CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>		Page
	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	9
B-1	Statement of Activities	10
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	12
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	13
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	14
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	15
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
D-1	Statement of Net Position	16
D-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	18
D-3	Statement of Cash Flows	20
	Notes to the Financial Statements	22
	Required Supplementary Information	
G-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	38
G-2	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	39
G-3	Schedule of Employer Contributions	40
	Notes to the Schedule of Contributions	41
G-4	Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	42
	Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	43

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Aldermen City of Meadowlakes, Texas Meadowlakes, TX 78654

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Meadowlakes, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I to the financial statements, in 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB #75 for its Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB). Because GASB #75 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, information has been added to the Government Wide Statements, Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet discloses the City's Net OPEB liability and deferred resource outflows related to the City's supplemental death benefits. The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance discloses the adjustment to the City's Beginning Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 3–8 and 38-43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Naffendorf & Knopp. PC

Fredericksburg, Texas

February 15, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Meadowlakes, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the City for the year ended September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and City's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,456,820 (net position). Of this amount, \$983,240 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizen's and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$380,365 as a result of this year's operations.
- At September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$407,411, a decrease of \$19,372 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2018, the City's Enterprise Funds reported unrestricted net position of \$594,449, an increase of \$42,604 in comparison with the prior year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 through 11). These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (beginning on page 12) report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule (operating fund), Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, the Notes to the Schedule of Contributions, Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and the Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios are presented as required supplementary information on pages 38 - 43.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider other factors as well, such as changes in the City's customers or its property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City has two kinds of activity:

- Sovernmental activity Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the public safety, municipal court and administration. Property taxes, user charges, sales tax and franchise tax finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activity The City's water and sewer system, sanitation and recreation are reported as a business-type activity since the fees charged to customers cover the cost of services provided.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has two kinds of funds:

- Sovernmental funds All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in Note II to the financial statements.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's utility fund (Water, Sewer, Sanitation and Recreation) is a business-type activity and provides both long and short-term financial information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased from \$834,996 to \$1,130,859. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - was \$388,791 at September 30, 2018. This increase in governmental net position was the result of six factors. First, the City's expenditures exceeded the revenues by \$19,372. Second, the City paid principal on long-term debt of \$385,000. Third, the City recorded depreciation in the amounts of \$57,857. Fourth, a net decrease of \$600 due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 accounting and financial reporting for other post-employment benefits. Fifth, a net increase of \$1,264 due to recognition of deferred inflows, outflows and pension liability related to GASB 68 accounting and financial reporting for pensions. Sixth, due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 a prior period adjustment was necessary in the amount of (\$3,273).

Net position of the City's business-type activities increased from \$4,251,687 to \$4,325,961. Unrestricted net position was \$594,449 at September 30, 2018. This increase in business-type net position was the result of a net income of \$81,229 and due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$6,955).

Table I City of Meadowlakes

NET POSITION

						Business-Type				TOTALS		
	_	Govern	mer	ntal Activities		Activities				Primary (ernment	
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
									3 (
Current and Restricted Assets	\$	518,945	\$	513,979	\$	866,648	\$	795,437	\$	1,385,593	\$	1,309,416
Capital Assets	_	2,747,770		2,805,627		4,030,300		3,866,722		6,778,070		6,672,349
Total Assets	\$	3,266,715	\$	3,319,606	\$	4,896,948	\$	4,662,159	\$	8,163,663	\$	7,981,765
Deferred Outflow of Resources									-			
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	\$	12,593	\$	16,958	\$	26,760	\$	36,037	\$	39,353	\$	52,995
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	_	687				1,461				2,148		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	13,280	\$	16,958	\$	28,221	\$	36,037	\$	41,501	\$	52,995
											-	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,639,560	\$	2,025,000	\$	207,273	\$	112,289	\$	1,846,833	\$	2,137,289
Other Liabilities		480,090		450,285		354,815		309,009		834,905		759,294
Total Liabilities	\$	2,119,650	\$	2,475,285	\$	562,088	\$	421,298	\$	2,681,738	\$	2,896,583
Deferred Inflow of Resources												
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	\$	17,468	\$	11,864	\$	37,120	\$	25,211	\$	54,588	\$	37,075
Deferred Inflow Refunding	_	12,018		14,422						12,018		14,422
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	29,486	\$	26,286	\$	37,120	\$	25,211	\$	66,606	\$	51,497
	-				•		•				-	
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	722,769	\$	395,626	\$	3,731,512	\$	3,699,842	\$	4,454,281	\$	4,095,468
Restricted		19,299		15,171						19,299		15,171
Unrestricted		388,791		424,196		594,449		551,845		983,240		976,041
Total Net Position	\$	1,130,859	\$	834,993	\$	4,325,961	\$	4,251,687	\$	5,456,820	\$	5,086,680
	-								3		-	

Table II City of Meadowlakes

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

						Business-Type			TOTALS		
		Govern	mer	ntal Activities		Activit	ies		Primary Gove	rnment	
	,	2018		2017		2018	2018 2017		2018	2017	
Revenues:											
	•	724 (72	•	704 707	•						
Property Taxes Franchise Tax	\$	734,672	3	706,507	\$	\$	\$		734,672 \$	706,507	
Charges for Services		56,264		54,023					56,264	54,023	
Miscellaneous		17,734		8,717		2,171,432	2,155,616		2,189,166	2,164,333	
Contributions and Donations		7,984		5,616		110,795	121,781		118,779	127,397	
		C 100					1.321		-	-	
Interest Earnings	•	6,192		2,116		5,671	1,690	_	11,863	3,806	
Total Revenue	\$	822,846	\$	776,979	. \$	2,287,898 \$	2,279,087 \$		3,110,744 \$	3,056,066	
Expenses:											
General Government	\$	472,008	\$	329,276	\$	\$	\$		472,008 \$	329,276	
BCAD		12,203		11,594					12,203	11,594	
Building Committee									-	_	
Flood Plain Administrator									-	-	
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety		112,137		85,970					112,137	85,970	
Traffic Control		29,842		18,322					29,842	18,322	
Municipal Court		14,980		9,755					14,980	9,755	
Animal Control		1,540		9,342					1,540	9,342	
Water and Sewer						1,059,130	1,036,704		1,059,130	1,036,704	
Recreation Fund						981,539	956,451		981,539	956,451	
Debt Service - Interest		47,000		54,893					47,000	54,893	
Fiscal Agent's Fees									-	-	
Issuance Costs									-	-	
Total Expenses	\$	689,710	\$	519,152	\$	2,040,669 \$	1,993,155 \$	_	2,730,379 \$	2,512,307	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position											
Before Transfers & Capital Contributions	\$	133,136	\$	257,827	\$	247,229 \$	285,932 \$		380,365 \$	543,759	
Transfers		166,000		222,105		(166,000)	(222,105)		-	0.10,1.05	
)	75 T		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	(,)	(===,===)	_	***		
Net Change		299,136		479,932		81,229	63,827		380,365	543,759	
Net Position - Beginning		834,993		355,061		4,251,687	4,187,860		5,086,680	4,542,920	
Prior Period Adjustment		(3,273)				(6,955)	an € attractor of the € attraction of the		(10,228)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	1,130,859	\$	834,993	\$	4,325,961 \$	4,251,687 \$	_	5,456,820 \$	5,086,680	

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$689,710. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 10, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes was only \$734,672, because the other costs were paid by franchise tax (\$56,264), user charges (\$17,734), interest (\$6,192) and other miscellaneous (\$6,556).

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a fund balance of \$407,411, which is less than last year's total of \$426,783. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$23,500 in the City's General Fund. This decrease in the General Fund balance was caused by the excess of expenditures over revenues.

The City adopted the General Fund Budget. Actual revenues were more than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures were less than the budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At September 30, 2018, the City had the following amounts invested in capital assets, net of depreciation:

CAPITAL ASSETS

						Business-Type				то	TAL	.S
	_	Governi	ment	al Activities	Activities				Primary Government			
	_	2018	2017		_	2018		2017	2018			2017
Land and Improvements	\$	1,851,301	\$	1,851,301	\$	42,334	\$	42,334	\$	1,893,635	\$	1,893,635
Infrastructure						6,280,443		6,219,357		6,280,443		6,219,357
Buildings		1,201,683		1,201,683		416,459		411,659		1,618,142		1,613,342
Improvements		205,724		205,724		350,061		343,281		555,785		549,005
Machinery & Equipment		170,908		170,908		945,604		677,835		1,116,512		848,743
Construction in Progress		-				57,414		-		57,414		
Total Capital Assets	\$	3,429,616	\$	3,429,616	\$	8,092,315	\$	7,694,466	\$	11,521,931	\$	11,124,082
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	(681,846)	_	(623,989)		(4,062,015)		(3,827,742)		(4,743,861)		(4,451,731)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,747,770	\$_	2,805,627	\$	4,030,300	\$	3,866,724	\$	6,778,070	\$_	6,672,351

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note C and D to the financial statements.

DEBT

At September 30, 2018, the City had the following outstanding debt:

OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmenta	1 Activities	Business-7	• •	TOTAL		
	2018	2017	Activities 2017		Primary Gove 2018	2017	
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,025,000 \$	2,410,000 \$	\$	- \$	2,025,000 \$	2,410,000	
Notes Payable			298,789	166,880	298,789	166,880	
Compensated Absences	21,725	8,780	24,572	20,864	46,297	29,644	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 2,046,725 \$	2,418,780 \$	323,361 \$	187,744 \$	2,370,086 \$	2,606,524	

For governmental activities, the City paid \$385,000 in principal payments on long-term debt.

For business-type activities the City acquired a capital lease in the amount of \$197,001 and paid principal payments in the amount of \$65,092.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes E, F, and G to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2019 budget and tax rates. The major factors are the assessed property valuation and population growth. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$607,700 and expenditures are estimated to be \$727,200 (including a transfer out to other funds in the amount of \$119,500).

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General fund balance is expected to decrease by the close of 2019.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's business office, at City of Meadowlakes, Texas.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Primary Government						
				Business -				
	Go	vernmental		Type				
		Activities		Activities		Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	237,561	\$	473,218	\$	710,779		
Investments - Current		192,307		202,380		394,687		
Taxes Receivable, Net		23,435		-		23,435		
Accounts Receivable (Net)		3,948		110,309		114,257		
Due from Other Funds		41,723		(41,723)		-		
Inventories		_		39,639		39,639		
Prepaid Items		4,109		49,117		53,226		
Capital Assets:						-		
Land Purchase and Improvements		1,851,301		42,334		1,893,635		
Infrastructure, Net		-		2,885,591		2,885,591		
Buildings, Net		776,944		226,633		1,003,577		
Improvements other than Buildings, Net		103,788		276,357		380,145		
Furniture and Equipment, Net		15,737		541,971		557,708		
Construction in Progress		-		57,414		57,414		
Net Pension Asset		15,862		33,708		49,570		
Total Assets		3,266,715		4,896,948		8,163,663		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan		12,593		26,760		39,353		
Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB		687		1,461		2,148		
	<u></u>		-					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,280	(***	28,221	-	41,501		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		4,545		102,590		107,135		
Wages and Salaries Payable		12,543		30,648		43,191		
Compensated Absences Payable		21,725		24,572		46,297		
Intergovernmental Payable		-		1,162		1,162		
Unearned Revenues		20,530		6,578		27,108		
Notes Payable - Current		H		101,206		101,206		
Other Current Liabilities		30,747		88,059		118,806		
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Debt Due Within One Year		390,000		-		390,000		
Due in More Than One Year		1,635,000		197,583		1,832,583		
Net OPEB Liability		4,560		9,690		14,250		
Total Liabilities		2,119,650		562,088		2,681,738		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		17,468		37,120		54,588		
Deferred Resource Inflow for Refunding		12,018		· -		12,018		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		29,486		37,120		66,606		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		722,769		3,731,512		4,454,281		
Restricted for Debt Service		19,299		5,751,512		19,299		
Unrestricted Net Position		388,791		594,449		983,240		
	<u> </u>		Φ.		<u> </u>			
Total Net Position	\$	1,130,859	\$	4,325,961	\$	5,456,820		

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			am revenues
	Expenses		Charges for Services
Primary Government:			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			
General Government	472,008		6,550
BCAD	12,203		-
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety	112,137		11,184
Traffic Control	29,842		-
Municipal Court	14,980		-
Animal Control	1,540		-
Interest on Debt	47,000	-	=
Total Governmental Activities	689,710		17,734
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:			-
Public Works Fund	1,059,130		1,264,978
Recreation Fund	981,539		906,454
Total Business-Type Activities	2,040,669		2,171,432
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,730,379	\$	2,189,166

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Franchise Tax

Program Revenues

Other Taxes

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position--Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Pri	mary Government		
G	overnmental		Business-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(465,458)	\$	-	\$	(465,458)
	(12,203)		=		(12,203)
	(100,953)		=		(100,953)
	(29,842)		=		(29,842)
	(14,980)				(14,980)
	(1,540)		=		(1,540)
	(47,000)		-		(47,000)
	(671,976)	_			(671,976)
	_		205,848		205,848
	-		(75,085)		(75,085)
	-	_	130,763		130,763
-	(671,976)	_	130,763	-	(541,213)
	381,873		-		381,873
	352,799		.		352,799
	56,264		-		56,264
	1,428		-		1,428
	6,556		110,795		117,351
	6,192		5,671		11,863
	166,000		(166,000)		-
	971,112		(49,534)		921,578
	299,136		81,229		380,365
	834,996		4,251,687		5,086,683
	(3,273)		(6,955)		(10,228)
\$	1,130,859	\$	4,325,961	\$	5,456,820

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		General Fund		Debt	0	Total
				Service Fund	G	overnmental Funds
		Tuna		Tunu		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	218,262	\$	19,299	\$	237,561
Investments - Current		192,307				192,307
Taxes Receivable		12,186		11,249		23,435
Accounts Receivable (Net)		76		-		76
Due from Other Funds		41,723		-		41,723
Prepaid Items		4,109				4,109
Total Assets	\$	468,663	\$	30,548	\$	499,211
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	4,545	\$:-	\$	4,545
Wages and Salaries Payable		12,543		1-1		12,543
Unearned Revenues		20,530		-		20,530
Other Current Liabilities		30,747		-		30,747
Total Liabilities		68,365		-		68,365
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		12,186		11,249		23,435
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,186		11,249		23,435
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted Fund Balance:						
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		19,299		19,299
Unassigned Fund Balance		388,112		-		388,112
Total Fund Balances	-	388,112		19,299		407,411
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	468,663	\$	30,548	\$	499,211

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 407,411
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	381,205
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	387,404
This fiscal year required that the City report their net pension liability in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of this implementation included a net pension asset of \$15,862, a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$12,593 and a Deferred Resource Inflow of \$17,468. The net effect of these was to increase the ending net position by \$10,987.	10,987
The City implemented GASB 75 reporting requirements for the OPEB benefit plan through TMRS. Since this is the first year of implementation, a prior period adjustment had to be made in the amount of (\$3,273). The implementation resulted in an OPEB liability of \$4,560 and a deferred resource outflow of \$687. This resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position of (\$3,873).	(3,873)
The 2018 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(57,857)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	5,582
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,130,859

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 382,535	\$ 352,799	\$ 735,334
Franchise Tax	56,264		56,264
Other Taxes	1,428		1,428
Licenses and Permits	6,550		6,550
Fines Investment Earnings	11,184		11,184
Other Revenue	2,958 4,653		6,191 4,653
Total Revenues	465,572	356,032	821,604
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government	401,870	-	401,870
BCAD	12,203	-	12,203
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety	112,137		112,137
Traffic Control	29,842		29,842
Municipal Court	14,980		14,980
Animal Control Debt Service:	1,540	-	1,540
Principal on Debt		385,000	295 000
Interest on Debt	\ -	49,404	385,000 49,404
Total Expenditures	572,572		1,006,976
	312,312	434,404	1,000,970
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(107,000)	(78,372)	(185,372)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers In	143,500	82,500	226,000
Transfers Out (Use)	(60,000)		(60,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	83,500	82,500	166,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,500)	4,128	(19,372)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	411,612	15,171	426,783
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 388,112	\$ 19,299	\$ 407,411

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (19,372)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	387,404
The entries required by GASB 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total Credits to expenses were \$18,967 and total debits to expenses were \$17,703. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase of \$1,264.	1,264
The implementation of GASB 75 to report the TMRS OPEB plan resulted in a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$ 3,273). The changes in the ending net position as a result of reporting the OPEB items was a decrease in net position in the amount of \$600.	(600)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(57,857)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease the change in net position.	(11,703)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 299,136

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
Public Pu		Total			
	ecreation	Enterprise			
Fund	Fund	Funds			
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 430,860 \$	42,358 \$	473,218			
Investments - Current 202,380	-0	202,380			
Accounts Receivable (Net) 110,016	293	110,309			
Due from Other Funds 2,669	_	2,669			
Inventories 20,529	19,110	39,639			
Prepaid Items 4,119	44,998	49,117			
Total Current Assets 770,573	106,759	877,332			
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Land Purchase and Improvements 42,334	-	42,334			
Infrastructure 6,280,443	-	6,280,443			
Accumulated Depreciation - Infrastructure (3,394,852)	-	(3,394,852)			
Buildings 410,959	5,500	416,459			
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings (189,826)	-	(189,826)			
Improvements other than Buildings 279,082	70,979	350,061			
Accumulated Depreciation - Other Improvements (73,704)		(73,704)			
Furniture and Equipment 430,360	515,244	945,604			
Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture & Equipment (258,511)	=	(258,511)			
Accumulated Depreciation - Capital Assets	(145, 122)	(145, 122)			
Construction in Progress -	57,414	57,414			
Net Pension Asset 18,413	15,295	33,708			
Total Noncurrent Assets 3,544,698	519,310	4,064,008			
Total Assets 4,315,271	626,069	4,941,340			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan 11,977	14,783	26,760			
	623	1,461			
Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB 838	023	-,			

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	-	Public		Total	
		Works	Recreation	Enterprise	
		Fund	Fund	Funds	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		51,522	51,068	102,590	
Wages and Salaries Payable		12,094	18,554	30,648	
Compensated Absences Payable		11,557	13,015	24,572	
Intergovernmental Payable		1,162	-	1,162	
Due to Other Funds		2,763	41,629	44,392	
Unearned Revenues		-	6,578	6,578	
Notes Payable - Current		1=1	101,206	101,206	
Other Current Liabilities		85,252	2,807	88,059	
Total Current Liabilities		164,350	234,857	399,207	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Other Long Term Debt Payable - Noncurrent		=	197,583	197,583	
Net OPEB Liability		5,557	4,133	9,690	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	5,557	201,716	207,273	
Total Liabilities		169,907	436,573	606,480	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		18,931	18,189	37,120	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,931	18,189	37,120	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,526,285	205,227	3,731,512	
Unrestricted Net Position		612,963	(18,514)	594,449	
Total Net Position	\$	4,139,248 \$	186,713	4,325,961	

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					nds
		Public Works Fund		ecreation Fund	I	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Services Other Revenue	\$	1,264,978 106,173	\$	906,454 4,622	\$	2,171,432 110,795
Total Operating Revenues		1,371,151		911,076		2,282,227
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Proprietary Fund Function - Water						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		288,283		-		288,283
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits		107,442		=		107,442
Purchased Professional & Technical Services		204,396		-		204,396
Purchased Property Services		163,050		-		163,050
Other Operating Costs		52,600		-		52,600
Supplies		59,941		-		59,941
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Water	-	875,712		*		875,712
Proprietary Fund Function - Golf						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		-		273,178		273,178
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits		-		67,760		67,760
Purchased Property Services		-		94,747		94,747
Other Operating Costs		-		106,784		106,784
Supplies	_	-		41,606		41,606
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Golf		_	_	584,075		584,075
Proprietary Fund Function - Tennis						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		-		761		761
Purchased Property Services		-		291		291
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Tennis	-			1,052	_	1,052
Proprietary Fund Function - Swimming			-		-	
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		-		14,946		14,946
Purchased Property Services		-		1,076		1,076
Other Operating Costs		-		2,950		2,950
Supplies		-		3,925		3,925
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Swimming		_		22,897		22,897
Proprietary Fund Function - Restaurant & Bar						
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages		-		147,366		147,366
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits		-		37,133		37,133
Purchased Property Services		-		6,234		6,234
Other Operating Costs		-		17,867		17,867
Supplies				106,919		106,919
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Restaurant &	Bar			315,519		315,519
Depreciation		183,418		51,757		235,175
Total Operating Expenses		1,059,130		975,300		2,034,430
Operating Income (Loss)	_	312,021		(64,224)		247,797
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment Earnings		3,871		1,800		5,671
Interest Expense - Non-Operating		-		(6,239)		(6,239)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-T	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Public Works Fund	Recreation Fund	Total Enterprise Funds					
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	3,871	(4,439)	(568)					
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	315,892	(68,663)	247,229					
Non-Operating Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	500 (288,000)	152,500 (31,000)	153,000 (319,000)					
Change in Net Position Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning) Prior Period Adjustment	28,392 4,114,845 (3,989)	52,837 136,842 (2,966)	81,229 4,251,687 (6,955)					
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 4,139,248	\$ 186,713	\$ 4,325,961					

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities						
	1	Public Works Fund		Recreation Fund		Total Enterprise Funds		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Received from Other Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Suppliers Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating		1,277,316 106,173 (396,403) (59,941) (411,438)	\$	906,454 4,622 (539,621) (152,450) (226,719)	\$	2,183,770 110,795 (936,024) (212,391) (638,157)		
Activities		515,707		(7,714)		507,993		
<u>Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:</u> Operating Transfer Out		(287,500)		121,500		(166,000)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	es:							
Acquisition of Capital Assets Disposal of Capital Assets Capital Lease Proceeds Capital Lease Payments Capital Lease Interest Expense Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and		(146,366) 5,393		(257,780) - 197,001 (65,092) (6,239)		(404,146) 5,393 197,001 (65,092) (6,239)		
Related Financing Activities	((140,973)	_	(132,110)	_	(273,083)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments		3,872		1,800		5,672		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		91,106 542,134		(16,524) 58,882	-	74,582 601,016		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	\$	633,240	\$	42,358	\$	675,598		

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities						
		Public Works Fund	I	Recreation Fund	56 30	Total Enterprise Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:								
1	\$	312,021	\$	(64,224)	\$	247,797		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	es:	ā						
Depreciation		183,418		51,757		235,175		
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:								
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		12,338		-		12,338		
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		6,015		-		6,015		
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		234		1,394		1,628		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(28)		(2,694)		(2,722)		
Increase (Decrease) in Wages Payable		421		(1,870)		(1,449)		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(287)		3,995		3,708		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to From Other Funds		3,081		(2,351)		730		
Increase (Decrease) in Intergovernmental		69		(413)		(344)		
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		(763)		221		(542)		
Decrease (Increase) in Pension Asset and OPEB Liab		(812)		(602)		(1,414)		
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		540		540		
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets		-		6,533		6,533		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	515,707	\$	(7,714)	\$	507,993		

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity - The Mayor and City Council is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities within the jurisdiction of the City of Meadowlakes. The City is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since the Mayor and Aldermen are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

On March 1, 2007, the Meadowlakes Municipal Utility District was annexed into the City. The City has assumed all the assets, liabilities and debt obligations of the District as of that date and the District was abolished.

Hidden Falls Golf Club – Public Facilities Corporation - On October 1, 2009 the City established The Meadowlakes Public Facility Corporation (the Corporation) under the Public Facility Corporation Act Chapter 303 (the Act) of the Texas Local Government Code. The Corporation is legally separate from the City, but the City appoints all of the board members and has the ability to remove those board members at will. The Corporation is empowered with responsibility and authority to finance and manage retail operations and maintenance of the City owned Municipal Golf Complex (MGC). Since the Corporation is financially accountable to the City, it is treated as a component unit of the City and is reported as part of the overall financial reporting entity of the City.

As of October 1, 2016 the Meadowlakes Public Facility Corporation was no longer operating the City owned Municipal Golf Complex. The Corporation has not been dissolved but it no longer has any operations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the City of Meadowlakes nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, sales tax, franchise tax, municipal court fines, charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and proprietary. The City considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e. revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept; that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

D. Fund Accounting

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. **The General Fund** The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. The Debt Service Fund The City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Proprietary Fund:

 Public Works Fund - The City accounts for the sales and related costs of its water, sewer utility operations, and sanitation in the Public Works Fund.

- 2. Recreation Fund The City accounts for golf course related assets and operations not accounted for in the General Fund or the MPFC, component unit, in the Recreation Fund.
- E. <u>Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position</u>
- In the government-wide financial statements in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

2. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Water & Sewer Plant & Facilities	30-50
Buildings and Improvements	30
Furniture	7-10
Machinery and Equipment	5-7
Automotive Equipment	3-5

Pursuant to GASB Statement Number 34, an extended period of deferral is available before the requirement to record and depreciate infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items) acquired before the implementation date becomes effective. Therefore, infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2001 have not yet been capitalized.

- 3. Vacation leave and sick leave is earned by each full-time employee. Vacation leave is earned at the rate of 10 days per year for employees with less than ten years of service, 15 days per year from ten to fifteen years of service and 20 days after fifteen years of service. Vacation leave must be taken within one year after it is earned. Sick leave is earned at a rate of 12 days per year but is not paid upon termination.
- 4. Beginning with fiscal year end September 30, 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in non-spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose.
 Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

5. Implementation of GASB Accounting Standard:

The City has implemented GASB Statement NO. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflow of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position as well as GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Under GASB 63 and 65, amounts previously reported as deferred charges as a part of total assets and deferred amounts from refunded debt have been reported in a separate section as deferred outflows of resources and amounts previously reported as deferred revenue as a part of total liabilities have been reported in a separate section as deferred inflows of resources.

- 6. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
- The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year through passage of an ordinance. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Budgeted amounts for expenditures from the various funds may not exceed the beginning balances of those funds plus the anticipated revenues for the fiscal year. The final amended budget has been presented in this report. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

- 8. Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) and additions to/deductions from

TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For purposes of calculating the total OPEB liability, the plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no assets are accumulated for OPEB.

10. The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$710,779 and the bank balance was \$709,362. The City's cash deposits held at September 30, 2018 and during the year ended September 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The City's temporary investments at September 30, 2018, are shown below:

	Carrying	Market	FDIC	Pledged
Name	Amount	Value	Coverage	Securities
Certificates of Deposit -				
Governmental Activities:				
First State Bank of Central Texas	\$192,307	\$192,307	-0-	\$192,307
Business-Type Activities:				
First State Bank of Central Texas	\$202,380	\$202,380	-0-	\$202,380

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the City has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end

were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments (certificates of deposit) were secured by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2018, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

B. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The City contracted with the Burnet County Appraisal District for the appraisal and collection of taxes. For the 2017 tax roll, the assessed valuation was \$232,609,549. The tax rate was \$.1638 for maintenance and operations and \$.1512 for interest and sinking. The total tax rate was \$.315 per \$100 valuation.

C. Land, Structures and Equipment-Enterprise Funds

A summary of changes in fixed assets for the enterprise funds appears below:

	Balance					Balance
	10/1/17	Additions		Deletions		9/30/18
Land	\$ 42,334	\$	\$		\$	42,334
Infrastructure	6,219,357	67,382		6,295		6,280,444
Buildings	411,659	4,800				416,459
Improvements	343,281					343,281
Machinery and Equipment	677,835	274,550				952,385
Construction in Progress		57,414				57,414
Totals	\$ 7,694,466	\$ 404,146	\$	6,295	\$	8,092,317
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,827,742)	(235,175)		902	_	(4,062,015)
Fixed Assets, Net	\$ 3,866,724	\$ 168,971	\$	7,197	\$	4,030,302
			-0		-	

D. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Primary Government								
	1	Beginning			Ending				
		Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance				
Governmental Activities:				-					
Land	\$	1,851,301 \$	\$	\$	1,851,301				
Buildings		1,201,683			1,201,683				
Improvements		205,724			205,724				
Machinery and Equipment		170,908			170,908				
Construction in Progress				(*=0)					
Totals		3,429,616		-	3,429,616				
Accumulated Depreciation		(623,989)	(57,857)		(681,846)				
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,805,627 \$	(57,857) \$	\$	2,747,770				

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions a follows: General Government

\$	(57,857)
\$ _	(57,857)

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2018 follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Paid	Amounts Outstanding 10/1/17	Additions	Deletions	Amounts Outstanding 9/30/18	Due in One Year
Governmental Activities: <u>Bonds Payable</u>								
General Obligation								
Refunding Bond - Series 2013	2.05% \$	3,340,000 \$	49,404 \$	2,410,000 \$	\$	(385,000) \$	2,025,000 \$	390,000
Compensated Absences Total	N/A =	N/A 3,340,000 \$	N/A 49,404 \$	8,780 2,418,780 \$	12,945	(385,000) \$	21,725 2,046,725 \$	N/A 390,000
	Interest	Amounts Original	Interest	Amounts Outstanding			Amounts Outstanding	Due in
Description	Rate	Issue	Paid	10/1/17	Additions	Deletions	9/30/18	One Year
Business-Type Activities:								
Other Long-Term Debt Note Payable								
Meadowlakes POA	2.25% \$	223,112 \$	3,586 \$	147,854 \$	\$	(44,350) \$	103,504 \$	45,357
Meadowlakes POA	2.25%	50,000	773	19,026		(10,241)	8,785	8,785
First Security State Bank	3.97%	197,001	2,943		197,001	(10,501)	186,500	47,064
Compensated Absences Total	N/A _ \$ =	N/A 470,113 \$	N/A 7,302 \$	20,864 187,744 \$	3,708	(65,092) \$	24,572 323,361 \$	N/A 101,206

F. Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

The City issued \$1,225,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 for the purpose of providing funds to refund the outstanding Revenue Notes, Series 2001 (\$1,210,000). These bonds were called and were redeemed on March 12, 2008 by depositing \$1,220,000 into an escrow account. The Series 2001 notes have been defeased and removed as a liability of the City. The Series 2008 bonds mature on March 1, in each of the years 2009 through 2013, bearing interest at 3.5%. The financial gain on these refunding bonds is \$66,028 and the economic gain is \$71,180.

The City issued \$3,600,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation – Series 2008 for purchase of real property (golf course) and repair, rehabilitation and renovation of such real property. The Certificates were issued at an interest rate of 4.8%. The Certificates are payable from and secured by an ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property in the City and further secured by and payable from a first lien on and pledge of the Net Revenues of the System.

The City issued \$3,340,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 for the purpose of providing funds to refund part of the outstanding Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation Bonds, Series 2008. The refunded bonds consist of \$2,940,000 of Series 2008 bonds. These bonds were called and were redeemed on July 18, 2013 by depositing \$2,915,665 into an escrow account. The portions of the Series 2008 bonds have been defeased and have been removed as a liability of the

City. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 mature on September 1, in each year of the years 2013 through 2023, bearing interest at 2.050%. The financial gain on these refunding bonds was \$179,029 and the economic gain was \$163,435.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ended	Bonds Payable				
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$ 390,000	\$	41,513	\$	431,513
2020	395,000		33,517		428,517
2021	405,000		25,420		430,420
2022	415,000		17,117		432,117
2023	420,000		8,610		428,610
	\$ 2,025,000	\$	126,177	\$	2,151,177

G. Capital Lease

On February 20, 2018 the City entered into a capital lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$197,001 with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a fleet of golf carts. The capital lease is payable in (16) quarterly payments in the amount of \$13,443 (including interest at 3.97%). Government Capital Corporation sold the capital lease to First Security State Bank.

On July 29, 2014 the City's component unit, Meadowlakes Public Facility Corporation, entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement with Meadowlakes Property Owners Association for the purchase of a 4wd Diesel Tractor and a Trimax Snake Mowing attachment. The capital lease is payable in (60) monthly payments of \$881.87 (including interest at 2.25%). As of October 1, 2016 the component unit ceased to operate and the City assumed the debt.

On October 1, 2015 the City entered into a capital lease-purchase agreement with Meadowlakes Property Owners Association for the purchase of equipment. The capital lease is payable in (20) quarterly payment of \$11,826 (including interest at 2.25%).

A summary of the future minimum lease payments under the lease along with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018 follows:

Year Ended

September 30		
2019	\$	109,971
2020		101,078
2021		65,601
2022		40,332
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	316,982
Less Amount Representing Intere	st	18,193
Present Value of Lease Payments	\$	298,789

H. Retirement Plan

The City joined the Texas Municipal Retirement System on March 1, 2007 upon the annexation of the Meadowlakes Municipal Utility District.

Plan Description

The City of Meadowlakes, Texas participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory,

hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year	Plan Year
	2016	2017
Deposit Rate:	7%	7%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee):	1 to1	1 to1
Years required for vesting	5 yrs	5 yrs
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of servic	e)60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	0%	0%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	19
	20

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Meadowlakes, Texas were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Meadowlakes, Texas were 2.28% and 2.34 in calendar years 2017 and 2018, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$17,521, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Asset

The city's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Asset (TPA) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Asset in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth

3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by a factor of 95%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustments are used with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014, first used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2017 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.65%
Real Return	10.0%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.00%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

		12.1	Incre	ease/(Decrease)		
	To	tal Pension		Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension
		Liability	1	Net Position	Liab	oility/(Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2016	\$	456,118	\$	470,581	\$	(14,463)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		72,461				72,461
Interest		32,346				32,346
Changes of Benefit Terms						-
Difference between Expected and Actual						
Experience		(5,442)				(5,442)
Changes in Assumptions		-				12
Contributions - Employer				17,576		(17,576)
Contributions - Employee				53,961		(53,961)
Net investment income				63,291		(63,291)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(26, 289)		(26,289)		-
Administrative Expense				(338)		338
Other Changes				(18)		18
	_		_			-
Net Changes		73,076		108,183		(35,107)
Balances as of December 31,2017	\$	529,194	\$	578,764	\$	(49,570)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease		Currer	nt Single Rate	1% Increase		
5.75%		Assum	nption 6.75%	7.75%		
\$	31,895	\$	(49,570)	\$(115,751)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$13,734.

At September 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	29,366	\$	8,912
Changes of assumptions				6,322
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		25,222		11,502
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date				12,617
Total	\$	54,588	\$	39,353

\$12,617 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2018	\$ (5,603)
2019	(1,210)
2020	(13,618)
2021	(7,389)
2022	(32)
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ (27,852)

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Benefit Plan Description. Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). The plan is a single employer defined benefit group life insurance plan. This is a voluntary program in which

participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated). The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in the SDBF.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the year ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,218, \$1,226 and \$1,197 respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	17
Total	19

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of December 31, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The TOL in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation
Discount rate*	3.31%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$O
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates - service retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
Mortality rates - disabled retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

^{*}The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2017.

These actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013.

Discount Rate

Because the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is considered an unfunded trust under GASB Statement No. 75, the relevant discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of the measurement date.

Covered Payroll	\$ 770,865
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	\$ 10,228
Changes for the year	
Service Cost	2,158
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	427
Changes of benefit terms	8
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,437
Benefit Payments **	=
Net changes	4,022
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$ 14,250
Total ODED Liability as a Devantage of Coursell Devant	1 0500

Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

1.85%

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.31%, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.31%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.31%) than the current rate:

1%	Decrease	Current Discount Rate 1% Incre			
((2.31%) (3.31%)		(4.31%)		
\$	18,168	\$ 14,250	\$ 11,414		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,791

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred (Inflows) of	Deferred Outflows
	Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		1,231
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		917
Total (excluding contributions made subsequent to		
measurement date)	\$ -	\$ 2,148

\$917 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

^{**}Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Year ended December	31:	
2018	\$	206
2019		206
2020		206
2021		206
2022		206
Thereafter		201
Total	\$	1,231

J. Interfund Transfers

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City's transfers between funds consisted of:

Receivable Fund		Payable Fund		Amount
	,	T dyable T dild	- 5	Amount
General Fund		Recreation Fund		38,960
General Fund		Utility Fund		2,763
Utility Fund		Recreation Fund		2,669
Total			\$	44,392
			,)
		Transfers		Transfers
		In		Out
General Fund	\$	143,500	\$	60,000
Debt Service Fund		82,500		
Enterprise Funds:				
Utility Fund		500		288,000
Recreation Fund		152,500		31,000
				9
Totals	\$	379,000	\$	379,000

K. Employee Insurance Benefits

All regular full time employees of the City are eligible for coverage under the group hospitalization, medical and life insurance program provided by the City through the TML Intergovernmental Benefits Pool. The City pays the premium for eligible employees and employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members.

L. Cash Flows Statement - Supplemental Disclosures

Since the City is tax exempt no income tax was paid in 2017 and 2018. The City paid interest in the amount of \$4,526 in 2017 and \$6,239 in 2018.

M. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures in the General Fund budget line item functions Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety and Municipal Court exceeded appropriations. Expenditures in total did not exceeded appropriations.

N. Risk Management

The City's risk management program includes coverage for property, general liability, automobile liability, public officials' liability and employee dishonesty bonds. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League joint self-insurance fund, which is a public entity risk pool. The premiums paid to TML result in the transfer of risk to the pool.

O. Prior Period Adjustment

During the fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75 for *Other Post Employment Benefits*. Under GASB Statement No. 75 the District must report their Net OPEB Liability of the TMRS (Texas Municipal Retirement System) Supplemental Death Benefit Fund. Adoption of GASB Statement No. 75 required a prior period adjustment in the governmental activities of (\$3,273) and (\$6,955) in the business-type activities. The restated beginning net position of the governmental activities is \$831,723 and in the business-type activities is \$4,244,732.

P. Subsequent Event

The City has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The City is not aware of any subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.



CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget		
	Original Final				(GAAP BASIS)		Positive or (Negative)	
			Final					
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	381,000	\$	381,000	\$	382,535	\$	1,535
Franchise Tax		66,300		66,300		56,264		(10,036)
Other Taxes		1,300		1,300		1,428		128
Licenses and Permits		5,450		5,450		6,550		1,100
Fines		4,500		4,500		11,184		6,684
Investment Earnings		600		600		2,958		2,358
Other Revenue		4,500		4,500		4,653		153
Total Revenues		463,650		463,650		465,572		1,922
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		420,600		420,100		401,870		18,230
BCAD		12,700		13,200		12,203		997
Ordinance Enforcement/Public Safety		99,610		99,610		112,137		(12,527)
Traffic Control		37,700		37,700		29,842		7,858
Municipal Court		11,500		11,500		14,980		(3,480)
Animal Control		1,540		1,540		1,540		
Total Expenditures		583,650		583,650		572,572		11,078
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(120,000)		(120,000)		(107,000)		13,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		144,000		144,000		143,500		(500)
Transfers Out (Use)		(125,500)		(125,500)		(60,000)		65,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	18,500	-	18,500		83,500		65,000
Net Change		(101,500)		(101,500)		(23,500)		78,000
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		411,612		411,612		411,612		=
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	310,112	\$	310,112	\$	388,112	\$	78,000

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	FY 2018 Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
A. Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 72,461	\$ 73,961	\$ 48,690	\$ 40,640
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	32,346	29,666	24,109	22,277
Changes of Benefit Terms	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(5,442)	(33,198)	22,217	(26,644)
Changes of Assumptions	-0-	-0-	15,757	-0-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(26,289)	(33,655)	(22,995)	(5,259)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 73,076	\$ 36,774	\$ 87,778	\$ 31,014
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	456,118	419,344	331,566	300,552
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 529,194	\$ 456,118	\$ 419,344	\$ 331,566
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 17,576	\$ 10,383	\$ 8,033	\$ 5,271
Contriubtions - Employee	53,961	55,910	38,512	32,651
Net Investment Income	63,291	27,644	571	19,188
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(26,289)	(33,655)	(22,995)	(5,259)
Administrative Expense	(338)	(313)	(348)	(200)
Other	(17)	(17)	(17)	(16)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 108,183	\$ 59,952	\$ 23,755	\$ 51,635
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	470,581	410,629	386,874	335,239
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 578,764	\$ 470,581	\$ 410,629	\$ 386,874
C. Net Pension Liability	\$ (49,570)	\$ (14,463)	\$ 8,715	\$ (55,308)
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	109.37%	103.17%	97.92%	116.68%
E. Covered Payroll	\$ 770,865	\$ 798,720	\$ 550,170	\$ 466,448
F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(6.43%)	(1.81%)	1.58%	(11.86%)

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 46, a and b requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

Note: Only four years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 17,521 \$	14,942 \$	11,087 \$	6,391
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	17,521	14,942	11,087	6,391
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0- \$	-0-\$	-0-\$	-0-
Covered Payroll	\$ 754,262 \$	743,196 \$	826,357 \$	466,573
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.30%	2.01%	1.35%	1.37%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, the years of data presented this reporting period are those for which data is available. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost

Method

Entry Age Normal

. .

Amortization Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Method Remaining Amortization

Period

25 years

Asset Valuation

Method

10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3

3.5% to 10.5% including inflation

Investment Rate

of Return

6.75%

Retirement Age

Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-

2014

Mortality

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully

generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017		
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$	2,158	
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		427	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-0-	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		-0-	
Changes of Assumptions		1,437	
Benefit Payments*		-0-	
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		4,022	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		10,228	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	14,250	
Covered Payroll	\$	770,865	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.85%	

*The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

CITY OF MEADOWLAKES, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31,

And become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Inflation

2.5%

Salary increases

Salary increases are assumed to occur once a year, on January 1. Therefore, the pay used for the period year following the valuation date is equal to the reported pay for the prior year, increased by the salary increase assumption.

Salaries are assumed to increase by 3.50% to 10.5% including

inflation

\$0

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Valuation of Assets:

For purposes of calculating the Total OPEB Liability, The plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no

assets are accumulated for OPEB.

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

Administrative expenses

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension

Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under

GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates - service retirees

RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully

generational basis with scale BB.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees

RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Discount Rate

Because the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is considered

an unfunded trust under GASB Statement No. 75, the relevant discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of the measurement date. Discount rate is

3.31%.

Supplemental Death Benefit

The contribution rate for the Supplemental Death Benefit (SDB) Is equal to the expected benefit payments during the upcoming year divided by the annualized pay of current active members and is calculated separately for actives and retirees. Due to the significant reserve in the Supplemental Death Fund, the SDB rate for retiree coverage is currently only one-third of the

total term cost.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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MEMBER
TEXAS SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 15, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Aldermen City of Meadowlakes, Texas Meadowlakes, TX 78654

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meadowlakes, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 31, 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Meadowlakes, Texas are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions was adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 15, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Recommendations

Bank Reconciliations

Immaterial old outstanding items were noted during the audit of the bank reconciliations. We recommend the items be researched and cleared.

The bank reconciliations did not agree with the general ledger accounts. This was due to transactions entered after the reconciliations were prepared. We recommend the City not prepare the bank reconciliations until all the transactions have been recorded and to make sure the reconciliations agree with the general ledger accounts.

Accounts Receivable Public Works Fund

The accounts receivable subsidiary ledger in the Public Works Fund did not agree with the general ledger account. We recommend the City reconcile the subsidiary ledger to the general ledger at year end.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of City of Meadowlakes and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Neffendorf & Knopp, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas