

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



VILLAGE OF BURRRIDGE A VERY SPECIAL PLACE

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

Prepared by: Finance Department

Jerry Sapp Finance Director

Amy Nelson, CPA Assistant Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal 1 2 List of Principal Officials 8 Organizational Chart **FINANCIAL SECTION INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT** <u>11</u> MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 14 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position <u>29</u> Statement of Activities 31 **Fund Financial Statements** Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds <u>33</u> Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities <u>35</u> Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 37 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities 39 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds 41 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds <u>43</u> Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds <u>44</u> Statement of Fiduciary Net Position <u>45</u> Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position <u>46</u> Notes to Financial Statements <u>47</u>

PAGE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

FINANCIAL SECTION - Continued

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	<u>91</u>
Police Pension Fund	<u>92</u>
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	<u>94</u>
Police Pension Fund	<u>96</u>
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Police Pension Fund	<u>98</u>
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability	
Retiree Benefit Plan	<u>99</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
General Fund	<u>100</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Debt Service Fund	<u>105</u>
Capital Improvements - Capital Projects Fund	<u>106</u>
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>107</u>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>108</u>
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	<u>109</u>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	<u>110</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund	<u>111</u>
Hotel/Motel - Special Revenue Fund	<u>112</u>
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	<u>113</u>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	<u>114</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Sidewalks/Pathways - Capital Projects Fund	<u>115</u>
Storm Water Management - Capital Projects Fund	<u>116</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

FINANCIAL SECTION - Continued

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Continued

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Equipment Replacement - Capital Projects Fund	<u>117</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	
Water - Enterprise Fund	<u>118</u>
Sewer - Enterprise Fund	<u>119</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	
Information Technology - Internal Service Fund	<u>120</u>
Schedule of Changes in the Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual	
Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund	<u>121</u>
Consolidated Year-End Financial Report	<u>122</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

Long-Term Debt Requirements	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2017	<u>124</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>127</u>
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>129</u>
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>131</u>
Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>133</u>
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years - Cook County	<u>135</u>
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years	<u>137</u>
Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago	<u>139</u>
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>140</u>
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>141</u>
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>142</u>
Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	<u>143</u>
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin	<u>145</u>
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>147</u>
Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago	<u>148</u>
Full-Time Village Government Employees by Function/Program	<u>149</u>
Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>151</u>
Capital Asset Statistics by Activity - Last Ten Fiscal Years	<u>153</u>

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the Village of Burr Ridge including:

- Letter of Transmittal
- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart





Gary Grasso Mayor

J. Douglas Pollock Village Administrator

7660 County Line Rd - Burr Ridge, IL 60527 (630) 654-8181- Fax (630) 654-8269 - www.burr-ridge.gov

August 31, 2020

To the Mayor of the Village of Burr Ridge Trustees of the Village Board Citizens and Businesses of the Village of Burr Ridge

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois for fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 is hereby submitted. Illinois state law requires that the Village issue a report on their financial position and activity within six months of the fiscal year. This report complies with the requirement for fiscal year ending April 30, 2020.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information and presentation. We believe the data is in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and is audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2020, the licensed certified public accounting firm of Lauterbach & Amen LLP, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Village of Burr Ridge – that financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The independent auditors' report can be found in the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE VILLAGE OF BURR RIDGE

Located approximately 20 miles southwest of Chicago in both DuPage and Cook counties, the Village of Burr Ridge encompasses a 7.1 square mile area and is home to 10,559 residents based on the 2010 Federal Census. The Village was incorporated on October 30, 1956, originally named Village of Harvester. In August 1962, the name of the community was changed to the Village of Burr Ridge. It operates as a non-home rule community.

The Village operates under a trustee form of government as defined by Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Mayor, Village Clerk, and six trustees are elected at large to serve four-year terms, with three trustees elected every second year. The Village Administrator is appointed by the Mayor with the advice and consent of the Village Board. The Administrator hires department heads and is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Village. The Village staff is divided into four departments of Administration, Finance, Police and Public Works. They are responsible for providing the various services the Village offers.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The Village of Burr Ridge is an affluent community in the southwest suburbs, with residents residing in more than 3,000 homes. The Village is known for upscale single-family homes and large lots. Home values and the property tax base are strong with an assessed valuation averaging a 4% growth over the past 5 years.

Burr Ridge's business community is active with more than 500 businesses and is home to several major corporations. The principal businesses of the Village employ approximately 2,300 employees. The Burr Ridge Village Center, an upscale mixed-use lifestyle center, serves as the Village's downtown. In addition, the business community has five major hotels and 24 upscale restaurants and eating establishments.

These factors, along with a diverse revenue composite, provide a robust financial position and an exceptionally strong local economy and tax base. Burr Ridge's credit position is very good. The Aa1 rating is stronger than the US cities median of Aa3.

The Village's financial position is strong with a high-level of reserves, robust economic resource base, and superior operating performance. However, these strengths have been challenged by the COVID-19 pandemic that started at the end of the fiscal year. As a result, the Village has taken steps to mitigate the financial impact to the Village by implementing postponement of large capital expenditures and discretionary expenses as the financial position improves.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Village prepares a detailed multi-year budget and financial plan. The Village Board priorities continue to be crime prevention, maintenance of streets and storm water infrastructure, and maintaining the property values of the residents.

The annual budgeting process provides Village staff policies and guidelines to plan for personnel, supplies, contractual services, and equipment for continued municipal services to residents and businesses. The planning is for not only for the next fiscal year but projected out an additional four years.

To expedite business and to assist the Village in making its policy decisions and meeting its legal obligations, a number of independent committees have been created to serve in an advisory capacity. For long-term infrastructure planning and economic development, the following committees are established:

Street Policy Committee

The Street Policy Committee, a standing committee of the Village Board, is comprised of members of the Board of Trustees. The committee reviews the 5-Year Road Program and each year makes a recommendation to the full Board of Trustees on the annual road program for the year.

Sidewalks & Pathway Committee

The Pathway Commission's mission is to safely link areas of the Village and expand the sense of community by providing pathways to shopping areas, schools, parks and neighborhoods.

Stormwater Management Committee

The Stormwater Committee is comprised of residents and members of the Board of Trustees. It acts as a recommending body to advise the Village Board and Staff on ways to maintain and enhance the Village's overall stormwater management system. The Committee is charged with the following responsibilities:

- 1. To minimize the impact that future development will have on the Village's stormwater management system and promote sound engineering practices through the periodic review and update of the Village's stormwater and flood ordinances.
- 2. To review citizen drainage and flood complaints and present recommendations to correct these drainage problems if necessary.
- 3. To study current deficiencies in the stormwater management system and present recommendations to minimize and possibly eliminate historic stormwater problems throughout the Village.

Water Committee

The Water Committee is a standing committee of the Village Board, and is comprised of members of the Board of Trustees. It reviews engineering recommendations for major improvements to the water pumping and distribution infrastructure, periodically reviews the water rates, and makes recommendations to the Board of Trustees.

Economic Development Committee

The Economic Development Committee (EDC) is another committee that is committed to growing a stronger business climate by being an active partner with businesses, investors, and residents. The EDC strengthens economic development in the Village by developing business retention, expansion, and attraction programs; the creation and implementation of economic development plans and policies; being business ambassadors to the community; coordinating with other governments on projects; and submitting an annual Economic Development Position Report to the Village Board at the beginning of the fiscal year.

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND INITIATIVES

Over the past fiscal year, the Village accomplished many of the goals set forth in Fiscal Year 2019-2020. The Village's major initiatives by department in 2019-2020 included:

<u>Administration</u>: The Village Board established the Complete Count Committee to act as a liaison for the community for the 2020 Census. Staff has been working alongside the committee to help promote an accurate and complete count.

Several community events including Armed Forces Day, the 16th Annual Run the Ridge 5K, Jingle Mingle, and the 12th Annual Car Show were completed during Fiscal Year 2019-2020. With the support of local organizations and businesses, these events drew larger crowds than in years past and were a great success.

To promote downtown economic development, established recurring meetings with Village Center and County Line Square ownership and management for purposes of promoting communication and awareness of ongoing issues and pursuit of common development goals. Staff established a monthly meeting schedule with the Village Center to discuss special events, management issues, economic development and planning opportunities as well as provided a platform for Village staff to dialogue with residents of the property. Met with managers/owners of every business in downtown district/property. Staff made significant progress in this venture at County Line Square and has begun to work on tenants at the Village Center.

To enhance communications, Administration prepared a Village-wide communications plan. This plan documented all processes in a central, living document with the goal of providing clear, efficient, reproducible lines of communication between authors and audiences.

Finance and Technology: The Finance Department developed an enhanced quarterly financial statements reporting model to be distributed regularly to the Board of Trustees and staff during the year.

Per the Village's six-year auditor rotation policy, the Village also completed the request for proposal process for a new auditing firm and selected new auditors, Lauterbach & Amen LLP. Concentration on local government experience was a key factor in the selection process.

Several Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Systems were implemented, in addition to supplemental training. The Finance Department provided internal consulting and project management in the implementation the following major systems.

- BS&A Work Orders: Provided services to Public Works Department to implement the Work Orders system to track and manage their workload across all of their divisions. Integrated with the BS&A Utility Billing to manage service calls for meter readings, replacements, and new installations. Begin moving to a paperless tracking system for various tasks such as main breaks, snow plowing, street repairs, tree maintenance, and special projects.
- BS&A Human Resources: Provided services to Village departments to implement the Human Resource module. This system is used in Finance and Administration to better coordinate information and processes of personnel.

- BS&A Business Licensing: Provided services to Administration to implement Business Licensing that provides for tracking businesses, licenses and fees. Integrate with the BS&A Financials. Custom designed licenses, letters, payments, penalties, and late charges structure.
- BS&A Building Permits: Provided services to Administration for additional training, integration and customization on the Permit system and process.

Police: The Police Department implemented a new CAD & Police Records Management System (RMS). Staff trained with the DuPage County ETSB Project Manager with the implementation of the countywide CAD & RMS.

As part of an officer wellness program, the Police Department also implemented a 12-hour shift program for the patrol shifts during the fiscal year. Due to retirements from years of dedicated service and vacancies, the department also welcomed two new officers during the year as well as promoted a patrol officer to Corporal. In addition, the department converted two part-time Data Specialists positions to a full-time position.

Village of Burr Ridge Police Officers received honors in 2019 for service that went beyond the typical call of duty. The honors and awards included seven officers receiving the Life Saving Award, four officers receiving the Meritorious Service Award, and three officers receiving the Distinguished Service Award.

The Village of Burr Ridge Police Department once again co-hosted the National Concerns of Police Survivors Conference on Wellness and Trauma during the fiscal year. Over 625 police officers and those, working with police departments from around the nation attended the conference that focused on dealing with such topics as stress, officer suicide, PTSD, and pro-active wellness.

<u>Public Works</u>: The Public Works Department completed various downtown and neighborhood street improvements during the fiscal year, including the Burr Ridge Parkway resurfacing project in the heart of downtown Burr Ridge. The Villages 2019 Road Program resurfaced over two miles of Burr Ridge neighborhood streets and crack sealed an additional four miles of streets.

Staff coordinated and managed the County Line Road Sidewalk Project to address the sidewalk gap alongside the east side of County Line Road from Longwood Drive to 60th Street at Katherine Legge Memorial Park.

A Street Light/Street Sign Inventory was completed with the assistance of Cloudpoint, the Village's GIS consultant. The department will complete a BMP database, and update tree inventory in the upcoming fiscal year.

Using an engineering intern, the department conducted the bi-annual street condition and rating report for 2019, and updated the 5-year Road Program and presented to the Street Policy Committee in December.

Two aging sections of the Village water main were replaced in the fall 2019. Staff coordinated and managed the construction with an engineering consultant for the water main replacement projects along County Line Lane and Carriage Place in the Carriage Way Subdivision, and Chasemoor Drive at 79th Street.

During the fiscal year, parkway tree replacements were done as staff coordinated the removal of 140 trees because of emerald ash borer (EAB) infestation and replanted nearly 100 new trees. The Village continues to treat Ash trees.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICES

The Village has established several specific policies to guide its financial operations. These policies address all aspects of the Village's finances including budget development, fund balance reserves, cash management, debt issuance, investments, auditor rotation, financial reporting, and capital improvement multi-year planning.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The April 30, 2020 fiscal year marks the first time that the Village is applying for the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its comprehensive annual financial report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedication and hard work of the entire Finance Department team. In particular, I would like to acknowledge Assistant Finance Director Amy Nelson, Accounting Analyst Amy Sullivan, Accounting Specialist Preeti Goel, and Accounting Specialist (PT) Lori Dolce.

We would also like to acknowledge all Burr Ridge departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare the report. Finally, we would like to thank the Mayor and Board for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Village of Burr Ridge.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jenny C. Supp

Jerry Sapp Finance Director

List of Principal Officials April 30, 2020

Gary A. Grasso, Mayor

Trustees

Guy R. Franzese, Jr Zachary J. Mottl Antonio Schiappa Anita Mital Albert J. Paveza Joseph T. Snyder

Administration

J. Douglas Pollock, A.I.C.P., Village Administrator Evan B. Walter, Assistant Village Administrator

Finance

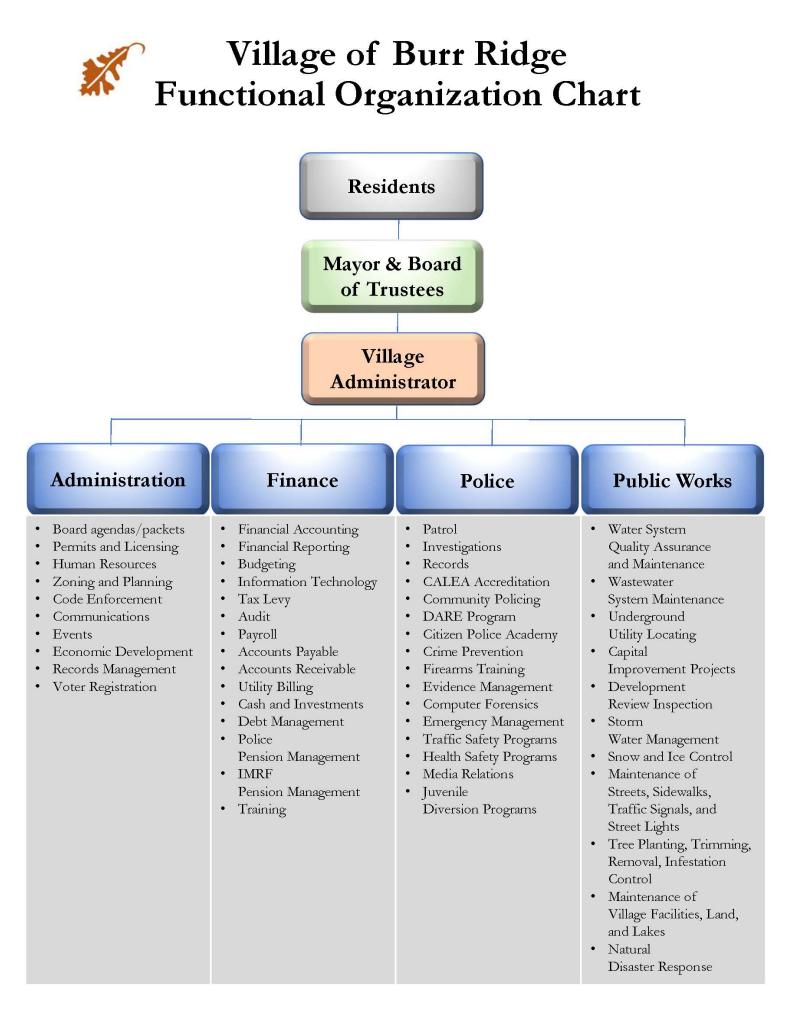
Jerry Sapp, Finance Director Amy Nelson, CPA, Assistant Finance Director

Police

John W. Madden, Chief of Police Marc Loftus, Deputy Chief

Public Works

David T. Preissig, Public Works Director



FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information Other Supplementary Information Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.

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Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 31, 2020

The Honorable Village Mayor Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois August 31, 2020 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, supplemental schedule, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Lauterbach & Amen. LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides the reader with a narrative overview and analysis of the overall financial position and results of operations for the year ended April 30, 2020, for the Village Burr Ridge. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page 1 and the Village's financial statements, which begin on page 29.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During the year, government-wide revenues before transfers for the primary government totaled \$16,812,956, while expenses totaled \$20,969,536, resulting in a decrease of net position of \$4,156,580.
- The Village's restated net position decreased as a result of this year's operations. Net position of business-type activities decreased by \$906,610, or 1.7% and net position of the governmental activities also decreased by 3,249,970 or 1.3%. Contributing factors to the decrease in governmental activities were increases in the net pension liability of the police pension fund of \$1.2 million and in the total Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) retiree benefit plan liability of \$794,037.
- The Village of Burr Ridge's net position as of April 30, 2020 totaled \$294,541,392 which includes \$296,297,993 net investment in capital assets and \$5,086,458 subject to external restrictions.
- Total governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$11,384,960 of which \$4,458,673 is unassigned and available for spending at the Village's discretion.
- The General Fund reported a surplus this year of \$278,077, resulting in ending fund balance of \$5,318,933, an increase of 5.5%. This surplus was largely due to expenditure savings over the original budget in the public safety and public works functions.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,458,673 or 52.7% of total expenditures and transfers.
- Beginning net position for the Village was restated from \$298,976,231 to \$298,697,972 due to a correction in order to comply with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* and a correction of receivables.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A serves as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements that are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements provide information on the finances of the Village as a whole and present a long-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements tell how the Village's activities were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. They also report in greater detail than the government wide statements. Together, these statements allow for in-depth comparison of the Village's financial activities, and for comparison with the financial state of other governments. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the basic financial statements. This annual report also contains supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report. The financial statements' focus is on both the Village as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the Village's accountability.

The *Statement of Net Position* reports information on all of the Village's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the Village.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, and public works. The business-type activities of the Village include water and sewer operations.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's most significant funds, rather than about the Village as a whole. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Funds: Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service and Capital Improvements, which are considered major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds (Motor Fuel Tax, Hotel/Motel Tax, Sidewalk Replacement, Storm Water Management and Equipment Replacement) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 107-117 in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds is provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements are shown on pages 33-39 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The Village maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund, which are considered to be major funds of the Village. Conversely, the Information Technology fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in a single column. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is provide elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 41-44 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 45-46 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47-89 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's funding of I.M.R.F. and Police pension obligations to provide retirement benefits to its employees. In addition, schedules of budgetary comparison schedules for funds is also presented. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 91-100 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service fund is presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 105-122 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table represents the net position as of April 30, 2020. Net position serves over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$294,541,392.

	Net Position					
	Governn	nental	Busine	ss-Type		
	Activi	ties	Activities		Totals	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and Other Assets	\$ 15,442,111	16,311,072	3,980,184	4,395,566	19,422,295	20,706,638
Capital Assets	251,121,829	251,843,671	51,184,560	51,387,493	302,306,389	303,231,164
Total Assets	266,563,940	268,154,743	55,164,744	55,783,059	321,728,684	323,937,802
Deferred Outflows	3,486,414	3,762,886	305,591	523,278	3,792,005	4,286,164
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	270,050,354	271,917,629	55,470,335	56,306,337	325,520,689	328,223,966
Long-Term Debt	23,849,875	2,075,971	1,101,096	298,888	24,950,971	2,374,859
Other Liabilities	1,948,098	22,922,895	527,994	862,336	2,476,092	23,785,231
Total Liabilities	25,797,973	24,998,866	1,629,090	1,161,224	27,427,063	26,160,090
Deferred Inflows	3,295,684	2,970,648	256,550	116,997	3,552,234	3,087,645
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	s 29,093,657	27,969,514	1,885,640	1,278,221	30,979,297	29,247,735
-						
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	245,113,433	245,822,475	51,184,560	51,387,493	296,297,993	297,209,968
Restricted	5,086,458	3,407,865		—	5,086,458	3,407,865
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,243,194)	(5,282,225)	2,400,135	3,640,623	(6,843,059)	(1,641,602)
-						
Total Net Position	240,956,697	243,948,115	53,584,695	55,028,116	294,541,392	298,976,231

A large portion of the Village's net position, \$296,297,993 or 100.60%, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The negative unrestricted net position for governmental activities is primarily due to the adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

An additional portion, \$5,086,458 or 1.73%, of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Change in Net Position					
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-Type		
	Activ	ities	Activities		Totals	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
-	\$ 1,388,160	1,483,046	5,546,657	5,442,584	6,934,817	6,925,630
Operating Grants/Contrib.	389,645	447,561			389,645	447,561
Capital Grants/Contrib.	452,477		_	112,769	452,477	112,769
General Revenues				*	,	,
Property Taxes	1,484,927	1,376,896			1,484,927	1,376,896
Sales Taxes	2,362,164	2,632,829	_		2,362,164	2,632,829
Income Taxes	1,144,430	1,091,703	_		1,144,430	1,091,703
Other Taxes	2,559,021	2,389,745	_		2,559,021	2,389,745
Other General Revenues	1,070,306	1,177,836	415,169	237,583	1,485,475	1,415,419
Total Revenues	10,851,130	10,599,616	5,961,826	5,792,936	16,812,956	16,392,552
-						
Expenses		2 5 4 2 2 5 5			< 12 1 0 CO	
General Government	6,434,969	3,543,277			6,434,969	3,543,277
Public Safety	5,429,650	6,723,963			5,429,650	6,723,963
Public Works	2,122,558	2,305,576	—		2,122,558	2,305,576
Interest	113,923	108,920	< • • • • • • • • •		113,923	108,920
Water		—	6,204,570	6,127,805	6,204,570	6,127,805
Sewer			663,866	522,137	663,866	522,137
Total Expenses	14,101,100	12,681,736	6,868,436	6,649,942	20,969,536	19,331,678
Change in Net Position	(3,249,970)	(2,082,120)	(906,610)	(857,006)	(4,156,580)	(2,939,126)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	244,206,667	246,030,235	54,491,305	55,885,122	298,697,972	301,915,357
Net Position - Ending	240,956,697	243,948,115	53,584,695	55,028,116	294,541,392	298,976,231

Net position of the Village's governmental activities decreased by 1.3% (\$240,956,697 in 2020 compared to \$244,206,667 in 2019). Net position of business-type activities decreased by 1.7% (\$53,584,695 in 2020 compared to \$54,491,305 in 2019).

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$10,851,130, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$14,101,100. This results in a deficit of \$3,249,970. In 2019, expenses of \$12,681,736 exceeded revenues of \$10,599,616, resulting in a deficit of \$2,082,120.

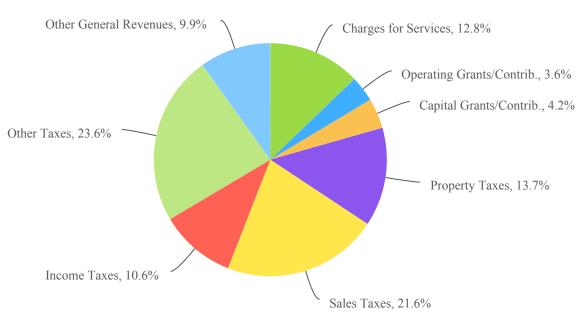
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities

The large deficit in 2020 was due in large part to the increase in the net pension liability of \$1,256,353, change in deferred items for the IMRF retirement plan of \$575,664 as well as the increase in the total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) retiree benefit plan liability of \$794,037. The Covid-19 event was also a contributing factor at the end of the fiscal year as the Village realized lower than expected revenues for sales tax, hotel tax and places of eating tax than what was originally budgeted.

The following chart graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Village. The Village maintains diverse revenue sources in which no source exceeds 24% of total revenues to fund governmental activities. The Village relies most heavily on sales taxes, other taxes (hotel tax and places of eating tax), property taxes and charges for services. The chart also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the Village receives from income taxes.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

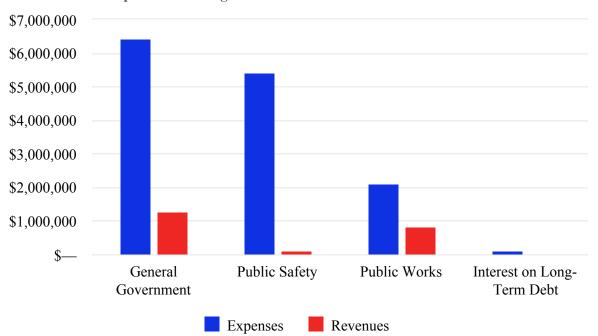




GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

As depicted in the chart above, general government, public safety and public works expenses far exceed any directly allocated revenues. Unlike the Water and Sewer Funds that are supported by user fees, these activities are substantially tax supported.

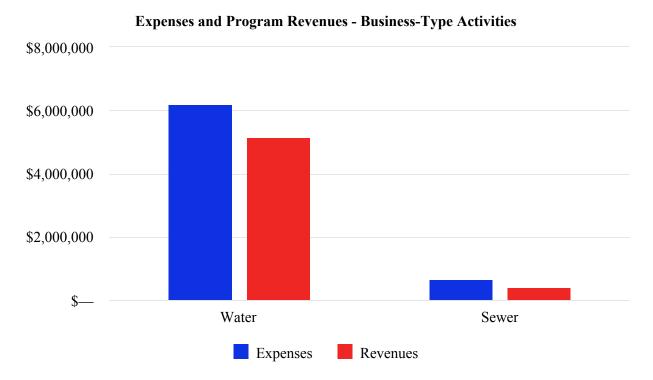
Business-Type Activities

Business-Type activities posted total revenues of \$5,961,826, while the cost of all business-type activities totaled \$6,868,436. This results in a deficit of \$906,610. In 2019, expenses of \$6,649,942 exceed revenues of \$5,792,936, resulting in a deficit \$857,006. The deficit in 2020 was due in large part to lower Water Fund revenues because of a relatively rainy watering season. Water sales were relatively flat comparing fiscal year 2020 to 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Business-Type Activities - Continued



The above graph compares program revenues to expenses for the water and sewer operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Village's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$11,384,960, which is \$350,387, or 3.0%, lower than last year's total of \$11,735,347. Of the \$11,384,960 total, \$4,458,673, or approximately 39.2%, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. As mentioned earlier, the General Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$278,077, an increase of 5.5%. This was due large in part to expenditures for both the public safety and public works functions coming in under budget by a combined \$193,405, despite revenues for taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures being lower than budgeted. Specifically, the budgeted amount for these four revenue sources totaled \$7,417,830, and the actual amount totaled \$6,992,432. The shortfall in tax revenue was primarily seen in decreased sales tax, places of eating tax and telecommunications tax. Sales tax and places of eating tax saw a significant decline in the last two months of the fiscal year because of the COVID-19 pandemic.

At April 30, 2020, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$4,458,673, which represents 83.8% of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 52.7% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$102,119. This increase is mainly due to \$229,435 in interest earnings on investments.

The Capital Improvements Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$306,562. This decrease is mainly due to capital outlay of roads and infrastructure and various Village facility improvements. Despite the decrease in fund balance, expenditures came in less than originally budgeted by \$194,367.

Proprietary Funds

The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Village reports the Water Fund as a major proprietary fund. The Water Fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the municipal water service. Fees from consumption of water (utility billing) and tap on fees from building activities provide the primary source of revenue for the fund. Revenues are used to purchase water and to maintain the water delivery infrastructure.

The Village intends to run the fund at a breakeven rate. Periodically, there will be an annual surplus or draw down due to timing of capital projects. The deficit in the Water Fund during the current fiscal year was \$748,370, and the previous fiscal year deficit was \$774,405. Unrestricted net position in the Water Fund totaled \$690,066 at April 30, 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

Proprietary Funds - Continued

The Village also reports the Sewer Fund as a major proprietary fund and is used to account for all financial activities associated with the municipal sewer service in Cook County. Fees for the use of the system provides a source of revenue for the fund. Expenses and reserves are used to maintain the distribution system and provide for the repair and replacement of the sewer system infrastructure. The deficit in the Sewer Fund during the current fiscal year was \$158,240, and the previous fiscal year deficit was \$82,601. Unrestricted net position in the Sewer Fund totaled \$1,710,069 at April 30, 2020.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village Board of Trustees made no budget amendments to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$8,848,597, compared to budgeted revenues of \$8,961,380. As stated earlier, revenues for taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures were slightly lower than budgeted.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$46,845 lower than budgeted (\$8,461,560 actual compared to \$8,508,405 budgeted). The general government function actual expenditures was higher than budgeted by \$146,560. A contributing factor to the increased expenditures in the general government function was \$70,000 in additional legal and consulting fees to address the Sterigenics business in the neighboring community Willowbrook that was emitting toxic chemicals into the atmosphere. A major event in 2019-20 was the closing of Sterigenics on September 30, 2019. Public safety and public works functions' actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures by \$102,286 and \$91,119, respectively due to lower than budgeted personnel and commodities expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2020 was \$302,306,389 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, and parking lot equipment and improvements.

This year's major additions included:

Construction in Progress	\$ 220,046
Improvements Other than Buildings	750,450
Vehicles and Equipment	166,657
Water Systems	 1,029,251
	2,166,404

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

The fiscal year 2019-20 capital additions included the following projects: Improvements for Burr Ridge Parkway and 79th Street, German Church Road Sidewalk Extension and the County Line Road/ Deerpath Storm Sewer projects. In the Water Fund, two major water main replacement projects included the Carriage Way/County Line Road and Chasemoor Drive. Vehicle and Equipment additions for the fiscal year included the purchase of two police vehicles, various IT equipment and wireless networking upgrades.

		Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation					
		Governn	nental	Business-Type			
		Activi	ties	Activities		Totals	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Land	\$	1,797,378	1,797,378	48,000	48,000	1,845,378	1,845,378
Land Right of Way		214,262,950	214,262,950	—		214,262,950	214,262,950
Construction in Progress		169,120		50,926		220,046	
Streets		24,762,531	25,887,937		_	24,762,531	25,887,937
Buildings		5,708,241	5,957,531	2,493,490	2,583,798	8,201,731	8,541,329
Improvements Other than Buildings		2,909,978	2,241,590		_	2,909,978	2,241,590
Vehicles and Equipment		1,511,631	1,696,285	76,366	103,909	1,587,997	1,800,194
Water Systems		_		40,158,888	40,103,211	40,158,888	40,103,211
Sanitary Sewer Lines				8,356,890	8,548,575	8,356,890	8,548,575
Totals	_	251,121,829	251,843,671	51,184,560	51,387,493	302,306,389	303,231,164

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in note 3 of this report.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Village had one bond issue outstanding in the total of \$5,970,000 which is the debt owed for the 2010 construction of the new police station. This was the same amount outstanding as compared to the previous year. The principal payment on the general obligation bonds is due in fiscal year 2022-23.

The Village maintains a Aa1 rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. This rating has not changed in the past five years. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a non-home rule governmental entity may issue to 8.625 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the Village is \$103,083,529.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020-21 budget, including tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. The state of the economy was also a major factor. The Village is faced with a similar economic environment as many other local municipalities are faced with, including inflation, unemployment rates, and the effects on residents and businesses due to the global health emergency from COVID-19.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for fiscal year 2020-21. Expenditures budgeted in 2020-21 in the General Fund are \$8.3 million, a decrease of 6.8 percent from the final 2019-20 budget of \$8.9 million. In response to the pandemic, the fiscal year 2020-21 budget was prepared as an operational budget focusing primarily on the Village's basic needs and operations with capital projects set aside pending further review. The Village anticipates an overall decrease in General Fund revenue with projected revenues of \$8.4 million compared to 2019-20 revenues of \$9.0 million, a decrease of 6.9 percent. The biggest decrease anticipated in the General Fund revenues is tax revenues, which is budgeted at \$5.2 million as compared to the final 2019-20 budget of \$6.1 million, representing a decrease of 14.2 percent.

Major revenue initiatives in the General Fund for the upcoming fiscal year is the creation of an annual business license program that is projected to add an additional \$45,000 in revenues and the addition of a Village adjudication program that would increase fines and forfeiture revenues.

The 2020 census is underway and this is expected to bring additional revenues in the next fiscal year for sources that are based on per capita due to the anticipated population growth.

In 2018, the board of trustees approved water rate changes that were intended to maintain sufficient reserves in the Water Fund to pay for anticipated and unanticipated maintenance costs. Due to the increased costs and diminishing reserves in this fund, a comprehensive water system operations and sustainability study will be completed during fiscal year 2020-21 to prioritize and evaluate infrastructure needs of the Village.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed provide citizens, customers, investors and creditors and for all those with an interest in the government's finances, a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Jerry Sapp, Finance Director, Village of Burr Ridge, 7660 County Line Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois 60527.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

		Duine Communit			
	Primary GovernmentGovernmentalBusiness-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Totals		
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,569,878	3,226,599	15,796,477		
Receivables - Net of Allowances	1,236,647	695,755	1,932,402		
Due from Other Governments	628,062		628,062		
Deposits	993,673	57,830	1,051,503		
Prepaids	13,851	—	13,851		
Total Current Assets	15,442,111	3,980,184	19,422,295		
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets					
Nondepreciable	216,229,448	98,926	216,328,374		
Depreciable	75,006,596	85,773,642	160,780,238		
Accumulated Depreciation	(40,114,215)	(34,688,008)	(74,802,223)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	251,121,829	51,184,560	302,306,389		
Total Assets	266,563,940	55,164,744	321,728,684		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Items - IMRF	492,296	305,591	797,887		
Deferred Items - Police Pension	2,994,118	_	2,994,118		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,486,414	305,591	3,792,005		
Total Assets and Deferred					
Outflows of Resources	270,050,354	55,470,335	325,520,689		

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Totals		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 218,275	475,151	693,426		
Accrued Payroll	142,775	35,148	177,923		
Accrued Interest	44,775	—	44,775		
Deposits Payables	1,454,569	2,700	1,457,269		
Unearned Revenue	7,500	—	7,500		
Compensated Absences Payable	66,973	14,995	81,968		
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	13,231	—	13,231		
Total Current Liabilities	1,948,098	527,994	2,476,092		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated Absences Payable	267,900	59,978	327,878		
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	610,286	378,831	989,117		
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	13,384,665	—	13,384,665		
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	3,591,859	662,287	4,254,146		
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	5,995,165	—	5,995,165		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	23,849,875	1,101,096	24,950,971		
Total Liabilities	25,797,973	1,629,090	27,427,063		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Taxes	1,262,099		1,262,099		
Deferred Items - IMRF	413,295	256,550	669,845		
Deferred Items - Police Pension	1,620,290	_	1,620,290		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,295,684	256,550	3,552,234		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources	29,093,657	1,885,640	30,979,297		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	245,113,433	51,184,560	296,297,993		
Restricted - Streets and Highways	10,285	· · · · ·	10,285		
Restricted - Debt Service	4,839,431	_	4,839,431		
Restricted - Community Relations	236,742	_	236,742		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,243,194)	2,400,135	(6,843,059)		
Total Net Position	240,956,697	53,584,695	294,541,392		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

		P	rogram Revenues	
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants/	Grants/
	 Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 6,434,969	1,266,868	_	_
Public Safety	5,429,650	121,292	_	_
Public Works	2,122,558	_	389,645	452,477
Interest on Long-Term Debt	113,923			_
Total Governmental Activities	 14,101,100	1,388,160	389,645	452,477
Business-Type Activities				
Water	6,204,570	5,139,362	—	
Sewer	663,866	407,295	_	_
Total Business-Type Activities	 6,868,436	5,546,657		
Total Primary Government	 20,969,536	6,934,817	389,645	452,477

General Revenues Taxes Property Taxes Sales and Use Telecommunications Utility Hotel/Motel Other Taxes

Intergovernmental - Unrestricted State Income Tax Replacement Tax Interest Income Miscellaneous

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning as Restated

Net Position - Ending

	(Expenses), Revenues an	nd
	Changes in Net Position	
Governmental	Business-Type	TT (1
Activities	Activities	Totals
(5,168,101)		(5,168,101)
(5,308,358)	_	(5,308,358)
(1,280,436)	_	(1,280,436)
(113,923)	<u> </u>	(113,923)
(11,870,818)		(11,870,818)
	(1,065,208)	(1,065,208)
		,
	(256,571)	(256,571)
	(1,321,779)	(1,321,779)
(11,870,818)	(1,321,779)	(13,192,597)
1,484,927	—	1,484,927
2,362,164	—	2,362,164
467,285	—	467,285
1,067,838	—	1,067,838
612,728	—	612,728
360,774		360,774
1,144,430	—	1,144,430
50,396	—	50,396
683,627	415,169	1,098,796
386,679		386,679
8,620,848	415,169	9,036,017
(3,249,970)	(906,610)	(4,156,580)
244,206,667	54,491,305	298,697,972
240,956,697	53,584,695	294,541,392

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2020

	 General
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,030,387
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	979,647
Accounts	13,741
Accrued Interest	33,703
Other	166,107
Deposits	993,673
Due from Other Governments	596,745
Due from Other Funds	39,109
Prepaids	 10,260
Total Assets	 8,863,372
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	114,918
Accrued Payroll	142,775
Deposits Payable	1,283,783
Due to Other Funds	53,296
Unearned Revenue	 687,568
Total Liabilities	2,282,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	 1,262,099
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 3,544,439
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable	10,260
Restricted	
Committed	
Assigned	850,000
Unassigned	 4,458,673
Total Fund Balances	 5,318,933
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	 8,863,372

	Capital Projects		
Debt	Capital Projects Capital		
Service	Improvements	Nonmajor	Totals
	mprovemento	ronnajor	Totulo
4,861,522	383,366	981,707	12,256,982
	_		979,647
		8,733	22,474
22,684	2,160	7,712	66,259
		—	166,107
—			993,673
—	_	31,317	628,062
—		—	39,109
—	—	1,500	11,760
4,884,206	385,526	1,030,969	15,164,073
—	—	24,779	139,697
—	—	—	142,775
—	170,786	—	1,454,569
		39,109	92,405
—			687,568
—	170,786	63,888	2,517,014
_	_	_	1,262,099
	170,786	63,888	3,779,113
—	—	1,500	11,760
4,884,206	—	247,027	5,131,233
—	—	718,554	718,554
_	214,740	_	1,064,740
_			4,458,673
4,884,206	214,740	967,081	11,384,960
4,884,206	385,526	1,030,969	15,164,073

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities April 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 11,384,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	251,121,829
Less: Internal Service Capital Assets	(241,227)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	79,001
Deferred Items - Police Pension	1,373,828
Certain revenues that are deferred in the governmental funds are recognized as revenue	
in the governmental activities.	680,068
Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of vehicle and	
equipment management and employee insurance to individual funds.	
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in	
the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	533,092
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences Payable	(334,873)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(610,286)
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(13,384,665)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(3,591,859)
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(5,970,000)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(38,396)
Accrued Interest Payable	 (44,775)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 240,956,697

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	General
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 5,742,988
Intergovernmental	1,194,826
Licenses and Permits	465,520
Charges for Services	662,632
Fines and Forfeitures	121,292
Interest	333,191
Miscellaneous	328,148
Total Revenues	8,848,597
Expenditures	
Current	
General Government	1,941,170
Public Safety	5,135,409
Public Works	1,384,981
Capital Outlay	_
Debt Service	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_
Total Expenditures	8,461,560
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	387,037
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Disposal of Capital Assets	6,040
Transfers In	
Transfers Out	(115,000)
	(108,960)
Net Change in Fund Balances	278,077
Fund Balances - Beginning as Restated	5,040,856
Fund Balances - Ending	5,318,933

Debt	Capital Projects Capital		
Service	Improvements	Nonmajor	Totals
	I I I I I I I		
—	—	612,728	6,355,716
—	—	389,645	1,584,471
—	—	—	465,520
	—	—	662,632
	—	—	121,292
229,435	21,851	77,300	661,777
		58,531	386,679
229,435	21,851	1,138,204	10,238,087
—	_	745,592	2,686,762
—	_	_	5,135,409
_	_	89,377	1,474,358
_	994,858	175,811	1,170,669
127,316		_	127,316
127,316	994,858	1,010,780	10,594,514
127,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,010,700	10,001,011
102 110	(072, 007)	127 424	(256, 127)
102,119	(973,007)	127,424	(356,427)
			6.0.10
—			6,040
_	666,445	15,000	681,445
		(566,445)	(681,445)
	666,445	(551,445)	6,040
102,119	(306,562)	(424,021)	(350,387)
4,782,087	521,302	1,391,102	11,735,347
1,702,007	521,502	1,021,10	11,755,517
4,884,206	214,740	967,081	11,384,960

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(350,387)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlays		633,750
Depreciation Expense	(1,808,069)
Capital Contribution	(452,477
Disposals - Cost		(55,597)
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation		55,597
Plus: Internal Service Capital Asset Related Activity		30,647
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related		
to the pensions not reported in the funds.		
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF		(575,664)
Change in Deferred Items - Police Pension		37,900
Change in Deferred Items - RBP		(48,392)
A deduction to certain revenues recognized as revenue only in the governmental funds.		(184,399)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.		
Change in Compensated Absences		(30,485)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF		688,686
Change in Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(1,256,353)
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP		(794,037)
Amortization of Bond Premium		12,800
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities		
does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		593
Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of information technology		
to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is		
reported with governmental activities.		(59,037)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(3,249,970)

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

Receivables - Net of Allowances $594,023$ $60,685$ $654,708$ Accounts $31,325$ $9,722$ $41,047$ $2,1$ Deposits $43,735$ $14,095$ $57,830$ Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Noncurrent Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Nondepreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ Depreciable $71,329,073$ $14,444,569$ $85,773,642$ Accumulated Depreciation $(28,605,029)$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$ 241,2			ess-Type Activ nterprise Funds Sewer		Governmental Activities Internal Services Information Technology
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances $\$$ 1,325,7711,900,8283,226,599312,8Accounts594,02360,685654,7081,21Accrued Interest31,3259,72241,0472,1Deposits43,73514,09557,8301,994,8541,985,3303,980,184Prepaids———2,0Total Current Assets1,994,8541,985,3303,980,184317,1Noncurrent Assets98,926—98,926960,5Depreciable98,926—98,926960,5Depreciable(28,605,029)(6,082,979)(34,688,008)(719,2Total Noncurrent Assets42,822,9708,361,59051,184,560241,2	ASSETS				
Receivables - Net of Allowances $594,023$ $60,685$ $654,708$ Accounts $594,023$ $60,685$ $654,708$ Accrued Interest $31,325$ $9,722$ $41,047$ $2,1$ Deposits $43,735$ $14,095$ $57,830$ Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Noncurrent Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Nondepreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ Depreciable $71,329,073$ $14,444,569$ $85,773,642$ Accumulated Depreciation $(28,605,029)$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$ $241,2$	Current Assets				
Receivables - Net of Allowances $594,023$ $60,685$ $654,708$ Accounts $31,325$ $9,722$ $41,047$ $2,1$ Deposits $43,735$ $14,095$ $57,830$ Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Noncurrent Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Nondepreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ Depreciable $71,329,073$ $14,444,569$ $85,773,642$ Accumulated Depreciation $(28,605,029)$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$ 241,2		\$ 1,325,771	1,900,828	3,226,599	312,896
Accrued Interest $31,325$ $9,722$ $41,047$ $2,1$ Deposits $43,735$ $14,095$ $57,830$ Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Noncurrent Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Capital Assets $98,926$ $ 98,926$ $960,5$ Depreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ $960,5$ Depreciable $22,605,029$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$	Receivables - Net of Allowances	. , ,	, ,	, ,	,
Deposits $43,735$ $14,095$ $57,830$ Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Noncurrent Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ Capital Assets $98,926$ $ 98,926$ Depreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ Depreciable $71,329,073$ $14,444,569$ $85,773,642$ Accumulated Depreciation $(28,605,029)$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$	Accounts	594,023	60,685	654,708	_
Prepaids $ 2,0$ Total Current Assets $1,994,854$ $1,985,330$ $3,980,184$ $317,1$ Noncurrent AssetsCapital AssetsNondepreciable $98,926$ $ 98,926$ $960,5$ Depreciable $71,329,073$ $14,444,569$ $85,773,642$ $(719,2)$ Accumulated Depreciation $(28,605,029)$ $(6,082,979)$ $(34,688,008)$ $241,2$ Total Noncurrent Assets $42,822,970$ $8,361,590$ $51,184,560$ $241,2$	Accrued Interest	31,325	9,722	41,047	2,160
Total Current Assets 1,994,854 1,985,330 3,980,184 317,1 Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets 98,926 98,926 960,5 Nondepreciable 98,926 98,926 960,5 Depreciable 71,329,073 14,444,569 85,773,642 (719,2) Accumulated Depreciation (28,605,029) (6,082,979) (34,688,008) 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Deposits	43,735	14,095	57,830	_
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets Nondepreciable 98,926 — 98,926 960,5 Depreciable 71,329,073 14,444,569 85,773,642 (719,2 Accumulated Depreciation (28,605,029) (6,082,979) (34,688,008) Total Noncurrent Assets 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Prepaids	_			2,091
Capital Assets 98,926 98,926 960,5 Depreciable 71,329,073 14,444,569 85,773,642 (719,2 Accumulated Depreciation (28,605,029) (6,082,979) (34,688,008) 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Total Current Assets	1,994,854	1,985,330	3,980,184	317,147
Nondepreciable 98,926 98,926 960,5 Depreciable 71,329,073 14,444,569 85,773,642 (719,2 Accumulated Depreciation (28,605,029) (6,082,979) (34,688,008) 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Noncurrent Assets				
Depreciable 71,329,073 14,444,569 85,773,642 (719,2 Accumulated Depreciation (28,605,029) (6,082,979) (34,688,008) (34,2822,970) Total Noncurrent Assets 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Capital Assets				
Accumulated Depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets(28,605,029) 42,822,970(6,082,979) 8,361,590(34,688,008) 51,184,560241,2	Nondepreciable	98,926		98,926	960,504
Total Noncurrent Assets 42,822,970 8,361,590 51,184,560 241,2	Depreciable	71,329,073	14,444,569	85,773,642	(719,277)
	Accumulated Depreciation	(28,605,029)	(6,082,979)	(34,688,008)	
Total Assets 44,817,824 10,346,920 55,164,744 558,3	Total Noncurrent Assets	42,822,970	8,361,590	51,184,560	241,227
	Total Assets	44,817,824	10,346,920	55,164,744	558,374
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Items - IMRF 237,770 67,821 305,591	Deferred Items - IMRF	237,770	67,821	305,591	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources45,055,59410,414,74155,470,335558,3		45,055,594	10,414,741	55,470,335	558,374

LIABILITIES		ness-Type Activit nterprise Funds Sewer	ties Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Services Information Technology
Current Liabilities	¢ 150.669	15 102	475 151	25 292
Accounts Payable	\$ 459,668 27,222	15,483 7,926	475,151	25,282
Accrued Payroll Deposits Payable	27,222 2,700	7,920	35,148 2,700	
Compensated Absences Payable	11,549	3,446	2,700 14,995	
Total Current Liabilities	501,139	26,855	527,994	25,282
Total Current Endomnes	501,157	20,000	527,774	25,262
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences Payable	46,196	13,782	59,978	_
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	294,756	84,075	378,831	
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	500,854	161,433	662,287	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	841,806	259,290	1,101,096	
Total Liabilities	1,342,945	286,145	1,629,090	25,282
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Items - IMRF	199,613	56,937	256,550	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of				
Resources	1,542,558	343,082	1,885,640	25,282
NET POSITION				
Investment in Capital Assets	42,822,970	8,361,590	51,184,560	241,227
Unrestricted	690,066	1,710,069	2,400,135	291,865
Total Net Position	43,513,036	10,071,659	53,584,695	533,092

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

		ess-Type Activiti nterprise Funds	es	Governmental Activities Internal Services
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Information Technology
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 5,080,618	397,295	5,477,913	_
Interfund Services	_	_	_	323,115
Total Operating Revenues	5,080,618	397,295	5,477,913	323,115
Operating Expenses				
Operations	5,117,845	467,481	5,585,326	316,155
Depreciation	989,233	196,385	1,185,618	87,847
Total Operating Expenses	6,107,078	663,866	6,770,944	404,002
Operating (Loss)	(1,026,460)	(266,571)	(1,293,031)	(80,887)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Tap-On Connection Fees	37,481	10,000	47,481	_
Other Income	21,263	_	21,263	_
Investment Income	316,838	98,331	415,169	21,850
Disposal of Capital Assets	(97,492)	_	(97,492)	—
	278,090	108,331	386,421	21,850
Change in Net Position	(748,370)	(158,240)	(906,610)	(59,037)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	44,261,406	10,229,899	54,491,305	592,129
Net Position - Ending	43,513,036	10,071,659	53,584,695	533,092

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities Internal Services	
		~		Information	
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Technology	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 5,172,328	423,752	5,596,080	_	
Interfund Services Provided		, 	· · · ·	323,115	
Payments to Suppliers	(911,867)	(6,445)	(918,312)	(302,905)	
Payments to Employees	(3,955,227)	(423,492)	(4,378,719)	(5,082)	
	305,234	(6,185)	299,049	15,128	
Cook Flavor from Conital and Polated Financing	ativitian				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing A	(1,080,177)		(1,080,177)		
Purchase of Capital Assets Disposal of Capital Assets	(1,000,177)		(1,000,177)	(57,200)	
	(1,080,177)	_	(1,080,177)	(57,200)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	216.020	00.001	415 1 (0	01.050	
Interest Income	316,838	98,331	415,169	21,850	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(458,105)	92,146	(365,959)	(20,222)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	1,783,876	1,808,682	3,592,558	333,118	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	1,325,771	1,900,828	3,226,599	312,896	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(1,026,460)	(266,571)	(1,293,031)	(80,887)	
Depreciation Expense	989,233	196,385	1,185,618	87,847	
Other Income	58,744	10,000	68,744		
Other Income (Expense) - IMRF and RBP	446,187	145,840	592,027		
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	32,966	16,457	49,423	(1,784)	
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(195,436)	(108,296)	(303,732)	9,952	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	305,234	(6,185)	299,049	15,128	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2020

Pension Trust Police Pension ASSETS	Special Assessment
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ 334,768	171,751
Investments	
U.S. Treasury Securities 1,198,234	_
U.S. Agency Securities 5,091,164	—
State and Local Obligations 1,058,736	—
Mutual Funds 11,121,635	—
Receivables - Net of Allowance	
Accounts —	1,631
Accrued Interest 57,066	
Due from Other Funds 53,296	
Total Assets 18,914,899	173,382
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	3,266
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pensions 18,914,899	_
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	170,116
Total Net Positon 18,914,899	170,116

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

Pension Trust olice Pension 758,505 248,670 1,007,175 549,984	Custodial Special Assessment — —
olice Pension 758,505 248,670 1,007,175	-
758,505 248,670 1,007,175	Assessment
248,670 1,007,175	
248,670 1,007,175	
248,670 1,007,175	
1,007,175	
549,984	
549,984	
515,501	
(257,722)	
292,262	
(47,247)	_
245,015	
245,015	
1,252,190	
10 541	
1,200,311	
45,879	_
18,869,020	170,116
	170,116
	10,541 1,195,770 1,206,311 45,879

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Burr Ridge, Illinois (the Village), is a municipal corporation governed by a sevenmember board consisting of six trustees and the mayor. The Village's major operations include police protection, highways and streets maintenance and reconstruction, planning and zoning services, public improvements, economic development, water and sewer, financial and technology services, and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Village of Burr Ridge

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. The pension board is comprised of two members elected from active participants of the fund, one elected pension beneficiary of the fund and two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, with the advice and consent of the Board of Trustees. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by Illinois statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police protection, highways and streets maintenance and reconstruction, planning and zoning services, public improvements, economic development, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, public works, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from foods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains two nonmajor special revenue funds.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund is treated as a major fund and is used to account for monies restricted, committed or assigned to pay for principal and interest payments on the Village's debt obligations.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains four capital projects funds. The Capital Improvement Fund, a major fund, is used to account for funds used to pay for the annual road program, arterial street improvements, facility improvements, and other related projects. It is funded by developer donations, grants, and transfers from the General Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Village.

Enterprise Funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains two major enterprise funds, the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund, which account for the provisions of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in these funds, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt services and billing and collection.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary Funds - Continued

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Village maintains one internal service fund. The Information Technology Fund is used to account for the acquisition of technology equipment and for technology related services to other departments of the Village.

The Village's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary funds financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal service is the Village's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity (general government, public safety, public works, etc.).

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay retirement and other related benefits for sworn members of the Village's police force.

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The Special Assessment Fund is used to account for assets held for the payment of special assessment bonds.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and custodial). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants and others) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary pension trust and custodial funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Basis of Accounting - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues, except for sales taxes and utility taxes which use a 90-day period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary, pension trust, and custodial funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds and of the Village's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows," cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Internal service fund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report charges for services as their major receivables.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 or more, depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Streets	50 Years
Buildings	40 Years
Improvements Other than Buildings	40 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 -15 Years
Water Systems	40 - 75 Years
Sanitary Sewer Lines	40 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Net Position - Continued

Unrestricted - All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Administrator submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Hearings are conducted.
- 3. The Budget Ordinance is legally enacted.
- 4. The Budget Ordinance may be amended by the Board of Trustees.
- 5. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. The Village operates under the Budget Act in lieu of appropriations. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise, internal service and pension trust funds.

The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the Fund. The Village Administrator, as Budget Director, has the authority to amend the budget within the individual fund. Budgets lapse at year end.

During the year, supplemental appropriations were necessary in the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund and the Stormwater Management Fund and are reflected in the financial statements. **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust fund are held separately from those of other funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Illinois Statutes authorizes the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Illinois Statutes authorizes the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (Formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to fifty percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to fiftyfive percent effective July 1, 2012.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Village - Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type totaled \$6,730,594 and the bank balances totaled \$7,529,554.

Investments. At year-end, the Village has the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)				5)
	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type	Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 303,563	303,563			—
U.S. Agency Securities	6,092,042	50,795	2,458,810	3,582,437	—
State and Local Obligations	2,618,152	494,557	1,275,134	848,461	
Illinois Funds	 52,126	52,126	_		
Totals	 9,065,883	901,041	3,733,944	4,430,898	

The Village has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020:

		Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted		
		Prices		
		in Active	Significant	
		Markets for	Other	Significant
		Identical	Observable	Unobservable
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level	 Totals	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities				
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 303,563	303,563	—	—
U.S. Agency Securities	6,092,042	—	6,092,042	—
State and Local Obligations	 2,618,152		2,618,152	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	9,013,757	303,563	8,710,194	
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)				
Illinois Funds	 52,126	_		
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	 9,065,883	=		

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Village - Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk - Continued

Investments - *Continued*. Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Village limits its exposure by primarily investing in external investment pools. At yearend, the Village's investments in U.S. agency obligations were not rated, state and local obligations are rated AA- to AAA by Standard & Poor's, and the Illinois Funds is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of at least 102% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an independent third party of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago in the Village's name. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limits its exposure, the Village's investment policy requires all investments be limited to the safest types of securities invested with pre-qualified institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors and soundly diversified. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk but has no set percentage limits. At year-end, the Village does not have any investments over 5 percent of cash and investments (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Police Pension Fund - Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$334,768 and the bank balances totaled \$334,768.

Investments. The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Fund's debt securities as of April 30, 2020:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)				rs)
	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type	Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 1,198,234	151,992	448,828	597,414	
U.S. Agency Securities	5,091,164	—	1,304,946	3,732,539	53,679
State and Local Obligations	1,058,736	145,625	412,332	500,779	
Totals	 7,348,134	297,617	2,166,106	4,830,732	53,679

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurements Using				
		_	Quoted		
			Prices		
			in Active	Significant	
			Markets for	Other	Significant
			Identical	Observable	Unobservable
			Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level		Totals	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities					
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	1,198,234	1,198,234		—
U.S. Agency Obligations		5,091,164		5,091,164	—
State and Local Obligations		1,058,736		1,058,736	—
Equity Securities					
Mutual Funds		11,121,635	11,121,635		—
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value		18,469,769	12,319,869	6,149,900	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Police Pension Fund - Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk - Continued

Investments - *Continued*. Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with the Fund's investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for all reasonably anticipated operating requirements while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit Risk. The Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government and securities issued by certain agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgement and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, bur for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return". The U.S. Agency securities are rated not rated by Standard & Poor's. The state and local obligations are rated AA+ to A2 by Moody's.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all investments in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 100% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the Village, an independent third party or the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For investments, the Fund's investment policy limits its exposure by requiring that all security transactions, that are exposed to custodial credit risk are held by a third party agent.

Concentration Risk. The Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$11,121,635 invested in mutual funds. At year-end, the Fund has no investments over 5 percent of net plan assets available for retirement benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Police Pension Fund - Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk - Continued. The Fund's investment policy in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	40%	1.3%
U.S. Large Cap Equity Funds	42%	6.3%
U.S. Small Cap Equity Funds	12%	8.1%
International Equity	6%	6.8%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0%	0.0%

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) limit the Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in June 2020 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2020 are listed in the table above.

Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.31%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2019 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1 and August 1, and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1 and September 1 during the following year. Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County on or about May 1, and are payable in two installments on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	31,709
General	Nonmajor Governmental		7,400
Police Pension	General		53,296
			92,405

Interfund balances result from the time lag between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out		Amount
Capital Improvements Capital Improvements	General Nonmajor Governmental	\$	100,000 (2) 566,445 (1)
Storm Water Management	General		15,000 (2)
			681,445

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital projects in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 1,797,378		_	1,797,378
Land Right of Way	214,262,950			214,262,950
Construction in Progress		169,120		169,120
-	216,060,328	169,120	_	216,229,448
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Streets	56,815,640	_	_	56,815,640
Buildings	9,971,597			9,971,597
Improvements Other than Buildings	2,984,504	750,450	_	3,734,954
Vehicles and Equipment	4,373,345	166,657	55,597	4,484,405
	74,145,086	917,107	55,597	75,006,596
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Streets	30,927,703	1,125,406	_	32,053,109
Buildings	4,014,066	249,290	_	4,263,356
Improvements Other than Buildings	742,914	82,062	_	824,976
Vehicles and Equipment	2,677,060	351,311	55,597	2,972,774
	38,361,743	1,808,069	55,597	40,114,215
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	35,783,343	(890,962)		34,892,381
Total Net Capital Assets	251,843,671	(721,842)		251,121,829

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	9	5 1,230,258
Public Safety		294,241
Public Works		195,723
Internal Service	_	87,847
	_	1,808,069

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
	Balances	mercases	Dereases	Datanees
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 48,000			48,000
Construction in Progress	—	50,926		50,926
-	48,000	50,926	—	98,926
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	6,336,128	_		6,336,128
Vehicles and Equipment	439,616			439,616
Water Systems	63,850,374	1,029,251	189,296	64,690,329
Sanitary Sewer Lines	14,307,569			14,307,569
	84,933,687	1,029,251	189,296	85,773,642
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	3,752,330	90,308		3,842,638
Vehicles and Equipment	335,707	27,543		363,250
Water Systems	23,747,163	876,082	91,804	24,531,441
Sanitary Sewer Lines	5,758,994	191,685	_	5,950,679
	33,594,194	1,185,618	91,804	34,688,008
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	51,339,493	(156,367)	97,492	51,085,634
Total Net Capital Assets	51,387,493	(105,441)	97,492	51,184,560

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water Sewer	\$ 989,233 196,385
Sewer	 170,505
	 1,185,618

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Fund Debt	Beginning			Ending
Issue	Retired by	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2017 (\$5,970,000), due in one installment of \$5,970,000 plus interest at 2.00% through December 15, 2022.	Debt Service	<u>\$ 5,970,000</u>			5,970,000

Long-Term Liabilities Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances as Restated	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities			2 0 40 5		(() = 2
Compensated Absences	\$ 304,388	60,970	30,485	334,873	66,973
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	1,298,972		688,686	610,286	
Net Pension Liability - Police	12,128,312	1,256,353	—	13,384,665	—
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	2,797,822	794,037		3,591,859	
General Obligation Bonds	5,970,000			5,970,000	
Plus: Unamortized Premium	51,196	—	12,800	38,396	13,231
	22,550,690	2,111,360	731,971	23,930,079	80,204
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	62,549	24,848	12,424	74,973	14,995
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	806,331		427,500	378,831	
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	546,259	116,028		662,287	
	1,415,139	140,876	439,924	1,116,091	14,995

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Long-Term Liabilities Activity - Continued

For the governmental activities, payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liabilities and the total OPEB Liability are made by the General Fund. Payments on general obligation bonds are liquidated by the Debt Service Fund.

Additionally, for business-type activities, the compensated absences, the net pension liabilities, and the total OPEB liability are liquidated by the Water and the Sewer Funds.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
	General Ob	oligation	
Fiscal	Bond	ds	
Year	Principal	Interest	
2021	\$ —	119,400	
2022	_	119,400	
2023	5,970,000	119,400	
Totals	5,970,000	358,200	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2019	\$ 1,195,171,351
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Equalized Assessed Value Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	103,083,529 5,970,000
Legal Debt Margin	97,113,529

OPERATING LEASES

The Village leases an office space and has various antenna leases. These leases are accounted as operating leases and generated revenue of approximately \$387,040 for the fiscal year 2020. Following are the minimum expected revenue and cash receipts related to the leases:

	E	Expected		
Fiscal	Rei	Rent Income/		
Year	Ι	Receipts		
2021	\$	392,272		
2022		207,448		
2023		209,518		
2024		168,738		
2025		157,027		
		1,135,003		

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

NET POSITION CLASSIFICATIONS

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2020:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 251,121,829
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2017	(5,970,000)
Unamortized Premium	 (38,396)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	 245,113,433
Business-Type Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	 51,184,560

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Village's fund balance policy states the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund should be a minimum of 20% of the current fiscal year's operating budget.

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

			Debt	Capital Projects Capital		
	(General	Service	Improvements	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		10.000				
Prepaids	\$	10,260			1,500	11,760
Restricted						
Streets and Highways		_		—	10,285	10,285
Community Relations		—		—	236,742	236,742
Debt Service		—	4,884,206			4,884,206
			4,884,206		247,027	5,131,233
Committed Capital Projects			_	_	718,554	718,554
					, 10,001	, 10,001
Assigned						
Opus Contribution		850,000				850,000
Capital Improvements		,		214,740		214,740
1 1		850,000		214,740		1,064,740
						· · ·
Unassigned		4,458,673				4,458,673
-						· · ·
Total Fund Balances		5,318,933	4,884,206	214,740	967,081	11,384,960

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE RESTATEMENTS

Beginning net position was restated due to correction in recording GASB Statement No. 75. In addition, fund balance was restated due to a correction of receivables. The following is a summary of the net position/fund balance as originally reported and as restated:

			Increase
Balance	As Reported	As Restated	(Decrease)
Governmental Activities	\$ 243,948,115	244,206,667	258,552
General	5,319,115	5,040,856	(278,259)
Business-Type Activities	55,028,116	54,491,305	(536,811)
Water	44,673,781	44,261,406	(412,375)
Sewer	10,354,335	10,229,899	(124,436)

RISK MANAGEMENT

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC)

Risks for medical and death benefits for employees and retirees are provided for through the Village's participation in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC acts as an administrative agency to receive, process and pay such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. IPBC maintains specific reinsurance coverage for claims in excess of \$50,000 per individual employee participant. The Village pays premiums to IPBC based upon current employee participation and its prior experience factor with the pool. Current year overages or underages for participation in the pool are adjusted into subsequent years experience factor for premiums. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA)

The Village also participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool its risk management needs.

The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA) - Continued

The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts about that level. Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors. Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Financial Impact from COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Village's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, and the Police Pension Plan, which is a single-employer pension plan. Publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for the Police Pension Plan may be obtained by writing to the Village at 7660 County Line Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois 60527. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained on-line at <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The aggregate amounts recognized for the pension plans are:

		Net	Deferred	Deferred
	Pension	Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of
	 Expense	Liability	Resources	Resources
IMRF	\$ 59,817	989,117	797,887	669,845
Police Pension	 1,976,958	13,384,665	2,994,118	1,620,290
	2,036,775	14,373,782	3,792,005	2,290,135

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	28
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	24
Active Plan Members	29
Total	81

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Contributions. As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2020, the Village's contribution was 11.05% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.35% to 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued. For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality tables was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.25%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.75%
International Equities	18.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.20%
Blended	7.00%	3.60% - 7.60%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	1.85%

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase	
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,757,992	989,117	(452,276)	

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 13,554,568	11,449,265	2,105,303
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	200,661		200,661
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	960,558	—	960,558
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	603,261	—	603,261
Contributions - Employer	_	235,060	(235,060)
Contributions - Employees	_	145,808	(145,808)
Net Investment Income		2,153,746	(2,153,746)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(811,655)	(811,655)	
Other (Net Transfer)		346,052	(346,052)
Net Changes	952,825	2,069,011	(1,116,186)
Balances at December 31, 2019	14,507,393	13,518,276	989,117

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$59,817. At April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred (Inflows) of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	170,386	(83,208) (68,047) (518,590)	452,459 102,339 (518,590) 26,208
Total Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	706,053 91,834	(669,845)	36,208 91,834
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	797,887	(669,845)	128,042

\$91,834 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	(t Deferred Outflows/ Inflows) Resources
2021	\$	75,447
2022		31,429
2023		194,682
2024		(265,350)
2025		—
Thereafter		
Totals		36,208

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the Village Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership. At April 30, 2020, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	20
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	
Active Plan Members	26
Total	46

Benefits Provided. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ¹/₂ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., $\frac{1}{2}$ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the pension starting date, whichever is later.

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the year-ended April 30, 2020, the Village's contribution was 27.85% of covered payroll.

Concentrations. At year end, the Pension Plan does not have any investments over 5 percent of net plan position available for retirement benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of April 30, 2020, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Entry Age Normal
Market
7.00%
4.00% to 7.87%
2.25%
2.25%

Mortality rates were based on the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 improvement rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 6.66% was used to measure the total pension liability, while the prior year used a discount rate of 6.59%. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.00%, the municipal bond rate is 2.56%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.66%.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.66%)	(6.66%)	(7.66%)
Net Pension Liability \$	18,623,526	13,384,665	9,205,081

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at April 30, 2019	\$ 30,997,332	18,869,020	12,128,312
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	625,980	_	625,980
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,003,320	_	2,003,320
Changes of Benefit Terms	235,224	_	235,224
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(36,053)		(36,053)
Changes of Assumptions	(330,469)		(330,469)
Contributions - Employer		758,505	(758,505)
Contributions - Employees		248,670	(248,670)
Net Investment Income		245,015	(245,015)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,195,770)	(1,195,770)	
Other (Net Transfer)	 	(10,541)	10,541
Net Changes	1,302,232	45,879	1,256,353
Balances at April 30, 2020	32,299,564	18,914,899	13,384,665

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,976,958. At April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	817,529	(243,142)	574,387
Change in Assumptions		1,333,130	(1,377,148)	(44,018)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		843,459		843,459
Lamings on rension rian investments		043,439		043,439
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Police Pension		2,994,118	(1,620,290)	1,373,828

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows/
Fiscal	(Inflows)
Year	of Resources
2021	\$ 458,030
2022	539,026
2023	549,411
2024	228,743
2025	(171,851)
Thereafter	(229,531)
Total	1,373,828

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Village's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the Village. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Village Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare, dental and vision for retirees. Eligibility is based on the IMRF and Police Officers plans. Coverage ends when the retiree stops paying for it. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for benefits at 100% of the premium costs. Coverage ends at the same time as the retiree.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2020, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	62
Active Plan Members	56
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	
Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	6

Total OPEB Liability

The Village's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - Continued.

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.56%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Starting at 2.28% with an ultimate rate of 5.00% and after
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of the Blended Cost of Coverage

The discount rate was based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 blue collar table, improved generationally using scale MP-2016.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	 Total OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2019	\$ 3,344,081
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	154,363
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	123,813
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	785,524
Benefit Payments	(153,635)
Net Changes	 910,065
Balance at April 30, 2020	 4,254,146

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.56%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (1.56%)	(2.56%)	(3.56%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,795,642	4,254,146	3,809,008

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease (Varies)	Rates (Varies)	1% Increase (Varies)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,667,917	4,254,146	4,979,153

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$1,121,540. At April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the below sources. Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OBEP Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

		Deferred tflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	Re	esources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	_		_
Change in Assumptions				—
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		—		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
Fiscal	Outflows
Year	of Resources
2021	\$ —
2022	
2023	_
2024	_
2025	
Thereafter	_
Total	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
 Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary information - budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2020

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Police Pension Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	De	tuarially termined ntribution	in l the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ontribution	Ex	ribution cess/ ciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015 2016 2017	\$	543,678 593,000 697,784	\$	543,678 593,000 697,784	\$		\$ 2,250,817 2,577,543 2,582,282	24.15% 23.01% 27.02%
2018 2019 2020		780,713 748,665 758,505		780,713 748,665 758,505			2,615,940 2,643,912 2,723,717	29.84% 28.32% 27.85%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	22 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Retirement Age	50-70
Mortality	RP 2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Appropriate

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2020

	1	12/3/2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	209,600
Interest	ψ	826,122
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(344,674)
Change of Assumptions		13,005
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		15,005
of Member Contributions		(363,732)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		340,321
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		11,106,738
		11,100,700
Total Pension Liability - Ending		11,447,059
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	231,673
Contributions - Members		84,828
Net Investment Income		50,220
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		
of Member Contributions		(363,732)
Other (Net Transfer)		(60,596)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(57,607)
Plan Net Position - Beginning		10,067,624
Plan Net Position - Ending		10,010,017
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,437,042
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		87.45%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,885,056
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		76.23%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019
193,445	204,078	189,322	200,661
850,605	896,587	945,788	960,558
(28,834)	447,168	(180,750)	603,261
(28,913)	(361,903)	370,124	—
(344,123)	(473,564)	(571,521)	(811,655)
642,180	712,366	752,963	952,825
11,447,059	12,089,239	12,801,605	13,554,568
12,089,239	12,801,605	13,554,568	14,507,393
233,865	237,019	232,559	235,060
84,734	90,027	92,114	145,808
686,222	1,808,209	(644,609)	2,153,746
(344,123)	(473,564)	(571,521)	(811,655)
33,808	(78,194)	52,702	346,052
694,506	1,583,497	(838,755)	2,069,011
10,010,017	10,704,523	12,288,020	11,449,265
10,704,523	12,288,020	11,449,265	13,518,276
1,384,716	513,585	2,105,303	989,117
88.55%	95.99 %	84.47%	93.18%
1,882,973	2,000,593	2,046,968	2,164,864
73.54%	25.67 %	102.85%	45.69%

Police Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2020

		2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	595,163
Interest	Ψ	1,450,923
Changes in Benefit Terms		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(56,318)
Change of Assumptions		1,445,765
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		1,110,700
of Member Contributions		(821,769)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,613,764
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		20,124,051
		_ • , · , • •
Total Pension Liability - Ending		22,737,815
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	543,678
Contributions - Members		219,573
Net Investment Income		1,058,987
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		
of Member Contributions		(821,769)
Administrative Expenses		(12,266)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		988,203
Plan Net Position - Beginning		14,505,582
Plan Net Position - Ending		15,493,785
		, ,
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	7,244,030
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		68.14%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,250,817
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		201 0 40/
Covered Payroll		321.84%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
679,295	690,936	734,118	640,996	625,980
1,407,984	1,709,941	1,806,828	1,898,395	2,003,320
				235,224
1,359,876	(397,460)	69,846	294,531	(36,053)
2,567,951	559,382	(773,565)	(768,050)	(330,469)
<u> </u>)	()	(()
(919,173)	(949,373)	(1,075,836)	(1,277,105)	(1,195,770)
5,095,933	1,613,426	761,391	788,767	1,302,232
22,737,815	27,833,748	29,447,174	30,208,565	30,997,332
27,833,748	29,447,174	30,208,565	30,997,332	32,299,564
593,000	697,784	780,713	748,665	758,505
235,261	234,761	232,978	241,313	248,670
49,046	1,484,997	1,232,494	1,103,693	245,015
(919,173)	(949,373)	(1,075,836)	(1,277,105)	(1,195,770)
(10,491)	(8,662)	(9,477)	(9,353)	(10,541)
(52,357)	1,459,507	1,160,872	807,213	45,879
15,493,785	15,441,428	16,900,935	18,061,807	18,869,020
15,441,428	16,900,935	18,061,807	18,869,020	18,914,899
12,392,320	12,546,239	12,146,758	12,128,312	13,384,665
55.48%	57.39%	59.79%	60.87%	58.56%
2,577,543	2,582,282	2,615,940	2,643,912	2,723,717
480.78%	485.86%	464.34%	458.73%	491.41%

Police Pension Fund Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2020

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net
Fiscal	of Investment
Year	Expense
2015	7.15%
2016	0.32%
2017	9.67%
2018	7.32%
2019	6.15%
2020	1.31%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Retiree Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2020

	 2019	2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 146,001	154,363
Interest	122,487	123,813
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	62,005	785,524
Benefit Payments	 (143,615)	(153,635)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 186,878	910,065
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 3,157,203	3,344,081
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 3,344,081	4,254,146
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,633,348	2,721,942
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	126.99 %	156.29%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019 and 2020.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 6,097,475	6,097,475	5,742,988
Intergovernmental	1,071,410	1,071,410	1,194,826
Licenses and Permits	492,485	492,485	465,520
Charges for Services	682,870	682,870	662,632
Fines and Forfeitures	145,000	145,000	121,292
Interest	180,000	180,000	333,191
Miscellaneous	292,140	292,140	328,148
Total Revenues	8,961,380	8,961,380	8,848,597
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	1,794,610	1,794,610	1,941,170
Public Safety	5,237,695	5,237,695	5,135,409
Public Works	1,476,100	1,476,100	1,384,981
Total Expenditures	8,508,405	8,508,405	8,461,560
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	452,975	452,975	387,037
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Disposal of Capital Assets	15,000	15,000	6,040
Transfers Out	(425,000)	(425,000)	(115,000)
	(410,000)	(410,000)	(108,960)
Net Change in Fund Balance	42,975	42,975	278,077
Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated			5,040,856
Fund Balance - Ending			5,318,933

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Internal Service Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Pension Trust Fund
- Consolidated Year-End Financial Report

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the operation of street maintenance programs and capital projects as authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided from the Village's share of gasoline taxes restricted by the State for street maintenance.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund is used to account for the taxes generated from all overnight stays at Village hotels and is used for tourism related expenditures.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, equipment and capital asset replacement.

Capital Improvements Fund

The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for funds used to pay for the annual road program, arterial street improvements, facility improvements, and other related projects. It is funded by Motor Fuel Tax revenues, developer donations, grants, and transfers from the General Fund.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - Continued

Sidewalks/Pathways Fund

The Sidewalks/Pathways Fund is used to account for the construction and maintenance of sidewalks and pathways throughout the Village. It is funded by developer donations and transfers from the General Fund.

Storm Water Management Fund

The Storm Water Management Fund accounts for the periodic maintenance of the Village's storm water system. Fees from permits assist in providing funding for these projects.

Equipment Replacement Fund

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for the purchase of vehicles and major equipment. Transfers from the General Fund are set aside on an annual basis for the eventual replacement of capital equipment.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the municipal water service. Fees from consumption of water (utility billing) and tap on fees from building activities provide the primary source of revenue for the fund. Revenues are used to purchase water and to maintain the distribution system and all activities necessary for operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for all financial activities associated with the municipal sewer service in Cook County. Fees for the use of the system provide a source of revenue for the fund. Expenses and reserves are used to maintain the distribution system and provide for the repair and replacement of the sewer system infrastructure.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies other governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Information Technology Fund

The Information Technology Fund is used to account for the acquisition of technology equipment and for technology related services to other departments of the Village.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUND

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement pensions for the Village's sworn police personnel. Most rules and regulations of the fund are established by the Pension Division of the Illinois Department of Insurance. Resources are contributed by sworn police personnel at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village through an annual property tax levy.

CUSTODIAL FUND

Special Assessment Fund

The Special Assessment Fund is used to account for assets held for the payment of special assessment bonds.

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ 120,000	120,000	229,435
Expenditures Debt Service Interest and Fiscal Charges	 130,750	130,750	127,316
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (10,750)	(10,750)	102,119
Fund Balance - Beginning			4,782,087
Fund Balance - Ending		:	4,884,206

Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Interest	\$ 11,540	11,540	21,851
Miscellaneous	 90,000	90,000	
Total Revenues	101,540	101,540	21,851
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	 1,189,225	1,189,225	994,858
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,087,685)	(1,087,685)	(973,007)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	 525,000	525,000	666,445
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (562,685)	(562,685)	(306,562)
Fund Balance - Beginning		-	521,302
Fund Balance - Ending		=	214,740

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

	Special	Capital	
	Revenue	Projects	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 253,203	728,504	981,707
Receivables - Net of Allowances			
Accounts	8,733	_	8,733
Accrued Interest	2,312	5,400	7,712
Due from Other Governments	31,317	—	31,317
Prepaids	1,500		1,500
Total Assets	297,065	733,904	1,030,969
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	16,829	7,950	24,779
Due to Other Funds	31,709	7,400	39,109
Total Liabilities	48,538	15,350	63,888
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	1,500	_	1,500
Restricted	247,027	_	247,027
Committed	·	718,554	718,554
Total Fund Balances	248,527	718,554	967,081
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	297,065	733,904	1,030,969

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 612,728	—	612,728
Intergovernmental	389,645		389,645
Interest	22,673	54,627	77,300
Miscellaneous	15,550	42,981	58,531
Total Revenues	1,040,596	97,608	1,138,204
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	745,592	—	745,592
Public Works	317	89,060	89,377
Capital Outlay		175,811	175,811
Total Expenditures	745,909	264,871	1,010,780
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	294,687	(167,263)	127,424
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	—	15,000	15,000
Transfers Out	(566,445)		(566,445)
	(566,445)	15,000	(551,445)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(271,758)	(152,263)	(424,021)
Fund Balances - Beginning	520,285	870,817	1,391,102
Fund Balances - Ending	248,527	718,554	967,081

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

		Motor Fuel Tax	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	9,445	243,758	253,203
Receivables - Net of Allowances				
Accounts			8,733	8,733
Accrued Interest		1,232	1,080	2,312
Due from Other Governments		31,317	_	31,317
Prepaids			1,500	1,500
Total Assets		41,994	255,071	297,065
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable			16,829	16,829
Due to Other Funds		31,709	_	31,709
Total Liabilities		31,709	16,829	48,538
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable			1,500	1,500
Restricted		10,285	236,742	247,027
Total Fund Balances		10,285	238,242	248,527
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances		41,994	255,071	297,065

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Motor	Hotel/	
	Fuel	Motel	
	Tax	Tax	Totals
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ —	612,728	612,728
Intergovernmental	° 389,645		389,645
Interest	11,748	10,925	22,673
Miscellaneous		15,550	15,550
Total Revenues	401,393	639,203	1,040,596
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	_	745,592	745,592
Public Works	317		317
Total Expenditures	317	745,592	745,909
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	401,076	(106,389)	294,687
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(401,560)	(164,885)	(566,445)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(484)	(271,274)	(271,758)
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,769	509,516	520,285
Fund Balances - Ending	10,285	238,242	248,527

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
State Allotments	\$ 269,780	269,780	389,645
Interest	6,600	6,600	11,748
Total Revenues	276,380	276,380	401,393
Expenditures			
Current			
Public Works	 400	400	317
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	275,980	275,980	401,076
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	 (275,000)	(401,500)	(401,560)
Net Change in Fund Balance	 980	(125,520)	(484)
Fund Balance - Beginning			10,769
Fund Balance - Ending			10,285

Hotel/Motel - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Hotel/Motel	\$ 647,415	647,415	612,728
Interest	5,760	5,760	10,925
Miscellaneous	12,000	12,000	15,550
Total Revenues	 665,175	665,175	639,203
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	 754,425	754,425	745,592
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(89,250)	(89,250)	(106,389)
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	 —	(156,055)	(164,885)
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (89,250)	(245,305)	(271,274)
Fund Balance - Beginning			509,516
Fund Balance - Ending			238,242

Nonmajor Governmental - Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

	idewalks/ Pathways	Storm Water Management	Equipment Replacement	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ 382,338	17,875	328,291	728,504
Accrued Interest	 2,160	1,080	2,160	5,400
Total Assets	 384,498	18,955	330,451	733,904
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		7,950		7,950
Due to Other Funds		7,400	_	7,400
Total Liabilities	 —	15,350	—	15,350
FUND BALANCES				
Committed	 384,498	3,605	330,451	718,554
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	 384,498	18,955	330,451	733,904

Nonmajor Governmental - Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	idewalks/ Pathways	Storm Water Management	Equipment Replacement	Totals
Revenues				
Interest	\$ 21,851	10,925	21,851	54,627
Miscellaneous	 28,500	14,481	—	42,981
Total Revenues	 50,351	25,406	21,851	97,608
Expenditures Current				
Public Works		89,060		89,060
Capital Outlay	114,659		61,152	175,811
Total Expenditures	 114,659	89,060	61,152	264,871
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(64,308)	(63,654)	(39,301)	(167,263)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	 _	15,000		15,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(64,308)	(48,654)	(39,301)	(152,263)
Fund Balances - Beginning	 448,806	52,259	369,752	870,817
Fund Balances - Ending	 384,498	3,605	330,451	718,554

Sidewalks/Pathways - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
State Grants	\$ 100,000	100,000	
Interest	5,000	5,000	21,851
Miscellaneous	33,215	33,215	28,500
Total Revenues	138,215	138,215	50,351
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	892,805	892,805	114,659
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(754,590)	(754,590)	(64,308)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	125,000	125,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(629,590)	(629,590)	(64,308)
Fund Balance - Beginning			448,806
Fund Balance - Ending			384,498

Storm Water Management - Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Driginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues			
Interest	\$ 6,000	6,000	10,925
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	14,481
Total Revenues	 36,000	36,000	25,406
Expenditures			
Current			
Public Works	 62,100	89,060	89,060
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(26,100)	(53,060)	(63,654)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	 		15,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (26,100)	(53,060)	(48,654)
Fund Balance - Beginning			52,259
Fund Balance - Ending			3,605

Equipment Replacement - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ 11,540	11,540	21,851
Interest	\$ 11,340	11,540	21,001
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	112,000	112,000	61,152
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(100,460) (100,460)	(39,301)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers Out	50,000	50,000	—
Net Change in Fund Balance	(50,460) (50,460)	(39,301)
Fund Balance - Beginning			369,752
Fund Balance - Ending			330,451

Water - Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 5,892,705	5,892,705	5,080,618
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Personal Services	942,250	942,250	1,045,589
Contractual Services	1,774,025	1,774,025	580,797
Commodities	3,736,220	3,736,220	3,381,475
Repairs and Maintenance	215,210	215,210	109,984
Depreciation	 	—	989,233
Total Operating Expenses	 6,667,705	6,667,705	6,107,078
Operating (Loss)	 (775,000)	(775,000)	(1,026,460)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Tap-On Connection Fees	75,170	75,170	37,481
Other Income	30,000	30,000	21,263
Interest Income	170,000	170,000	316,838
Disposal of Capital Assets	 	—	(97,492)
	 275,170	275,170	278,090
Change in Net Position	 (499,830)	(499,830)	(748,370)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			44,261,406
Net Position - Ending		:	43,513,036

Sewer - Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 429,310	429,310	397,295
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Personal Services	267,670	267,670	312,925
Contractual Services	201,150	201,150	106,275
Commodities	2,000	2,000	1,637
Repairs and Maintenance	23,960	23,960	46,644
Depreciation	 —	—	196,385
Total Operating Expenses	 494,780	494,780	663,866
Operating (Loss)	 (65,470)	(65,470)	(266,571)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Tap-On Connection Fees	10,000	10,000	10,000
Interest Income	51,890	51,890	98,331
	 61,890	61,890	108,331
Change in Net Position	 (3,580)	(3,580)	(158,240)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated		-	10,229,899
Net Position - Ending		=	10,071,659

Information Technology - Internal Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Interfund Services	\$ 323,115	323,115	323,115
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Personal Services	13,060	13,060	16,674
Contractual Services	324,720	324,720	264,628
Commodities	20,000	20,000	24,245
Repairs and Maintenance	15,000	15,000	10,608
Depreciation		_	87,847
Total Operating Expenses	 372,780	372,780	404,002
Operating (Loss)	(49,665)	(49,665)	(80,887)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Income	 11,530	11,530	21,850
Change in Net Position	 (38,135)	(38,135)	(59,037)
Net Position - Beginning		_	592,129
Net Position - Ending		=	533,092

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Changes in the Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
Additions			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 758,505	758,505	758,505
Contributions - Plan Members	257,100	257,100	248,670
Total Contributions	1,015,605	1,015,605	1,007,175
Investment Income			
Interest Earned	700,000	700,000	549,984
Net Change in Fair Value	_	_	(257,722)
	700,000	700,000	292,262
Less Investment Expenses	(47,160)	(47,160)	(47,247)
Net Investment Income	652,840	652,840	245,015
Total Additions	1,668,445	1,668,445	1,252,190
Deductions			
Administration	11,475	11,475	10,541
Benefits and Refunds	1,247,250	1,247,250	1,195,770
Total Deductions	1,258,725	1,258,725	1,206,311
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	409,720	409,720	45,879
Net Position Restricted for Pensions			
Beginning			18,869,020
Ending			18,914,899

Consolidated Year-End Financial Report April 30, 2020

CSFA #	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Total
494-00-1488	Motor Fuel Tax Program	\$ 401,877		_	401,877
	Other Grant Programs and Activities		_		
	All Other Costs Not Allocated	 		20,567,659	20,567,659
	Totals	 401,877		20,567,659	20,969,536

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2017 April 30, 2020

Date of Issue	June 12, 2017
Date of Maturity	December 15, 2022
Authorized Issue	\$5,970,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rate	2.00%
Interest Dates	June 15 and December 15
Principal Maturity Date	December 15
Payable at	US Bank

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal	F	Requirements			Interest	Due On	
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Jun. 15	Amount	Dec. 15	Amount
2021	\$ —	119,400	119,400	2021	59,700	2021	59,700
2022		119,400	119,400	2022	59,700	2022	59,700
2023	5,970,000	119,400	6,089,400	2023	59,700	2023	59,700
	5,970,000	358,200	6,328,200		179,100		179,100

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 252,580,402	251,653,206	251,206,539
Restricted	4,970,031	3,751,427	3,765,736
Unrestricted	4,475,605	6,464,200	6,060,157
Total Governmental			
Activities Net Position	262,026,038	261,868,833	261,032,432
Business-Type Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	60,574,330	59,407,331	58,224,827
Unrestricted	5,392,173	5,559,906	5,744,179
Total Business-Type			
Activities Net Position	65,966,503	64,967,237	63,969,006
Primary Government			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	313,154,732	311,060,537	309,431,366
Restricted	4,970,031	3,751,427	3,765,736
Unrestricted	9,867,778	12,024,106	11,804,336
Total Primary Government			
Net Position	327,992,541	326,836,070	325,001,438

* Accrual Basis of Accounting

Data Source: Village Records

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	240 (07 222	2 4 9 9 9 4 2 2 9	240 152 025		245 022 455	0.45.110.400
250,526,035	249,607,233	248,884,230	248,153,935	246,832,022	245,822,475	245,113,433
3,497,446	3,624,220	3,521,964	3,387,092	3,299,319	3,407,865	5,086,458
5,813,259	6,704,408	(750,565)	(2,338,524)	(1,637,816)	(5,282,225)	(9,243,194)
259,836,740	259,935,861	251,655,629	249,202,503	248,493,525	243,948,115	240,956,697
57,153,060	56,021,690	54,864,763	53,718,534	52,551,546	51,387,493	51,184,560
5,384,564	4,924,968	4,276,819	3,621,474	3,333,576	3,640,623	2,400,135
62,537,624	60,946,658	59,141,582	57,340,008	55,885,122	55,028,116	53,584,695
307,679,095	305,628,923	303,748,993	301,872,469	299,383,568	297,209,968	296,297,993
3,497,446	3,624,220	3,521,964	3,387,092	3,299,319	3,407,865	5,086,458
11,197,823	11,629,376	3,526,254	1,282,950	1,695,760	(1,641,602)	(6,843,059)
322,374,364	320,882,519	310,797,211	306,542,511	304,378,647	298,976,231	294,541,392

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Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years* April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	2	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities Expenses	8	2,174,240 3,196,565 4,038,317 292,947 9,702,069	3,183,303 4,854,169 1,792,960 306,081 10,136,513	3,074,361 5,089,056 2,249,908 206,711 10,620,036	3,664,459 5,310,975 1,681,386 167,557 10,824,377	3,585,962 5,365,609 1,607,271 150,554 10,709,396	3,537,938 6,307,495 1,642,199 134,520 11,622,152	3,665,069 6,804,396 1,770,909 117,485 12,357,859	3,655,187 6,564,131 1,818,517 217,007 12,254,842	3,543,277 6,723,963 2,305,576 108,920 12,681,736	6,434,969 5,429,650 2,122,558 113,923 14,101,100
Business-Type Activities Waterworks Sewer Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	7	4,245,605 464,618 4,710,223	4,534,819 476,072 5,010,891	5,139,364 473,014 5,612,378	5,342,986 483,446 5,826,432	5,464,631 476,245 5,940,876	5,623,492 466,385 6,089,877	6,013,665 491,850 6,505,515	6,202,592 487,193 6,689,785	6,127,805 522,137 6,649,942	6,204,570 663,866 6,868,436
Total Primary Government Expenses	1	4,412,292	15,147,404	16,232,414	16,650,809	16,650,272	17,712,029	18,863,374	18,944,627	19,331,678	20,969,536
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for Services General Government Public Safety		801,158 218,059	794,808 189,779	901,469 223,074	948,800 204,727	1,086,805 206,200	1,009,915 184,473	1,174,593 184,603	1,257,995 125,184	1,367,365 115,681	1,266,868 121,292
Public Works Operating Grants/Contributions Capital Grants/Contributions		1,243,492 393,574	— 400,986 105,706	 483,354 92,195	 470,674 74,555	— 350,265 141,639	${282,619}$ 46,913	— 480,846 89,989	341,095 55,270	 447,561 	389,645 452,477
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues Business-Type Activities		2,656,283	1,491,279	1,700,092	1,698,756	1,784,909	1,523,920	1,930,031	1,779,544	1,930,607	2,230,282
Charges for Services Waterworks Sewer		3,085,318 248,655	3,262,098 251,607	4,125,224 270,835	4,144,493 228,976	3,773,643 237,180	4,215,331 230,743	4,340,687 238,479	4,882,667 289,630	5,086,317 356,267	5,139,362 407,295
1 otal Business-1 ype Activities Frogram Kevenues Total Primary Government Program Revenues		5,990,256	5,004,984	4,390,039 6,096,151	4, <i>513</i> ,409 6,072,225	4,010,823 5,795,732	4,440,074 5,969,994	4,579,190 6,509,197	5,172,297 6,951,841	7,373,191	7,776,939

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net (Expenses) Revenues Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (7,045,786) (1,376,250)) (8,645,234)) (1,497,186)	(8,919,944) (1,216,319)	(9,125,621) (1,452,963)	(8,924,487) (1,930,053)	(10,098,232) (1,643,803)	(10,427,828) (1,926,349)	(10,475,298) (1,517,488)	(10,751,129) (1,207,358)	(11,870,818) (1,321,779)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	(8,422,036)	(10,142,420)	(10,136,263)	(10,578,584)	(10,854,540)	(11,742,035)	(12,354,177)	(11,992,786)	(11,958,487)	(13,192,597)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Taxes										
Property	1,742,079		1,764,263	1,909,351	1,874,869	1,919,415	1,952,833	1,526,747	1,376,896	1,484,927
Sales and Use	2,001,870	0	2,288,072	2,272,629	2,350,537	2,332,650	2,437,366	2,659,751	2,632,829	2,362,164
Telecommunications	770,678	837,391	737,693	740,817	720,251	670,121	586,042	543,542	520,965	467,285
Hotel/Motel	877.828	866,690	494,199	501.571	513.747	529,490	486,004	551.730	677.972	612.728
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted			~		~					~
State Income Tax	378,620	450,081	951,583	1,028,933	1,034,091	1,125,298	998,088	1,169,228	1,091,703	1,144,430
Interest	471,882	721,504	492,137	(79, 302)	296,330	238,464	54,444	21,358	396,759	683,627
Miscellaneous	308,325	375,584	395,752	373,107	257,516	312,849	430,246	2,231,553	781,077	797,849
Transfers]			
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues	7,744,536	8,488,029	8,301,631	8,004,484	8,238,702	8,184,362	8,064,690	9,821,490	8,669,009	8,620,848
Business-Type Activities										
Interest	213,309	497	200,583	(52,974)	197,448	158,727	34,786	7,332	237,583	415,169
Miscellaneous Transfere	1,325	550	175,505							
Total Business-Tyne Activities General Revenues	214 634	497 920	376.088	(52,974)	197 448	158 727	34 786	7 332	237 583	415 169
				(·	6			
Total Primary Government General Revenues	7,959,170	8,985,949	8,677,719	7,951,510	8,436,150	8,343,089	8,099,476	9,828,822	8,906,592	9,036,017
Changes in Net Position Coveremented A activities	057 909	(306 231)	(618-313)	(121-121-1)	(585 785)	(1.013.870)	(021292 <i>U</i>)	(000 259)	(001 680 6)	(070.070.57
Business-Type Activities	(1,161,616)		(840,231)	(1,505,937)	(1,732,605)	(1,485,076)	(1,891,563)	(1,510,156)	(969,775)	(906,610)
Total Primary Government Changes in Net Position	(462,866)	(1,156,471)	(1,458,544)	(2,627,074)	(2,418,390)	(3,398,946)	(4,254,701)	(2,163,964)	(3,051,895)	(4,156,580)

* Accrual Basis of Accounting

Data Source: Village Records

130

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years* April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$		_	
Assigned				
Unassigned	4,096,397	4,637,730	4,675,189	4,608,606
Total General Fund	4,096,397	4,637,730	4,675,189	4,608,606
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	4,970,031		_	_
Unreserved, Reported in,				
Special Revenue Funds	153,632		_	_
Debt Service Funds	1,081,079	_	_	
Nonspendable	_	_	_	
Restricted		3,751,427	3,765,736	3,497,446
Committed	_	1,610,543	1,636,735	1,394,313
Assigned		1,130,889	1,035,613	1,092,168
Unassigned		(45,214)	(10,861)	(60,789)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	6,204,742	6,447,645	6,427,223	5,923,138
Total Governmental Funds	10,301,139	11,085,375	11,102,412	10,531,744

*Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Data Source: Village Records

The Village implemented GASB No. 54 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
					10.200
					10,260
850,000	850,000	850,000	850,000	850,000	850,000
4,667,714	4,756,856	4,688,547	4,611,586	4,469,115	4,458,673
5,517,714	5,606,856	5,538,547	5,461,586	5,319,115	5,318,933
	5,000,020	5,550,517	5,101,500	5,517,110	5,510,755
_	_	_	_	_	
_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	—	—	—	—
_	_	—	—	—	1,500
3,624,220	3,521,964	3,387,092	3,299,319	3,407,865	5,131,233
1,625,675	1,565,962	1,421,345	3,327,387	2,765,324	718,554
1,087,905	828,031	372,060	13,940	521,302	214,740
(1,812)	6,247	6,247	_	—	
6,335,988	5,922,204	5,186,744	6,640,646	6,694,491	6,066,027
11,853,702	11,529,060	10,725,291	12,102,232	12,013,606	11,384,960

Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years* April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

		2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	5,665,127	6,035,593	5,879,591
Licenses and Permits	Ψ	349,721	322,132	387,773
Intergovernmental		2,058,488	1,822,541	1,955,196
Charges for Services		516,969	533,516	588,494
Fines and Forfeits		152,526	128,938	148,275
Interest		471,882	721,504	291,558
Developer Contributions		889,602	60,485	221,548
Miscellaneous		296,507	354,599	311,200
Total Revenues		10,400,822	9,979,308	9,783,635
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government		1,965,960	2,085,353	2,226,297
Public Safety		4,608,038	4,434,627	4,742,190
Public Works		1,267,684	1,247,481	1,146,024
Capital Outlay		3,006,688	773,488	1,087,806
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement		432,481	448,891	470,172
Interest and Fiscal Charges		285,983	299,117	199,747
Total Expenditures		11,566,834	9,288,957	9,872,236
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,166,012)	690,351	(88,601)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance			_	103,088
Sales of Capital Assets		12,920	93,885	2,550
Transfers In		260,850	269,185	430,640
Transfers Out		(260,850)	(269,185)	(430,640)
		12,920	93,885	105,638
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,153,092)	784,236	17,037
Debt Service as a Percentage				
of Noncapital Expenditures		8.60%	8.41%	7.44%
*Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting				

Data Source: Village Records

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
6,638,104	6,608,066	6,464,482	6,536,484	6,362,291	6,361,241	6,355,716
416,190	501,135	379,528	536,428	609,440	704,941	465,520
1,520,499	1,384,455	1,438,654	1,311,150	1,475,891	1,397,968	1,584,471
590,294	641,112	658,177	695,849	648,555	662,424	662,632
147,043	150,758	147,683	126,919	125,184	115,681	121,292
(76,653)	286,457	230,528	52,706	20,866	384,254	661,777
73,505	27,080	2,100	143,371	35,483		—
322,152	273,036	323,281	500,087	362,958	960,602	386,679
9,631,134	9,872,099	9,644,433	9,902,994	9,640,668	10,587,111	10,238,087
2,365,070	2,198,369	2,110,494	2,289,541	2,327,843	1,975,077	2,686,762
4,566,482	4,569,051	4,870,252	5,005,145	5,092,733	5,141,781	5,135,409
1,341,480	1,322,217	1,362,408	1,360,597	1,490,460	1,875,466	1,474,358
1,279,837	715,953	945,573	1,380,156	1,106,557	1,509,877	1,170,669
186 620	509 126	520 569	516 756	5 077 020	44 422	
486,630 183,517	508,126 166,491	529,568 150,780	546,256 133,867	5,977,920 213,935	44,432 130,029	127.216
10,223,016	9,480,207	9,969,075	10,715,562	16,209,448	10,676,662	<u>127,316</u> 10,594,514
10,223,010	9,480,207	9,909,075	10,715,502	10,209,448	10,070,002	10,394,314
(591,882)	391,892	(324,642)	(812,568)	(6,568,780)	(89,551)	(356,427)
_	_	—	_	6,033,995	_	
21,014	3,521		8,799	1,911,726	925	6,040
606,060	627,055	376,600	347,275	470,915	865,760	681,445
(606,060)	(627,055)	(376,600)	(347,275)	(470,915)	(865,760)	(681,445)
21,014	3,521	—	8,799	7,945,721	925	6,040
(570,868)	395,413	(324,642)	(803,769)	1,376,941	(88,626)	(350,387)
7.03%	7.22%	7.12%	6.62%	39.49%	1.76%	1.28%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years - DuPage and Cook Counties April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax Levy Year	Residential Property	Farm	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	2010	\$ 1,036,739,524	\$ 3,868	\$ 109,955,153	\$ 106,715,960	\$ 1,253,414,505	0.1337
2012	2011	897,849,340	4,075	98,421,235	117,479,330	1,113,753,980	0.1582
2013	2012	839,650,089	4,303	92,473,579	110,781,593	1,042,909,564	0.1618
2014	2013	799,582,002	4,558	76,019,410	109,049,942	984,655,912	0.1623
2015	2014	807,838,359	6,904	116,383,646	79,724,358	1,003,953,267	0.1450
2016	2015	811,622,070	11,638	115,912,892	81,235,627	1,008,782,227	0.1050
2017	2016	848,665,349	9,610	120,330,674	86,352,947	1,055,358,580	0.1001
2018	2017	958,613,645	10,341	140,630,299	90,625,540	1,189,879,825	0.1080
2019	2018	966,495,035	8,313	141,767,303	91,858,357	1,200,129,008	0.0621
2020	2019	*	*	*	*	1,195,171,351	0.1105
Data Source	:: Office of th	Data Source: Office of the County Clerk					

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

(1) Assessed value is set by the County Assessor on an annual basis. The assessment level is then adjusted by the State with a County Multiplier based on the factor needed to bring the average prior years' level up to 33-1/3% of market value. All property is reassessed on a repeating triennial cycle.

*The Village is in two counties, DuPage and Cook Counties. As of the opinion date, this information was not available from Cook County.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	2011	2012	2013
Village Direct Rates			
General	0.0284	0.0319	0.0333
Bond and Interest	0.0450	0.0512	0.0528
Police Protection	0.0189	0.0211	0.0226
Police Pension	0.0414	0.0540	0.0531
Total Village Direct Rates	0.1337	0.1582	0.1618
Overlapping Rates			
DuPage County	0.1773	0.1929	0.2040
DuPage County Forest Preserve District	0.1414	0.1542	0.1657
DuPage County Airport Authority	0.0169	0.0168	0.0178
Downers Grove Township	0.0766	0.0855	0.0917
Burr Ridge Park District	0.1899	0.2036	0.2160
Tri-State Fire District	0.5856	0.6627	0.7116
Grade School District Number 62	1.6074	1.7978	1.9154
High School District Number 86	1.3362	1.4984	1.5681
Community College District Number 502	0.2495	0.2681	0.2956
Total Overlapping Rates	4.3808	4.8800	5.1859

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Note: Rates are per \$1,000 of Assessed Value

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
0.0321	0.0266	0.0215	0.0233	0.0257	0.0267	0.0264
	0.0200	0.0215	0.0255	0.0237	0.0207	
0.0521						0.0176
0.0214	0.0515	0.0144	0.0154	0.0171	0.0178	
0.0567	0.0669	0.0691	0.0614	0.0652	0.0176	0.0665
0.1623	0.1450	0.1050	0.1001	0.1080	0.0621	0.1105
0.2057	0.1971	0.1848	0.1749	0.1673	0.1673	0.1655
0.1691	0.1622	0.1514	0.1306	0.1278	0.1278	0.1242
0.0196	0.0188	0.0176	0.0166	0.0146	0.0146	0.0141
0.0942	0.0918	0.0874	0.0843	0.0828	0.0318	0.0311
0.2165	0.2139	0.2116	0.2071	0.1915	0.2000	0.2018
0.7389	0.7501	0.7160	0.7365	0.6443	0.6443	0.6668
1.9551	1.9254	1.8487	1.8031	1.7768	1.7768	1.7813
1.5921	1.5592	1.4731	1.4380	1.4415	1.7320	1.6110
0.2975	0.2786	0.2626	0.2431	0.2317	0.2317	0.2112
5.2887	5.1971	4.9532	4.8342	4.6783	4.9263	4.8070

Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

			2020			2011	
				Percentage of			Percentage of
				Total Village			Total Village
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
HTA Burr Ridge	\$	15,899,962	1	1.21%			
Burr Deed LLC		12,091,091	2	0.92%			
AP Aim Burr Ridge LLC		9,360,660	3	0.71%	7,388,823	6	0.56%
Burr Ridge Parkway		7,862,213	4	0.60%	18,964,635	1	1.45%
Case Corp		7,296,110	5	0.56%			
Life Time Fitness 130		7,095,319	6	0.54%	8,554,190	4	0.65%
Reegs Prps LB CBRE		6,168,139	7	0.47%	6,557,726	7	0.50%
BJF Estancia LLC		6,141,960	8	0.47%	7,830,320	5	0.60%
King Bruwaert Woods		5,637,622	9	0.43%	6,223,543	8	0.47%
TCF Bank		4,871,429	10	0.37%			
Opus North Corp.					18,391,964	2	1.40%
Opus North Corp.					8,752,030	3	0.67%
Local 731 PS & GP					5,985,459	9	0.46%
Sheboygan Holdings LLC					5,396,433	10	0.41%
Totals	_	82,424,505	1	6.28%	94,045,123	1	7.17%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	Tax	Taxes Levied for	Collected w Fiscal Year of		С	collections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal	Levy	the Fiscal	 	Percentage	S	ubsequent	 	Percentage
Year	Year	Year	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy
2011	2010	\$ 1,038,316	\$ 983,958	94.76%	\$		\$ 983,958	94.76%
2012	2011	1,095,236	1,023,538	93.45%			1,023,538	93.45%
2013	2012	1,115,634	1,055,423	94.60%		_	1,055,423	94.60%
2014	2013	1,151,054	1,106,354	96.12%		—	1,106,354	96.12%
2015	2014	1,151,054	1,133,870	98.51%		_	1,133,870	98.51%
2016	2015	1,159,435	1,133,870	97.80%		_	1,133,870	97.80%
2017	2016	1,187,218	1,149,284	96.80%		_	1,149,284	96.80%
2018	2017	1,219,359	1,183,929	97.09%		—	1,183,929	97.09%
2019	2018	1,256,195	1,221,730	97.26%		_	1,221,730	97.26%
2020	2019	1,256,082	1,212,592	96.54%		_	1,212,592	96.54%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	 Governmental Activities			Percentage				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Promissory Note	C	Total Primary Government	of Personal Income (1)		Per Capita (1)
2011	\$ 8,338,007	\$	285,499	\$	8,623,506	6.53%	\$	816.70
2012	7,956,898		250,234		8,207,132	6.16%		777.26
2013	7,565,718		491,165		8,056,883	6.99%		763.03
2014	7,193,655		508,079		7,701,734	6.78%		729.40
2015	6,640,141		529,609		7,169,750	6.22%		679.02
2016	6,070,136		549,187		6,619,323	3.90%		626.89
2017	6,001,712		44,496		6,046,208	4.49%		572.61
2018	6,033,995		44,432		6,078,427	4.20%		575.66
2019	6,021,196		_		6,021,196	4.16%		570.24
2020	6,008,396		_		6,008,396	4.15%		569.03

Data Source: Village Records

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Note: Details regarding the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	 overnmental Activities General Obligation Bonds	Le	ess: Amounts Available for Debt Service	Total	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value of Property (1)	C	Per apita (2)
2011	\$ 8,338,007	\$	3,000,328	\$ 5,337,679	0.43%	\$	505.51
2012	7,956,898		3,174,970	4,781,928	0.43%		452.88
2013	7,565,718		3,263,216	4,302,502	0.41%		407.47
2014	7,193,655		3,151,607	4,042,048	0.41%		382.81
2015	6,640,141		3,129,748	3,510,393	0.35%		332.46
2016	6,070,136		3,086,774	2,983,362	0.30%		282.54
2017	6,001,712		2,989,745	3,011,967	0.29%		285.25
2018	6,033,995		2,884,986	3,149,009	0.26%		298.23
2019	6,021,196		2,887,580	3,133,616	0.26%		296.77
2020	6,008,396		4,839,431	1,168,965	0.10%		110.71

Data Source: Village Records

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

(2) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Note: Details regarding the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage of Debt Applicable to Village (1)	Village's Share of Debt
Village	\$ 6,008,396	100.00%	\$ 6,008,396
Overlapping Debt			
Grade School District Number 62	4,265,000	53.44%	2,279,216
Grade School District Number 107	1,510,000	56.64%	855,264
Grade School District Number 181	87,620,000	9.02%	7,903,324
High School District Number 86	82,535,000	14.66%	12,099,631
High School District Number 204	11,750,000	10.45%	1,227,875
Community College District Number 502	204,640,000	2.87%	5,873,168
Cook County	2,950,121,750	0.27%	7,965,329
DuPage County	143,845,000	1.93%	2,776,209
Cook County Forest Preserve District	142,360,000	0.27%	384,372
DuPage County Forest Preserve District	102,721,129	1.93%	1,982,518
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	2,348,353,000	0.28%	6,575,388
Burr Ridge Park District	2,960,000	97.42%	2,883,632
Pleasantdale Park District	 40,505,000	53.26%	21,572,963
Total Overlapping Debt	 6,123,185,879		41,364,388
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	 6,129,194,275		47,372,784

Data Source: Cook County Tax Extension Department

(1) Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the Village to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Schedule of Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

See Following Page

Schedule of Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	2011	2012	2013
Legal Debt Limit	\$ 36,428,200	34,640,052	30,749,042
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 8,650,000	8,235,000	7,850,000
Legal Debt Margin	 27,778,200	26,405,052	22,899,042
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	 23.75%	23.77%	25.53%

Data Source: Audited Financial Statements

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
29,983,650	86,590,969	87,007,467	92,024,676	102,627,135	103,511,127	103,083,529				
7,400,000	6,930,000	6,440,000	5,935,000	5,970,000	5,970,000	5,970,000				
22,583,650	79,660,969	80,567,467	86,089,676	96,657,135	97,541,127	97,113,529				
24.68%	8.00%	7.40%	6.45%	5.82%	5.77%	5.79%				
	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020									
			Assessed Value	2	<u></u>	1,195,171,351				
			Bonded Debt L Assessed Valu	imit - 8.625% of ae	2	103,083,529				
			Amount of Deb	ot Applicable to I	Limit _	5,970,000				
			Legal Debt Mar	Legal Debt Margin						

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (in thousands)	Unemployment Rate
2011	10,559	\$ 132,045	\$ 12.51	2.10%
2012	10,559	133,188	12.61	1.90%
2013	10,559	115,275	10.92	2.80%
2014	10,559	113,576	10.76	3.60%
2015	10,559	115,260	10.92	4.40%
2016	10,559	169,655	16.07	4.30%
2017	10,559	134,706	12.76	3.90%
2018	10,559	144,609	13.70	3.60%
2019	10,559	144,609	13.70	2.70%
2020	10,559	144,609	13.70	8.50%

Data Source: Illinois Department of Employment Security (IDES)

Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Employer	Employees	2020 Rank	Percentage of Total Village Employment	Employees	2011 Rank	Percentage of Total Village Employment
			* *	* *		* *
CNH America LLC (Case)	580	1	5.00%	580	1	5.00%
Insure One	250	2	2.16%	250	4	2.16%
American Marketing Sys	220	3	1.90%	220	5	1.90%
Life Time Fitness	200	4	1.73%	200	7	1.73%
Mars Snackfoods US	200	5	1.73%	201	6	1.73%
Administration	200	6	1.73%			
Praxair	180	7	1.55%	180	8	1.55%
Services, LLC	165	8	1.42%			
Personalization Mall	160	9	1.38%			
Electro-Motive Diesel	145	10	1.25%			
McGraw-Hill Companies				350	2	3.02%
TCF National Bank				335	3	2.89%
Panduit Corp.				150	9	1.29%
Codilis & Associates				140	10	1.21%
	2,300		26.6%	2,606		21.9%

Data Source: Village Records and U.S. Census Bureau.

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013
General Government			
Administration	6	6	6
Finance	4	4	4
Public Safety			
Police			
Officers	27	28	26
Civilians	4	2	3
Public Works			
Engineering	2	2	2
Operations	4	4	4
Forestry and Grounds	3	3	3
Water and Wastewater	5	5	5
Totals	55	54	53

Full-Time Village Government Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
6	6	6	6	6	7	7
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
26	27	27	27	27	27	27
4	3	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	4	4	4
5	7	7	5	5	5	5
54	56	56	54	55	56	56

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013
General Government			
Administration			
FOIA Requests	122	111	157
FOIA Extensions			
Agendas	94	91	94
Liquor Licenses	20	20	25
Number of Building Permits	221	220	237
New Housing Starts	8	23	33
Additions/Alterations Residential	22	39	55
Additions/Alterations Non Residential	26	25	31
Citizens Request for Service	571	223	156
Finance			
Accounts Payable Checks Processed	2,009	1,909	1,818
Direct Debit Sign Ups	*	5	56
Utility Bills Mailed	24,429	24,634	24,618
Utility Bills E-Billed	*	*	*
Reminder Noticed Mailed	2,952	2,501	2,273
Village Bond Rating (Moody's)	Aal	Aa1	Aal
Technology Support Calls Managed	170	220	250
Public Safety			
Police			
Part I Crime Offense	99	99	70
Part II Crime Offense	744	712	734
Public Complaints	12,762	12,570	12,276
Citations Issued	2,126	2,190	2,304
Felony & Misdemeanor Arrests	363	224	313
Public Works			
Number of Parkway Trees Planted	45	58	64
Number of Parkway Trees Trimmed	1,704	1,140	976
Number of Parkway Trees Removed	12	31	—
Snow Plowing Events	39	16	31
Water Main Breaks Repaired	20	33	32
JULIE Locate Requests	2,524	2,869	3,652
Percent Within 48 Hours	1	1	1
Citizen Requests for Service	*	122	553

Data Source: Village Departments

*Information not available, prior to implementation.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
139	140	151	131	105	112	119
				3	7	
83	88	87	86	85	95	77
20	23	23	24	28	29	29
294	266	356	340	299	313	279
31	21	24	14	40	22	18
58	49	59 22	50	42	44	65 20
24	19	23	21	11	21	38
162	86	55	113	176	81	381
1,890	1,961	1,870	1,790	1,737	1,696	1,660
111	97	139	117	120	129	126
24,723	24,899	25,011	24,759	24,399	24,292	24,010
*	*	*	*	*	1,474	1,556
2,390	2,384	2,609	2,617	2,877	2,433	2,015
Aa1	Aal	Aal	Aal	Aal	Aal	Aa1
352	497	507	509	517	513	613
68	83	81	100	110	95	111
741	719	667	754	637	500	376
10,946	9,876	14,300	14,559	13,986	14,954	10,925
2,541	2,270	1,888	1,844	1,626	1,730	1,399
275	244	191	211	138	119	95
50	121	125	141	92	104	93
1,494	1,494	900	2,000	1,657	610	50
117	468	668	382	204	140	115
47	20	16	34	36	16	17
22	13	17	28	33	22	17
4,495	4,484	4,898	5,830	5,195	5,804	6,006
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
396	253	235	256	411	271	368

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities			
Land	¢ 1.70(.250	1 705 522	1 705 522
	\$ 1,796,358	1,705,533	1,705,533
Land Right of Way	214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950
Construction in Progress	516,496	719,923	469,560
Streets	34,917,880	33,781,294	32,650,307
Buildings	7,951,851	7,702,561	7,453,271
Improvements other than Building	1,183,815	1,148,081	1,723,742
Vehicles and Equipment	899,118	839,001	1,034,105
	261,528,468	260,159,343	259,299,468
Business Type Activities			
Water and Sewer Fund			
Land	48,000	48,000	48,000
Construction in Progress			
Buildings	3,396,505	3,256,069	3,115,633
Vehicles and Equipment	102,529	125,836	133,639
Water Systems	46,913,920	46,062,582	45,211,243
Sanitary Sewer Lines	10,113,376	9,914,844	9,716,312
	60,574,330	59,407,331	58,224,827
Total	322,102,798	319,566,674	317,524,295

Data Source: Various Village Departments

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1 = 2 = 2 = 2	1 = 2 = 2 = 2	1 = 2 = 2 = 2	1 505 250	1 505 500	1 202 220	1 505 250
1,705,533	1,705,533	1,705,533	1,797,378	1,705,533	1,797,378	1,797,378
214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950	214,262,950
261,078	271,959		_	_		169,120
31,519,879	30,391,140	29,265,208	27,013,343	28,139,277	25,887,937	24,762,531
7,203,981	6,954,691	6,705,401	6,206,821	6,456,111	5,957,531	5,708,241
2,114,659	2,051,906	2,254,312	2,142,520	2,212,791	2,241,590	2,909,978
1,159,689	1,099,080	1,280,666	1,495,747	1,410,239	1,696,285	1,511,631
258,227,769	256,737,259	255,474,070	252,918,759	254,186,901	251,843,671	251,121,829
48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	48,000
		_	_	_	_	50,926
3,039,473	2,948,338	2,766,068	2,674,933	2,766,068	2,583,798	2,493,490
187,902	197,537	166,631	133,802	166,631	103,909	76,366
44,359,905	43,508,567	41,805,891	40,954,552	41,805,891	40,103,214	40,158,888
9,517,780	9,319,248	8,931,944	8,740,259	8,931,944	8,548,572	8,356,890
57,153,060	56,021,690	53,718,534	52,551,546	53,718,534	51,387,493	51,184,560
		. ,				
315,380,829	312,758,949	309,192,604	305,470,305	307,905,435	303,231,164	302,306,389