ram Revenues
	Expenses		Charges for Services
Primary Government:			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			
General Government BCAD Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety Traffic Control Municipal Court Interest on Debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ 492,275 12,011 104,819 30,109 12,119 33,150	\$	10,240 - 5,160 - -
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	 684,483	N	15,400
Public Works Fund Recreation Fund Total Business-Type Activities	 1,066,964 1,067,206 2,134,170		1,331,016 853,615 2,184,631
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,818,653	\$	2,200,031

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Franchise Tax

Other Taxes

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	,	Prin	nary Government		
(Governmental	J	Business-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(482,035)	\$	·	\$	(482,035)
	(12,011)		-		(12,011)
	(99,659)		-		(99,659)
	(30,109)				(30,109)
	(12,119)		-		(12,119)
	(33,150)			_	(33,150)
	(669,083)		-		(669,083)
	_		264,052		264,052
	-		(213,591)		(213,591)
		_	50,461	-	50,461
	(669,083)		50,461	_	(618,622)
	(,)	-		1	(010,022)
	421,822				421,822
	374,069		-		374,069
	58,528		-		58,528
	1,393				1,393
	116,174		10,781		126,955
	3,893		2,715		6,608
	24,650		(24,650)		
	1,000,529		(11,154)		989,375
	331,446		39,307		370,753
	1,385,181		4,361,139		5,746,320
\$	1,716,627	\$	4,400,446	\$	6,117,073

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable (Net) Due from Other Funds Prepaid Items	\$	228,869 200 16,933 742 130,751 2,089	\$ 10,703 - 15,016 - -	\$	239,572 200 31,949 742 130,751 2,089
Total Assets	\$	379,584	\$ 25,719	\$	405,303
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Unearned Revenues Other Current Liabilities	\$	9,251 26,310 36,147	\$ - -	\$	9,251 26,310 36,147
Total Liabilities		71,708	-		71,708
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,933 16,933	15,016	•	31,949
FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance: Retirement of Long-Term Debt Unassigned Fund Balance		290,943	10,703		10,703 290,943
Total Fund Balances	-	290,943	10,703		301,646
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	379,584	\$ 25,719	\$	405,303

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 301,646
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	1,060,497
Current year long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2020 debt principal payments is to increase net position.	395,368
The City is required under GASB Statement No. 68 to report their net pension liability/asset in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of this requirement included a net pension asset of \$20,508, a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$5,380 and a Deferred Resource Inflow of \$14,660. The net effect of these was to increase the ending net position by \$11,228.	11,228
The City is required under GASB Statement No. 75 to report their OPEB benefit plan through TMRS. The requirement resulted in an OPEB liability of \$8,704, a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$2,779 and Deferred Resource Inflow of \$728. The net effect of these was to decrease the ending net position by \$6,653.	(6,653)
The 2020 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(57,814)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	12,355
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,716,627

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$	421,549	\$	369,723	\$	791,272
Franchise Tax	-	58,528	Ψ	507,725	Ψ	58,528
Other Taxes		1,393		-		1,393
Licenses and Permits		10,240		-		10,240
Fines		5,160		=		5,160
Investment Earnings		2,053		1,840		3,893
Other Revenue		115,685	_			115,685
Total Revenues		614,608		371,563		986,171
EXPENDITURES:			-			
Current:						
General Government		432,599				122 500
BCAD		12,011		-		432,599
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety		104,819		-		12,011 104,819
Traffic Control		30,109		_		30,109
Municipal Court		12,119		_		12,119
Debt Service:		,				12,117
Principal on Debt		_		395,000		395,000
Interest on Debt		_		33,518		33,518
Total Expenditures	30	591,657	-	428,518		1,020,175
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		22,951		(56,955)		(34,004)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In		75,000		56,000		121 000
Transfers Out (Use)		(106,350)		30,000		131,000 (106,350)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,350)	_	56,000	_	No. No. No. No. No.
and a manning bourees (Oses)	-	(31,330)	_	30,000		24,650
Net Change in Fund Balances		(8,399)		(955)		(9,354)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	_	299,342		11,658		311,000
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	290,943	\$	10,703	\$	301,646

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
	\$ (9,354)
Current year long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	395,368
The entries required by GASB Statement No. 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase in net position.	296
The requirement of recording the OPEB liability under GASB Statement No. 75 resulted in a decrease in net position.	(1,671)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(57,814)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	4,621
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 331,446

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	_	Public		Total	
		Works	Recreation	Enterprise	
		Fund	Fund	Funds	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	415,074	54,286 \$	469,360	
Accounts Receivable (Net)		115,183		115,183	
Due from Other Funds		337	-	337	
Inventories		37,950	16,876	54,826	
Prepaid Items		5,558	34,233	39,791	
Total Current Assets		574,102	105,395	679,497	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:	•				
Land Purchase and Improvements		42,334	-	42,334	
Infrastructure		6,705,053	-	6,705,053	
Accumulated Depreciation - Infrastructure		(3,613,877)	-	(3,613,877)	
Buildings		410,959	5,500	416,459	
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings		(215,381)	-	(215,381)	
Improvements other than Buildings		279,082	221,400	500,482	
Accumulated Depreciation - Other Improvements		(90,991)	···	(90,991)	
Furniture and Equipment		669,632	437,645	1,107,277	
Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture & Equipment		(317,071)	=	(317,071)	
Accumulated Depreciation - Capital Assets		Ξ.	(319,239)	(319,239)	
Net Pension Asset	_	15,682	24,127	39,809	
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,885,422	369,433	4,254,855	
Total Assets		4,459,524	474,828	4,934,352	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan		4,114	6,329	10,443	
Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB		2,125	3,269	5,394	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	6,239	9,598	15,837	

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Public			Total	
		Works	Recreation		Enterprise	
		Fund	Fund		Funds	
LIABILITIES					-	
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		63,082	85,802		148,884	
Wages and Salaries Payable		.=	2,084		2,084	
Compensated Absences Payable		8,467	21,674		30,141	
Intergovernmental Payable		1,235	-		1,235	
Due to Other Funds		6,193	124,895		131,088	
Notes Payable - Current Other Current Liabilities		-	62,737		62,737	
		87,276	32		87,308	
Total Current Liabilities		166,253	297,224		463,477	
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Other Long Term Debt Payable - Noncurrent		-	39,500		39,500	
Net OPEB Liability		6,656	10,240		16,896	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		6,656	49,740	_	56,396	
Total Liabilities		172,909	346,964		519,873	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		11,210	17,246		28,456	
Deferred Resource Inflow Related to OPEB		557	857		1,414	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,767	18,103		29,870	
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,869,740	243,069		4,112,809	
Unrestricted Net Position		411,347	(123,710)		287,637	
Total Net Position	\$	4,281,087			4,400,446	

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Public Works Fund	R	ecreation Fund		Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Services Other Revenue	\$	1,331,016 3,184	\$	853,615 7,597	\$	2,184,631 10,781
Total Operating Revenues		1,334,200		861,212	_	2,195,412
OPERATING EXPENSES:			2.		-	
Proprietary Fund Function - Water						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		259,023		_		259,023
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits		98,325		_		98,325
Purchased Professional & Technical Services		206,557				206,557
Purchased Property Services		163,086				163,086
Other Operating Costs		56,278		_		56,278
Supplies		62,430		_		62,430
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Water	-	845,699			-	845,699
Proprietary Fund Function - Golf	-	013,077			-	043,099
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages				202 406		202.406
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits				283,486		283,486
Purchased Property Services		_		78,983		78,983
Other Operating Costs		-		78,323		78,323
Supplies		-		127,474		127,474
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Golf				34,088		34,088
Proprietary Fund Function - Tennis	-		-	602,354		602,354
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages Purchased Property Services		3.00		1,404		1,404
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Tennis			_	1,305		1,305
	_			2,709		2,709
Proprietary Fund Function - Swimming						
Purchased Property Services		-		515		515
Proprietary Fund Function - Restaurant & Bar						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		=		186,808		186,808
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits		-		45,211		45,211
Purchased Property Services		-		11,143		11,143
Other Operating Costs		-		6,850		6,850
Supplies			-	117,661		117,661
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Restaurant & F	3ar	=		367,673		367,673
Depreciation		221,265		88,223		309,488
Total Operating Expenses		1,066,964		1,061,474		2,128,438
Operating Income (Loss)		267,236		(200,262)		66,974
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment Earnings		2,514		201		2,715
Interest Expense - Non-Operating		-,		(5,732)		(5,732)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		2,514	500	(5,531)		(3,017)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		269,750		(205,793)	-	
		209,730		(203,193)		63,957

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Public		Total		
	Works	Recreation	Enterprise		
	Fund	Fund	Funds		
Non-Operating Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	(223,500)	198,850	198,850		
Change in Net Position	46,250	(6,943)	<u>(223,500)</u> 39,307		
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	4,234,837	126,302	4,361,139		
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 4,281,087	\$ 119,359	\$ 4,400,446		

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Public Works Fund		Recreation Fund		Total Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from User Charges Cash Received from Assessments - Other	\$	1,347,396	\$	853,615	\$	2,201,011
Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Suppliers Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		3,184 (354,330) (62,430) (421,798)		7,597 (591,483) (151,749) (173,158)		10,781 (945,813) (214,179)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	_	512,022	_	(55,178)	_	(594,956) 456,844
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfer Out		(223,500)		198,850		(24,650)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activitic Acquisition of Capital Assets Capital Lease Principal Payments Capital Lease Interest Payments	<u>es:</u>	(222,635)		(5,800) (95,346) (5,732)		(228,435) (95,346) (5,732)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(222,635)		(106,878)		(329,513)
<u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</u> Interest and Dividends on Investments		2,514		201		2,715
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	_	68,401 346,673		36,995 17,291		105,396 363,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	\$	415,074	\$	54,286	\$	469,360

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Public Works Fund			Recreation Fund		Total Enterprise	
		- Tulid		runa		Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cas	<u>h</u>						
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	267,236	\$	(200,262)	\$	66,974	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Acti	ivities:						
Depreciation		221,265		88,223		309,488	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:							
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		16,380		_		16,380	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(20,996)		_		(20,996)	
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		886		5,061		5,947	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		22,078		25,343		47,421	
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		566		3,097		3,663	
Increase (Decrease) in Intergovernmental		45		-		45	
Increase (Decrease) in Due To and Due From		547		28,367		28,914	
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		1,563		(2,704)		(1,141)	
Increase (Decrease) in Pension Liability		2,452		1,312		3,764	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		(3,615)		(3,615)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	Ф.	510.000			_		
Operating Activities	\$	512,022	\$	(55,178)	\$	456,844	

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity - The Mayor and City Council is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities within the jurisdiction of the City of Meadowlakes. The City is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since the Mayor and Aldermen are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

On March 1, 2007, the Meadowlakes Municipal Utility District was annexed into the City. The City has assumed all the assets, liabilities and debt obligations of the District as of that date and the District was abolished.

<u>Hidden Falls Golf Club – Public Facilities Corporation</u> - On October 1, 2009 the City established The Meadowlakes Public Facility Corporation (the Corporation) under the Public Facility Corporation Act Chapter 303 (the Act) of the Texas Local Government Code. The Corporation is legally separate from the City, but the City appoints all of the board members and has the ability to remove those board members at will. The Corporation is empowered with responsibility and authority to finance and manage retail operations and maintenance of the City owned Municipal Golf Complex (MGC). Since the Corporation is financially accountable to the City, it is treated as a component unit of the City and is reported as part of the overall financial reporting entity of the City.

As of October 1, 2016 the Meadowlakes Public Facility Corporation was no longer operating the City owned Municipal Golf Complex. The Corporation has not been dissolved but it no longer has any operations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the City of Meadowlakes nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, sales tax, franchise tax, municipal court fines, charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and proprietary. The City considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e. revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept; that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

D. Fund Accounting

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. The Debt Service Fund The City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Proprietary Fund:

 Public Works Fund - The City accounts for the sales and related costs of its water, sewer utility operations, and sanitation in the Public Works Fund.

- 2. Recreation Fund The City accounts for golf course related assets and operations not accounted for in the General Fund in the Recreation Fund.
- E. <u>Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position</u>
- In the government-wide financial statements in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Water & Sewer Plant & Facilities	30-50
Buildings and Improvements	30
Furniture	7-10
Machinery and Equipment	5-7
Automotive Equipment	3-5

Pursuant to GASB Statement Number 34, an extended period of deferral is available before the requirement to record and depreciate infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items) acquired before the implementation date becomes effective. Therefore, infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2001 have not yet been capitalized.

- 3. Vacation leave and sick leave is earned by each full-time employee. Vacation leave is earned at the rate of 10 days per year for employees with less than ten years of service, 15 days per year from ten to fifteen years of service and 20 days after fifteen years of service. Vacation leave must be taken within one year after it is earned. Sick leave is earned at a rate of 12 days per year but is not paid upon termination.
- 4. Beginning with fiscal year end September 30, 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in non-spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose.
 Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

Implementation of GASB Accounting Standard:

The City has implemented GASB Statement NO. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflow of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position as well as GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Under GASB 63 and 65, amounts previously reported as deferred charges as a part of total assets and deferred amounts from refunded debt have been reported in a separate section as deferred outflows of resources and amounts previously reported as deferred revenue as a part of total liabilities have been reported in a separate section as deferred inflows of resources.

- 6. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
- The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year through passage of an ordinance. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Budgeted amounts for expenditures from the various funds may not exceed the beginning balances of those funds plus the anticipated revenues for the fiscal year. The final amended budget has been presented in this report. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

- 8. Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and

OPEB expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For purposes of calculating the total OPEB liability, the plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no assets are accumulated for OPEB.

- 10. The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- Future Adoption of Accounting Principles The GASB has issued the following potentially significant statements which the City has not yet adopted, and which require adoption subsequent to September 30, 2020.

Statement No.	Title	Adoption Required
84	Fiduciary Activities	September 30, 2021
87	Leases	September 30, 2022

NOTE II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$708,932 and the bank balance was \$710,808. The City's cash deposits held at September 30, 2020 and during the year ended September 30, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the City has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-

end were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments (certificates of deposit) were secured by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2020, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

B. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1 and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The City contracted with the Burnet County Appraisal District for the appraisal and collection of taxes. For the 2019 tax roll, the assessed valuation was \$276,169,085. The tax rate was \$.1529 for maintenance and operations and \$.1341 for interest and sinking. The total tax rate was \$.287 per \$100 valuation.

C. Land, Structures and Equipment-Enterprise Funds

A summary of changes in fixed assets for the enterprise funds appears below:

		Balance 10/1/19		Additions	Deletions		Balance 9/30/20
Land	\$	42,334	\$		\$ 	s –	42,334
Infrastructure		6,568,727		136,327			6,705,054
Buildings		416,459		5,800			422,259
Improvements		393,066		93,488			486,554
Machinery and Equipment		1,029,097		86,308			1,115,405
Construction in Progress	_	93,488			(93,488)		-
Totals	\$	8,543,171	\$	321,923	\$ (93,488) 5	s —	8,771,606
Accumulated Depreciation	_	(4,247,070)		(309,489)	, , ,		(4,556,559)
Fixed Assets, Net	\$	4,296,101	\$ _	12,434	\$ (93,488)	\$ <u></u>	4,215,047

D. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Primary Government								
	Beginning					Ending			
	Balance		Additions	Retirements		Balance			
Governmental Activities:									
Land	\$ 1,861,410	\$	\$		\$	1,861,410			
Buildings	1,209,508					1,209,508			
Improvements	205,724					205,724			
Machinery and Equipment	170,908					170,908			
Construction in Progress				-		-			
Totals	3,447,550			-	1	3,447,550			
Accumulated Depreciation	(739,769)		(57,814)		•	(797,583)			
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,707,781	\$	(57,814) \$	7₩3	\$	2,649,967			

\$ (57,814)
\$ (57,814)

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2020 follows:

	Interest	Amounts Original	Interest	Amounts Outstanding	optember 3	u, 2020 10110\	Amounts Outstanding	Due in
Description	Rate	Issue	Paid	10/1/19	Additions	Deletions	9/30/20	One Year
Governmental Activities: <u>Bonds Payable</u>							-	
General Obligation Refunding Bond - Series 2013	2.05% \$	3,340,000 \$	41,512 \$	1,635,000 \$	\$	(395,000) \$	1,240,000 \$	405,000
Net Pension Liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	896		(896)	-	N/A
Net OPEB Liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,509	4,195	(650)	8,704	N/A
Compensated Absences Total	N/A _	N/A 3,340,000 \$	N/A 41,512 \$	21,566 1,661,971 \$	487 4,682 \$	(395,896) \$	22,053 1,270,757 \$	N/A 405,000
	Interest	Amounts Original	Tourse	Amounts			Amounts	
Description	Rate	Issue	Interest Paid	Outstanding 10/1/19	Additions	Deletions	Outstanding 9/30/20	Due in One Year
Business-Type Activities:								
Other Long-Term Debt Note Payable								
Meadowlakes POA	2.25% \$	223,112 \$	1,948 \$	58,147 \$	\$	(46,386) \$	11,761 \$	11,761
First Security State Bank	3.97%	197,001	6,669	139,436		(48,960)	90,476	50,976
Net Pension Liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,904		(1,904)		81/4
Net OPEB Liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,582	7,314	(1,504)	16,896	N/A N/A
Compensated Absences Total	N/A _	N/A 420,113 \$	N/A 8,617 \$	26,478 235,547 \$	3,663 10,977 \$	(07.250) A	30,141	N/A
	-		=======================================	=======================================	10,377	(97,250) \$	149,274 \$	62,737

F. Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

The City issued \$3,340,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 for the purpose of providing funds to refund part of the outstanding Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation Bonds, Series 2008. The refunded bonds consist of \$2,940,000 of Series 2008 bonds. These bonds were called and were redeemed on July 18, 2013 by depositing \$2,915,665 into an escrow account. The portions of the Series 2008 bonds have been defeased and have been removed as a liability of the City. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 mature on September 1, in each year of the years 2013 through 2023, bearing interest at 2.050%. The financial gain on these refunding bonds was \$179,029 and the economic gain was \$163,435.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Vear Ended

Governmental Activities:

Year Ended		Bonds			
September 30		Principal	Interest	,	Total
2021	\$	405,000	\$ 25,420	\$	430,420
2022		415,000	17,118		432,118
2023		420,000	8,610		428,610
	_				-
	\$ _	1,240,000	\$ 51,148	\$	1,291,148

G. Capital Lease

On February 20, 2018 the City entered into a capital lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$197,001 with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a fleet of golf carts. The capital lease is payable in (16) quarterly payments in the amount of \$13,443 (including interest at 3.97%). Government Capital Corporation sold the capital lease to First Security State Bank.

On October 1, 2015 the City entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement with Meadowlakes Property Owners Association for the purchase of equipment. The capital lease is payable in (20) quarterly payment of \$11,826 (including interest at 2.25%).

A summary of the future minimum lease payments under the lease along with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2020 follows:

rear Ended		
September 30		
2021	\$	65,599
2022		39,500
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	105,099
Less Amount Representing Interes	2,862	
Present Value of Lease Payments	\$	102,237

H. Retirement Plan

The City joined the Texas Municipal Retirement System on March 1, 2007 upon the annexation of the Meadowlakes Municipal Utility District.

Plan Description

The City of Meadowlakes, Texas participates as one of 880 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. If an individual has become vested in one TMRS city, he or she is immediately vested upon employment with another TMRS city. Similarly, once a member has met the eligibility requirements for retirement in a TMRS city, he or she is eligible in other TMRS cities as well. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2018	Plan Year 2019
Deposit Rate:	7%	7%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee):	1 to1	1 to1
Years required for vesting	5 yrs	5 yrs
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	vice)60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	0%	0%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	10
Active employees	26
	37

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Meadowlakes, Texas were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Meadowlakes, Texas were 2.41% and 2.38 in calendar years 2019 and 2020, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$21,132, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Asset

The city's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Asset (TPA) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Asset in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10)mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for health retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Genderdistinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core fixed income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-core fixed income	20.0%	4.14%
Real return	10.0%	3.85%
Real estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute return	10.0%	2.48%
Private equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

			Increase/(Decrease)				
	Total Pension		Fiduciary		Net Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability/(Asset)	
	_	(a)	(b)		(a)-(b)		
Balances as of December 31, 2018	\$	594,717	\$	591,918	\$	2,799	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		86,804				86,804	
Interest		42,874				42,874	
Changes of Benefit Terms						.2,07	
Difference between Expected and Actual		(14,900)					
Experience						_	
Changes in Assumptions		(2,803)				(2,803)	
Contributions - Employer				22,090		(22,090)	
Contributions - Employee				64,163		(64,163)	
Net investment income				89,371		(89,371)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		(5,891)		(5,891)		,,,,	
Employee Contributions						-	
Administrative Expense				(517)		517	
Other Changes				(16)		16	
Not Change		-					
Net Changes	-	106,084		169,200		(48,216)	
Balances as of December 31,2019	\$	700,801	\$	761,118	\$	(60,317)	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease		Curre	nt Single Rate	1% Increase		
5.75%		Assumption 6.75%		7.75%		
\$	29,252	\$	(60,317)	\$ (134,850)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$24,271.

At September 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		22,283	\$	42 32
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Contributions made subsequent to measurement date Total	\$	18,555 - 43,116	\$	15,749 15,823

\$15,749 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2020	\$ (16,230)
2021	(10,001)
2022	(2,483)
2023	(13,200)
2024	(1,128)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (43.042)

I. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan</u>

Benefit Plan Description. Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). The plan is a single employer defined benefit group life insurance plan. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated). The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in the SDBF.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the year ended 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,836, \$1,750 and \$1,218 respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	26
Total	28

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The TOL in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Discount rate*	2.75%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Administrative expenses	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates - service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates - disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

^{*}The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's *20-Year Municipal GO AA Index* rate as of December 31, 2019.

The TMRS SDBF is treated as unfunded OPEB plan because the SDBF trust covers both actives and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. Under GASB No. 75 (paragraph 155), the discount rate for an unfunded OPEB plan should be based on 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds. Therefore, a discount rate 2.75% based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com is used as of the measurement date of December 31, 2019. At transition, GASB No. 75 also requires that the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of the prior fiscal year end be estimated based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index.

Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability:

, o rotal of EB Elability.	
Covered Payroll	\$ 916,621
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year Changes for the year	\$ 14,092
Service Cost	2,567
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	569
Changes of benefit terms	9
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,352
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	6,112
Benefit Payments **	(92)
Net changes	 11,508
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$ 25,600
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.79%

^{**}Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Discount F	1% Increase		
	1.75%		2.75%		3.75%	
\$	31,658		\$ 25,600		\$	20,968

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$5,835.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferre	ed (Inflows) of	Deferred Outflows		
	R	esources	of R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,289	\$	2,025	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		853		6,082	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date				66	
Total (excluding contributions made subsequent to					
measurement date)	\$	2,142	\$	8,173	

\$66 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended Decem	nber 31:	
2020	\$	952
2021		952
2022		952
2023		947
2024		754
Thereafter		1,408
Total	\$	5,965

J. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City's transfers between funds consisted of:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Recreation Fund	\$	124,558
General Fund	Utility Fund		6,193
Utility Fund	Recreation Fund	1722	337
Total		\$	131,088

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 75,000	\$ 106,350
Debt Service Fund Enterprise Funds:	56,000	
Utility Fund		223,500
Recreation Fund	198,850	
Totals	\$ 329,850	\$ 329,850

K. Employee Insurance Benefits

All regular full time employees of the City are eligible for coverage under the group hospitalization, medical and life insurance program provided by the City through the TML Intergovernmental Benefits Pool. The City pays the premium for eligible employees and employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members.

L. Cash Flows Statement - Supplemental Disclosures

Since the City is tax exempt no income tax was paid in 2019 and 2020. The City paid interest in the amount of \$8,690 in 2019 and \$5,732 in 2020.

M. Risk Management

The City's risk management program includes coverage for property, general liability, automobile liability, public officials' liability and employee dishonesty bonds. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League joint self-insurance fund, which is a public entity risk pool. The premiums paid to TML result in the transfer of risk to the pool.

N. Subsequent Event

The City has evaluated subsequent events through March 11, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. In October subsequent to year end the City issued a capital lease in the amount of \$217,321 for the purchase of golf course equipment. The City is not aware of any other subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Fina		ounts Final	Actual Amounts – (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
		8	_			-	(1	vegative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	420,000	\$	422,000	\$	421,549	\$	(451)
Franchise Tax		56,000		57,500		58,528	-	1,028
Other Taxes		1,500		1,400		1,393		(7)
Licenses and Permits		6,500		10,500		10,240		(260)
Fines		7,500		5,500		5,160		(340)
Investment Earnings		5,000		2,000		2,053		53
Other Revenue		107,400		112,525		115,685		3,160
Total Revenues		603,900		611,425		614,608		3,183
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		447,770		443,325		432,599		10,726
BCAD		13,100		12,100		12,011		89
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety		109,660		108,735		104,819		3,916
Traffic Control		43,050		30,725		30,109		616
Municipal Court		12,950		12,050		12,119		(69)
Total Expenditures		626,530		606,935	-	591,657		15,278
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(22,630)		4,490		22,951		18,461
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		75,000		101.060				
Transfers Out (Use)		(50,000)		101,860		75,000		(26,860)
` '				(106,350)		(106,350)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	25,000		(4,490)		(31,350)		(26,860)
Net Change		2,370		_		(8,399)		(8,399)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		299,342		299,342		299,342		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	201 712	¢.	200.242	Ф.	0000		
t and balance - September 30 (Ending)	D	301,712	D	299,342	\$	290,943	\$	(8,399)

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	
A. Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	\$	86,804	\$	71,514	\$	72,461	
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		42,874	•	36,787	•	32,346	
Changes of Benefit Terms		_		-		32,310	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(14,900)		(2,873)		(5,442)	
Changes of Assumptions		(2,803)		(=,=.0)		(3,112)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(5,891)		(39,905)		(26,289)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	106,084	\$	65,523	\$	73,076	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		594,717	-	529,194	Ψ	456,118	
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	700,801	\$	594,717	\$	529,194	
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position					===	323,174	
Contributions - Employer	\$	22,090	\$	17,615	\$	17,576	
Contributions - Employee		64,163	Ψ	52,695	Ψ	53,961	
Net Investment Income		89,371		(16,897)		63,291	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(5,891)		(39,905)		(26,289)	
Administrative Expense		(517)		(335)		(338)	
Other		(16)		(18)		(17)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	169,200	\$	13,155	<u>s</u>	108,183	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		591,918	•	578,764	T.	470,581	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	761,118	\$	591,919	\$	578,764	
C. Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(60,317)	\$	2,798	\$	(49,570)	
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	I 	108.61%		99.53%		109.37%	
E. Covered Payroll	\$	916,621	\$	752,781	\$	770,865	
F. Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(6.58%)		0.37%		(6.43%)	

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

-							
	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016		FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014			
-		_					
5	73,961	\$	48,690	\$	40,640		
	29,666		24,109		22,277		
	-		-		-		
	(33,198)		22,217		(26,644)		
	-		15,757		-		
	(33,655)		(22,995)		(5,259)		
9	36,774	\$	87,778	\$	31,014		
	419,344		331,566		300,552		
\$	456,118	\$	419,344	\$	331,566		
				_			
\$	10,383	\$	8,033	\$	5,271		
	55,910		38,512		32,651		
	27,644		571		19,188		
	(33,655)		(22,995)		(5,259)		
	(313)		(348)		(200)		
	(17)		(17)		(16)		
\$	59,952	\$	23,755	\$	51,635		
	410,629		386,874		335,239		
\$	470,581	\$	410,629	\$	386,874		
\$	(14,463)	\$	8,715	\$	(55,308)		
	103.17%		97.92%		116.68%		
\$	798,720	\$	550,170	\$	466,448		
	(1.81%)		1.58%		(11.86%)		

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2020

	2020		2019		2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	21,132	\$ 21,705	\$	17,521
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		21,132	21,705		17,521
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	885,104	\$ 906,812	\$	754,262
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.39%	2.39%	j.	2.30%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

2017		2016	2015		
\$	14,942	\$ 11,087	\$	6,391	
	14,942	11,087		6,391	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	
\$	743,196	\$ 826,357	\$	466,573	
	2.01%	1.35%		1.37%	

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost

Method

Entry Age Normal

Amortization

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Method Remaining Amortization

Period

N/A

Asset Valuation

tion

10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Method Inflation

2.5%

Salary Increases

3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment Rate

of Return

6.75%

Retirement Age

Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018

Mortality

Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Pla	FY 2020 an Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	2,567	\$ 2,334	\$ 2,158
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		569	510	427
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		2,352	. (1,807)	-
Changes of Assumptions		6,112	(1,195)	1,437
Benefit Payments*		(92)	-	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		11,508	(158)	4,022
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		14,092	14,250	10,228
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	25,600	\$ 14,092	\$ 14,250
Covered Payroll		916,621	\$ 752,781	\$ 770,865
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.79%	1.87%	1.85%

^{*}The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

And become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Inflation

2.5%

Salary increases

Salary increases are assumed to occur once a year, on January 1. Therefore, the pay used for the period year following the valuation date is equal to the reported pay for the prior year, increased by the salary increase assumption.

Salaries are assumed to increase by 3.50% to 11.5% including

inflation

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Valuation of Assets: For purposes of calculating the Total OPEB Liability,

The plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no

assets are accumulated for OPEB.

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$0

Administrative expenses

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under

GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates - service retirees

2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees

2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account

for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Discount Rate

Because the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is considered

an unfunded trust under GASB Statement No. 75, the relevant discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of the measurement date. Discount rate is

2.75%.

Supplemental Death Benefit

The contribution rate for the Supplemental Death Benefit (SDB) is equal to the expected benefit payments during the upcoming year divided by the annualized pay of current active members and is calculated separately for actives and retirees. Due to the significant reserve in the Supplemental Death Fund, the SDB rate for retiree coverage is currently only one-third of the total term cost. Beginning January 2021, the SDB rate for retirees will be

based on the full term cost.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

March 11, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Aldermen City of Meadowlakes, Texas Meadowlakes, TX 78654

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated September 30, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Meadowlakes, Texas are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

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Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 11, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of City of Meadowlakes and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

Neffendorf & Blocker, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas