City of Chelsea, Massachusetts Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

City of Chelsea, Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Thomas G. Ambrosino *City Manager*



Prepared by the Finance Division

CITY OF CHELSEA, MASSACHUSETTS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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Introductory Section



CITY OF CHELSEA



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Telephone (617) 466-4100 / Fax (617) 466-4175

December 22, 2016

Dear Councilors:

I am pleased to submit the City of Chelsea's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This letter of transmittal, and management's discussion and analysis as located in the financial section of the CAFR, provides a comprehensive financial overview of the City.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for the representations about the City's finances contained in the CAFR, the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to ensure the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Chelsea's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Pursuant to the City Charter, as particularly found in Section 5-6, and the instituted management practices of City government that the City Council has helped to implement over the years, a primary focus of the City continues to be an adherence to all Charter mandates and applicable ordinances, laws and practices. This CAFR meets and exceeds its legal requirements and presents itself as an informative resource for all those interested in the financial workings of the municipality.

Generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the City's independent auditor. The remainder of this transmittal letter highlights concepts important to the administration of the City's financial processes.

REPORTING ENTITY AND SERVICES PROVIDED

The basic financial statements present all of the financial information of the City (the primary government) and its component units as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Component units are included in the City's basic financial statements because of the nature and/or significance of their relationship with the City. The inclusion of such component units within the reporting entity does not affect their legal standing.

The City has included the Chelsea Contributory Retirement System (System) as a component unit (blended) in the basic financial statements. The financial statements of the System are presented for the year ended December 31, 2015, which represents the fiscal reporting period for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Chelsea, Massachusetts is located in Suffolk County directly across the Mystic River from the City of Boston. The City was first settled in 1624, established itself as a Town in 1739 and was incorporated as a City in 1857. The City has an estimated population of 35,177 and occupies a land area of 1.8 square miles.

The City provides a full range of traditional municipal services for the territory within its boundaries, including police and fire protection, trash collection and disposal, public education (pre-kindergarten through grade twelve), water and sewer services, parks and recreation, health and social services, libraries/culture and maintenance of streets and highways. The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority provides commuter rail service and bus coverage throughout the City with connections to the metropolitan Boston area. The Massachusetts Department of Conservation & Recreation maintains certain parks and highways. The Massachusetts Water Resource Authority provides water and sewerage disposal services to the City.

In August of 1995, the City implemented a new City Charter. The Charter mandated the Council-Manager form of government, which replaced the Mayor-Alderman form of government. The Charter establishes an eleven member City Council, eight members of which are elected by district and three of which are elected at-large. The School Committee consists of nine members; 8 are elected by district and one is elected at-large. The terms of councilors and school committee members are for two years. There are no other elected bodies. The City Manager is selected by the City Council. The City Manager is the chief executive of the City and is responsible for the day-to-day administration of City affairs. The Charter grants the City Manager strong executive and administrative powers.

The Charter requires the implementation of a coordinated budget process. The Council and School Committee share responsibility and coordinate their activities. In addition, the Charter requires the City to implement and undertake annual processes for capital planning, long-term financial forecasting and an open operating budget development process. The City has successfully implemented all the financial mandates required by the Charter.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Because a large portion of Chelsea's annual budget is supported by state government, its financial condition is greatly impacted by the overall economic conditions of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (Commonwealth). Yet, even in these relatively good economic times, non-school state support in the form of General Government Assistance has not grown significantly. This puts enormous pressure on all municipalities because certain ever increasing local costs, such as employee group health insurance and retirement costs, place great strain on municipal budgets.

Chelsea has taken positive steps to minimize the impact of stagnant state aid. Due to conservative fiscal management over the past decade, Chelsea has created healthy reserves. Therefore, even though Chelsea will utilize a small amount of free cash reserves to balance its budget in FY17, and likely in the next few fiscal years as well, it has built up sufficient reserves to enable it to meet its budgetary needs for at least the next five years without any significant shortfall. However, long-term, it is essential that Chelsea generate additional revenue, and it can only do that with continued economic development. It is for that reason that Chelsea continues to aggressively seek growth, albeit in a manner that is properly planned and respectful of potential negative impacts such as traffic and gentrification.

Chelsea's economic development potential remains extremely positive due to three major assets: proximity to the Airport; proximity to downtown Boston; and a robust public transportation network. Public transportation options will only improve with the expected completion of the Silver Line into Chelsea, scheduled for 2017. These attributes have contributed to make Chelsea an incredibly attractive community for both residential and commercial development. The evidence is obvious from the projects recently completed, as well as those in the pipeline. Both phases of the residential apartment complex known as One North of Boston on Sixth Street are now completed and occupancy has been robust. Nearby, in the Everett Avenue Urban Renewal District, ("EAURD"), the City just permitted another major residential development of 692 units, geared to meet the demand expected from completion of the Silver Line. Commercial development also continues at a torrid pace. A new Marriott TownPlace Suites Hotel opened in March 2015, bringing to three the number of major hotels in the City. A fourth hotel is under construction in the EAURD, a fifth hotel has been permitted, and the Wyndham, the City's first hotel project, is scheduled for a \$10 million facelift and rebranding this Winter. Nearby, the new regional FBI headquarters, which opened in November 2016, has redefined the Chelsea skyline. All of this is proof positive that, in every corner of the City, development is thriving.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters, for all of which the City carries commercial insurance.

Through June 30, 2016, the City participated in a premium-based health care plan for its active and retired employees. The City is self-insured for its workers' compensation activities. These activities are accounted for in the internal service fund, where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred. As of July 1, 2016, with the approval of all of its unions, and with the expectation of significant financial savings, the City moved to a self-insured group health program for its active and retired employees.

CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

The City's debt burden is relatively low in relation to other communities its size. Outstanding long-term debt (related to governmental funds) as of June 30, 2016, totaled approximately \$19,747,000, of which \$7,631,000 relates to school remodeling projects and \$6,310,000 relates to urban renewal, leaving a balance of approximately \$5,806,000 in CIP projects.

Since fiscal year 1997, the City had funded a portion of its CIP on a "pay-as-you-go" basis out of current revenues (\$640,865 in FY16). In order to maintain this type of funding, even in difficult economic conditions, a Capital Stabilization Fund was established and, as of June 30, 2016, the fund totaled approximately \$79,000.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The municipal finance laws of the Commonwealth authorize the investment in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market accounts, bank deposits and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. In addition, there are various restrictions limiting the amount and length of deposits and investments.

In Chelsea, idle cash is invested. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. The City does not require collateral for its certificates of deposit, money market accounts, checking or savings accounts when dealing with major banking institutions in the Boston area. However, City officials reserve the right to require collateral when it is in the best interest of the City to do so. At June 30, 2016, general fund cash and cash equivalents totaled \$42,595,561.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City's financial records, books of accounts and financial transactions are audited each fiscal year by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The independent public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP performed the City's annual audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is included herein and contains an unmodified opinion.

CERTIFICATES, AFFILIATIONS AND AWARDS

For the eighteenth straight year, the City has been recognized by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada with a "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" for its June 30, 2015 CAFR. The Certificate of Achievement is the most prestigious award of its kind. The award reflects the effort and emphasis that the City places in meeting and exceeding the highest standards for financial and operational reporting. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and well-organized document that conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the Certificate Program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that this fiscal year 2016 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate Program's requirements and, accordingly, we have submitted it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate of Achievement.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Chelsea works because the City and the community are committed to advancing causes and promoting even greater revitalization. Stakeholders are collectively addressing shortcomings and building on achievements. Every successful effort reflects the combined hard work of elected officials, City Hall employees, and hardworking, engaged residents.

While we all share in the achievement of another positive CAFR, I especially wish to recognize our financial officials for their continuing work. The City has assembled an extraordinary financial team that has earned distinction, including receipt of a long string of municipal awards. This CAFR stands as a further testament to their work.

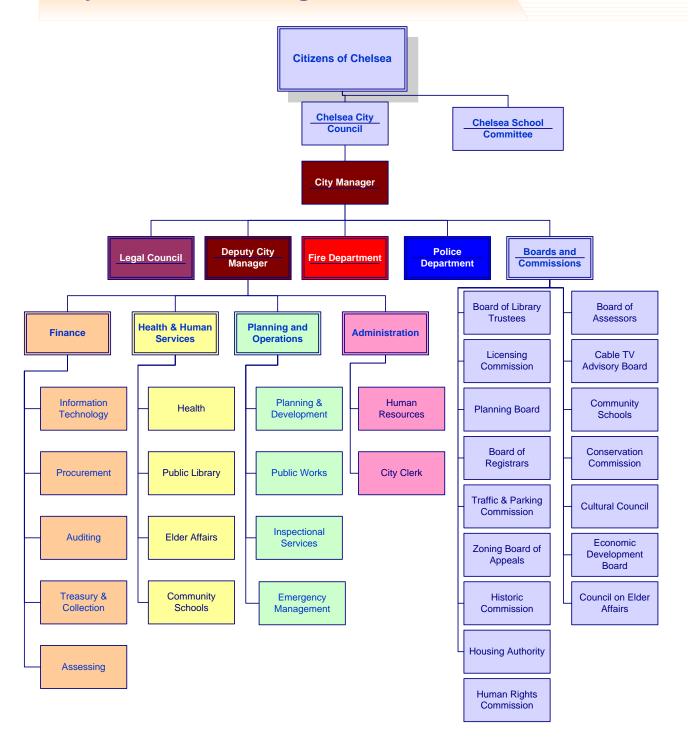
On behalf of the entire City, I am pleased to share with the City Council and the entire Chelsea community the City's fiscal year 2016 CAFR. Once again, our municipal government is not only accurately and openly reporting its operations, but it is doing so in a transparent manner consistent with Chelsea's revitalized City government.

Yours truly,

Thomas G. Ambrosino

City Manager

City of Chelsea Organization



Elected Officials - City Council

At Large Leo Robinson At Large Roy Avellaneda

At Large Damali Vidot, Vice President

District One Paul R. Murphy
District Two Luis Tejada
District Three Matthew R. Frank
District Four Enio Lopez

District Four Enio Lopez
District Five Judith Garcia

District Six Giovanni A. Recupero District Seven Yamir Rodriguez District Eight Dan Cortell, *President*

Elected Officials - School Committee

At Large Shawn O'Regan, Delegate to City Council

District One Rosemarie Carlisle, Vice Chairman

District Two Jeannette Velez, Chairperson

District Three Richard Maronski
District Four Diana Maldonado
District Five Robert Joseph Pereira

District Six Ana Hernandez
District Seven Kelly Garcia

District Eight Yessenia Alfaro-Alvarez

Principal Officials

Department Official(s) **Additional Areas of Authority**

Assessors Ken Stein, Chairman

Mary-Lou Ireland, Director

Auditing Edward Dunn, Auditor

City Clerk Jeannette Cintron White, City Clerk Traffic & Parking

City Council Dan Cortell, President

Paul Casino, Administrator

Executive Thomas Ambrosino, City Manager

Ned Keefe, Deputy City Manager

Emergency Allan I. Alpert, Director E911

Management

Fire Leonard A. Albanese, Chief

Health & Human Luis Prado, Director Elder Affairs, Health, Library, Services

Veterans Services, Community

Schools

Human Resources Diane Carey, Director

Inspectional Services Mike McAteer, Director

Legal Cheryl Watson Fisher, City Solicitor

M.I.S. Ramon Garcia, Director

Planning & John DePriest, Executive Director Planning, Economic Development,

Development Housing

Police Brian Kyes, Chief Animal Control, Harbor Master

Public Works Bertram Taverna, Acting Director

Retirement Board Joseph Siewko, Chairman

Jeannette Velez, Chairperson School

Mary M. Bourque, Superintendent

Treasurer/Collector Robert Boulrice, Central Billing and Research

Treasurer/Collector

Veteran Services Francisco Toro, Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chelsea Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

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Financial Section

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable City Council and City Manager City of Chelsea, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 (except for the Chelsea Contributory Retirement System, which is as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015), and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2016 (except for the Chelsea Contributory Retirement System, which is as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015), and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (located on pages 15 through 24) and general fund budgetary comparison and certain pension and other postemployment benefits information (located on pages 75 through 89) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2016 on our consideration of the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 22, 2016

Boston, Massachusetts

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Managemo	ent's Disc	ussion a	nd Ana	lysis

As management of the City of Chelsea, Massachusetts (City), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46,660,093 (net position).
- ➤ The City's total net position increased \$13,989,724.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund totaled \$43,212,229, or 27.3 percent of total general fund revenues and transfers in from other funds.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt principal increased by \$4,257,572 during the fiscal year. The City issued \$8,620,037 of general obligation bonds and \$1,054,750 in MWRA notes during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the *basic financial statements*, which consists of the following three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the City's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, education, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation, community development and debt service (interest). Business-type activities include the water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into the following categories and are described below:

- 1. Governmental funds
- 2. Proprietary funds
- 3. Fiduciary funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 18 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other 16 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled *nonmajor governmental funds*. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 91-99 of this report.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations and is considered to be a major fund.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for a portion of its retirees' health insurance and all of its workers' compensation risk-financing activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, but are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 100-103 of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-35 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary funds provide separate information for the City's pension trust fund. Private-purpose trust funds and agency funds are reported and combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the fiduciary fund financial statements under the captions "private purpose trust funds" and "agency funds," respectively.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-37 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 38-73 of this report.

Required Supplementary and Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information regarding the budget comparison for the general fund and certain pension and other postemployment benefits information. Such information can be located on pages 75-89 of this report.

The combining statements previously referred to are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following tables present current and prior year data on the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$46,660,093 at the close of the fiscal year and are summarized as follows:

	Governmental	l Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Tota	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Assets						
Current assets\$ Noncurrent assets (excluding	88,145,245 \$	83,358,364	\$ 22,418,304	\$ 20,628,890	\$ 110,563,549	103,987,254
capital assets)	1,436,385	1,546,014	_	-	1,436,385	1,546,014
Capital assets (net)	158,301,387	135,093,743	29,136,283	27,929,272	187,437,670	163,023,015
Total assets	247,883,017	219,998,121	51,554,587	48,558,162	299,437,604	268,556,283
Deferred outflows of resources	14,341,126	178,516	99,587	1,186	14,440,713	179,702
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
(excluding debt) Noncurrent liabilities	13,800,255	14,325,450	193,924	726,281	13,994,179	15,051,731
(excluding debt)	214,989,908	191,470,185	1,962,848	1,660,495	216,952,756	193,130,680
Current debt	2,480,222	2,986,860	2,407,781	2,430,355	4,888,003	5,417,215
Noncurrent debt	17,267,002	12,560,187	9,985,772	9,905,803	27,252,774	22,465,990
Total liabilities	248,537,387	221,342,682	14,550,325	14,722,934	263,087,712	236,065,616
Deferred inflows of resources	4,102,011		28,501		4,130,512	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	146,694,947	121,592,582	18,000,489	20,591,676	164,695,436	142,184,258
Restricted	26,936,571	25,186,869	-	-	26,936,571	25,186,869
Unrestricted	(164,046,773)	(147,945,496)	19,074,859	13,244,738	(144,971,914)	(134,700,758)
Total net position\$	9,584,745 \$	(1,166,045)	37,075,348	\$ 33,836,414	\$ 46,660,093	32,670,369

The largest portion of the City's net position (\$164,695,436) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure). These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$26,936,571) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted net position of \$19,074,859 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors for the City's water and sewer activities.

The City has no unrestricted net position available for the support of governmental activities. Such resources have been consumed with the recognition of postemployment benefits liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City's total net position increased by \$13,989,724, compared to an increase of \$2,537,825 in the prior fiscal year. These amounts are summarized as follows:

	Government		ıtal Activities		Business-Ty		Activities		T	!	
	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues		_				_		_		_	
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services\$	10,768,979	\$	11,228,904	\$	18,658,888	\$	18,916,044	\$	29,427,867	\$	30,144,948
Operating grants and contributions	101,301,162		91,452,200		-		0		101,301,162		91,452,200
Capital grants and contributions	11,739,950		3,669,318		1,130,530		398,640		12,870,480		4,067,958
General Revenues:											
Real estate and personal property taxes	48,999,853		45,085,165		-		-		48,999,853		45,085,165
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	13,037,097		10,794,088		-		-		13,037,097		10,794,088
Meals and room taxes	1,668,783		1,167,829		-		-		1,668,783		1,167,829
Penalties and interest on taxes	444,350		466,224		-		-		444,350		466,224
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,084,999		1,252,908		-		_		2,084,999		1,252,908
Grants and contributions not restricted											
to specific programs	8,071,764		8,057,101		_		_		8,071,764		8,057,101
Unrestricted investment income	1,090,810		95,655		_		_		1,090,810		95,655
Gain on sale of permanent easement	-		900,000		_		_		-		900,000
r		_	,	-		_		_		-	
Total revenues	199,207,747	_	174,169,392		19,789,418	_	19,314,684	_	218,997,165	_	193,484,076
Expenses											
General government	6,504,975		7,180,957		-		-		6,504,975		7,180,957
Public safety	42,312,639		38,356,624		-		-		42,312,639		38,356,624
Education	124,549,859		115,114,967		-		-		124,549,859		115,114,967
Public works	6,649,021		6,847,690		-		-		6,649,021		6,847,690
Health and human services	4,736,315		4,349,173		-		-		4,736,315		4,349,173
Culture and recreation	924,397		880,766		-		-		924,397		880,766
Community development	3,557,852		2,837,190		-		-		3,557,852		2,837,190
Debt service - interest	743,493		757,175		-		-		743,493		757,175
Water and sewer	-	-			15,028,890	_	14,621,709	_	15,028,890	-	14,621,709
Total expenses	189,978,551	_	176,324,543		15,028,890	_	14,621,709	_	205,007,441	_	190,946,251
Change in net position before transfers	9,229,196		(2,155,151)		4,760,528		4,692,975		13,989,724		2,537,825
Transfers, net	1,521,594	_	1,796,678		(1,521,594)	_	(1,796,678)	_	-	_	
Change in net position	10,750,790		(358,473)		3,238,934		2,896,297		13,989,724		2,537,825
Net position - beginning of year	(1,166,045)	_	(807,572)		33,836,414	_	30,940,117	_	32,670,369	_	30,132,544
Net position - end of year\$	9,584,745	\$_	(1,166,045)	\$	37,075,348	\$_	33,836,414	\$_	46,660,093	\$	32,670,369

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$10,750,790. In the prior year, governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$358,473. The key element of this change in an increase in capital grants and contributions of approximately \$8,071,000, primarily from reimbursement grants related to the Clarke Avenue School construction project.

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$3,238,934. In the prior year, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,896,297. The increase in the overall net position of business-type activities is primarily the result of planned operating revenues exceeding expenditures, consistent with the prior year.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances totaling \$73,710,157, an increase of \$5,782,186 in comparison with the prior year. \$42,718,258 represents unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance includes the following constraints:

- ➤ Nonspendable (\$323,786)
- Restricted (\$26,612,786)
- > Committed (\$1,578,204)
- > Assigned (\$2,477,123)

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund totaled \$43,212,229, while total fund balance was \$48,237,964. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund revenues and transfers in from other funds. Unassigned fund balance represents 27.3% of total general fund revenues and transfers in from other funds, while total fund balance represents 30.5% of that same amount.

The balance of the City's general fund increased \$5,653,617 during fiscal year 2016. The City recognized a positive budget to actual variance (excluding encumbrances and continuing appropriations) totaling approximately \$15,467,000; and used approximately \$8,801,000 of reserves to fund the fiscal year 2016 budget.

The fund balance of the Clark Avenue school construction fund (capital projects) increased \$350,317 during the current fiscal year. The fund recognized \$10,300,835 of intergovernmental revenues, \$7,000,000 of bond and note proceeds and transfers in of \$2,302,500. Expenditures totaled \$19,253,018.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer enterprise fund at the end of the year amounted to \$19,074,859. The water and sewer enterprise fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$3,238,934. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original general fund budget of \$150,283,235 was increased by \$2,864,694 (1.9%) during the fiscal year. The following table summarizes the increase:

Purpose of Increase/Decrease	Amount	Funding Source
Transfers - various	849,227	Unassigned fund balance
Fire department	746,500	Unassigned fund balance
Streets and sidewalks	622,062	Unassigned fund balance
Health department	251,460	Unassigned fund balance
Structure and grounds	127,875	Unassigned fund balance
School department	71,300	Unassigned fund balance
Police department	152,526	Unassigned fund balance
Snow and ice removal	24,529	Unassigned fund balance
Inspectional services	30,000	Unassigned fund balance
DPW administration	24,850	Unassigned fund balance
Assessor's office	17,300	Unassigned fund balance
Law department	12,460	Unassigned fund balance
Personnel department	11,000	Unassigned fund balance
City manager	29,194	Unassigned fund balance
MIS department	11,500	Unassigned fund balance
Treasruer/collector's office	5,421	Unassigned fund balance
Library	4,745	Unassigned fund balance
Payroll taxes	38,500	Unassigned fund balance
Emergency management	31,600	Unassigned fund balance
Unemployment compensation	30,860	Unassigned fund balance
Claims and judgments	26,736	Unassigned fund balance
Recreation	3,306	Unassigned fund balance
Traffic and parking	1,750	Unassigned fund balance
Procurement	2,163	Unassigned fund balance
Veteran's services	1,195	Unassigned fund balance
Solid waste/recycling	854	Unassigned fund balance
Salary reserve	(264,219)	Unassigned fund balance
Total net increase\$	2,864,694	

During the year, general fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded budgetary estimates and expenditures, encumbrances and continuing appropriations were less than appropriations, resulting in an actual increase in fund balance that exceeded the final amended budget amount by approximately \$12,989,000. Actual revenues for motor vehicle and other excise taxes were approximately \$5,214,000 higher than budgeted due to conservative revenue estimates and increased taxes from rental car companies. Actual expenditures for public safety, general government and public works were lower than budgeted amounts by approximately \$900,000, \$821,000 and \$611,000, respectively. This is primarily the result of conservative spending.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$187,437,670 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year totaled 15.0%.

Major capital asset events that occurred during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Clark Avenue Middle School construction in progress (\$21,459,000)
- Continued reconstruction of roadways, sidewalks and drains (\$6,191,000)
- Continued improvements to water and sewer infrastructure (\$2,141,000)

The following table summarizes the City's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):

		Governmen	ital A	Activities		Business-T	уре 1	Activities		Т	otal	
	_	2016	_	2015	_	2016	-	2015	-	2016	_	2015
Land	\$	17,878,663	\$	17,878,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,878,663	\$	17,878,663
Construction in progress		25,578,073		4,118,860		-		-		25,578,073		4,118,860
Buildings and improvements		85,600,864		88,760,018		-		-		85,600,864		88,760,018
Machinery and equipment		2,745,593		3,018,426		-		-		2,745,593		3,018,426
Infrastructure	_	26,498,194	_	21,317,776	_	29,136,283	_	27,929,272	_	55,634,477	_	49,247,048
Total capital assets	\$	158,301,387	\$_	135,093,743	\$	29,136,283	\$_	27,929,272	\$	187,437,670	\$	163,023,015

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, total debt outstanding was \$32,140,777, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the City, and is summarized as follows:

		Governmen	ıtal A	ctivities		Business-T	уре А	ctivities		Т	otal	
	_	2016	_	2015	_	2016	_	2015	_	2016		2015
General obligation bonds	\$	19,747,224	\$	15,547,047	\$	7,487,814	\$	7,769,253	\$	27,235,038	\$	23,316,300
Private loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
MWPAT notes		-		-		192,609		203,510		192,609		203,510
MWRA notes	_	-	_		_	4,713,130	_	4,363,395	_	4,713,130	_	4,363,395
Total bonds, notes and loans	\$_	19,747,224	\$_	15,547,047	\$	12,393,553	\$_	12,336,158	\$	32,140,777	\$	27,883,205

The City's total debt increased \$4,257,572 (or 15.27%) during the fiscal year. The City issued \$8,620,037 of general obligation bonds and \$1,054,750 in MWRA notes during the fiscal year.

The City received an AA bond rating from Standard & Poor's for the general obligation bonds issued on March 8, 2016.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Office, City Hall, 500 Broadway, Chelsea, Massachusetts 02150.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

	Pr	imary Government	:
	Governmental	Business-type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents\$	42,595,561 \$	11,782,505 \$	54,378,066
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	29,462,776	6,528,155	35,990,931
Investments	10,579,135	-	10,579,135
Restricted Investments.	2,048,098	-	2,048,098
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts: Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	E00 242		E00 242
Tax, Trash and Utility Liens	509,343 615,267	244,200	509,343 859,467
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes	424,723	-	424,723
User Charges	-	3,863,444	3,863,444
Trash	255,820	-	255,820
Department and Other	1,618,317	-	1,618,317
Loans	36,205		36,205
T-t-1 Comment Assets	00 14E 24E	22 419 204	110 F/2 F40
Total Current Assets	88,145,245	22,418,304	110,563,549
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Investments	970,408	-	970,408
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts			
Loans	265,189	-	265,189
Tax Foreclosures	200,788	-	200,788
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	43,456,736	-	43,456,736
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	114,844,651	29,136,283	143,980,934
Total Noncurrent Assets	159,737,772	29,136,283	188,874,055
Total Assets	247,883,017	51,554,587	299,437,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to Pension.	14,341,126	99,587	14,440,713
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Warrants Payable	9,002,573	104,409	9,106,982
Accrued Payroll	888,390	2,782	891,172
Tax Refunds Payable	1,694,309	-	1,694,309
Other Liabilities	582,820 161,968	-	582,820 161,968
Customer Deposits.	101,900	21,146	21,146
Accrued Interest.	306,233	65,587	371,820
Workers' Compensation Claims	100,962	-	100,962
Compensated Absences	1,063,000	-	1,063,000
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable	2,480,222	2,407,781	4,888,003
Total Current Liabilities	16,280,477	2,601,705	18,882,182
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Workers' Compensation Claims	128,635	-	128,635
Compensated Absences	5,748,000	-	5,748,000
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Obligation	75,940,024 133,173,249	507,530 1,455,318	76,447,554 134,628,567
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable	17,267,002	9,985,772	27,252,774
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	232,256,910	11,948,620	244,205,530
Total Liabilities	248,537,387	14,550,325	263,087,712
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to Pension	4,102,011	28,501	4,130,512
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	146,694,947	18,000,489	164,695,436
Restricted for:			
OPEB	970,408	-	970,408
Loans	301,394	-	301,394
Permanent Funds:	107.17		100105
Expendable	106,165	-	106,165
Nonexpendable Community Development and Redevelopment	22,392 4,326,167	-	22,392 4,326,167
Receipts Reserved	3,384,510	-	3,384,510
Gifts and Grants.	4,756,982	-	4,756,982
School Lunch and Other School Revolving	3,551,527	-	3,551,527
Capital	9,517,026	-	9,517,026
Unrestricted	(164,046,773)	19,074,859	(144,971,914)
Total Not Position	0 E94 74E @	27 07F 249	46 660 000
Total Net Position\$	9,584,745 \$	37,075,348 \$	46,660,093

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues	5	-
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense)/ Revenue
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government\$	6,504,975 \$	1,286,669 \$	427,633 \$	-	\$ (4,790,673)
Public Safety	42,312,639	6,694,814	1,721,409	82,166	(33,814,250)
Education	124,549,859	747,843	93,522,060	10,300,835	(19,979,121)
Public Works	6,649,021	1,550,192	95,183	1,356,949	(3,646,697)
Health and Human Services	4,736,315	60,034	715,743	-	(3,960,538)
Culture and Recreation	924,397	24,958	75,297	-	(824,142)
Community Development	3,557,852	404,469	4,609,785	-	1,456,402
Debt Service-Interest	743,493		134,052	-	(609,441)
Total Governmental Activities	189,978,551	10,768,979	101,301,162	11,739,950	(66,168,460)
Business-Type Activities:					
Water and Sewer	15,028,890	18,658,888	 .	1,130,530	4,760,528
Total Primary Government \$	205,007,441 \$	29,427,867 \$	101,301,162 \$	12,870,480	\$ (61,407,932)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

(continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	P1	rimary Government	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Net (Expense) Revenue (From Previous Page)	\$ (66,168,460) \$	4,760,528 \$	(61,407,932)
General Revenues:			
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	48,999,853	-	48,999,853
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes	13,037,097	-	13,037,097
Meals and Room Taxes	1,668,783	-	1,668,783
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	444,350	-	444,350
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,084,999	-	2,084,999
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to			
Specific Programs	8,071,764	-	8,071,764
Unrestricted Investment Income	1,090,810	-	1,090,810
Transfers, Net	1,521,594	(1,521,594)	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers	76,919,250	(1,521,594)	75,397,656
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	10,750,790	3,238,934	13,989,724
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(1,166,045)	33,836,414	32,670,369
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,584,745 \$	37,075,348 \$	46,660,093

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

(concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

	JC	JINE 30, 2016					
ASSETS	_	General	_	Clark Avenue School Construction	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Government Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents.	\$	42,595,561	\$	_	\$	- \$	42,595,5
Investments		10,496,596	Ψ	_	Ψ	82,539	10,579,1
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		7,069,163		21,887,238	28,956,4
Restricted investments.		970,408		7,007,103		2,048,098	3,018,5
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts:		270,400				2,040,070	3,010,3
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes		509,343					509,3
Tax and Trash Liens		•		-		-	615,2
Motor Vehicle and Other Excise taxes		615,267		-		-	•
		424,723		-		-	424,7
Trash		255,820		-		252.220	255,8
Departmental and Other		1,266,089		-		352,228	1,618,3
Loans		-		-		301,394	301,3
Due from Other Funds		599,933		-		-	599,9
Tax Foreclosures	_	200,788	-		-		200,7
Total Assets	\$	57,934,528	\$	7,069,163	\$	24,671,497 \$	89,675,1
LIABILITIES Warrants Payable	\$	3,455,637	\$	3,877,824	\$	1,669,112 \$	9,002,5
Accrued Payroll		763,596		-		121,598	885,1
Tax Refunds Payable		1,694,309		-		-	1,694,3
Other Liabilities		582,820		-		-	582,8
Abandoned Property		158,993		-		-	158,9
Due to Other Funds	_	-	-	-	-	599,933	599,9
Total Liabilities.	_	6,655,355	_	3,877,824	_	2,390,643	12,923,8
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	_	3,041,209	-	-	-		3,041,2
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		_		_		323,786	323,7
Restricted		970,408		3,191,339		22,451,039	26,612,7
Committed		1,578,204		-		-	1,578,2
Assigned		2,477,123		_		_	2,477,1
Unassigned		43,212,229	-	-	_	(493,971)	42,718,2
Total Fund Balances	_	48,237,964	_	3,191,339	_	22,280,854	73,710,1
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources							
and Fund Balances	\$	57,934,528	\$	7,069,163	\$	24,671,497 \$	89,675,1

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	73,710,157
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		158,301,387
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds		3,041,209
In the statement of net position, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due		(306,233)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds and Notes Payable		(19,747,224)
Compensated Absences		(6,811,000)
Net OPEB Obligation.		(133,173,249)
Net Pension Liability		(75,940,024)
In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources are reported for		
amounts related to pension.		14,341,126
In the statement of net position, deferred inflows of resources are reported for		
amounts related to pension		(4,102,011)
Internal service funds are used by management to account for health insurance and workers' compensation activities. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported as governmental activities in the		
statement of net position	_	270,607
Net Position of Governmental Activities.	\$_	9,584,745

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Clark Avenue School		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental
REVENUES	-	General		Construction	•	Funds	_	Funds
	Ф	48,082,876	Ф		\$	- 5	Ŀ	48,082,876
Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes	Ψ	13,009,026	Ψ	-	ψ	- 4	Þ	13,009,026
Meals and room taxes		1,668,783						1,668,783
Tax and Trash Liens.		1,692,025		-		-		1,692,025
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		2,084,999		-		-		2,084,999
Charges for Services.		2,004,999		-		3,452,170		3,452,170
Trash Disposal		1,564,905		-		3,432,170		1,564,905
Intergovernmental		81,723,562		10,300,835		18,357,602		110,381,999
Penalties and Interest on Taxes.		444,350		10,300,033		10,337,002		444,350
Licenses and Permits.		1,473,811		_		_		1,473,811
Fines and Forfeitures.				-		-		
		2,400,469		-		584,102		2,400,469 1,612,755
Departmental and Other		1,028,653		-		942,042		942,042
Investment Income.		1.054.102		-		,		
mvestment income	-	1,054,103				212,464	-	1,266,567
Total Revenues	_	156,227,562		10,300,835		23,548,380	_	190,076,777
EVDENDYELIDEC								
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								4 00 6 000
General Government.		3,668,317		-		337,983		4,006,300
Public Safety		22,723,968		-		4,637,005		27,360,973
Education		83,428,362		19,253,018		11,727,660		114,409,040
Public Works		5,411,415		-		2,326,115		7,737,530
Health and Human Services		1,415,339		-		432,885		1,848,224
Culture and Recreation		413,391		-		99,336		512,727
Community Development		-		-		6,623,908		6,623,908
Pension Benefits		6,764,363		-		-		6,764,363
Employee Benefits		7,803,805		-		-		7,803,805
Property and Liability Insurance		695,638		-		-		695,638
Claims and Judgments		54,736		-		-		54,736
State and County Charges		11,647,770		-		-		11,647,770
Debt Service:								
Principal		2,486,860		-		500,000		2,986,860
Interest		685,400		_				685,400
Total Expenditures	-	147,199,364		19,253,018		26,684,892	_	193,137,274
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	9,028,198		(8,952,183)		(3,136,512)	_	(3,060,497)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
• ,				7 000 000		197.027		7 1 9 7 0 2 7
Issuance of Bonds and Notes		124.052		7,000,000		187,037		7,187,037
Premium from Issuance of Bonds and Notes		134,052		2 202 500		2 (20 227		134,052
Transfers In.		2,116,594		2,302,500		3,630,227		8,049,321
Transfer Out.	-	(5,625,227)				(902,500)	-	(6,527,727)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(3,374,581)		9,302,500		2,914,764	_	8,842,683
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,653,617		350,317		(221,748)		5,782,186
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	42,584,347		2,841,022		22,502,602	_	67,927,971
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$_	48,237,964	\$	3,191,339	\$	22,280,854	\$	73,710,157

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,782,186
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These amounts represent the related activity		
of the current period.		20 000 462
Capital Outlays		28,909,463 (5,698,036)
In the statement of activities, the loss on the disposals of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds the disposals are not reported as financial resources. As a result, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets disposed		(3,783)
		,
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows of resources		(443,202)
This amount represents the net change in deterred hinows of resources		(443,202)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any impact on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts represent the related activity of the current period.		
Proceeds of Bonds		(7,187,037)
Bond Maturities.		2,986,860
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due. This amount represents the net change in accrued interest payable.		(58,094)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These amounts represent the net changes:		
Compensated Absences		(92,000)
Net OPEB Obligation.		(13,524,116)
Net Pension Liability		(9,854,353)
In the statement of activities, deferred outflows related to pensions are amortized and recognized as pension expense. This amount represents the net change in deferred		
outflows related to pensions.		14,162,610
In the statement of activities, deferred inflows related to pensions are amortized and recognized as pension expense. This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows related to pensions		(4,102,011)
Internal service funds are used by management to account for health insurance and workers' compensation activities. The net activity of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(127,697)
		,
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	⁵ =	10,750,790

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	-	Business-Type Activities - Water & Sewer Enterprise	_	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,782,505	\$	-
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,528,155		506,375
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts:				
User Charges		3,863,444		-
Utility Liens	_	244,200	_	-
Total Current Assets	-	22,418,304	_	506,375
Long-term Assets:				
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		29,136,283		_
	-		_	
Total Assets	-	51,554,587	_	506,375
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension		99,587		_
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Warrants Payable		104,409		-
Accrued Payroll		2,782		3,196
Other Liabilities		· -		2,975
Customer Deposits		21,146		· -
Accrued Interest		65,587		_
Workers' Compensation Claims		-		100,962
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable		2,407,781		-
8	-	_,,	-	
Total Current Liabilities	_	2,601,705	_	107,133
T. 1999				
Long-term Liabilities:				100 (05
Workers' Compensation Claims		-		128,635
Net Pension Liability		507,530		-
Net OPEB Obligation		1,455,318		-
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable	-	9,985,772	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	11,948,620	_	128,635
T - 11: 120:	-	14.550.005		225 7/0
Total Liabilities	-	14,550,325	-	235,768
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension	_	28,501	_	-
FUND NET POSITION				
		10 000 400		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		18,000,489		050 (05
Unrestricted	-	19,074,859	-	270,607
Total Net Position	\$	37,075,348	\$_	270,607

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Water & Sewer Enterprise	-	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
O	§ 18,658,888	\$	-
Employer Contributions		-	2,791
Total Operating Revenues	18,658,888	-	2,791
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of Service and Administration.	2,280,176		-
MWRA Assessment.	11,590,427		_
Repairs and Maintenance	10,000		-
Depreciation	933,830		-
Employee Benefits	-		130,609
Total Operating Expenses	14,814,433	=	130,609
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	3,844,455	-	(127,818)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment Income.	_		121
Interest Expense	(214,457)		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses), Net	(214,457)	-	121
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL			
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	3,629,998		(127,697)
		-	
Capital Contributions	1,130,530		-
Transfers In	320,000		-
Transfers Out	(1,841,594)	-	
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	(391,064)	-	<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION	3,238,934		(127,697)
Fund Net Position - Beginning of Year	33,836,414	-	398,304
FUND NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 37,075,348	\$	270,607

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Water & Sewer Enterprise	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers and Users\$	18,774,988 \$	-
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	-	2,791
Payments to Vendors	(13,901,455)	-
Payments to Employees	(271,641)	(171,924)
•	<u> </u>	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	4,601,892	(169,133)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers In	320,000	-
Transfers Out	(1,841,594)	-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,521,594)	
CACH ELOME EDOM CADITAL AND DELATED EINANCING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2 407 750	
Proceeds from the Issuance of Bonds and Notes	2,487,750	-
Capital Contributions	1,130,530 (2,140,841)	-
1	,	-
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes.	(2,430,355)	-
Interest Expense.	(221,868)	<u>-</u> _
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,174,784)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Income.	_	121
-		
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,905,514	(169,012)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		
(Includes \$5,019,708 and \$675,387 Reported as Restricted in the Water/Sewer		
Enterprise and Internal Service Fund, Respectively)	16,405,146	675,387
	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		
(Includes \$6,528,155 and \$506,375 Reported as Restricted in the Water/Sewer		
Enterprise and Internal Service Fund, Respectively)	18,310,660 \$	506,375
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH		
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)\$	3,844,455 \$	(127,818)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities not Requiring Current Cash Flows:		
Depreciation	933,830	-
Effect of Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Utility Liens	10,522	-
User Charges.	105,578	-
Warrants Payable	(514,454)	-
Accrued Payroll	(10,492)	(14)
Other Liabilities		627
Workers' Compensation Claims.	-	(41,928)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension.	(98,401)	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension.	28,501	-
Net Pension Liability	68,467	-
Net OPEB Obligation	233,886	-
- -		
Total Adjustments	757,437	(41,315)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$	4,601,892 \$	(169,133)
·		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	_	Pension Trust Fund (As of 12/31/15)	Private Purpose Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	218,453	\$ 521,175	\$	886,986
External Investment Pool		126,059,165	-		-
Intergovernmental	_	21,046		_	
Total Assets	_	126,298,664	521,175	\$_	886,986
LIABILITIES					
Warrants PayableLiabilities Due Depositors	_	198 -	<u>-</u>	_	3,598 883,388
Total Liabilities	_	198		\$_	886,986
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$_	126,298,466	\$ 521,175		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Pension Trust Fund (As of 12/31/15)		Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	10,664,321	\$	-
Plan Members		2,871,000		-
Private Donations.		-	_	32,907
		_		
Total Contributions	_	13,535,321	-	32,907
Net Investment Income:				
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments		(1,999,726)		_
Interest		3,259,502		1,260
nuclest	_	3,237,302	-	1,200
Total Investment Income		1,259,776		1,260
Less: Investment Expense.		(642,776)		
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		617,000	_	1,260
Other		1,157,732		-
Total Additions		15,310,053		34,167
DEDITOTION				
DEDUCTIONS		• 40 • • •		
Administration		249,330		-
Retirement Benefits and Refunds		10,229,000		-
Transfers to Other Systems.		1,142,410		-
Scholarships Awarded	_	-	-	48,105
Total Deductions		11,620,740		48,105
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		3,689,313		(13,938)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	122,609,153	_	535,113
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	126,298,466	\$	521,175

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described herein.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Chelsea, Massachusetts (City) is a municipal corporation that is governed by a City Manager and an 11-member elected City Council (Council).

For financial reporting purposes, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions that are not legally separate from the City.

The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and/or significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units.

The City has included one entity as a component unit (fiduciary fund) in the reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the City. Component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but are so related that they are, in substance, the same as the City or entities providing services entirely or almost entirely for the benefit of the City.

Fiduciary Fund Component Unit

The Chelsea Contributory Retirement System (System) was established to provide retirement benefits to City employees, the Chelsea Housing Authority employees, and their beneficiaries. The System is governed by a five-member board comprised of the City Auditor (ex-officio), two members elected by the System's participants, one member appointed by the City Manager and one member appointed by the Retirement Board's members. The System is presented using the accrual basis of accounting and is reported as a pension trust fund in the fiduciary funds financial statements.

The System did not issue a separate audited financial statement. The System issues a publicly available unaudited financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' (Commonwealth) Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 500 Broadway, Chelsea, Massachusetts 02150.

Joint Venture

A joint venture is an organization (resulting from a contractual arrangement) that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or ongoing financial responsibility. Joint control means that no single participant has the ability to unilaterally control the financial or operating policies of the joint venture.

The City participates in one joint venture with other municipalities to pool resources and share the costs, risks and rewards of providing goods and services to venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specified recipients. The following table identifies the City's joint venture and related information:

			I	Fiscal Year 2016
Name	Purpose	Address	A	Assessment
Northeast Metropolitan Regional Vocational School District	To provide vocational education services	100 Hemlock Road Wakefield, MA 01880	\$	852,130

The City is indirectly liable for the Northeast Metropolitan Regional Vocational School District's (District) debt and other expenditures and is assessed annually for its share of operating and capital costs. Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to the Treasurer of the District at the address identified above.

C. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the year ending June 30, 2016, the City implemented the following pronouncements issued by the GASB:

- GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 67, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68
- GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments
- GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 required certain disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and the valuation techniques related to the City's investments.

The implementation of GASB Statement No.'s 73, 76 and 79 had no reporting impact for the City.

D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and the statement activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which are primarily supported by user fees.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Internal service funds and fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Real estate and personal property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include the following:

- ➤ Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a specific function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a specific function or segment.

Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Except for charges between the general fund and enterprise funds, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions affected.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with current expendable available resources.

Real estate and personal property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60-days after the end of the fiscal year. Investment income is susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and tax revenues become measurable and available when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Clark Avenue school construction project fund* is a capital projects fund (defined below) used to account for the accumulation of resources to construct the new Clark Avenue school.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the *nonmajor governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs and benefit the government or its citizenry.

Proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following major proprietary fund is reported:

The water/sewer enterprise fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer activities.

Additionally, the following proprietary fund type is reported:

The *internal service fund* is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments or governmental units. This fund is used to account for risk financing activities related to retirees' health insurance and workers' compensation.

Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's programs.

The following fiduciary fund types are reported:

The *pension trust fund* is used to account for the activities of the System, which accumulates resources to provide pension benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The a*gency fund* is used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity. Such assets consist of performance bonds and bid deposits. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus or present the results of operations.

F. Deposits and Investments

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quotations from a national securities exchange except for pooled funds, for which fair value is based on unit value reported by the funds.

G. Accounts Receivable

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis of accounting, respectively.

Real Estate Taxes, Personal Property Taxes and Tax Liens

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied and based on values assessed on January 1st of every year. Assessed values are established by the Board of Assessor's for 100% of the estimated fair market value. Taxes are due on August 1st, November 1st, February 1st and May 1st and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date.

Real estate tax liens are processed six months after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year they are processed.

Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes

Motor vehicle excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle registered in the City and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair values of those vehicles to the City. The tax calculation is the fair value of the vehicle multiplied by \$25 per \$1,000 of value.

Trash and Trash Liens

Trash fees are levied monthly for each type of property that utilizes the collection service and are based upon a third party waste collection contract. Single-family residences are not charged a fee for the services provided. The contract is funded from multi-family residence billings, available funds and the tax levy. Trash fees are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

Trash liens are processed six months after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year they are processed.

Water and Sewer User Charges and Utility Liens

User fees are levied monthly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Water and sewer liens are processed in December of every year and are included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Water and sewer charges and liens are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

Departmental and Other

Departmental and other receivables primarily consist of parking ticket fines and police and fire details and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year accrued.

Employer Contributions

Employer contribution receivables consist of City and Chelsea Housing Authority contributions to the System and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year accrued.

Intergovernmental

Various state and federal operating and capital grants are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, revenue is recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

Loans

The Department of Planning and Development administers loan programs that provide housing assistance to residents and capital needs for small businesses. Loans are recorded as receivables upon issuance.

H. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis for the following accounts receivable:

- Personal property taxes
- Motor vehicle and other excise taxes
- Departmental and other

The following types of accounts receivable are secured via the lien process (or other means) and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not reported.

- > Real estate taxes and tax and trash liens
- > Water and sewer user charges and utility liens
- > Loans

Employer contribution and intergovernmental receivables are considered 100% collectible.

I. Inventories

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Such inventories are not material in total to the government-wide and fund financial statements and therefore are not reported.

J. Restricted Assets

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

K. Capital Assets

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Capital assets, which consist of land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, water mains, sewer mains, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column of the government-wide and the enterprise fund financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Construction period interest is not capitalized on constructed capital assets.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

Capital assets (excluding land) are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated
	Useful
	Life
Capital Asset Type	(in years)
Buildings and improvements	8 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	10 - 50

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Capital asset costs are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund in the fiscal year of the purchase.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, transactions occur between and within funds that may result in amounts owed between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of net position as "internal balances".

Fund Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements. Receivables and payables resulting from these transactions are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

M. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transfers between and within governmental funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Transfers between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers, net".

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers between and within funds are not eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

N. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category as follows:

• Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

O. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are as follows:

• Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue represents billed receivables that do not meet the available criterion in accordance with the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

P. Net Position and Fund Balances

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Net Position)

Net position is reported as restricted when amounts are restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net position has been "restricted" for the following:

"OPEB" represents amounts restricted for other postemployment benefits.

"Loans" represents amounts restricted for outstanding Department of Planning and Development loans.

"Permanent funds – expendable" represents amounts held in trust for which the expenditures are restricted by various trust agreements.

"Permanent funds – nonexpendable" represents amounts held in trust for which only investment earnings may be expended.

"Community development and redevelopment" represents amounts restricted for all federal, state and locally funded community development and redevelopment activities.

"Receipts reserved" represents amounts restricted for receipts that are designated to fund and supplement specific operating budgets of various departments.

"Gifts and grants" represents amounts restricted for gifts used to provide a specific benefit to governmental programs and state and federal grants for specific programs.

"School lunch and other school revolving" represents amounts restricted for the activity of the school lunch program (which includes charges for services and state and federal reimbursements for meals served) and activity of the school department's other revolving funds.

"Capital" represents amounts restricted for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements (Fund Balances)

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable — represents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form (i.e., loans receivable) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e., principal of permanent fund).

Restricted — represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — represents amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of City Council, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. The formal action required to establish, modify, or rescind committed amounts is majority Council approval through a Council Order.

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Assigned — represents amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City's structure, only authorized assignments for non-contractual encumbrances can be made by individual department heads. The policy established by the governing body (i.e., City Council) pursuant to which this authorization is given is based on applicable Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) related to encumbrances.

Unassigned – represents the residual fund balance for the General Fund and the negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

Q. Long-term Debt

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Material bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources when the debt is issued. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual bond proceeds received, are reported as general government expenditures.

R. Investment Income

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by MGL. Investment income derived from proprietary funds are retained in the funds.

S. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws and executive policies.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as liabilities and expensed as incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, which will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities upon employee retirements and resignations.

T. Pensions

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

U. Post Retirement Benefits

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In addition to providing pension benefits, and as more fully described in Note 11, the City provides health and life insurance coverage for current and future retirees and their spouses.

V. Use of Estimates

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

W. Total Column

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The total column presented on the government-wide financial statements represents consolidated financial information.

Fund Financial Statements

The total column presented on the fund financial statements is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column is not the equivalent of consolidated financial information.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Municipal Law requires the adoption of a balanced budget that is approved by the Council. The City Manager presents an annual budget to the Council, which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommendations of expenditures and other financing uses. The Council, which has full authority to amend and/or reject the budget or any line item, adopts the expenditure budget by majority vote.

Increases to the annual budget subsequent to the approval of the annual budget require majority Council approval through a Council Order.

The majority of appropriations are non-continuing which lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Others are continuing appropriations for which the governing body has authorized that an unspent balance from a prior fiscal year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current fiscal year.

An annual budget is adopted for the general fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original fiscal year 2016 approved budget for the general fund authorized \$150,283,235 in appropriations and other amounts to be raised. During fiscal year 2016, supplemental appropriations totaling \$2,864,694 were authorized.

The Auditor's office has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained. Budgetary control is exercised through the accounting system. Generally, expenditures may not exceed the level of spending (salaries, expenses and capital) authorized for an appropriation account authorized by the Council. However, the City is statutorily required to pay debt service and certain other obligations, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated.

The budgetary comparison schedule presented in the accompanying required supplementary information presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget, as amended, with actual results. The originally adopted budget is presented for purposes of comparison to the final, amended budget.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$3,000 for claims and judgments. This amount will be funded by taxes in fiscal year 2017.

C. Fund Deficit

At June 30, 2016, a fund deficit existed in the school federal grants (special revenue) fund in the amount of \$493,971. This amount will be funded in future fiscal years federal grants.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

City (with the exception of the Pension Trust Fund)

The municipal finance laws of the Commonwealth authorize the City to invest temporarily idle cash in bank term deposits and certificates of deposits, and treasury and agency obligations of the United States government, with maturities of one year or less; U.S. treasury or agency repurchase agreements with maturities of not more than 90 days; money market accounts; and the state treasurer's investment pool – the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT).

The MMDT meets the criteria of an external investment pool and operates in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations. The Treasurer of the Commonwealth serves as Trustee and provides regulatory oversight. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of pool shares.

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds with unrestricted cash and investments. The deposits and investments of private purpose trust funds and the pension trust fund are held separately from other City funds.

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<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The City's policy for mitigating custodial credit risk is to limit deposit amounts in any institution to no more than 5% of assets. In addition, no more than 25% of deposits may be comprised on unsecured bank deposits. This percentage may be increased no more than 30 days during times of heavy collection or in anticipation of large payments that will be made by the City in the future.

As of June 30, 2016, \$26,813,757 of the City's bank balance of \$53,376,725 was uninsured and uncollateralized and exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments Summary

The City's investments at June 30, 2016 are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type, with debt securities presented by maturity.

		_	Investment Maturities (in Year					
	Fair	-	Less					
Investment Type	Value		Than 1		1 - 5			
		-						
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Agencies\$	4,022,680	\$	-	\$	4,022,680			
U.S. Treasuries	2,478,820		-		2,478,820			
Corporate bonds	2,322,301		606,857		1,715,444			
Money market mutual funds	1,152,530		1,152,530		-			
Certificates of deposit	11,328,286		8,215,434		3,112,852			
Mutual bond funds	1,242,037		1,242,037		-			
External investment pools	29,006,969		29,006,969		-			
-								
Total debt securities	51,553,623	\$	40,223,827	\$	11,329,796			
-		•		=				
Other Investments:								
Equity securities	2,914,453							
Equity mutual funds	624,127							
<u> </u>								
Total other investments	3,538,580							
-								
Total investments\$	55,092,203							

Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a specific policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy is to maintain investments held directly by the City or held in the City's name and tax identification number by a third-party custodian approved by the Treasurer. As of June 30, 2016, the City's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for debt securities is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2016, the credit quality ratings of the City's debt securities are as follows:

		_	Quality Ratings *									
Investment Type	Fair Value	. <u>-</u>	AA+	AA+		A		BBB+	_	Unrated		
U.S. Agencies\$	4,022,680	\$	4,022,680	\$	- 9	\$	- \$	-				
Corporate bonds	2,322,301		456,331		407,893	1,458,077	7	-				
Money market mutual funds	1,152,530		-		-		-	1,152,530				
Certificates of deposit	11,328,286		-		-		-	11,328,286				
Mutual bond funds	1,242,037		-		-		-	1,242,037				
External investment pools	29,006,969		-				_	29,006,969				
Total\$	49,074,803	\$	4,479,011	\$	407,893	\$ 1,458,077	<u> </u>	42,729,822				

^{*} Per the rating scale of Standard and Poor's (a national credit rating organization)

Investments - Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's policy is to place no limit on the amount of investments in United States Government Agencies and MMDT External investment pool, and to purchase other debt securities with a high concentration of A credit ratings or better. As of June 30, 2016, the City's investments were not exposed to concentration of risk.

<u>Investments - Fair Value Measurements</u>

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

		Fair V	/alu	e Measuremei	nts	Using			
	Quoted Prices								
		in Active		Significant					
		Markets for		Other		Significant			
		Identical		Observable		Unobservable			
Fair		Assets		Inputs		Inputs			
Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	-	(Level 3)			
2,478,820	\$	2,478,820	\$	-	\$	_			
4,022,680		4,022,680		-		_			
2,322,301		2,322,301		-		-			
1,242,037		1,242,037		-		-			
10,065,838		10,065,838		-	-				
2,914,453		2,914,453		-		-			
624,127		624,127		-		-			
3,538,580		3,538,580		-	-				
13,604,418	\$	13,604,418	\$	-	\$				
13,604,418			•						
	Value 2,478,820 4,022,680 2,322,301 1,242,037 10,065,838 2,914,453 624,127 3,538,580 13,604,418	Value 2,478,820 \$ 4,022,680 2,322,301 1,242,037 10,065,838 2,914,453 624,127 3,538,580	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) 2,478,820 \$ 2,478,820 4,022,680 4,022,680 2,322,301 2,322,301 1,242,037 10,065,838 10,065,838 2,914,453 2,914,453 624,127 3,538,580 3,538,580	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Fair Assets Value (Level 1) 2,478,820 \$ 2,478,820 \$ 4,022,680 4,022,680 2,322,301 2,322,301 1,242,037 10,065,838 2,914,453 2,914,453 624,127 3,538,580 2,914,453 3,538,580	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) 2,478,820 \$ 2,478,820 \$ - 4,022,680 4,022,680 2,322,301 2,322,301 1,242,037 10,065,838 10,065,838 - - 2,914,453 624,127 624,127 3,538,580 3,538,580 - 2,914,453 624,127 3,538,580 3,538,580 - 2,914,453 5 - 2 13,604,418 \$ 13,604,418 \$ -	in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (Level 2) 2,478,820 \$ 2,478,820 \$ - \$ 4,022,680			

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Pension Trust Fund (The System)

The System has expanded investment powers, including the ability to invest in equity securities, corporate bonds and other specified investments.

The System participates in the Pension Reserve Investment Trust (PRIT), which meets the criteria of an external investment pool and operates in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations. The Treasurer of the Commonwealth serves as Trustee and provides regulatory oversight. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the System's position in pool shares.

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be recovered. The System's policy is to rely on FDIC and DIF insurance coverage, when applicable. As of December 31, 2015, the System's bank balance of \$427,921 was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments Summary

The System's investments of \$126,059,165 at December 31, 2015 consisted entirely of PRIT.

Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System does not have a policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The System's policy is to insure all of their investments. As of December 31, 2015, the System's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for debt securities is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The System does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities. As of December 31, 2015, the System's investment in PRIT was unrated by a national credit rating organization.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2016, receivables for the individual major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, consist of the following:

	Allowance					
	Gross		for		Net	
	Amount		Uncollectibles		Amount	
Receivables:		_		_		
Real estate and personal property taxes \$	678,845	\$	(169,502)	\$	509,343	
Tax and trash liens	615,267		-		615,267	
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	1,433,823		(1,009,100)		424,723	
Trash	255,820		-		255,820	
Departmental and other	3,782,057		(2,163,740)		1,618,317	
Loans	301,394		-		301,394	
Employer contributions	21,046	_	<u>-</u> _	_	21,046	
_						
\$ __	7,088,252	\$	(3,342,342)	\$_	3,745,910	

At June 30, 2016, receivables for the water and sewer enterprise fund consist of the following:

		Gross	Allowance for	Net
D : 11	_	Amount	Uncollectibles	Amount
Receivables:				
User charges	\$	3,863,444	\$ -	\$ 3,863,444
Utility liens	_	244,200	-	244,200
	\$_	4,107,644	\$ -	\$ 4,107,644

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	17,878,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,878,663
Construction in progress	_	4,118,860	-	21,459,213	-		-	25,578,073
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	21,997,523	-	21,459,213	-		_	43,456,736
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		157,237,489		938,024		-		158,175,513
Machinery and equipment		15,594,860		321,647		(264,156)		15,652,351
Infrastructure	_	29,030,455	_	6,190,579	-		_	35,221,034
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	201,862,804	-	7,450,250	-	(264,156)	_	209,048,898
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(68,477,471)		(4,097,178)		-		(72,574,649)
Machinery and equipment		(12,576,434)		(590,697)		260,373		(12,906,758)
Infrastructure	_	(7,712,679)	_	(1,010,161)	-		_	(8,722,840)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(88,766,584)	-	(5,698,036)	-	260,373	_	(94,204,247)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	113,096,220	_	1,752,214	-	(3,783)	_	114,844,651
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	135,093,743	\$	23,211,427	\$	(3,783)	\$	158,301,387
		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:							_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$_		\$_		\$		\$_	
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure		39,669,652		2,140,841		-		41,810,493
	-		-		•		_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(11 540 000)		(000,000)				(10 (54 24 0)
Infrastructure	-	(11,740,380)	-	(933,830)	-		-	(12,674,210)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	27,929,272	-	1,207,011	-		_	29,136,283
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	27,929,272	\$	1,207,011	\$		\$_	29,136,283

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$	70,094
Public safety		504,046
Education		3,574,752
Public works		878,440
Health and human services		7,766
Culture and recreation		146,799
Community development	_	516,139
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	5,698,036
Business-Type Activities:	_	
Water and sewer	\$	933,830

NOTE 6 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2016 is summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

Capital assets	\$	252,505,634
Less accumulated depreciation		(94,204,247)
Less outstanding bonds, notes and loans payable		(19,747,224)
Add unspent proceeds of capital related debt		8,140,784
	_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$_	146,694,947
Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets	\$	41,810,493
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,674,210)
Less outstanding bonds and notes payable		(12,393,553)
Add unspent proceeds of capital related debt		1,257,759
Net investment in capital assets	\$_	18,000,489

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Receivables and payables between funds at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	-	Amount	_
General Fund General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds (School federal grants) Nonmajor governmental funds (City revolving)	\$	399,315 200,618	` '
		\$	599,933	_

- (1) Represents advance-funding of various school federal grants
- (2) Represents advance-funding of various revolving fund programs

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

				Transfers In:				
Transfers Out:	General Fund	 Clarke Avenue School Construction	•	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	, ,	Water/Sewer Enterprise Fund	_	Total
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Water/Sewer Enterprise Fund	\$ - 275,000 1,841,594	\$ 1,675,000 627,500	\$	3,630,227 - -	\$	320,000	\$	5,625,227 (1) 902,500 (2) 1,841,594 (3)
	\$ 2,116,594	\$ 2,302,500	\$	3,630,227	\$	320,000	\$_	8,369,321

- (1) Represents budgeted transfers to the new Clark Avenue school construction capital project fund (\$1,675,000), various capital project funds (\$2,269,000), school building capital stabilization fund (\$956,000), various special revenue funds (\$405,227) and the water/sewer enterprise fund (\$320,000).
- (2) Represents budgeted transfers to the general fund from the parking meters special revenue fund (\$275,000). Also represents transfers to the new Clark Avenue school construction capital project fund (\$627,500).
- (3) Represents transfer of indirect costs

NOTE 8 - SHORT-TERM FINANCING

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue anticipation notes (RAN) or tax anticipation notes (TAN).
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BAN) or grant anticipation notes (GAN).

Short-term loans are general obligations and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures and expenses for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the general fund and enterprise fund, respectively.

The City has no short-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2016, and did not issue or retire any short-term debt during the fiscal year.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following represents a summary of changes that occurred in long-term obligations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance June 30, 2015		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2016		Current Portion
Governmental Activities:	_		-		-		_		_	
Bonds, notes and loans payable	\$	15,547,047	\$	7,187,037	\$	(2,986,860)	\$	19,747,224	\$	2,480,222
Workers' compensation claims		271,525		130,623		(172,551)		229,597		100,962
Net pension liability		66,085,671		9,854,353		-		75,940,024		-
Net OPEB obligation		119,649,133		18,348,158		(4,824,042)		133,173,249		-
Compensated absences	_	6,719,000	_	92,000	_	-	_	6,811,000		1,063,000
Total	\$_	208,272,376	\$_	35,612,171	\$_	(7,983,453)	\$_	235,901,094	\$_	3,644,184
Business-type Activities:										
Bonds and notes payable	\$	12,336,158	\$	2,487,750	\$	(2,430,355)	\$	12,393,553	\$	2,407,781
Net pension liability		439,063		68,467		-		507,530		-
Net OPEB obligation	_	1,221,432		317,313		(83,427)		1,455,318	_	
Total	\$_	13,996,653	\$	2,873,530	\$_	(2,513,782)	\$_	14,356,401	\$_	2,407,781

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, the internal service fund's long-term obligations are included as part of the governmental activities totals above. At fiscal year-end, \$229,597 of internal service funds accrued liabilities (workers' compensation claims) is included above. Except for the amounts related to the internal service funds, the governmental activities long-term obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During prior fiscal years, certain general obligation bonds were defeased by placing the proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account's assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$1,920,000 of bonds outstanding from the advance refundings are considered defeased.

Details related to the outstanding indebtedness at June 30, 2016, and the debt service requirements are as follows:

Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable - Governmental Funds

				(Outstanding			Outstanding
	Original	Maturity	Interest		at June 30,			at June 30,
Project	Issue	Date	Rate	2015		Additions	Reductions	2016
Municipal purpose refunding	1,007,664	04/01/18	3.00 - 4.50%	\$	212,672 \$	- :	\$ (91,145) \$	121,527
Renovations	263,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		26,300	-	(26,300)	-
Sidewalks	50,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		5,000	-	(5,000)	-
Municipal purpose	653,000	09/15/16	3.50 - 4.00%		77,000	-	(38,500)	38,500
Municipal purpose	1,452,000	09/15/17	3.50 - 5.25%		123,900	-	(41,300)	82,600
Municipal purpose	3,940,352	01/15/19	3.50 - 5.00%		1,298,272	-	(330,086)	968,186
Municipal purpose refunding, series B	130,625	01/15/19	3.00 - 5.00%		50,000	-	(12,500)	37,500
Municipal purpose, series C	8,888,000	01/15/25	5.125 - 6.060%		5,910,000	-	(595,000)	5,315,000
Municipal purpose refunding, series C	4,280,000	03/01/19	3.00 - 5.00%		1,620,000	-	(410,000)	1,210,000
Municipal purpose, series A	1,625,950	01/15/20	3.00 - 4.00%		652,500	-	(134,500)	518,000
Urban renewal	1,580,000	09/01/24	3.00 - 4.00%		1,110,000	-	(115,000)	995,000
Municipal purpose	3,136,656	09/01/24	3.00 - 4.00%		1,757,250	-	(345,375)	1,411,875
Permanent state house loan notes	420,000	09/01/15	4.25%		80,000	-	(80,000)	-
Municipal purpose refunding	99,500	09/01/24	3.00 - 4.00%		58,000	-	(10,000)	48,000
Dump Trucks	136,000	03/01/17	2.00 - 2.25%		53,800	-	(27,400)	26,400
Rack Truck	68,000	03/01/17	2.00 - 2.25%		27,200	-	(13,600)	13,600
Senior Center Roof	15,000	03/01/23	2.00 - 3.00%		10,908	-	(1,364)	9,544
City Yard Roof	105,000	03/01/23	2.00 - 3.00%		76,362	-	(9,546)	66,816
Library Carpet	35,000	03/01/22	2.00 - 3.00%		24,500	-	(3,500)	21,000
City Hall Door	35,000	03/01/17	2.00-2.25%		14,000	-	(7,000)	7,000
Public Way/Outdoor Recreational Facility	590,300	05/15/23	2.00-2.25%		472,240	-	(59,030)	413,210
ESCO	761,328	05/15/28	2.00-2.75%		670,000	-	(45,000)	625,000
Everett Avenue	1,400,000	12/31/15	0.00%		500,000	-	(500,000)	-
Building refunding - school refunding	802,857	04/01/24	2.00-2.50%		717,143	-	(85,714)	631,429
Clark Avenue Middle School	7,000,000	03/01/46	2.00-3.75%		-	7,000,000	-	7,000,000
Washington Avenue Park	187,037	03/01/31	2.00-2.50%	_	<u> </u>	187,037		187,037
Total				\$	15,547,047 \$	7,187,037	\$ (2,986,860) \$	19,747,224

Debt service requirements for principal and interest in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total
					_
2017\$	2,480,222	\$	766,050	\$	3,246,272
2018	2,325,314		661,505		2,986,819
2019	2,233,185		555,280		2,788,465
2020	1,509,813		472,328		1,982,141
2021	1,382,456		411,349		1,793,805
2022	1,095,581		355,294		1,450,875
2023	1,094,224		309,354		1,403,578
2024	1,021,429		185,002		1,206,431
2025	955,000		178,301		1,133,301
2026	260,000		173,201		433,201
2027	270,000		168,001		438,001
2028	275,000		160,800		435,800
2029	215,000		155,963		370,963
2030	220,000		150,588		370,588
2031	230,000		145,088		375,088
2032	225,000		139,338		364,338
2033	230,000		133,713		363,713
2034	235,000		127,388		362,388
2035	240,000		120,925		360,925
2036	250,000		113,725		363,725
2037	255,000		106,225		361,225
2038	265,000		97,938		362,938
2039	275,000		89,325		364,325
2040	285,000		79,700		364,700
2041	290,000		69,725		359,725
2042	305,000		59 , 575		364,575
2043	315,000		48,900		363,900
2044	325,000		37,875		362,875
2045	335,000		25,688		360,688
2046	350,000		13,125		363,125
_		_		_	
Total \$_	19,747,224	\$	6,111,265	\$	25,858,489

Bonds and Notes Payable - Enterprise Funds

Project	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Outstanding at June 30, 2015	_	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding at June 30, 2016
Water notes (MWRA)	99,760	05/15/16	0.00%	\$	9,976	\$	- \$	(9,976) \$	_
Water notes (MWRA)	190,000	05/15/18	0.00%		57,000		-	(19,000)	38,000
Water and sewer refunding	1,977,337	04/01/18	3.00 - 4.50%		417,328		_	(178,855)	238,473
Water - meters	448,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		44,800		-	(44,800)	-
Sewer - Crescent Street	956,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		91,400		-	(91,400)	-
Water - Crescent Street	23,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		2,300		_	(2,300)	_
Sewer - meters	752,000	09/15/15	3.75 - 4.00%		75,200		_	(75,200)	_
Water and sewer bonds	2,497,000	09/15/16	3.50 - 4.00%		503,000		-	(251,500)	251,500
Water and sewer bonds	1,452,000	09/05/17	3.50 - 5.25%		191,100		-	(68,700)	122,400
Water and sewer bonds	707,139	01/15/19	3.50 - 5.00%		141,728		-	(29,914)	111,814
Water notes (MWRA)	1,160,074	11/15/18	0.00%		464,032		-	(116,007)	348,025
Municipal purpose refunding, series B	914,375	07/15/18	3.00%		350,000		-	(87,500)	262,500
Water notes (MWRA)	100,000	05/15/20	0.00%		50,000		-	(10,000)	40,000
Water notes (MWRA)	225,000	02/15/20	0.00%		112,500		-	(22,500)	90,000
Municipal purpose refunding, series A	555,000	01/15/20	3.00 - 4.00%		277,500		-	(55,500)	222,000
Sewer	2,061,252	09/01/20	3.00 - 4.00		1,242,750		-	(204,625)	1,038,125
Water notes (MWRA)	1,205,365	05/15/21	0.00%		723,217		-	(120,537)	602,680
Refunded bonds	895,500	09/1/20	3.00 - 4.00%		522,000		-	(90,000)	432,000
Sewer notes (MWRA)	399,850	05/15/16	0.00%		79,970		-	(79,970)	-
Water (MWPAT)	245,000	07/15/30	2.00%		203,510		-	(10,901)	192,609
Broadway sewer	150,000	03/01/23	2.00 - 3.00%		99,728		-	(13,637)	86,091
Broadway water line	125,000	03/01/23	2.00 - 3.00%		85,408		-	(11,364)	74,044
Storm water management plan	50,000	03/01/17	2.00 - 2.25%		20,000		-	(10,000)	10,000
Everett avenue redirect	250,000	03/01/23	2.00 - 3.00%		173,094		-	(22,589)	150,505
Water (MWRA)	468,390	05/13/22	0.00%		327,873		-	(46,839)	281,034
Water and sewer refunding bonds	575,000	03/01/22	2.00 - 3.00%		375,000		-	(60,000)	315,000
Water (MWRA)	1,183,959	08/15/22	0.00%		947,167		-	(118,396)	828,771
Sewer	948,372	05/15/28	2.00-2.75%		792,760		-	(75,970)	716,790
Water notes (MWRA)	350,000	08/15/23	0.00%		315,000		-	(35,000)	280,000
Sewer notes (MWRA)	344,850	02/15/19	0.00%		275,880		-	(68,970)	206,910
Water notes (MWRA)	391,200	02/15/24	0.00%		352,080		-	(39,120)	312,960
Water/Sewer general obligation bonds	2,000,000	04/01/24	2.00-2.50%		1,775,000		-	(225,000)	1,550,000
Sewer refunding.	451,607	04/01/24	2.00-2.50%		403,393		-	(48,214)	355,179
Water refunding.	150,536	04/01/24	2.00-2.50%		134,464		-	(16,071)	118,393
Water bond (MWRA)	700,000	05/15/25	0.00%		700,000		-	(70,000)	630,000
Water bond (MWRA)	725,000	05/15/26	0.00%		-		725,000	-	725,000
Sewer (MWRA)	329,750	05/15/26	0.00%		-		329,750	-	329,750
Water/Sewer general obligation bonds	1,433,000	03/01/26	2.00%	_	-	-	1,433,000	-	1,433,000
Total				\$	12,336,158	\$	2,487,750 \$	(2,430,355) \$	12,393,553

The Massachusetts Water Resource Authority (MWRA) operates financial assistance programs for community owned collection systems. Financial assistance received from the MWRA consists of non-interest bearing loans (payable in five equal annual installments) and, in some instances, grants. During fiscal year 2016, \$2,044,000 was received from the program, of which \$1,054,750 were loans and \$989,250 was a grant. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal amount of MWRA loans totaled \$4,713,130.

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for enterprise fund bonds and notes payable (gross) in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
		_			
2017 \$	2,407,781	\$	200,131	\$	2,607,912
2018	2,012,875		152,853		2,165,728
2019	1,836,238		116,656		1,952,894
2020	1,479,863		86,302		1,566,165
2021	1,389,954		60,567		1,450,521
2022	916,540		42,092		958,632
2023	871,307		30,414		901,721
2024	665,960		20,204		686,164
2025	353,526		10,771		364,297
2026	283,790		7,207		290,997
2027	68,584		3,638		72,222
2028	63,858		2,153		66,011
2029	14,138		724		14,862
2030	14,424		438		14,862
2031	14,715		147		14,862
-		•			
Total \$	12,393,553	\$	734,297	\$	13,127,850

The City is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit. At June 30, 2016, the City had the following authorized and unissued debt:

Purpose	Amount
	_
Clark Middle School\$	50,332,407
Pension obligation bonds	47,000,000
Capital Improvement Plans	7,847,984
Corcoran Park construction	1,482,865
Chelsea High School extension	1,150,000
Highland Park improvement	1,000,000
Washington Park renovation	500,000
Park renovation - Washington Avenue	400,050
Highland Greenway Project	400,000
Refunding	265,000
Quigley Park renovation	254,000
Energy conservation improvements	28,672
Total\$	110,660,978

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NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description – The City provides health, dental and life insurance coverage for its retirees and their survivors (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to plan design and contribution rates must be accomplished through the collective bargaining process. The Plan does not issue a stand alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

The number of participants as of July 1, 2015, the latest actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Active employees	1,191
Retired employees and spouses	663
_	_
Total	1,854

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required health insurance (including Medicare Part B) contribution rates of Plan members and the City are 17.5 – 25.0% and 75.0 – 82.5%, respectively. The required dental insurance (including Medicare Part B) contribution rates of Plan members is 100%. The Plan members and the City each contribute 50% towards a \$5,000 term life insurance premium. The City currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. The costs of administering the Plan are paid by the City.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an actuarially determined amount that is calculated in accordance with the parameters set forth in GASB Statement #45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

_	Amount
Annual required contribution\$ Interest on net OPEB obligation	21,255,724 4,230,471 (6,820,724)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	18,665,471 (4,907,469)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	13,758,002 120,870,565
Net OPEB obligation at end of year\$	134,628,567

Trend information regarding annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

	Annual	Percentage	Net
Fiscal Year	OPEB Cost	of AOPEBC	OPEB
Ending	(AOPEBC)	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2014	15,001,773	29.2%	109,600,123
June 30, 2015	15,949,749	29.3%	120,870,565
June 30, 2016	18,665,471	26.3%	134,628,567

Funded Status and Funding Progress – The funded status of the Plan at July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	_((B-A)/C)
				·		
07/01/15	\$ -	\$ 192,772,240	\$ 192,772,240	0.00%	\$ 69,485,461	277%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date: July 1, 2015

Actuarial cost method: Individual Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: Level dollar

Remaining amortization period: 24 years

Interest discount rate: 3.5%

Inflation rate: 2.75%

Healthcare/Medical cost trend rate: Medical -5.0% per year

Dental -5.0% per year

Projected salary increases: 3.0%

Allocation of AOPEBC - AOPEBC costs were allocated to the City's functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$	1,127,394
Public safety		5,235,665
Education		10,792,375
Public works		587,962
Health and human services		276,249
Culture and recreation		153,057
Community development		175,455
Total AOPEBC - governmental activities		18,348,158
Business-Type Activities: Water/Sewer	_	317,313
Total AOPEBC	\$_	18,665,471

NOTE 12 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

A. Health Insurance

Prior to May 1, 2012, the City was self-insured for a portion of its retirees' health insurance activities, which were accounted for in the internal service fund. Since that date, the retirees' health insurance internal service fund has been accounting for the activities (i.e., run-off claims) related to when the City was self-insured. As of June 30, 2016, there are no material outstanding health insurance claims payable.

The City participates in premium-based health care plans for its active and retired employees. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The City is self-insured for its workers' compensation activities. These activities are accounted for in the internal service fund where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. Workers' compensation claims are administered by a third party administrator and are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis from annual appropriations. The estimated future liability is based on history and injury type.

The liability at June 30, 2016, totaled \$229,597. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2014, are as follows:

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
	Fiscal Year	Estimate	Payments	Year-end
Fiscal year 2015 \$	354,809	192,481	(275,765)	271,525
Fiscal year 2016	271,525	130,623	(172,551)	229,597

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES

The constraints on fund balances in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are detailed as follows:

		General	. <u>-</u>	Clark Avenue School Construction	. <u>.</u>	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:								
Loans		-	\$	-	\$	301,394	\$	301,394
Permanent fund principal		-	_	-	-	22,392		22,392
Sub-total - Nonspendable		-	_	_		323,786	_	323,786
Restricted:								
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		970,408		-		-		970,408
School construction		-		3,191,339		-		3,191,339
Redevelopment		-		-		3,294,715		3,294,715
Other community development		-		-		1,031,452		1,031,452
City revolving		-		-		117,039		117,039
Receipts reserved		-		-		3,384,510		3,384,510
City gifts		-		-		1,163,637		1,163,637
City state grants		-		-		88,169		88,169
City federal grants		-		-		763,851		763,851
School lunch		-		-		2,028,563		2,028,563
School revolving		-		-		1,405,925		1,405,925
School gifts		-		-		855,837		855,837
State school grants		-		-		1,885,488		1,885,488
Urban I & II renewal		-		-		419,237		419,237
Other capital		-		-		4,915,269		4,915,269
School capital reserve		-		-		991,182		991,182
Permanent funds - health and human services		-		-		749		749
Permanent funds - culture and recreation		-	_	-		105,416		105,416
Sub-total - Restricted		970,408	_	3,191,339		22,451,039	_	26,612,786
Committed:								
Subsequent year's expenditures		1,328,768		-		-		1,328,768
Capital stabilization		78,586		-		-		78,586
Redevelopment stabilization		170,850	_	-			_	170,850
Sub-total - Committed		1,578,204	_	-				1,578,204
Assigned:								
Encumbrances - school		1,886,282		-		-		1,886,282
Encumbrances - other		590,841	-	-			_	590,841
Sub-total - Assigned		2,477,123	_				_	2,477,123
Unassigned	4	3,212,229	_	-		(493,971)	_	42,718,258
Total fund balances	\$ 4	8,237,964	\$	3,191,339	\$	22,280,854	\$ <u></u>	73,710,157

NOTE 14 - STABILIZATION FUNDS

The City maintains the following stabilization funds that were established under MGL Chapter 40, Section 5B:

- General stabilization
- Operating stabilization
- Capital stabilization
- Redevelopment stabilization

Appropriations in and out of the stabilization funds require City Council majority approval. Investment income is retained by the funds.

The balance of the general stabilization, operating stabilization, capital stabilization and redevelopment stabilization funds at June 30, 2016 total \$2,506,005, \$2,639,746, \$78,586 and \$170,850, respectively. The capital stabilization and redevelopment stabilization funds are reported in the general fund as committed fund balance. The general and operating stabilization funds are reported in the general fund as unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The City contributes to the System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Chelsea Contributory Retirement Board. Substantially all employees of the City are members of the System, except for public school teachers and certain administrators who are members of the Massachusetts Teachers Retirement System.

At December 31, 2015, the System's membership consisted of the following:

Active members	671
Inactive members	226
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	371
Total members	1,268
Number of participating employers	2

Benefits Provided - The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries, pursuant to Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, up to a maximum of 80% of the average of a member's three or five highest consecutive years' regular compensation. In addition to regular compensation, benefits are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service and group classification. Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A normal retirement allowance may be received after the completion of 20 years of service or upon reaching age 55 or 60, with 10 years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65 or 67, except for certain hazardous duty and public safety employees who attain normal retirement at age 55 or 57.

Contributions – Chapter 32 of MGL governs the contributions of plan members and the City. Plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The City is required to pay into the System its share of the system-wide actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on annual covered payroll.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, active member contributions totaled \$2,871,000 and employer contributions totaled \$10,664,321. Contributions to the System from the City were \$9,754,667 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The components of the net pension liability of the System at December 31, 2015, were as follows:

Total pension liability	. \$	209,875,000
Plan fiduciary net position		(126,298,466)
, .		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net pension liability	. \$	83,576,534
•		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.18%

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$76,447,554 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015 that was updated to December 31, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability is the proportionate share of employer contributions to the System as of December 31, 2015, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2015, the City's proportion was 91.47 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,543,698. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$14,440,713 and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$4,130,512.

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	Amount
2017	2 111 110
2017\$	2,444,418
2018	2,444,418
2019	2,444,418
2020	2,400,970
2021	575,976
Total \$	10,310,201

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement that was updated to December 31, 2015:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method: Increasing payments 5.7% per year

Remaining amortization period: 14 years

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Inflation rate: Not explicitly assumed

Salary increases: 4.25% per year for Group 1, and 4.75% per year for Group 4

Cost of living adjustment: 3.0% on the first \$12,000 of benefits

Mortality rates: Pre-Retirement – RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected

generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct)

Healthy Retiree – RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct)

Disabled Retiree – RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally with scale BB and a base year of 2012 (gender distinct)

Investment Policies and Rates of Return - Deposits and investments made by the System are governed by Chapter 32 of the MGL.

Deposits and investments made by the System are governed by Chapter 32 of the MGL.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on System investments, net of investment expense, was 1.02%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation (%)	of Return (%)
Global Equity	42.00	7.79
Fixed Income	23.00	5.44
Private Equity	10.00	9.50
Real Estate	10.00	6.50
Timber/Natural Resources	4.00	7.07
Hedge Funds	11.00	6.34

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

			Current		
			Discount		
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
-	(6.75%)	_	(7.75%)	_	(8.75%)
System's net pension liability \$	107,801,000	\$	83,576,534	\$	63,083,000

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability $\$$	98,605,704	\$ 76,447,554	\$ 57,702,096

Legally Required Reserve Accounts - The balance in the System's legally required reserves as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Description	Amount	Purpose
Annuity Savings Fund \$	36,807,034	Active members' contribution balance
Annuity Reserve Fund	6,371,019	Retired members' contribution account
Military Service Fund	2,412	Military leave of absence contribution balance
Pension Reserve Fund	62,888,158	Amounts appropriated to fund future retirement
Pension Fund	20,229,843	Remaining net position
	_	
Total\$	126,298,466	

NOTE 16 - MASSACHUSETTS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan description - Public school teachers and certain administrators are provided with pensions through the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System (MTRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement Board. The MTRS is part of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' (Commonwealth) reporting entity and does not issue a stand-alone audited financial report. The MTRS is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the Commonwealth's audited financial statements that can be found at http://www.mass.gov/osc/publications-and-reports/financial-reports/cafr-reports.html.

Benefits provided - MTRS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) establishes uniform benefit requirements. These requirements provide for superannuation retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. For employees hired after April 1, 2012, retirement allowances are calculated on the basis of the last five years or any five consecutive years, whichever is greater in terms of compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, and group creditable service, and group classification. The authority for amending these provisions rests with the Legislature.

Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of twenty years of creditable service or upon reaching the age of 55 with ten years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65. Most employees who joined the system after April 1, 2012 cannot retire prior to age 60.

Contributions - The MTRS' funding policies have been established by Chapter 32 of the MGL. The Legislature has the authority to amend these policies. The annuity portion of the MTRS retirement allowance is funded by employees, who contribute a percentage of their regular compensation. Member contributions for MTRS vary depending on the most recent date of membership, ranging from 5-11% of regular compensation. Members hired in 1979 or subsequent contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000.

The Commonwealth is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of the member employers. Therefore, the City is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and the Commonwealth is a nonemployer contributing entity in MTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Since the City does not contribute directly to MTRS, the City does not report a proportionate share of the net pension liability of the MTRS at June 30, 2016. The Commonwealth's net pension liability associated with the Town was \$116,388,215.

The MTRS' net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$9,440,120 associated with MTRS and revenue of the same amount for support provided by the Commonwealth.

Actuarial assumptions - The MTRS' total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2015. This valuation used the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return - 7.5%

Salary increases - Salary increases are based on analyses of past experience but range from 4.0% to 7.5% depending on length of service

Mortality Rates – Pre-retirement reflects RP-2014 Employees table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2014 (gender distinct). Post-retirement reflects RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2014 (gender distinct). Disability is assumed to be in accordance with the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2014 set forward 4 years.

Other - 3.5% interest rate credited to the annuity savings fund; 3.0% cost of living increase per year

Investment assets of the MTRS are with the Pension Reserves Investment Trust (PRIT) Fund. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of geometric rates of return for each major asset class included in the PRIT Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

	т	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	40%	6.9%
Core Fixed Income	13%	2.4%
Hedge Funds	9%	5.8%
Private Equity	10%	8.5%
Real Estate	10%	6.5%
Value Added Fixed Income	10%	5.8%
Portfolio Completion Strategies	4%	5.5%
Timber/Natural Resources	4%	6.6%
Totals	100%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the MTRS' total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Commonwealth's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the MTRS' fiduciary net position is available in the Commonwealth's audited financial statements.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into, or is planning to enter into, contracts totaling approximately \$63,396,000 for the Clark Middle School project, Highland Greenway project and various capital improvements in accordance with its five-year capital improvement plan.

Other significant commitments include the encumbrances outstanding for the general fund, which totaled approximately \$2,477,000 at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

Various legal actions and claims are pending against the City. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigated matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of liability, if any, at June 30, 2016, cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position of the City at June 30, 2016.

The City participates in a number of federal award programs. Although the grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 through June 30, 2016, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations		Original Budget	 Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers	_	Final Budget
ENUES						
eal estate and personal property taxes	\$ -	\$	47,215,541	\$ -	\$	47,215,541
lotor vehicle and other excise taxes	-		7,000,000	-		7,000,000
Ieals and room taxes	-		1,165,000	-		1,165,000
ax and trash liens	-		125,000	-		125,000
ayments in lieu of taxes	-		1,212,432	-		1,212,432
rash disposal	-		1,655,388	-		1,655,388
ntergovernmental	-		81,556,736	-		81,556,736
enalties and interest on taxes	-		448,000	-		448,000
icenses and permits	-		1,401,950	-		1,401,950
ines and forfeitures	-		2,311,250	-		2,311,250
epartmental and other	-		591,300	-		591,300
vestment income		_	300,000	 	_	300,000
TOTAL REVENUES		_	144,982,597	 	_	144,982,597
ENDITURES						
ENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Legislative						
Personal services	_		225,945	-		225,945
Expenditures	_		74,057	-		74,057
Total		_	300,002	 -	_	300,002
Executive Office						
Personal services	-		347,567	3,494		351,061
Expenditures	_		46,050	25,700		71,750
Total	-		393,617	 29,194	_	422,811
Auditor's Office						
Personal services	-		309,919	-		309,919
Expenditures	34,375		73,515	-		107,890
Total	34,375	_	383,434	 -	_	417,809
Treasurer's/Collector's Office						
Personal services	-		429,590	5,421		435,011
Expenditures	4,526		203,775	-		208,301
Total	4,526		633,365	 5,421	_	643,312
Assessing						
Personal services	-		223,539	11,300		234,839
Expenditures	16,597		87,895	6,000		110,492
Total	16,597	_	311,434	17,300	_	345,331
Procurement						
Personal services	-		117,007	2,163		119,170
Expenditures	995		65,275	-		66,270
Total	995	_	182,282	2,163	_	185,440
Central Billing						
Personal services	-		118,230	-		118,230
Expenditures	-		74,200	-		74,200
Total	-	_	192,430	 	_	192,430

			Current Year		Actual and		
			Encumbrances		Encumbrances		Variance
			and Continuing		and Continuing		Positive/
-	Actual		Appropriations		Appropriations		(Negative)
ф	45 011 504	ф		ф	47 011 704	ф	F06.162
\$	47,811,704	\$	-	\$	47,811,704	\$	596,163
	12,214,291		-		12,214,291		5,214,291
	1,668,784		-		1,668,784		503,784
	1,692,025		-		1,692,025		1,567,025
	2,084,999		-		2,084,999		872,567
	1,564,905		-		1,564,905		(90,483)
	81,723,562		-		81,723,562		166,826
	444,350		-		444,350		(3,650)
	1,473,811		_		1,473,811		71,861
	2,400,469		_		2,400,469		89,219
	1,028,653				1,028,653		437,353
	486,475		_		486,475		186,475
-	400,473		<u>-</u>	•	400,473		100,473
_	154,594,028				154,594,028		9,611,431
	209,711		-		209,711		16,234
	72,721		-		72,721		1,336
-	282,432		-	•	282,432		17,570
-				•			
	350,919		-		350,919		142
-	38,194				38,194		33,556
-	389,113		<u>-</u>		389,113		33,698
	253,151		_		253,151		56,768
	42,424		46,700		89,124		18,766
-	295,575		46,700	•	342,275		75,534
-				•		•	
	435,011				435,011		
_	165,047		26,470		191,517		16,784
-	600,058		26,470		626,528		16,784
	232,618		-		232,618		2,221
	89,185		15,950		105,135		5,357
-	321,803		15,950		337,753	•	7,578
=	0_2,000			•			1,721
	440.470				440.470		
	119,169				119,169		10.605
-	53,778		1,887		55,665		10,605
-	172,947		1,887		174,834		10,606
	110,282		-		110,282		7,948
	64,850		1,298		66,148		8,052
-	175,132		1,298		176,430		16,000
-			,	•	-,	•	(continued)
							(/)

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing	Original	Supplemental Appropriations	Final
	Appropriations	Budget	and Transfers	Budget
Law Department		202.025	1.460	204.205
Personal services	-	202,935	1,460	204,395
Expenditures	-	65,950	11,000	76,950
Total	<u>-</u>	268,885	12,460	281,345
Personnel Department				
Personal services	-	229,050	-	229,050
Expenditures	11,653	44,067	11,000	66,720
Total	11,653	273,117	11,000	295,770
Information System				
Personal services	-	277,015	-	277,015
Expenditures	8,264	472,174	11,500	491,938
Capital outlay	368	100,000	-	100,368
Total	8,632	849,189	11,500	869,321
City Clerk				
Personal services	_	257,769	-	257,769
Expenditures	_	59,700	_	59,700
Total		317,469		317,469
Office of Planning and Davidonment				
Office of Planning and Development Personal services		114,664		114,664
Expenditures	424		-	50,204
Total	424	49,780 164,444		164,868
10(a)	424	104,444		104,808
Salary reserve	-	680,541	(264,219)	416,322
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	77,202	4,950,209	(175,181)	4,852,230
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police Department				
Personal services	_	9,685,744	143,526	9,829,270
Expenditures	21,684	1,050,166	9,000	1,080,850
Capital outlay	21,001	173,000		173,000
Total	21,684	10,908,910	152,526	11,083,120
Fine Demonstrate		_		
Fire Department Personal services		8,732,529	726,500	9,459,029
	14 (72			, ,
Expenditures	14,672	455,231	20,000	489,903
Capital outlay	14 (72	68,300	746 500	68,300
Total	14,672	9,256,060	746,500	10,017,232
Inspectional Services				
Personal services	-	779,656	-	779,656
Expenditures	28,826	38,842	30,000	97,668
Total	28,826	818,498	30,000	877,324
Traffic and Parking				
Personal services	-	100,750	1,750	102,500
Expenditures	65,395	785,900	<u> </u>	851,295
Total	65,395	886,650	1,750	953,795

	Cummont Voor	A atual and	
	Current Year	Actual and	17
	Encumbrances	Encumbrances and Continuing	Variance Positive/
A =t=1	and Continuing	U	,
Actual	Appropriations	Appropriations	(Negative)
203,898	-	203,898	497
65,213	-	65,213	11,737
269,111	-	269,111	12,234
202 227		202.227	25 522
203,327	12.002	203,327	25,723
37,415	13,082	50,497	16,223
240,742	13,082	253,824	41,946
276,328	-	276,328	687
439,614	21,350	460,964	30,974
65,449	-	65,449	34,919
781,391	21,350	802,741	66,580
250.267		250.267	7,402
250,367 45,294	-	250,367 45,294	
295,661			14,406 21,808
293,001		295,661	21,000
44,377	-	44,377	70,287
24,589	424	25,013	25,191
68,966	424	69,390	95,478
11,000		11,000	405,322
11,000		11,000	403,322
3,903,931	127,161	4,031,092	821,138
9,638,954	_	9,638,954	190,316
665,588	27,454	693,042	387,808
173,000	-	173,000	-
10,477,542	27,454	10,504,996	578,124
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
0.200.401		0.200.401	50.540
9,399,481	2.210	9,399,481	59,548
401,404	2,219	403,623	86,280
66,795	- 2.210	66,795	1,505
9,867,680	2,219	9,869,899	147,333
705,781	-	705,781	73,875
26,985	54,149	81,134	16,534
732,766	54,149	786,915	90,409
100 500		100 500	
102,500	-	102,500	40.660
745,294	57,341	802,635	48,660
847,794	57,341	905,135	48,660
			(continued)

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget
Emergency Management		0	-	
Personal services	-	971,281	6,600	977,881
Expenditures	-	43,123	25,000	68,123
Total		1,014,404	31,600	1,046,004
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFTEY	130,577	22,884,522	962,376	23,977,475
EDUCATION				
Operational	2,714,921	82,052,520	70,000	84,837,441
Northeast Regional Vocational High School Assessment	-	855,876	1,300	857,176
TOTAL EDUCATION	2,714,921	82,908,396	71,300	85,694,617
PUBLIC WORKS				
Administration				
Personal services	-	210,804	24,850	235,654
Expenditures	-	13,440	-	13,440
Total	<u>-</u>	224,244	24,850	249,094
Streets and Sidewalks				
Personal services	_	815,013	-	815,013
Expenditures	64,144	1,093,086	92,062	1,249,292
Capital outlay	-	111,000	530,000	641,000
Total	64,144	2,019,099	622,062	2,705,305
Solid Waste/Recycling				
Personal services	_	49,138	854	49,992
Expenditures	75,008	1,703,060	-	1,778,068
Total	75,008	1,752,198	854	1,828,060
Structure and Grounds				
Personal services	_	283,223	-	283,223
Expenditures	49,345	931,980	108,000	1,089,325
Capital outlay	, -	-	19,875	19,875
Total	49,345	1,215,203	127,875	1,392,423
Snow and Ice Removal				
Personal services	-	25,000	820	25,820
Expenditures	9,172	76,260	23,709	109,141
Total	9,172	101,260	24,529	134,961
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS	197,669	5,312,004	800,170	6,309,843
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Administration				
Personal services	<u> </u>	110,690		110,690
Health Division				
Personal services	_	146,731	51,460	198,191
Expenditures	- -	156,125	200,000	356,125
Experientures	-	100,140	200,000	550,125

	Current Year	Actual and	
	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Variance
	and Continuing	and Continuing	Positive/
Actual	Appropriations	Appropriations	(Negative)
110000	преторишного	прргоргация	(rteguerre)
953,956	-	953,956	23,925
53,660	2,531	56,191	11,932
1,007,616	2,531	1,010,147	35,857
		1,010,111	
22,933,398	143,694	23,077,092	900,383
82,819,209	1,886,282	84,705,491	131,950
852,765	-	852,765	4,411
83,671,974	1,886,282	85,558,256	136,361
00F (1)		00F (1)	20
235,616	-	235,616	38
4,775	90	4,865	8,575
240,391	90	240,481	8,613
783,672	_	783,672	31,341
987,263	141,042	1,128,305	120,987
	141,042	557,942	
557,942	141.042		83,058
2,328,877	141,042	2,469,919	235,386
49,991	-	49,991	1
1,620,556	74,709	1,695,265	82,803
1,670,547	74,709	1,745,256	82,804
1,0,0,01	. 1,1.05	1), 10)200	02,001
203,597	-	203,597	79,626
827,172	58,123	885,295	204,030
19,787	· -	19,787	88
1,050,556	58,123	1,108,679	283,744
25,820		25,820	-
109,141	-	109,141	-
134,961		134,961	
5,425,332	273,964	5,699,296	610,547
108,660	_	108,660	2,030
100,000		100,000	2,030
198,190	-	198,190	1
251,936	44,272	296,208	59,917
450,126	44,272	494,398	59,918
400,120	77,414	±/±/,5/0	(continued)
			(commueu)

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget
Veteran's Services				
Personal services	-	62,990	1,195	64,185
Expenditures	<u> </u>	704,370		704,370
Total	<u> </u>	767,360	1,195	768,555
Elder Affairs				
Personal services	-	178,387	-	178,387
Expenditures	-	31,300	-	31,300
Total		209,687		209,687
TOTAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		1,390,593	252,655	1,643,248
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Recreation and Cultural Affairs				
Personal services.	_	74,703	3,306	78,009
Expenditures	_	75,000	-	75,000
Total		149,703	3,306	153,009
1000		147,703	3,300	155,007
Public Library				
Personal services	-	245,184	3,460	248,644
Expenditures	-	24,128	1,285	25,413
Capital outlay		11,400		11,400
Total	<u> </u>	280,712	4,745	285,457
TOTAL CULTURE AND RECREATION	<u> </u>	430,415	8,051	438,466
PENSION BENEFITS				
Contributory Retirement System				
Expenditures	<u> </u>	6,754,818		6,754,818
Non-Contributory Pension Benefits				
Expenditures	 ·	10,000		10,000
TOTAL PENSION BENEFITS	<u> </u>	6,764,818		6,764,818
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS				
Unemployment Compensation				
Expenditures.	<u> </u>	30,000	30,860	60,860
Health Insurance				
Expenditures	207,567	6,869,046		7,076,613
Worker's Compensation				
Expenditures.	<u>-</u>	300,000		300,000
Payroll Taxes				
Expenditures	-	360,000	38,500	398,500
т		300,000		2,2,200

	Current Year	Actual and	
	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Variance
	and Continuing	and Continuing	Positive/
Actual	Appropriations	Appropriations	(Negative)
rictuur	прргорпиного	прргоргация	(i vegative)
64,184	-	64,184	1
595,460	-	595,460	108,910
659,644	-	659,644	108,911
175,543	-	175,543	2,844
27,316		27,316	3,984
202,859		202,859	6,828
4 404 000	44.050	4.45	455 605
1,421,289	44,272	1,465,561	177,687
61,915	_	61,915	16,094
75,000	_	75,000	10,054
136,915		136,915	16,094
100,710		150,515	10,001
247,166	_	247,166	1,478
23,085	-	23,085	2,328
10,610	-	10,610	790
280,861		280,861	4,596
417,776	<u>-</u>	417,776	20,690
6,754,818		6,754,818	
0.545		0.545	455
9,545		9,545	455
6,764,363	_	6,764,363	455
29,532	-	29,532	31,328
7,038,348	1,750	7,040,098	36,515
270,538		270,538	29,462
395,183		395,183	3,317
393,103		393,103	(continued)
			(commueu)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Prior Year Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations	Original Budget	Supplemental Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget
Life Insurance Expenditures	2,395	20,000		22,395
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	209,962	7,579,046	69,360	7,858,368
PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSURANCE Expenditures		700,975		700,975
CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS Expenditures		25,000	26,736	51,736
STATE AND COUNTY CHARGES Expenditures		12,117,453		12,117,453
DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL Expenditures		2,486,861		2,486,861
DEBT SERVICE INTEREST Expenditures		687,943		687,943
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,330,331	148,238,235	2,015,467	153,584,033
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,330,331)	(3,255,638)	(2,015,467)	(8,601,436)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Premium from issuance of bonds Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	2,695,086 (2,045,000)	- - (849,227)	- 2,695,086 (2,894,227)
Total other financing sources (uses)		650,086	(849,227)	(199,141)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,330,331)	(2,605,552)	(2,864,694)	(8,800,577)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	37,136,511	37,136,511	37,136,511	37,136,511
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 33,806,180	\$ 34,530,959	\$ 34,271,817	\$ 28,335,934

See notes to required supplementary information.

		Current Year	Actual and		
		Encumbrances	Encumbrances		Variance
		and Continuing	and Continuing		Positive/
	Actual	Appropriations	Appropriations		(Negative)
_	1101001	прриоримион	пррторпилона		(rtegative)
	19,659		19,659		2,736
_	7,753,260	1,750	7,755,010		103,358
	695,638	_	695,638		5,337
_	075,030	· -	0,0,000	•	3,331
	54,736	<u> </u>	54,736		(3,000)
	11 (47 770		11 (47 770		460.682
_	11,647,770	·	11,647,770		469,683
	2,486,861	-	2,486,861		_
_	685,399	-	685,399		2,544
	147,861,727	2,477,123	150,338,850		3,245,183
_	117,001,727	2,177,120	100,000,000		0,210,100
	6,732,301	(2,477,123)	4,255,178		12,856,614
	134,052		134,052		134,052
	2,693,909	-	2,693,909		(1,177)
		-			(1,177)
_	(2,894,227)	· 	(2,894,227)		
	(66,266)	-	(66,266)		132,875
_	(,)		(,)	•	
	6,666,035	(2,477,123)	4,188,912		12,989,489
	0F 107 F11	07.107.511	07.40 <i>C</i> F44		
_	37,136,511	37,136,511	37,136,511		
\$	43,802,546	\$ 34,659,388	\$ 41,325,423	\$	12,989,489
				1	(concluded)

PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (SYSTEM)

		2015	_	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost. Interest. Differences between expected and actual experience. Changes of assumptions. Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions.		5,242,000 14,481,000 (3,065,000) 10,500,000 (10,229,000)	\$	4,822,000 14,245,000 - - (10,211,000)
Net change in total pension liability		16,929,000		8,856,000
Total pension liability - beginning	. <u> </u>	192,946,000	_	184,090,000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	209,875,000	\$	192,946,000
<u>Plan fiduciary net position</u>				
Contributions - employer. Contributions - member. Net investment income. Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions. Administrative expense. Other.	•	10,664,321 2,871,000 617,000 (10,229,000) (249,330) 15,322	\$	9,626,072 3,028,000 8,519,000 (10,211,000) (260,643) 27,688
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	•	3,689,313		10,729,117
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning.	_	122,609,153		111,880,036
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	. \$	126,298,466	\$_	122,609,153
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	. \$_	83,576,534	\$_	70,336,847
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.18%		63.55%
Covered-employee payroll	. \$	33,006,583	\$	31,121,488
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.		253.21%		226.01%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (SYSTEM)

_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	2012		_	2011
Actuarially determined contribution \$	10,664,321	\$	9,626,072	\$	9,655,593	\$	9,380,817	\$	9,339,362
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	10,664,321	_	9,626,072	_	9,655,593	_	9,380,817	_	9,339,362
Contribution deficiency (excess)\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$_	
Covered-employee payroll\$	33,006,583	\$	31,121,488	\$	31,121,488	\$	29,750,417	\$	29,750,417
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.31%		30.93%		31.03%		31.53%		31.39%
									(continued)
_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	_	2006
Actuarially determined contribution \$	8,168,182	\$	8,260,223	\$	7,329,618	\$	7,650,765	\$	7,230,596
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	8,168,182	_	8,260,223	_	7,329,618	_	7,650,765	_	7,230,596
Contribution deficiency (excess) \$		\$_		\$		\$_		\$_	
Covered-employee payroll\$	29,412,382	\$	29,412,382	\$	26,951,807	\$	26,951,807	\$	24,442,724
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.77%		28.08%		27.20%		28.39%		29.58%
SCHEDULE	OF INVES	STN	MENT RETU	JRN	S (SYSTEN	A)			

_	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	1.02%	7.59%

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (SYSTEM)

<u> </u>	2016*	2015*
City's proportion of the net pension liability	91.47%	94.58%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	76,447,554	66,524,734
City's covered-employee payroll.	30,191,161	29,434,703
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a		
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	253.21%	226.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		
liability	60.18%	63.55%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of December 31 within the applicable fiscal year

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS (SYSTEM)

		2016		2015
Actuarially Required Contribution		9,754,667 9,754,667	\$	9,325,751 9,325,751
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		-	\$	-
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	30,191,161	\$	29,434,703
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		32.31%		31.68%
SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PEN	SION	N LIABILITY (MTF	RS)
		2016		2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	•••••	116,388,215		90,427,207
Total	\$	116,388,215	\$_	90,427,207
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	36,007,039	\$	34,879,310
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		55.38%		61.64%
SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS (MTI	RS)			
	_	2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$	
City's covered-employee payroll.	\$	36,007,039	\$	34,879,310
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	••	N/A		N/A

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULES

The following schedules provide information related to the City's other postemployment benefits plan:

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				Actuarial						
				Accrued						UAAL as a
		Actuarial		Liability (AAL)		Unfunded				Percentage
Actuarial		Value of		Projected Unit		AAL	Funded		Covered	of Covered
Valuation		Assets		Credit		(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	_	(A)		(B)	_	(B-A)	(A/B)	_	(C)	((B-A)/C)
	-		_	_	_			_		
07/01/15	\$	-	\$	192,772,240	\$	192,772,240	-	\$	69,485,461	277%
07/01/13		-		164,767,775		164,767,775	-		66,431,592	248%
07/01/11		-		169,212,224		169,212,224	-		60,733,942	279%

The significant changes to the methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuations identified above that impacted trends in the schedules of funding progress are as follows:

- For the period 07/01/11 to 07/01/13, plan experience was more favorable than expected. This was mainly due to post 65 premiums increasing by 8% vs. an expected 11% increase and changes in cost sharing. This was somewhat offset by the introduction of a more conservative mortality table and the inclusion of the ACA excise tax. The actuarial experience gain is amortized into the annual OPEB costs over a 30-year period. The net impact of plan experience is a decrease in the annual OPEB cost.
- The 07/01/13 valuation recognized medical premiums as of the 2015 fiscal year. For years beyond the 2015 fiscal year, medical care costs are assumed to increase by 5.0% per year. If costs increase at rates higher than assumed, plan liabilities will escalate while costs less than those assumed will yield lower liabilities in the future.
- The 07/01/15 valuation reflects several changes, including the following:
 - o The introduction of a new actuarial cost method
 - o The discount rate was decreased from 4.0% to 3.5%
 - o Mortality rates were adjusted based on a more conservative mortality table

NOTE A - BUDGETARY - GAAP RECONCILIATION

For budgetary financial reporting purposes, the Uniform Massachusetts Accounting System basis of accounting (established by the Commonwealth) is followed, which differs from the GAAP basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the general fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is presented below:

	_	Revenues	_	Expenditures	-	Other Financing Sources (Uses)
Budgetary basis as reported on the schedule of						
revenues, expenditures and changes in fund						
balance - budget and actual	\$	154,594,028	\$	150,338,850	\$	(66,266)
Adjustments						
Activity of general stabilization fund recorded in the						
general fund for GAAP purposes		383,898		-		(2,000,000)
Activity of operating stabilization fund recorded in the						-
general fund for GAAP purposes		51,723		-		(577,315)
Activity of capital stabilization fund recorded in the						
general fund for GAAP purposes		13,348		-		(956,000)
Activity of redevelopment stabilization fund recorded in the						
general fund for GAAP purposes		1,668		-		-
Activity of other postemployment benefits fund recorded in the						
general fund for GAAP purposes		26,698		-		225,000
Net change in recording 60-day receipts		(26,493)		-		-
Net change in recording tax refunds payable		1,092,400		-		-
Net change in investment market value		90,292		-		-
To record additional accrued payroll		-		(662,363)		-
To record encumbrances and continuing appropriations	_		-	(2,477,123)	-	
GAAP basis as reported on the statement of revenues,						
expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$	156,227,562	\$	147,199,364	\$	(3,374,581)

Combining and Individual Fund Statem	ents and
Schedules	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Narrative

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The special revenue funds are grouped into the following categories:

Redevelopment - accounts for all federal, state and locally funded redevelopment activities.

Other Community Development – accounts for all federal, state and locally funded community development activities other than redevelopment activities.

City Revolving – excluding the school department, accounts for the activity of revolving funds established in accordance with MGL Chapter 44, Section 53E ½.

Receipts Reserved – accounts for receipts that are designated to fund and supplement specific operating budgets of various departments.

City Gifts – accounts for revenues received from various residents and organizations that are to be used to provide a specific benefit to governmental programs.

City State Grants – accounts for grant funds received from the Commonwealth that are designated for specific programs, excluding school education grants which are accounted for in the School State Grants Special Revenue Fund.

City Federal Grants – accounts for grant funds received from the federal government that are designated for specific programs, excluding school education grants which are accounted for in the School Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund.

School Lunch – accounts for the activity of the school lunch program, which includes charges for services and state and federal reimbursements for meals served.

School Revolving - accounts for the activity of the school department's revolving funds

School Gifts - accounts for revenues received from various residents and organizations that are to be used to provide a specific benefit to the Chelsea schools.

School State Grants – accounts for grant funds received from the Commonwealth that are designated for specific education programs.

School Federal Grants – accounts for grant funds received from the federal government that is designated for specific education programs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The capital projects funds are grouped into the following categories:

Urban I & II Renewal – accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold, intergovernmental grants and transfers in used to finance the cost of the Everett Avenue Urban Revitalization Project.

Other Capital – accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold, intergovernmental grants and operating transfers in used to finance the City's capital projects (other than the Everett Avenue Urban Revitalization Project).

School Capital Reserve - accounts for funds restricted for long-term capital needs of school buildings.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs and benefit the government or its citizenry. The permanent funds are grouped into the following categories:

Health and Human Services – accounts for various gifts, bequests and contributions held for which only earnings may be expended for purposes specified by the donor in relation to health and human service activities.

Culture and Recreation - accounts for various gifts, bequests and contributions held for which only earnings may be expended for purposes specified by the donor in relation to culture and recreational activities.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

					Special Revenue	e Fu	nds			
ASSETS	Redevelopment		Other Community Development		City Revolving	-	Receipts Reserved	_	City Gifts	City State Grants
Investments	- 1,727,887 1,571,077 - -	\$	- 1,751,178 477,021 - 301,394	\$	- - - 352,228 -	\$	3,384,510 - - -	\$	- \$ 1,210,402	- 167,177 - - -
TOTAL ASSETS\$	3,298,964	\$	2,529,593	\$	352,228	\$	3,384,510	\$ _	1,210,402 \$	167,177
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES: Warrants payable	- 4,249 -	\$	1,195,160 1,587 -	\$	3,963 30,608 200,618	\$	- - -	\$	46,003 \$ 762 -	73,386 5,622 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,249	: :	1,196,747	: :	235,189	=	-	=	46,765	79,008
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable	- 3,294,715 -		301,394 1,031,452 -		- 117,039 -	-	- 3,384,510 -	_	- 1,163,637 -	- 88,169 <u>-</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,294,715		1,332,846		117,039	-	3,384,510	_	1,163,637	88,169
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$	3,298,964	\$	2,529,593	\$	352,228	\$ _	3,384,510	\$ =	1,210,402 \$	167,177

_	Special Revenue Funds														Capital Projects Funds					
_	City Federal Grants	_	School Lunch		School Revolving		School Gifts	_	School State Grants		School Federal Grants		Sub-total	_	Urban I & II Renewal		Other Capital			
\$	- 770,782 -	\$	- 2,232,926 -	\$	- 1,414,152 -	\$	- 867,721 -	\$	- 1,908,409 -	\$	-	\$	- 15,435,144 2,048,098	\$	- 448,112 -	\$	- 4,966,782 -			
_		_	- -		- -		<u>-</u>	_			- -		352,228 301,394		- -	. <u>-</u>	- -			
\$ _	770,782	\$ _	2,232,926	\$	1,414,152	\$	867,721	\$	1,908,409	\$		\$	18,136,864	\$	448,112	\$ _	4,966,782			
\$	762 6,169 -	\$	202,412 1,951 -	\$	3,575 4,652 -	\$	5,485 6,399 -	\$	10,358 12,563 -	\$	47,620 47,036 399,315	\$	1,588,724 121,598 599,933	\$	28,875 - -	\$	51,513 - -			
=	6,931	=	204,363	: =	8,227	:	11,884		22,921		493,971		2,310,255	=	28,875	: =	51,513			
_	- 763,851 -	_	- 2,028,563 -		- 1,405,925 -	·	- 855,837 -	-	- 1,885,488 -		- - (493,971)		301,394 16,019,186 (493,971)	<u>-</u>	- 419,237 -	_	- 4,915,269 -			
_	763,851	_	2,028,563		1,405,925		855,837	-	1,885,488		(493,971)	-	15,826,609	-	419,237	_	4,915,269			
\$ _	770,782	\$	2,232,926	\$	1,414,152	\$	867,721	\$	1,908,409	\$	-	\$	18,136,864	\$	448,112	\$	4,966,782			

(continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

-	Capital Projects Funds School Capital	-		Health and Human	P	ermanent Fun Culture and	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental		
ASSETS	Reserve		Sub-total		Services		Recreation	Sub-total	-	Funds
Investments	- 991,182 -	\$	- 6,406,076 -	\$	- 12,745 -	\$	82,539 33,273 -	\$ 82,539 46,018 -	\$	82,539 21,887,238 2,048,098
Departmental and other	-			-	<u>-</u>		- -	-	_	352,228 301,394
TOTAL ASSETS\$	991,182	\$	6,406,076	\$	12,745	\$	115,812	\$ 128,557	\$	24,671,497
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:		-		•'					_	
Warrants payable\$ Accrued payroll	- - -	\$	80,388 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	1,669,112 121,598 599,933
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	_	80,388	_			-	-		2,390,643
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable	- 991,182 -	: :	- 6,325,688 -		11,996 749 -		10,396 105,416 -	22,392 106,165 -	-	323,786 22,451,039 (493,971)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	991,182	_	6,325,688		12,745		115,812	128,557	_	22,280,854
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$	991,182	\$	6,406,076	\$	12,745	\$	115,812	\$ 128,557	\$	24,671,497

(concluded)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

					Special Re	even	ue Funds				
REVENUES	Redevelopment		Other Community Development	_	City Revolving	_	Receipts Reserved	_	City Gifts	_	City State Grants
		\$		œ.	2 272 055	Ф	205.002	œ.		\$	
Charges for services\$	-	Э	2 022 000	\$	2,273,055	\$	395,002	\$	- 015	Э	- 0.007.01.4
Intergovernmental	- 17.421		3,832,088		125 200		358,908		6,315 9,400		2,337,014
Departmental and other	17,421		387,048		125,288		44,945		665,831		1,313
Investment income.	102,133		60,993		-		-		000,001		1,313
investment income	102,133	-	60,993	=		-	-	-		_	
TOTAL REVENUES	119,554	_	4,280,129	-	2,398,343	_	798,855	-	681,546	_	2,338,327
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	-		-		-		45,049		232,421		-
Public safety	-		-		2,180,846		800,028		28,459		760,217
Education	-		-		-		-		23,534		844
Public works	-		-		-		-		-		1,061,877
Health and human services	-		-		78,352		-		296,675		48,768
Culture and recreation	-		-		27,382		-		2,490		67,510
Community development	227,891		5,521,196		-		-		-		-
Principal		_		_	-	_		-	-	_	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	227,891	-	5,521,196	_	2,286,580	_	845,077	-	583,579	_	1,939,216
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(108,337)	_	(1,241,067)	-	111,763	_	(46,222)	-	97,967	-	399,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	272,500		-		118,997		-		-		-
Issuance of bonds, notes and loans	-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out		_	-			_	(275,000)	-	-	_	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	272,500	_		_	118,997	_	(275,000)	-	-	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	164,163		(1,241,067)		230,760		(321,222)		97,967		399,111
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,130,552	_	2,573,913	_	(113,721)	_	3,705,732	-	1,065,670	_	(310,942)
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR \$	3,294,715	\$	1,332,846	\$_	117,039	\$_	3,384,510	\$	1,163,637	\$_	88,169

_	Special Revenue Funds													_	Capital Projects Funds				
	City Federal Grants	_	School Lunch		School Revolving	_	School Gifts	_	School State Grants	_	School Federal Grants		Sub-total	_	Urban I & II Renewal	_	Other Capital		
\$	36,271	\$	429,668	\$	318,174	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,452,170	\$	-	\$	-		
	674,000		3,316,414		9,430		-		2,091,224		5,134,306		17,759,699		-		597,903		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		584,102		-		-		
	-		-		-		274,898		-		-		942,042		-		-		
_	5,476	_	-		-	-		_	-	_		_	168,602	_	-	_			
_	715,747	_	3,746,082		327,604	_	274,898	_	2,091,224	-	5,134,306	_	22,906,615	_		_	597,903		
	-		-		_		-		-		_		277,470		-		60,513		
	851,745		-		-		-		-		-		4,621,295		-		15,710		
	-		3,730,947		172,885		361,881		1,710,050		5,382,519		11,382,660		_		345,000		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,061,877		-		1,264,238		
	9,090		-		-		-		-		-		432,885		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		97,382		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		5,749,087		66,871		807,950		
_	-	_	-		-	_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_	500,000	_			
	860,835	_	3,730,947		172,885	_	361,881	_	1,710,050	_	5,382,519	_	23,622,656	_	566,871	_	2,493,411		
_	(145,088)	_	15,135		154,719	_	(86,983)	_	381,174	_	(248,213)	_	(716,041)	_	(566,871)	_	(1,895,508)		
	13,730		-				-		-				405,227		-		2,269,000		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		(275,000)		-		187,037		
	13,730	_	-		-	_	_		-		-	_	130,227	_	-	_	2,456,037		
	(131,358)		15,135		154,719		(86,983)		381,174		(248,213)		(585,814)		(566,871)		560,529		
_	895,209	_	2,013,428		1,251,206	_	942,820	_	1,504,314	_	(245,758)	_	16,412,423	_	986,108	_	4,354,740		
\$	763,851	\$	2,028,563	\$	1,405,925	\$	855,837	\$	1,885,488	\$	(493,971)	\$	15,826,609	\$	419,237	\$	4,915,269		

(continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Capital Projects Funds			_			Permanent Fund	ls		-	Total
	School Capital Reserve	_	Sub-total	_	Health and Human Services	_	Culture and Recreation	_	Sub-total	=	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES											
Charges for services\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,452,170
Intergovernmental	-		597,903		-		-		-		18,357,602
Departmental and other	-		-		-		-		-		584,102
Contributions	-		-		-		-		-		942,042
Investment income.	38,376	_	38,376	_	-	_	5,486	_	5,486	-	212,464
TOTAL REVENUES	38,376	_	636,279	_		_	5,486	_	5,486	_	23,548,380
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	_		60,513		_		_		_		337,983
Public safety	_		15,710		_		_		_		4,637,005
Education.	_		345,000		_		_		_		11,727,660
Public works.	_		1,264,238		_		_		_		2,326,115
Health and human services.	_		-		_		_		_		432,885
Culture and recreation	_		_		_		1,954		1,954		99,336
Community development	_		874,821		_		1,501		1,501		6,623,908
Principal	_		500,000		_		_				500,000
Tincipul		_	500,000	-	-	-		-		-	300,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		_	3,060,282	_		_	1,954	_	1,954	_	26,684,892
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	38,376	_	(2,424,003)	_		_	3,532	_	3,532	_	(3,136,512)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	956,000		3,225,000		-		-		-		3,630,227
Issuance of bonds, notes and loans	-		187,037		-		-		-		187,037
Transfers out	(627,500)	_	(627,500)	_		_		_		_	(902,500)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	328,500	_	2,784,537	_		_		_		-	2,914,764
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	366,876		360,534		-		3,532		3,532		(221,748)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	624,306	_	5,965,154	_	12,745	_	112,280	_	125,025	_	22,502,602
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR\$	991,182	\$	6,325,688	\$	12,745	\$	115,812	\$	128,557	\$	22,280,854

(concluded)

Internal Service Funds

Narrative

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments or governmental units. The risk financing activities related to a portion of retirees' health insurance (through April 30, 2012) and all of the City's workers' compensation are accounted for in the internal service fund and are categorized as follows:

Retirees' Health Insurance – accounts for the health insurance activities of retirees' who were eligible to participate in the Blue Cross Blue Shield MEDEX plan through April 30, 2012.

Workers' Compensation – accounts for the activities of employees who are eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

					_	Total		
ASSETS	_	Retirees' Health Insurance	-	Workers' Compensation	_	Internal Service Funds		
Current assets:								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$_	235,643	\$	270,732	\$_	506,375		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
Accrued payroll	\$	-	\$	3,196	\$	3,196		
Other liabilities		-		2,975		2,975		
Workers' compensation claims	_	-		100,962	_	100,962		
Total current liabilities	_	-	-	107,133	_	107,133		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Workers' compensation claims	_	-		128,635	_	128,635		
Total liabilities	_	-	-	235,768	_	235,768		
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted	\$_	235,643	\$	34,964	\$	270,607		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				_	Total
	Retirees' Health Insurance		Workers' Compensation		Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Employer contributions\$	-	\$	2,791	\$	2,791
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Employee benefits		_	130,609	_	130,609
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	-		(127,818)		(127,818)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	-	_	121	_	121
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-		(127,697)		(127,697)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	235,643	_	162,661	_	398,304
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR\$	235,643	\$	34,964	\$	270,607

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

					_	Total
	_	Retirees' Health Insurance	<u>-</u>	Workers' Compensation	_	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ _	-	\$	2,791 (171,924)	\$	2,791 (171,924)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-		(169,133)		(169,133)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income	_	-	_	121	_	121
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		(169,012)		(169,012)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (Includes \$235,643 and \$439,744 reported as restricted in the retirees' health insurance and workers' compensation fund, respectively)		235,643		439,744		675,387
1, ,	_	,-	-		_	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR (Includes \$235,643 and \$270,732 reported as restricted in the retirees' health insurance and workers' compensation fund, respectively)	\$	235,643	\$	270,732	\$	506,375
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_		-		_	
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	-	\$	(127,818)	\$	(127,818)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accrued payroll		_		(14)		(14)
Other liabilities.		_		627		627
Workers' compensation claims	_	-	-	(41,928)	_	(41,928)
Total adjustments	_	-	-	(41,315)	_	(41,315)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES.	\$_	-	\$	(169,133)	\$_	(169,133)

Agency Funds

Narrative

The agency fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity.

AGENCY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A CODETE	Balance at July 1, 2015	_	Additions	-	Deletions	-	Balance at June 30, 2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents\$	843,426	\$_	12,683,374	\$	(12,639,814)	\$	886,986
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable	-		12,642,921		(12,639,323)		3,598
Liabilities due depositors	843,426	_	14,303,411	_	(14,263,449)	_	883,388
TOTAL LIABILITIES\$	843,426	\$_	26,946,332	\$	(26,902,772)	\$	886,986

Statistical Section

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Statistical Section

This part of the City of Chelsea's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends (pages 109 – 120)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (pages 121 – 124)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax

Debt Capacity (pages 125 – 129)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (pages 130 - 131)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (pages 132 – 136)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (1)

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2007		2008		2009	_	2010
Governmental Activities							
Net investment in capital assets (1)		\$	109,699,755	\$	113,168,275	\$	115,802,386
RestrictedUnrestricted	12,836,617 27,331,951		14,156,898 3,182,167		15,843,439 (18,524,343)		16,877,352 (33,438,542)
Officstricted	27,331,931		3,162,167	-	(10,324,343)	_	(33,436,342)
Total governmental activities net position (1)	\$ 143,208,770	\$	127,038,820	\$	110,487,371	\$	99,241,196
		_		_			
Business-Type Activities							
Net investment in capital assets (1)	\$ 3,382,731	\$	4,293,753	\$	5,079,857	\$	9,731,672
Unrestricted	4,994,535		4,377,713	_	7,437,258	_	6,073,506
Total business-type activities net position (1)	\$ 8,377,266	\$	8,671,466	\$	12,517,115	\$	15,805,178
		_		_		_	
Primary Government							
Net investment in capital assets (1)	\$ 106,422,933	\$	113,993,508	\$	118,248,132	\$	125,534,058
Restricted	12,836,617		14,156,898		15,843,439		16,877,352
Unrestricted	32,326,486		7,559,880		(11,087,085)	_	(27,365,036)
Total primary government net position (1)	\$ 151,586,036	\$	135,710,286	\$_	123,004,486	\$ _	115,046,374

⁽¹⁾ Net position and net investment in capital assets terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

_	2011		2012		2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016
\$	123,198,732 5,330,361 (41,789,700)	\$	110,297,865 21,541,560 (55,550,266)	\$	112,646,295 19,798,007 (67,222,440)	\$	113,957,937 23,010,803 (69,930,884)	\$	121,592,582 25,186,869 (147,945,496)	\$	146,694,947 26,936,571 (164,046,773)
\$_	86,739,393	\$_	76,289,159	\$_	65,221,862	\$_	67,037,856	\$_	(1,166,045)	\$_	9,584,745
\$	13,645,212 6,752,021	\$	15,188,269 9,321,027	\$	16,948,277 11,462,851	\$	18,376,165 13,014,707	\$	20,591,676 13,244,738	\$	18,000,489 19,074,859
\$_	20,397,233	\$_	24,509,296	\$_	28,411,128	\$	31,390,872	\$_	33,836,414	\$_	37,075,348
\$	136,843,944 5,330,361 (35,037,679)	\$	125,486,134 21,541,560 (46,229,239)	\$	129,594,572 19,798,007 (55,759,589)	\$	132,334,102 23,010,803 (56,916,177)	\$	142,184,258 25,186,869 (134,700,758)	\$	164,695,436 26,936,571 (144,971,914)
\$	107,136,626	\$_	100,798,455	\$_	93,632,980	\$_	98,428,728	\$_	32,670,369	\$	46,660,093

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1)

	2007		2008		(2) 2009
Expenses					
General government	\$ 6,749,810	\$	8,802,344	\$	9,465,362
Public safety	26,964,061		33,766,246		35,665,589
Education	75,539,107		89,459,187		92,186,880
Public works	5,738,727		6,296,006		6,336,398
Health and human services	2,221,478		2,542,823		2,699,727
Culture and recreation.	728,672		1,150,914		1,355,992
Community development	1,760,889		1,833,093		1,372,317
Debt service - interest.	3,460,180		3,162,519		2,527,602
Total expenses.	123,162,924		147,013,132		151,609,867
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Public safety	4,998,734		4,514,069		4,700,260
Public works	1,358,377		1,210,082		1,446,499
Other activities	2,302,399		2,039,329		2,563,792
Operating grants and contributions	67,520,030		72,252,579		73,086,636
Capital grants and contributions	3,786,207		580,592	_	1,890,029
Total program revenues	79,965,747		80,596,651		83,687,216
Net (expense)/revenue	(43,197,177)		(66,416,481)		(67,922,651)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position (1)					
Real estate and personal property taxes.	30,114,992		31,523,741		34,562,918
Meals and room taxes	-		-		-
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	2,111,357		2,846,327		2,841,288
Penalties and interest on taxes	301,942		273,865		312,440
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,185,030		1,792,342		1,537,180
Unrestricted grants and contributions	10,539,794		10,560,559		10,440,670
Unrestricted investment income	1,695,467		1,710,427		2,100,745
Gain on sale of capital assets	-		-		-
Sale of land	-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-
Transfers, net.	1,507,253		1,539,270		(424,039)
Total general revenues and other changes in net position (1)	47,455,835		50,246,531		51,371,202
Change in net position (1)	\$ 4,258,658	\$_	(16,169,950)	\$	(16,551,449)

⁽¹⁾ Net position terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

⁽²⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the City implemented GASBS 45, which accounts for a significant portion of the decrease in net position of governmental activities

_	2010		2011		2012	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016
\$ 	8,584,122 36,002,662 97,560,358 6,187,990 1,854,061 916,324 1,546,870 2,756,957	\$	38,057,558 97,529,142 6,888,278 1,845,688 990,915 1,345,920 1,918,692	\$	6,303,492 34,245,664 101,583,304 6,392,827 4,003,944 909,974 1,774,591 742,879	\$	6,753,023 37,168,245 106,039,385 7,054,957 4,311,783 980,683 3,324,674 977,150	\$	6,396,204 37,333,683 108,824,624 7,330,891 4,397,671 818,969 2,535,337 832,886	\$	7,180,957 38,356,624 115,114,967 6,847,690 4,349,173 880,766 2,837,190 757,175	\$	6,504,975 42,312,639 124,549,859 6,649,021 4,736,315 924,397 3,557,852 743,493
_	155,409,344		157,454,698	_	155,956,675	-	166,609,900	_	168,470,265	_	176,324,542	_	189,978,551
	4,276,170		4,377,770		4,335,583		5,215,386		5,601,755		6,935,440		6,694,814
	1,529,503		1,346,420		1,421,310		1,434,148		1,436,700		1,573,631		1,550,192
	2,711,537		2,872,521		3,177,176		2,781,946		2,689,908		2,719,833		2,523,973
	77,955,416		78,148,183		78,837,387		83,700,933		91,442,874		91,452,200		101,301,162
	2,389,700		408,766		(1,065,126)		310,844		243,646		3,669,318		11,739,950
_	88,862,326		87,153,660	_	86,706,330	_	93,443,257	_	101,414,883	_	106,350,422	_	123,810,091
	(66,547,018)		(70,301,038)		(69,250,345)		(73,166,643)		(67,055,382)		(69,974,120)		(66,168,460)
	34,585,525		37,049,408		38,375,534		42,040,017		44,226,062		45,085,165		48,999,853
	83,513		556,526 7,001,354		602,918		871,300		1,108,668		1,167,829		1,668,783
	7,467,078 576,893		7,001,354 457,401		8,253,392 553,029		8,198,951 375,953		9,945,067 472,452		10,794,088 466,224		13,037,097 444,350
	1,738,295		1,483,189		1,221,920		1,221,631		2,139,017		1,252,908		2,084,999
	8,629,072		7,698,509		7,718,417		7,538,595		7,837,799		8,057,101		8,071,764
	1,352,951		940,588		406,508		142,796		737,599		95,655		1,090,810
	-		2,115,000		-		-		654,000		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		900,000		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
_	867,506	_	497,270	_	1,668,393	_	1,710,103	_	1,752,855	_	1,796,678	_	1,521,594
_	55,300,833		57,799,245	_	58,800,111	-	62,099,346	_	68,873,519	_	69,615,648	_	76,919,250
\$_	(11,246,185)	\$	(12,501,793)	\$	(10,450,234)	\$_	(11,067,297)	\$	1,818,137	\$	(358,472)	\$	10,750,790

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1)

	2007	_	2008		2009	_	2010
Expenses							
Water and Sewer\$	9,625,649	\$_	10,265,022	\$_	10,442,575	\$_	11,932,616
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	11,219,309		11,791,807		13,864,185		16,012,276
Operating grants and contributions	86,085		69,906		-		75,909
Capital grants and contributions	41,358		236,779		-		-
		-		_		_	
Total program revenues	11,346,752	_	12,098,492		13,864,185	_	16,088,185
						_	_
Net (expense)/revenue	1,721,103		1,833,470		3,421,610		4,155,569
General Revenues and Transfers							
Transfers, net	(1,507,253)		(1,539,270)		424,039		(867,506)
•							
Change in net position (1) \$	213,850	\$	294,200	\$_	3,845,649	\$_	3,288,063

⁽¹⁾ Net position terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

_	2011		2012		2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016
\$_	12,619,962	\$_	12,587,797	\$_	13,185,746	\$_	13,942,646	\$_	14,621,709	\$_	15,028,890
	17,304,563		18,344,616		18,474,949		18,389,953		18,916,044		18,658,888
	- 404,724		21,966 1,671		2,412 320,320		999 282,150		398,640		- 1,130,530
-	404,724	-	1,071	-	320,320	-	202,130	_	390,040	_	1,130,330
_	17,709,287	_	18,368,253	_	18,797,681	_	18,673,102	_	19,314,684	_	19,789,418
	5,089,325		5,780,456		5,611,935		4,730,456		4,692,975		4,760,528
_	(497,270)	-	(1,668,393)	-	(1,710,103)	_	(1,752,855)	. <u>-</u>	(1,796,678)	_	(1,521,594)
\$_	4,592,055	\$	4,112,063	\$	3,901,832	\$_	2,977,601	\$	2,896,297	\$_	3,238,934

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1)

_	2007	2008	 2009
Total expenses\$	132,788,573	\$ 157,278,154	\$ 162,052,442
Total program revenues.	91,312,499	92,695,143	 97,551,401
Net (expense)/revenue	(41,476,074)	(64,583,011)	(64,501,041)
Total general revenues, transfers and other changes in net position (1)	45,948,582	48,707,261	 51,795,241
Change in net position (1)	4,472,508	\$ (15,875,750)	\$ (12,705,800)

⁽¹⁾ Net position terminology per GASB Statement # 63 is being utilized

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016
\$	167,341,960 \$	170,074,660 \$	168,544,472 \$	179,795,646	\$	182,412,911	\$	190,946,251	\$	205,007,441
_	104,950,511	104,862,947	105,074,583	112,240,938	_	120,087,985	_	125,665,106	_	143,599,509
	(62,391,449)	(65,211,713)	(63,469,889)	(67,554,708)		(62,324,926)		(65,281,145)		(61,407,932)
_	54,433,327	57,301,975	57,131,718	60,389,243	_	67,120,664	_	67,818,970	_	75,397,656
\$_	(7,958,122) \$	(7,909,738) \$	(6,338,171) \$	(7,165,465)	\$_	4,795,738	\$_	2,537,825	\$_	13,989,724

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FUND BALANCES (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

-	2007	_	2008	_	2009	_	2010
General Fund							
Reserved\$	2,637,577	\$	4,843,824	\$	3,025,808	\$	2,915,917
Unreserved	10,218,873		11,257,433		11,379,449		14,297,478
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-
Restricted	-		-		-		-
Committed	-		-		-		-
Assigned	-		-		-		-
Unassigned		_		_		_	<u>-</u>
Total general fund\$	12,856,450	\$_	16,101,257	\$	14,405,257	\$	17,213,395
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved\$	3,305,523	\$	3,305,523	\$	3,880,532	\$	1,381,756
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	14,327,473		14,327,473		13,470,775		14,542,816
Debt service funds	9,430,547		9,430,547		9,927,538		10,648,346
Capital projects funds	(5,346,118)		(5,346,118)		(8,762,135)		984,799
Permanent funds	100,547		100,547		100,886		101,095
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-
Restricted	-		-		-		-
Unassigned		_		_		_	
Total all other governmental funds \$	21,817,972	\$_	21,817,972	\$_	18,617,596	\$_	27,658,812

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2011 represents the first year of implementing GASB Statement # 54

_	2011	_	(1) 2012	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		9,506		3,853		-		-		-
	-		150,000		308,767		504,854		718,710		970,408
	_		2,099,166		2,328,995		3,057,530		4,139,642		1,578,204
	2,385,892		3,049,473		3,741,435		5,884,258		3,330,311		2,477,123
_	24,345,161	_	24,079,453	_	26,894,097	_	33,680,292	_	34,395,684	_	43,212,229
\$_	26,731,053	\$_	29,387,598	\$_	33,277,147	\$_	43,126,934	\$_	42,584,347	\$_	48,237,964
_		_		_				_		_	_
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	_		_		_		_		_		<u>-</u>
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	22,392		1,060,180		1,060,180		739,250		683,351		323,786
	21,683,498		20,481,622		20,481,622		23,830,733		25,330,694		25,642,378
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	(190,172)	_	(670,421)	_	(493,971)
\$_	21,705,890	\$_	21,541,802	\$	21,541,802	\$	24,379,811	\$_	25,343,624	\$_	25,472,193

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2007	_	2008	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011
REVENUES										
Real estate and personal property taxes		28,944,381	\$	30,782,138	\$	32,522,544	\$	33,656,465	\$	35,997,749
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		2,332,484		2,557,448		2,858,058		7,241,592		7,111,447
Meals and room taxes		-		-		-		83,513		556,526
Tax and trash liens		366,997		382,714		305,512		1,058,925		907,060
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,185,030		1,792,342		1,537,180		1,738,295		1,483,189
Charges for services		2,491,044		2,296,533		2,522,413		2,768,668		3,142,666
Trash disposal		1,270,801		1,230,237		1,421,920		1,492,690		1,509,421
Intergovernmental		84,823,330		86,499,436		89,664,616		89,848,841		102,461,524
Penalties and interest on taxes.		301,942		273,865		325,535		576,893		457,401
Licenses, permits and fees		2,283,402		2,146,030		2,111,520		1,661,067		1,686,406
Fines and forfeitures.		1,534,903		1,792,603		1,807,763		1,791,144		1,811,801
Departmental		642,619		287,836		513,831		321,045		371,243
Contributions		690,561		1,083,262		1,408,736		1,805,273		976,743
Investment income		2,521,329		2,943,049	_	2,077,494		1,347,159		936,009
TOTAL REVENUES		129,388,823	_	134,067,493	_	139,077,122	_	145,391,570	_	159,409,185
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		3,428,427		3,628,137		4,456,416		3,647,141		4,116,985
Public safety		18,157,315		19,180,605		20,102,805		21,218,465		21,857,267
Education (1).		67,868,326		71,149,773		75,392,603		77,835,710		78,049,056
Public works.		5,112,018		5,374,352		8,526,985		5,142,611		6,205,921
Health and human services.		1,643,909		1,573,840		1,637,992		1,395,638		1,247,303
Culture and recreation.				541,176		476,234		449,369		530,524
		460,047 6,784,769		4,631,470		3,447,654		1,869,328		1,762,797
Community development										
Pension benefits (1)		9,001,662		9,807,679		10,366,861		10,778,985		11,459,731
Employee benefits (1)		5,839,623		6,209,239		6,877,797		6,511,415		6,259,620
Property and liability insurance		558,328		463,140		440,049		484,181		450,000
Claims and judgments		21,180		3,473		25,215		38,920		46,059
State and county charges		3,310,117		4,021,544		4,234,195		4,720,440		5,032,659
Debt service:										
Principal		6,857,391		6,797,357		6,913,970		7,439,494		25,196,312
Interest	_	3,497,188		3,181,787	-	2,543,985		2,483,699		1,619,804
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	132,540,300	_	136,563,572	_	145,442,761	-	144,015,396	_	163,834,038
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(3,151,477)		(2,496,079)	-	(6,365,639)		1,376,174		(4,424,853)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		3,959,770		2,897,989		4,271,345		4,372,919		27,034,339
Issuance of bonds and notes		653,000		743,000		12,828,352		1,625,950		5,136,656
Premium from issuance of bonds and notes		29,287		-		61,562		-		239,006
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		4,410,625		-		99,500
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds		_		_		121,901		_		4,991
Sale of capital assets		250,000		10,663				_		2,115,000
Sale of land						_		_		_,,
Capital leases.		_		232,355		_		102,809		_
Transfers out.		(2,440,246)		(1,343,497)		(4,695,384)		(3,505,413)		(26,537,069)
Refunded bonds redeemed		(2,110,210)		(1,040,471)		(1,0,0,004)		(0,000,410)		(102,834)
Payments to refunding bond escrow agent		-	_	-		(4,451,847)	_	-	_	(102,034)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		2,451,811	_	2,540,510		12,546,554	-	2,596,265	_	7,989,589
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(699,666)	\$	44,431	\$	6,180,915	\$	3,972,439	\$	3,564,736
DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		8.17%	_	7.51%		6.90%	-	7.06%	_	16.82%

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2007, the City began reporting the School Department's share of pension and employee benefit costs as Education expenditures

_	2012	_	2013		2014	2015		_	2016	
ď	27 051 071	ď	40 240 919	ø	42 520 062	φ		44.656.011	¢	40 000 076
\$	37,851,061	\$	40,349,818	\$	43,530,062	\$,	44,656,911	\$	48,082,876
	7,161,510		9,340,599		10,305,740			10,643,290		13,009,026
	602,918		871,300		1,108,668 1,240,594			1,167,829		1,668,783
	697,979 1,221,920		1,836,771 1,221,631					603,960 1,252,908		1,692,025 2,084,999
	3,403,374		3,400,408		2,139,017 2,824,712			3,111,715		3,452,170
	1,417,444		1,351,774		1,403,215			1,528,620		
	85,285,276		89,997,970		98,310,010			95,527,502		1,564,905 110,381,999
	553,029		375,953		472,452			466,224		444,350
	1,217,335		1,544,748		1,342,675			2,517,342		1,473,811
	1,660,704		2,007,744		2,348,181			2,353,081		2,400,469
	1,408,644		1,133,145		1,566,193			1,726,715		1,612,755
	1,356,822		1,483,355		975,896			1,254,660		942,042
	677,185		201,303		901,867			185,153		1,266,567
-		-	·		169 460 292	-			-	
-	144,515,201	-	155,116,519	•	168,469,282		_	166,995,910	-	190,076,777
	3,705,904		4,521,689		4,098,380			4,807,736		4,006,300
	21,330,776		26,344,654		25,818,310			25,900,880		27,360,973
	78,478,431		80,609,369		84,500,020			94,834,369		114,409,040
	6,974,591		6,467,158		7,768,296			8,401,759		7,737,530
	1,250,883		1,536,981		1,721,863			1,659,475		1,848,224
	452,279		418,499		558,400			491,973		512,727
	3,117,710		5,264,289		3,923,532			5,220,518		6,623,908
	12,258,832		12,731,118		13,078,542			6,537,620		6,764,363
	6,763,964		6,022,290		6,093,715			7,064,222		7,803,805
	373,711		475,362		450,000			651,504		695,638
	29,167		36,098		30,453			31,097		54,736
	5,507,326		6,900,308		8,011,029			9,378,341		11,647,770
	2,761,359		2,756,573		2,627,887			3,499,461		2,986,861
	1,118,855	_	1,007,448	_	926,936			792,407	_	685,399
	144,123,788		155,091,836		159,607,363			169,271,362		193,137,274
-	111/120/100	-	100,001,000	•	103/007/000	-		103/271/302	-	1,0,10,72,1
	391,413		24,683		8,861,919			(2,275,452)		(3,060,497)
-	0,1,110	-			0,000,000	-		(=/=: =/===)	•	(0,000,200)
	6,230,321		5,747,213		5,762,875			11,082,014		8,049,321
	394,000		2,751,628		-			-		7,187,037
	38,651		248		77,052			-		134,052
	-		-		802,857			-		-
	-		-		1,396,000			-		-
	-		-		-			-		-
	-		-		-			900,000		-
	-		-		-			-		-
	(4,561,928)		(4,037,110)		(4,010,020)			(9,285,336)		(6,527,727)
	-		-		(800,000)			-		-
-	-	-				-			-	
_	2,101,044	-	4,461,979		3,228,764	-		2,696,678	-	8,842,683
\$_	2,492,457	\$	4,486,662	\$	12,090,683	\$;	421,226	\$	5,782,186
=		-				-			=	
	2.79%		2.52%		2.30%			2.71%		2.24%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Assessed Value (2)					
		Commercial and		Total	Total	Equalized	Assessed Value
Fiscal	Residential	Industrial	Personal	Assessed	Direct	Actual	as a Percentage
Year	Real Property	Real Property	Property	Value	Tax Rate	Value (3)	of Actual Value
2007	1,747,423,205	640,162,304	58,162,900	2,445,748,409	12.53	2,642,115,600	92.57%
2008	1,734,194,631	614,984,682	70,899,900	2,420,079,213	12.25	2,856,347,100	84.73%
2009 (1) 1,532,423,197	617,642,043	79,844,500	2,229,909,740	13.01	2,856,347,100	78.07%
2010	1,284,140,289	597,622,166	85,033,150	1,966,795,605	14.92	2,344,168,400	83.90%
2011	1,266,881,856	573,416,736	92,734,520	1,933,033,112	17.96	2,344,168,400	82.46%
2012 (1) 1,232,708,179	556,636,461	95,916,000	1,885,260,640	19.01	2,237,742,500	84.25%
2013	1,264,203,453	571,459,665	111,145,390	1,946,808,508	20.75	2,237,742,500	87.00%
2014	1,275,660,981	567,198,165	117,035,520	1,959,894,666	21.85	2,234,376,700	87.72%
2015	1,487,308,702	612,872,638	117,761,940	2,217,943,280	20.13	2,234,376,700	99.26%
2016	1,665,190,615	631,635,662	130,843,020	2,427,669,297	21.32	2,791,398,900	86.97%

Source: Assessing Department

- (1) Revaluation year
- (2) As of January 1st
- (3) Value is based on equalized valuations determined biennially by the Commissioner of Revenue

DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES (1) (2)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Residential Real Property	Commercial and Industrial Real Property	Personal Property	Total Direct (3)
2007	9.33	19.54	19.54	12.08
2008	9.95	20.76	20.76	12.85
2009	10.80	23.96	23.96	13.69
2010	12.09	29.00	29.00	16.57
2011	12.92	30.60	30.60	17.49
2012	13.81	32.92	32.92	20.00
2013	14.13	34.20	34.20	20.75
2014	14.88	36.04	36.04	21.85
2015	14.40	33.45	33.45	20.13
2016	14.25	32.25	32.25	21.32

Source: Assessing Department

(1) Rates are applicable to each \$1,000 of assessed value

(2) Per the initiatives of Proposition 2 1/2 adopted by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the City cannot levy more than 2.5 percent of the total full and fair cash value of all taxable real and personal property. The City's levy is also limited in that it cannot increase more than 2.5 percent from the prior year, with certain exceptions for new growth or through overrides and exclusions adopted by City voters.

(3) Calculated by dividing the net tax levy by total assessed value divided by 1,000

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

<u> </u>		2016		2007			
Taxpayer	Amount of Tax	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Levy	Amount of Tax	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Levy	
Nstar Services\$	2,667,290	1	5.64%	\$ 605,662	3	2.05%	
Urban Growth Properties	1,404,429	2	2.97%	826,542	1	2.80%	
Anthony C Simboli	1,247,946	3	2.64%	803,065	2	2.72%	
Demoulas Super Markets Inc	1,191,995	4	2.52%	360,486	6	1.22%	
FR Chelsea Commons	1,113,853	5	2.36%	-		-	
Griffin Way LLC	969,303	6	2.05%	595,065	4	2.01%	
KeySpan/Boston Gas	590,865	7	1.25%	-		-	
Catamount Petroleum Limited Partnership	583,274	8	1.23%	295,435	9	1.00%	
One North Boston	485,217	9	1.03%	-		-	
Parkside Commons	444,982	10	0.94%	-		-	
New England Produce Center	-		-	295,730	8	1.00%	
Admiral Hill Association	-		-	300,873	7	1.02%	
General Mills / Pillsbury	-		-	285,298	10	0.97%	
Parkway Plaza Venture				437,508	5	1.48%	
Total \$_	10,699,154		22.62%	\$ 4,805,664		16.27%	

Source: Assessing Department

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Collected v Fiscal Year			Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Net Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Net Levy Collected	Actual Subsequent Collections	Total Tax Collections	Total Collections as a % of Net Levy	
2007	29,542,591	28,584,863	96.76%	87,245	28,672,108	97.05%	
2008	31,094,201	30,159,309	96.99%	554,283	30,713,592	98.78%	
2009	32,533,065	31,721,963	97.51%	561,502	32,283,465	99.23%	
2010	34,888,374	33,582,088	96.26%	656,313	34,238,401	98.14%	
2011	36,340,614	35,212,941	96.90%	786,348	35,999,289	99.06%	
2012	37,698,372	37,043,761	98.26%	671,510	37,715,271	100.04%	
2013	40,399,463	39,627,287	98.09%	839,373	40,466,660	100.17%	
2014	42,820,454	42,549,387	99.37%	577,035	43,126,422	100.71%	
2015	44,639,903	44,626,213	99.97%	439,281	45,065,494	100.95%	
2016	47,289,241	46,733,354	98.82%	-	46,733,354	98.82%	

Source: Assessing Department

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gover	nmental Activ	vities	Business-Ty	rpe Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	State House Notes	Loans	General Obligation Bonds	MWRA and MWPAT Notes	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Median Family Income (1)	Per Capita (1)	
2007	49,921,891	-	-	12,113,106	645,439	62,680,436	5.92%	1,787	
2008	43,867,534	-	-	11,684,463	894,255	56,446,252	5.36%	1,615	
2009	49,917,541	_	_	11,217,947	1,866,489	63,001,977	5.97%	1,801	
2010	43,603,997	-	-	10,399,950	1,887,642	55,891,589	5.29%	1,592	
2011	23,623,841	420,000	_	11,299,067	3,156,511	38,499,419	2.78%	1,097	
2012	21,341,482	335,000	_	10,252,455	3,182,629	35,111,566	2.47%	998	
2013	20,021,537	250,000	1,400,000	9,273,463	4,102,147	35,047,147	2.31%	996	
2014	17,481,507	165,000	1,400,000	9,588,493	4,615,206	33,250,206	2.15%	945	
2015	14,967,047	80,000	500,000	7,717,953	4,618,205	27,883,205	1.68%	793	
2016	19,747,224	-	-	7,487,814	4,905,739	32,140,777	1.93%	914	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" schedule located in the Statistical Section for median family income and population data. These ratios are calculated using median family income and population for the prior calendar year in which both median family income and population data exist.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Gross General Bonded Debt	Less: Resources Restricted for Debt Principal	Total Net General Bonded Debt	(1) Percentage of Assessed Value	(2) Per Capita
2007	62,034,997	9,430,547	52,604,450	2.15%	1,500
2008	55,551,997	9,927,538	45,624,459	1.89%	1,301
2009	61,135,488	10,400,021	50,735,467	2.28%	1,446
2010	54,003,947	10,648,346	43,355,601	2.20%	1,236
2011	34,922,908	-	34,922,908	1.81%	996
2012	31,593,937	-	31,593,937	1.68%	898
2013	29,295,000	-	29,295,000	1.50%	833
2014	27,070,000	-	27,070,000	1.38%	770
2015	22,685,000	-	22,685,000	1.02%	645
2016	27,235,038	-	27,235,038	1.12%	774

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Property value data can be found in the "Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" schedule located in the Statistical Section

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" schedule located in the Statistical Section

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2015						
Fiscal year 2016 equalized valuation.	\$_	2,791,398,900	ı			
Normal debt limit (5% of equalized valuation)	_	139,569,945				
Debt applicable to limit:						
Total bonded debt		19,747,224				
Less: General obligation bonds exempted by authority of state legislature	_	(2,220,000)				
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	17,527,224				
Legal debt margin.	\$_	122,042,721	ı			
				E: 13/		
	_			Fiscal Year		
	_	2007	-	2008	_	2009
Normal debt limit	\$	132,105,791	\$	142,817,356	\$	142,817,357
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	4,831,891	-	4,942,534		17,082,541
Legal debt margin	\$_	127,273,900	\$	137,874,822	\$	125,734,816
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of normal debt limit		3.66%		3.46%		11.96%

Fiscal Year

_	2010	_	2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015		2016	
\$	117,208,420	\$	117,208,420	\$ 111,887,125	\$ 111,887,125	\$ 111,718,835	\$ 111,718,835	\$	139,569,945	
_	20,793,997	_	24,043,841	 16,965,982	 16,196,287	 13,656,257	 12,217,047	. <u>-</u>	17,527,224	
\$_	96,414,423	\$_	93,164,579	\$ 94,921,143	\$ 95,690,838	\$ 98,062,578	\$ 99,501,788	\$	122,042,721	
	17.74%		20.51%	15.16%	14.48%	12.22%	10.94%		12.56%	

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Massachusetts Water Resource Authority\$	5,775,115,000	1.72% \$	99,260,848
City direct debt		······	19,747,224
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$	119,008,072

Source: Massachusetts Water Resource Authority

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of total overlapping debt is derived from the City's share of capital charges divided by the total MWRA debt at fiscal year end.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Median Family Income (1) (4)	Unemployment Rate (%) (2)	Per Capita Income
2006	35,080	30,161 (3)	5.8%	14,628 (3)
2007	35,080	30,161	6.4%	14,628
2008	35,080	30,161	6.3%	14,628
2009	35,080	30,161	9.4%	14,628
2010	35,080	30,161	10.6%	14,628
2011	35,177	40,487	9.6%	14,628
2012	35,177	43,155	8.7%	20,214
2013	35,177	43,919	9.0%	19,625
2014	35,177	47,291	6.1%	20,617
2015	35,177	48,725	5.0%	21,523

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census
- (2) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (3) Data not available for 2006-2009 (the number reported is 2005 data)
- (4) The City is presenting Median Family Income data because Personal Income data is not available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2016			2007			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
City of Chelsea	1,317	1	7.15%	1,217	1	8.92%	
MITC	1,000	2	5.43%	1,100	2	8.06%	
Market Basket	900	3	4.89%	300	4	2.20%	
MWRA	549	4	2.98%	564	3	4.13%	
State Garden	500	5	2.72%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Kayem Foods	323	6	1.75%	179	9	1.31%	
Massachusetts General Hospital	245	7	1.33%	250	6	1.83%	
Metropolitan Credit Union	216	8	1.17%	221	8	1.62%	
Paul Reverse Transportation	200	9	1.09%	260	5	1.91%	
Soldiers Home	200	10	1.09%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Signature Breads		N/A	N/A	230	7	1.69%	
Stop & Shop		N/A	N/A	147	10	1.08%	
Total	5,450		29.60%	4,468		32.76%	

Source: Department of Planning and Development

EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 Function/Program General government..... Public safety..... Education..... Public works Health and human services.... Culture and recreation..... Community development..... Water and sewer..... 1,222 1,255 1,280 1,283 1,242 1,254 1,265 1,249 1,287 1,317 Total.....

Source: Various departments

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program					
Public safety					
Police					
Offenses committed	7,632	8,795	9,110	9,450	8,624
Crime-related incidents	3,543	3,878	3,744	3,626	3,244
Non-crime related incidents	1,707	1,636	1,611	1,846	1,857
Arrests (on view)	1,577	1,713	1,793	1,825	1,871
Arrests (based on incident/warrants)	408	388	399	429	500
Summons arrests	10	6	5	4	2
Total arrests	1,995	2,107	2,197	2,258	2,373
Juvenile arrests	137	124	95	70	118
Hearings	533	559	589	834	585
Summons	340	383	573	652	510
Restraint orders	373	367	381	352	379
Citations	3,561	6,966	<i>7,</i> 795	8,325	7,799
Fire					
Fires extinguished (1)	326	268	271	376	317
Education					
Public school enrollment	5,571	5,603	5,641	5,699	5,709
Culture and recreation					
Library volumes in collection	76,633	77,103	79,025	80,443	71,260
Library volumes borrowed	49,459	53,136	61,501	74,340	68,649
Water					
Average daily consumption (1)					
(million gallons/day)	3.010	2.750	3.040	3.048	3.064
Peak daily consumption (1)					
(million gallons/day)	4.400	3.700	3.940	3.700	3.418
Sewer					
Average daily sewage treatment (1)					
(million gallons/day)	4.030	4.350	4.130	3.900	5.080

Source: Various departments

(1) Data is on a calendar year basis

(2) Data is not available

Fiscal Year					
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
8,483	7,227	6,948	6,489	6,050	
3,406	3,296	3,134	2,862	2,782	
1,789	1,865	2,092	2,285	1,451	
1,630	1,468	1,306	1,353	1,246	
413	390	452	407	344	
3	4	8	34	40	
2,046	1,862	1,766	1,794	1,630	
70	101	106	108	100	
640	471	438	357	314	
498	374	349	442	426	
335	407	346	391	356	
8,188	6,371	7,126	4,986	3,654	
425	395	430	(2)	N/A	
5,883	6,044	6,288	6,554	6,574	
72,348	66,487	72,617	64,735	59,672	
67,912	64,721	63,588	60,073	71,930	
•	,	•	,	,	
3.077	3.078	3.206	3.264	3.250	
3.800	3.700	3.900	(2)	N/A	

4.870

5.200

4.350

5.490

5.210

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function/Program							
Public safety							
Police							
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire							
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trucks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Education							
Public school buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public works							
Streets (miles)	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Streetlights	1,708	1,805	1,805	1,771	1,771	1,771	1,771
Traffic signals	47	47	47	53	53	53	53
Culture and recreation							
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water							
Water mains (miles)	61	61	61	61	61	61	61
Sewer							
Sewers (miles)	41	41	41	41	41	41	41

Source: Various City Departments

Fiscal Year					
2014	2015	2016			
1	1	1			
3	3	3			
6	6	6			
4	4	4			
44	44	44			
1,771	1,771	1,821			
53	53	53			
1	1	1			
61	61	61			
41	41	41			

