TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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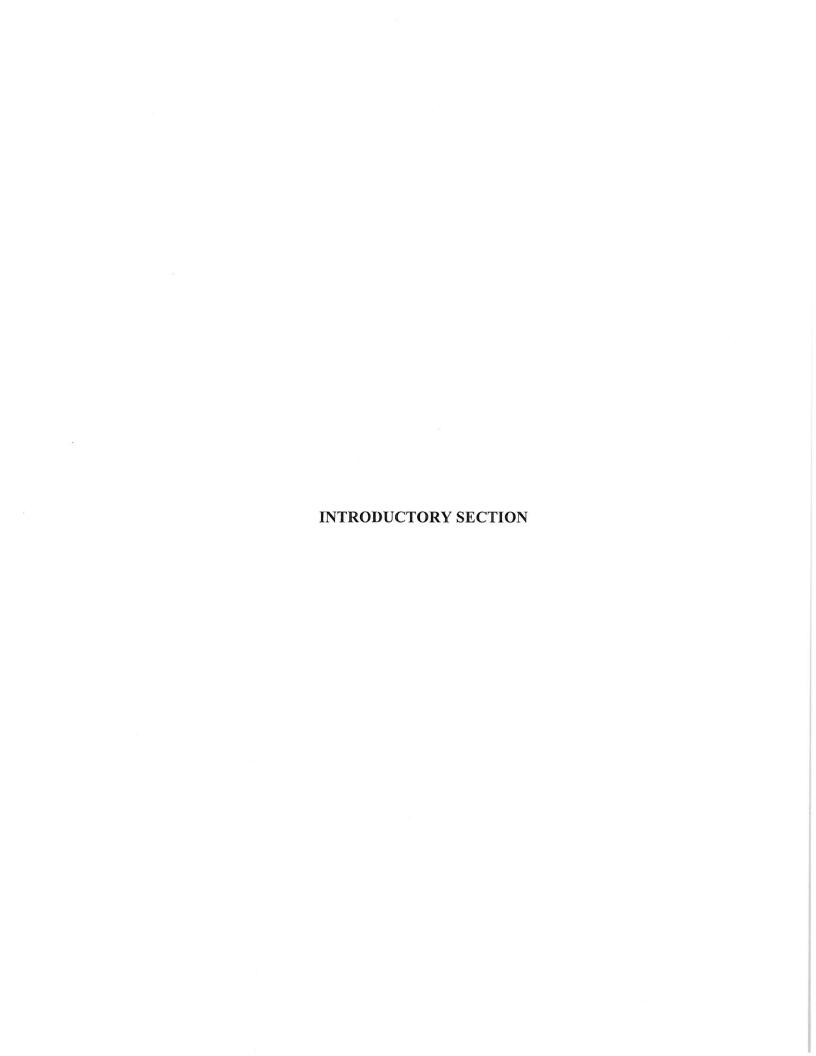
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TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE TOWN OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

Mayor

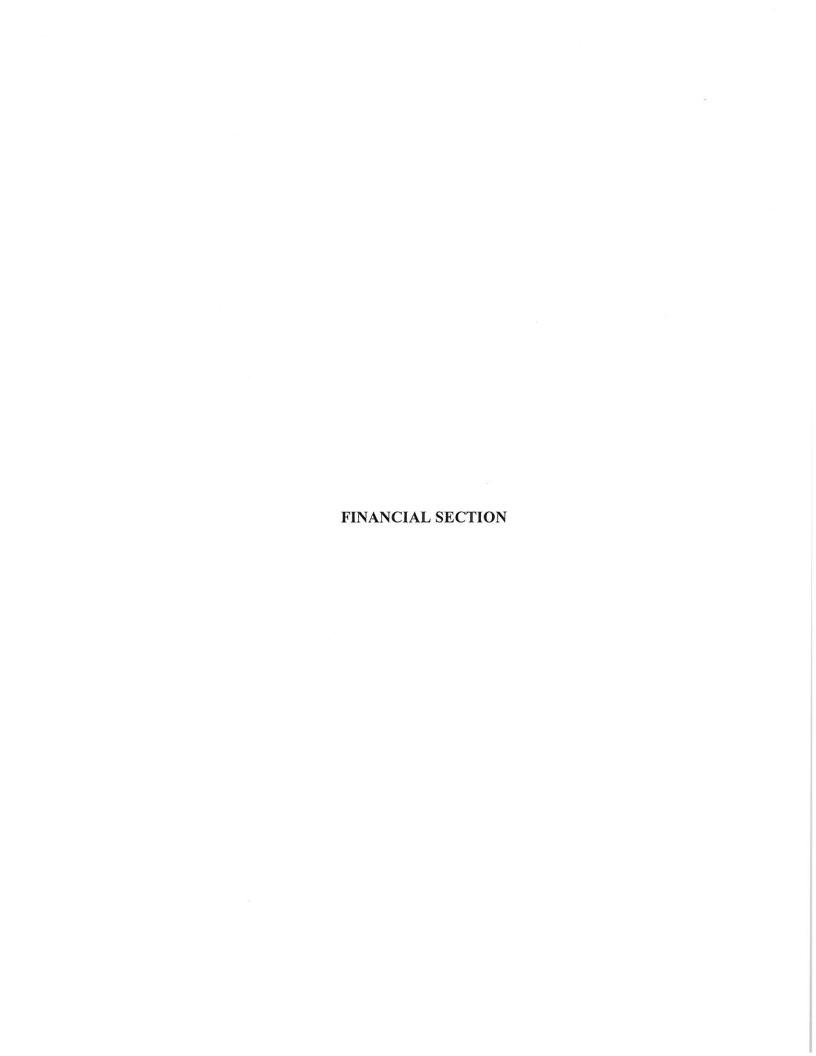
Daryl Walker

Aldermen

Walker Adams
Barry Akin
Danny Feldmayer
Brett Giannini
Bobby Hutchison
Mike Joyner

Department Heads

Town Administrator Recorder Police Chief Fire Chief Public Works Director Parks and Recreation Director Brian Koral Debbie Pickard (CMFO Designee) Jessie Poole Henry Posey Daniel Lovett Brian Peel





110 East Pleasant Avenue • P.O. Box 369 Covington, TN 38019 (901) 476-8275 • (901) 476-0867 FAX www.wtdcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Daryl Walker, Mayor Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Atoka, Tennessee Atoka, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit

procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the Town of Atoka, Tennessee adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios based on participation in the public employee pension plan of TCRS, and schedule of contributions based on participation in the public employee pension plan of TCRS on pages 44 and 45, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining fund financial statements, and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 16, 2016 on our consideration of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Whitehorn Fankensly & Davis, PLIC

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's (the "Town") financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which begin on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's total net position increased by approximately \$4,833,000, or 26 percent, from \$18,615,000 to \$23,448,000 as a result of this year's operations. Net position of our business-type activities increased approximately 16.1 percent, and net position of our governmental activities increased 33.9 percent.
- During the year, the Town had revenues that were approximately \$3,484,000 more than total expenses for governmental programs and activities.
- For the Town's business-type activities, revenues and contributions exceeded expenses by approximately \$1,349,000.
- Total revenues in our governmental operations were approximately \$23,000 less than projected budgeted revenues for the year, but expenditures were approximately \$373,000 less than projected budgeted expenditures.
- The total net cost of running the Town of Atoka for the year ending June 30, 2015 (total cost of business-type and governmental programs net of direct program revenues) was approximately \$1,728,000.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 and 14) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 15. These fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements and other information provide financial information that is required by the state and other regulatory bodies.

REPORTING THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 8. One of the most important questions asked about its finances is "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current

year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid, often into the future.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including general administration, police, fire, public works, and parks departments. Property taxes, sales taxes, and grants finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type activities** The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's Water-Sewer system is reported here.

REPORTING THE TOWN'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The individual governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations to the fund financial statements.
- **Proprietary funds** When the Town charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town these services are generally reported in

proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise fund (Water-Sewer Fund) is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's combined net position increased from a year ago from approximately \$18,615,000 to \$23,448,000. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, however, is necessary because state laws prohibit intermingling the assets, and each activity must stand on its own. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) changes from the prior year.

Table 1 Net Position (in Thousands)

		overnmen	tal Ac	tivities	B	Business-Ty	pe Act	tivities_		Т	otal	
		2015		2014		2015		2014	2015 20			2014
Current and other assets	\$	5,882 9,807 188 15,877	\$	5,398 6,203 - 11,601	\$	3,733 9,265 41 13,039	\$	3,776 8,150 - 11,926	\$	9,615 19,072 229 28,916	\$	9,174 14,353 - 23,527
Deferred outflows	_	92	_		-	22				114		
Long-term debt Other liabilities Total liabilities		630 630		386 386	-	3,114 193 3,307	_	3,371 191 3,562		3,114 823 3,937		3,371 577 3,948
Deferred inflows		1,602		954		43		-		1,645		954
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net		9,807 840 3,090	_	6,194 1,368 2,699	-	6,150 - 3,561	_	4,755 - 3,609		15,957 840 6,651		10,949 1,368 6,308
Position	\$	13,737	\$	10,261	\$	9,711	\$	8,364	\$	23,448	\$	18,625

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in Thousands)

	G	overnmen	tal Activ	vities	E	Susiness-Ty	pe Act	tivities	 To	otal	
	2	015	2	.014		2015	0,	2014	2015		2014
Program revenues Charges for											No Chromosomor
services	\$	645	\$	529	\$	1,825	\$	1,869	\$ 2,470	\$	2,398

Table 2
Changes in Net Position - Continued
(in Thousands)

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Te	otal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Program revenues - con	tinued		2 242	<u></u>	0 	(***
Operating grants and						
contributions	\$ 427	\$ 278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 427	\$ 278
Capital grants and						
contributions	135	678	1,301	-	1,436	678
General revenues						
Local taxes	2,713	2,452	-	: <u>-</u>	2,713	2,452
Intergovernmental	7500 EC				100 4 11110000	
revenues	3,711	746	=	24	3,711	746
Other general	500 - 2				, marine 101	
revenues	114	54	23	25	137	79
Total revenues	7,745	4,737	3,149	1,894	10,894	6,631
Program avnances						
Program expenses General government	494	488			494	488
Public safety	2,242	1,861	11 5	12 -		
Solid waste	2,242		-	-	2,242	1,861
	230	219	# -		230	219
Highways and streets	753	600			752	(00
	/33	680	-	-	753	680
Health, welfare recreation and						
education	518	474	72	_	518	474
Grants and					010	
contributions	24	16	-	-	24	16
Water-sewer	-	_	1,800	1,683	1,800	1,683
Total expenses	4,261	3,738	1,800	1,683	6,061	5,421
Increase (decrease) in	1,201		1,000		0,001	
net position	\$ 3,484	\$ 999	\$ 1,349	\$ 211	\$ 4,833	\$ 1,210

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - (TOWN AS A WHOLE)

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are as follows:

FUNCTION

SPECIFIC REVENUES

General government

Charges for permits and various fees.

FUNCTION	SPECIFIC REVENUES
Public safety	Police fines and forfeitures; grants are listed under both operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions.
Solid waste	Charges for solid waste pickup.
Highways and streets	Specific operating grants include gas taxes since the State of Tennessee imposes this tax, and gas taxes are reported as an operating grant specific to streets. Other grants are listed as capital grants and contributions.
Health, welfare, recreation and education	Grants are listed as operating grants and contributions.

All other governmental revenues are reported as General Revenues.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$4,261,230. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 14, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through Town taxes was only \$3,053,925 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefitted from the programs (\$644,674) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$562,631). The Town paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities.

Table 3 represents the cost of each of the Town's functions as well as each function's net cost which shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(in Thousands)

	<u>T</u>	otal Cost	of Se	rvices	I	Net Cost o	f Ser	vices
		2015	<u>-</u>	2014		2015		2014
General government	\$	494	\$	488	\$	455	\$	445
Public safety		2,242		1,861		1,887		1,651
Solid waste		230		219		(141)		(86)
Highways and streets		754		680		455		445
Health, welfare, recreation								
and education		518		474		375		(219)
Grants and contributions		23		16		23	7	16
Totals	\$	4,261	\$	3,738	\$	3,054	\$_	2,253

THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Water-Sewer Fund

Revenues of the Town's Water-Sewer Fund decreased by approximately 2.3% from revenues of the prior year. Revenues and contributions in total, increased by approximately \$1,256,000 (40.2%) due to subdivision dedications made by local developers. The Town's Water-Sewer Fund expenses during the current year increased by \$136,000 (7.8%).

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$3,834,289 which is a decrease from last year's total of \$4,038,862. The chief reasons for this decrease are given below. It must be pointed out that this decrease in governmental fund balances (\$204,573) is different from the increase in net position of governmental activities (\$3,484,099) because of two differences in the measurement basis of these funds. The measurement basis used in fund balances go to the immediate future -60 days - to measure assets on hand or immediately realizable at June 30, 2015 and do not take into account governmental capital assets and depreciation, since in this basis capital asset acquisitions are considered expenditures when incurred, and the asset is not recognized as carrying value into future periods. Also, depreciation is not recognized since the assets were considered "expensed" when acquired. A detail explanation of these differences is given in the reconciliation on page 18.

The chief reason for the decrease in fund balances of \$204,573 from the year ending June 30, 2014 is that expenditures increased by approximately \$302,362, due to increases in capital expenditures related to the Fire Department capital projects, partially offset by increases in local sales tax and intergovernmental revenues, and decrease in capital project expenses in other departments.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Expenditures for the year were approximately \$80,631 below original budgeted expenditures. The most significant variance were in public works and general government expenses.

Revenues for the year were approximately \$31,040 more than the original budget estimate of \$4,757,650 for General Fund, Solid Waste Fund, State Street Aid Fund and Drug Fund. The most significant variance was higher than anticipated local tax revenues.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At year end, the Town had approximately \$19,072,000 invested in capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, and water and sewer lines. (See Table 4 below.) This amount represents a net increase from last year of approximately \$4,719,000.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-end
(Net of Deprecation, in Thousands)

	_G	overnmen	tal Ac	tivities	_Bı	usiness-Ty	pe Act	ivities	65 656	To	otal	
		2015		2014	2	2015		2014		2015		2014
Land Construction in	\$	1,248	\$	1,248	\$	35	\$	35	\$	1,283	\$	1,283
progress Buildings and		559		441		-		264	2	559		705
improvements		456		476		64		68		520		544
Equipment		1,114		424		186		193		1,300		617
Infrastructure Water-Sewer		6,430		3,614		-		-		6,430		3,614
System Totals	\$	9,807	\$	6,203	\$	8,980 9,265	\$	7,590 8,150	\$	8,980 19,072	\$	7,590 14,353

This year's major additions for governmental activities included approximately \$118,000 in construction in progress, \$288,000 in equipment, \$544,000 in vehicles, and \$3,006,000 in park and street infrastructure. Additions for business-type activities related primarily to new equipment purchases of approximately \$36,000, and upgrades to water and sewer facilities of approximately \$1,714,000.

Debt

At year end the Town had \$3,114,732 in debt outstanding versus \$3,370,711 last year, a net decrease of \$255,979 as shown in Table 5, due to the net difference between new debt assumed in connection with the sewer expansion project and current year payments made on existing debt. During the fiscal year 2016 the Town will incur additional governmental activities debt for the new municipal complex in an amount not to exceed \$5,500,000.

Table 5
Debt Outstanding at Year-end
(in Thousands)

	siness-Ty 2015	-	ctivities 2014
Revenue Bonds and Notes (backed by specific tax and fee revenues)	\$ 3,115	<u>\$</u>	3,371

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

Anticipated revenues for FY16 governmental funds are \$6,300,000 more than the final revenues for the year ended June 30, 2015. The main reason for this is the anticipated loan proceeds and grant reimbursements associated with the Atoka Municipal Complex Project.

Budget Expenditures for the governmental funds are projected at approximately \$6,450,000 above the prior year actual expenditures. The main reasons for this increase are the construction of the Atoka Municipal Project and increased funding for road repair and paving projects.

In September 2015, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$295,000 for paving certain streets within Town limits.

In February 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$95,000 for the purchase of furniture for the Town's new municipal complex.

In April 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$414,000 for paving certain streets within Town limits.

In May 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$107,000 for replacing a bridge within Town limits.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Recorder's Office at City Hall.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	-	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,572,032	\$	3,440,284	\$	7,012,316
Investments - certificates of deposit	-		465,050		465,050
Taxes receivable, net	1,412,535		=		1,412,535
Accounts receivable, net	29,575		153,466		183,041
Receivables from other governments	472,578		=		472,578
Grants receivable	69,728		-		69,728
Internal balances	325,691		(325,691)		-
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	1,248,246		35,000		1,283,246
Construction in progress	559,147		-		559,147
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					
Buildings and improvements	456,025		64,447		520,472
Vehicles and equipment	1,113,739		186,025		1,299,764
Infrastructure	6,430,143		<i>-</i>		6,430,143
Utility plant in service	-		8,979,382		8,979,382
Net pension asset	187,854		41,238		229,092
TOTAL ASSETS	15,877,293		13,039,201	-	28,916,494
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows - pension	91,865		22,168	-	114,033
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED					
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 15,969,158	\$	13,061,369	\$	29,030,527
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 495,380	\$	111,401	\$	606,781
Accrued expenses	134,908	-	37,817	Ψ	172,725
Customer deposits	-		42,921		42,921
Bonds payable					,
Due within one year	-		156,300		156,300
Due in more than one year			2,958,432		2,958,432
TOTAL LIABILITIES	630,288	-	3,306,871		3,937,159
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property tax	1,404,440		_		1,404,440
Deferred inflows - pension	197,231		43,296		240,527
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,601,671		43,296		1,644,967
			75,490		1,074,70/
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	9,807,300		6,150,122		15,957,422
Restricted for					
Solid waste expenditures	280,916		-		280,916
Street expenditures	391,594		=		391,594
Drug enforcement	98,308		-		98,308
Grant programs	69,728				69,728
Unrestricted	3,089,353	-	3,561,080		6,650,433
TOTAL NET POSITION	13,737,199	14	9,711,202	_	23,448,401
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,					
AND NET POSITION	\$ 15,969,158	\$	13,061,369	\$	29,030,527

See notes to financial statements

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			PR	ROGRAMI	PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REV	ENUE AND CHANGI	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND		CAPITAL GRANTS AND		BUSINESS-TYPE	TOTA	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental activities			ĺ				Ļ	ACHIES	IOIAL	
General government	\$ 493,898	€5	39,245	€	1	· ·	\$ (454,653)	5	\$ (454,653)	
Public safety	2,242,081	3, 10	108,756	17	170,769	75,083		ī	\Box	
Highways and streets	753,586	Û		23	238,541	60,328	(454,717)	1 1	(454,717)	
and education	518,296	2	125,622		17,910	•	(374,764)	3	(374,764)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	026,62		1				(23,526)		(23,526)	
ACTIVITIES	4,261,230	79	644,674	42	427,220	135,411	(3,053,925)		(3,053,925)	
Business-type activities Water-sewer system	1 799 811	78	1 874 902			1 300 801		000		
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE	1,777,911	1,07	706,47		,	1,500,09		1,525,982	1,325,982	
ACTIVITIES	1,799,811	1,82	1,824,902		1	1,300,891		1,325,982	1,325,982	
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,061,041	\$ 2,4(2,469,576	\$ 42	427,220	\$ 1,436,302	(3,053,925)	1,325,982	(1,727,943)	
	GENERA	GENERAL REVENUES Taxes	NUES							
	S I	Sales taxes	:				2,085,109	ï	2,085,109	
	Д.	Property taxes	es	:			959,751	i	959,751	
	∢	Alcoholic beverage taxes	everage tax	səx	: : :		298,968	1	298,968	
	- (IVA taxes			: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		97,207	1	97,207	
	י כ	Cable I v taxes	xes				25,208	1	25,208	
		Income and excise taxes	excise tax	cs	:		27,315	ı	27,315	
	Loni	Contributions					2,930,957	i	2,930,957	
	Insui	Investment earnings	ings				31,580	- 27 510	31,580	
	Misc	Miscellaneous					66 344	-	56,104	
	T	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	ENERAL	REVEN	UES		6,538,024	22,519	6,560,543	
	CHANG	IANGE IN NET POSITION	POSITIC	NC	:		3,484,099	1,348,501	4,832,600	
	NET PO Balar	T POSITION Balance at July 1, 2014, as restated	1, 2014, as	s restated	:		10,253,100	8,362,701	18,615,801	
	Balar	Balance at June 30, 2015	30, 2015				\$ 13,737,199	\$ 9,711,202	\$ 23,448,401	

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	GENERAL FUND	OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,851,697	\$ 720,335	\$ 3,572,032
Accounts receivable, net	-	29,575	29,575
Taxes receivable, net	1,412,535		1,412,535
Receivables from other governments	432,001	40,577	472,578
Grants receivable	69,728	-	69,728
Due from other funds	325,691	-	325,691
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,091,652	\$ 790,487	\$ 5,882,139
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 475,711	\$ 19,669	\$ 495,380
Accrued expenses	134,908		134,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES	610,619	19,669	630,288
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue			
Property taxes	1,404,440	-	1,404,440
State income tax	13,122	_	13,122
RESOURCES	1,417,562		1,417,562
FUND BALANCE			
Restricted			
Solid waste expenditures	-	280,916	280,916
Street expenditures	_	391,594	391,594
Drug enforcement	-	98,308	98,308
Grant programs	69,728		69,728
Assigned			
Parks and recreation	537,014	-	537,014
Fire department	209,695	-	209,695
Subsequent year budget deficit	459,099	-	459,099
Unassigned	1,787,935		1,787,935
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	3,063,471	770,818	3,834,289
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED			
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND			
FUND BALANCE	\$ 5,091,652	\$ 790,487	\$ 5,882,139

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	GOV	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
TOTAL FUND BALANCE TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	3,834,289
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		9,807,300
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in which the consumption of net position will occur in a future period; therefore, it is not reported in the governmental funds		91,865
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in which the acquisition of net position will occur in a future period; therefore, it is not reported in the governmental funds		(197,231)
The net pension asset is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		187,854
Unavailable revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		13,122
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	13,737,199

TOWN OF ATOKA TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GENERAL FUND	OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES			
Local taxes	\$ 2,713,095	\$ -	\$ 2,713,095
Licenses and permits	19,716	-	19,716
Intergovernmental revenues	1,113,379	227,103	1,340,482
Charges of services	145,151	371,051	516,202
Fines and forfeitures	63,771	44,985	108,756
Miscellaneous revenues	90,439		90,439
TOTAL REVENUES	4,145,551	643,139	4,788,690
EXPENDITURES			
General government	598,746	_	598,746
Public safety	2,850,383	73,450	2,923,833
Solid waste	=	229,843	229,843
Highways and streets	545,244	233,483	778,727
Health, welfare, recreation,			
and education	470,168	-	470,168
Grants and contributions	23,526		23,526
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,488,067	536,776	5,024,843
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(342,516)	106,363	(236,153)
			. , ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Insurance recoveries	31,580		31,580
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(310,936)	106,363	(204,573)
FUND BALANCE Balance at July 1, 2014	3,374,407	664,455	4,038,862
Delenge at Line 20, 2015	¢ 2.072.471	¢ 770.010	Ф 2 024 200
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,063,471	\$ 770,818	\$ 3,834,289

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (204,573)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays capitalized	1,025,629 (352,171)
Capital contributions in the statement of activities are not recorded in governmental funds	2,930,957
The payment of pension contributions consumes current financial resources in the governmental funds. These transactions do not have any effect on net position but are considered deferred outflows of resources	91,865
The actuarially determined pension expense does not consume current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	(1,710)
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the Town's fiscal year end and are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. This is the net difference between the amounts unavailable in the current and prior year	(5,898)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,484,099

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY (WATER-SEWER) FUND JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	2 2 100 500
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,440,284
Investments - certificates of deposit	465,050
Accounts receivable, net	153,466
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,058,800
RESTRICTED ASSETS	
Net pension asset	41,238
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets	
Not being depreciated	
Land	35,000
Being depreciated	
Buildings and improvements	98,847
Vehicles and equipment	486,736
Utility plant in service	12,032,255
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,387,984)
Total Capital Assets, Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation	9,229,854
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	9,264,854
TOTAL ASSETS	13,364,892
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows - pension	22,168
Deterred buildows - pension	22,100
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	\$ 13,387,060
or Resources	13,367,000
LIABILITIES	
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 111.401
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 111,401 37,817
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses	37,817
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds	37,817 325,691
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion	37,817 325,691 156,300
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion	37,817 325,691 156,300
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296 6,150,122 3,561,080
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296 6,150,122 3,561,080
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable - current portion Customer deposits TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long term revenue bonds, less current portion TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	37,817 325,691 156,300 42,921 674,130 2,958,432 3,632,562 43,296 6,150,122 3,561,080

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY (WATER-SEWER) FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES		
Metered sales and service	\$	1,724,804
Connection fees		54,445
Tap fees		12,000
Penalties		31,378
Other operating income		2,275
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	- -	1,824,902
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages		322,137
Fringes		101,057
Maintenance services and supplies		185,771
Water purchased		375,283
Sewer fees		207,792
Office supplies		46,776
Utilities		76,483
Insurance		30,142
Depreciation		371,832
Miscellaneous		37,591
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	1,754,864
OPERATING INCOME		70,038
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income		22,519
Interest expense	-	(44,947)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	-	(22,428)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		47,610
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		1,300,891
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,348,501
NET POSITION Balance at July 1, 2014, as restated	<u> </u>	8,362,701
D. I	1000	THE RESIDENCE AND COMMON
Balance at June 30, 2015	<u>\$</u>	9,711,202

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY (WATER - SEWER) FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,809,820
Cash payments to suppliers	(1,041,310)
Cash payments to employees for services	(314,688)
Cash payments for taxes	(22,786)
Net cash provided by operating activities	431,036
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Decrease in due to other funds	(1,225)
financing activities	(1,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of capital assets	(209,612)
Proceeds from long-term debt	203,030
Payments on principal of long-term debt	(459,009)
Interest and fee payments on long-term debt	(45,964)
Net cash (used) by capital	
and related financing activities	(511,555)
CASH FLOWS FROM	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	22,519
Net cash provided	
by investing activities	22,519
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND	
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(59,225)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	
JULY 1, 2014	3,499,509
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	
JUNE 30, 2015	\$ 3,440,284

360,998

\$ 431,036

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY (WATER -SEWER) FUND - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING	
INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED	
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 70,038
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	
to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	371,832
Net change in pension related accounts	(21,792)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(15,082)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	18,591
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	 7,449

Total adjustments

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by operating

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER (UNDER) BUDGET
REVENUES	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Local taxes	\$ 2,525,000	\$ 2,525,000	\$ 2,713,095	\$ 188,095
Licenses and permits	23,000	23,000	19,716	(3,284)
Intergovernmental revenues	1,389,500	1,389,500	1,113,379	(276,121)
Charges for services	137,000	137,000	145,151	8,151
Fines and forfeitures	55,000	55,000	63,771	8,771
Miscellaneous revenues	39,300	39,300	90,439	51,139
TOTAL REVENUES	4,168,800	4,168,800	4,145,551	(23,249)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Legislative	51,415	51,415	43,542	(7,873)
Judicial	12,600	14,200	13,926	(274)
Finance and administration	496,248	496,248	432,620	(63,628)
Planning and inspection	95,355	101,355	108,658	7,303
Total general government	655,618	663,218	598,746	(64,472)
Total general government	033,018	003,218	398,740	(04,472)
Public safety				
Police	1,473,769	1,493,769	1,488,970	(4,800)
Fire	1,368,000	1,568,000	1,361,413	(206,587)
Total public safety	2,841,769	3,061,769	2,850,383	(211,386)
Highways and streets				
Streets	605,937	605,937	545,244	(60,693)
Total highways and streets	605,937	605,937	545,244	(60,693)
Health, welfare, and recreation Parks and recreation	<u>475,150</u> 475,150	505,150 505,150	<u>470,168</u> 470,168	(34,982)
and recreation	473,130		470,100	(34,782)
Grants and contributions				
Donations	20,000	25,000	23,526	(1,474)
Total grants and	20.000	25.000	22.526	(1.474)
contributions	20,000	25,000	23,526	(1,474)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,598,474	4,861,074	4,488,067	(373,007)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(429,674)	(692,274)	(342,516)	349,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries			31,580	31,580
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(429,674)	(692,274)	(310,936)	381,338
FUND BALANCE Balance at July 1, 2014	3,374,407	3,374,407	3,374,407	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 2,944,733	\$ 2,682,133	\$ 3,063,471	\$ 381,338

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GENERAL STATEMENT - The Town of Atoka, Tennessee, (the "Town") complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The Town applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

SCOPE OF REPORTING ENTITY - The Town's financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name).
- The Town holds the corporate powers of the organization.
- The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board.
- The Town is able to impose its will on the organization.
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town.
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town.

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town has no component units. Local schools are County owned and operated, and there are no other related entities or agencies whereby the Town is considered to exercise financial accountability.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - The Town's basis of presentation differs as to whether government-wide or fund financial statements are presented.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - In the government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities), both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. All interfund balances are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's governmental functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses including depreciation by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

be directly associated with the governmental function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The net costs by function or business-type activity are normally covered by general revenue such as property and sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest income.

The Town does not allocate indirect costs but specific costs are charged to each department as this government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental
 fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental
 and enterprise funds combined; or
- The Town officials may select any other fund not meeting the above criteria as a major fund if the officials believe the fund is of particular importance to financial statement users.

Based on the above-mentioned criteria, Town officials believe that the only major funds for the Town are the General Fund and the Water-Sewer Fund.

The Town had the following funds at year end:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for certain purposes. For the current year the following were in existence:

State Street Aid Fund, used to account for the Town's share of gas tax revenues supplied by the State of Tennessee. Expenditures are restricted for the use of streets and sidewalks, including street lights.

Solid Waste Fund, used to account for the receipts and expenditures of the Town's solid waste removal services. Solid waste disposal fees may only be used to establish and maintain solid waste collection and disposal services.

Drug Fund, used to account for the Town's share of certain drug-related fines, and can be used only for police-related expenditures.

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund. The Proprietary or Enterprise Fund is used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the Town of Atoka Water-Sewer Fund.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus - On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only
current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their
operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources at
the end of the period.

TOWN OF ATOKA TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus - Continued

• The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting - In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities (generally 60 days after year-end). Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Net Position of Proprietary (Water-Sewer) Fund report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position, the Balance Sheet of governmental funds, and the Statement of Net Position of Proprietary (Water-Sewer) Fund report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING - Municipalities are required by state statute to adopt budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds. The Town utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The budget of the Town of Atoka is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance which reflects the total appropriated amounts for each department of each fund. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments.
- 2. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.
- 3. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Encumbrance accounting is not used since it is not legally required.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Drug, State Street Aid, and Solid Waste Funds by \$11,450, \$8,483, and \$9,843, respectively.

INVENTORIES AND **INTERPERIOD** ALLOCATIONS - Inventories are considered expenditures at the time of purchase. Insurance and expenditures for services which extend over more than one period are accounted for similarly.

CASH FLOWS - For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash consists of cash on hand and on deposit with banks. All highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. Certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or more when purchased are classified as investments.

DEPOSITS - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. Although the Town has not formally adopted a policy regarding collateralization of deposits, the Town follows collateralization requirements of State of Tennessee (the "State") statutes. State statute requires that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

DEPOSITS - CONTINUED

of uninsured deposits. The deposits must be collateralized by federal depository insurance, the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, or by collateral held by the Town's agent in the Town's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third party agents.

INVESTMENTS - State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, instrumentalities and obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any of its agencies, repurchase agreements, the Tennessee local government investment pool, certificates of deposit at state and federally chartered banks and savings and loan associations, and the Town's own bonds or notes. The Town has not adopted a formal investment policy that limits its interest rate or credit risk.

RECEIVABLES - Receivables result primarily from unpaid billings for service to customers, local taxes from businesses and individuals, and intergovernmental revenues due from other government entities. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues are reported net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven, or estimated, to be uncollectible. The only allowances deemed necessary relate to property taxes and utility billings.

PROPERTY TAXES - Under authority of state and local law the Town annually levies a property tax on all taxable real and personal property within its boundaries. The tax is levied on property as of each January 1 and becomes a lien on that date; taxes are payable as of October 1 and become delinquent on the following February 28. Delinquent property taxes are filed with the Chancery Court on the first day of April each year.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES - Vacation pay for employees is accrued as an expense at the time the employees have a vested right to receive it. Vacation pay is considered a current liability, as it lapses each year. Sick leave is not accrued as employees do not have vested rights to receive it.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION - The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. The Town does not have a formally adopted capitalization policy, but generally only assets with an individual cost of at least \$4,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year are capitalized.

Government-wide Financial Statements - In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 1997.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION - CONTINUED

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets, in accordance with GASB standards, are subject only to prospective reporting (reporting from July 1, 2003 forward).

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	30-40 years
Vehicles and equipment	7-10 years
Water-sewer system	33 years
Infrastructure	40-50 years

Fund Financial Statements - In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

RESTRICTED ASSETS - When applicable, the Town elects to use restricted assets before unrestricted assets when the situation arises where either can be used. In governmental funds, the Town's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other less-restrictive classifications - committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

LONG-TERM DEBT - The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term debt consists of bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION - Equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net position and displayed in three components:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION - CONTINUED

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation
 and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those
 assets. Debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash is excluded from the
 determination.
- Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, less any related liabilities.
- Unrestricted All other net position that do not meet the definition of the above categories.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE - Equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in the following five components, if applicable:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Consists of fund balance for which constraints are placed thereon by outside sources or external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates, less any related liabilities.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Town's Board of Mayor and Aldermen's highest level of decision-making authority (passage of an ordinance). Commitments may be modified or rescinded only by a like action.

Assigned - Amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. The authority to assign, modify, and/or rescind prior assignments of fund balance has been granted to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

PENSION - For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the Town's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE - The Town implemented GASB No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27," and GASB Statement No.71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." Accordingly, beginning net position of the Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Water-Sewer Proprietary Fund were reduced as of July 1, 2014 by \$7,667, \$1,683, and \$1,683, respectively. Information is not available to determine the effect on the prior June 30, 2014 financial statements' change in net position.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

As of June 30, 2015, the Town's bank balances of cash deposits were entirely insured by either federal depository insurance or by the Bank Collateral Pool of The State of Tennessee.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2015, including the applicable allowances for the uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	GENERAL FUND		SOLID WASTE FUND	S	STATE TREET ID FUND	WATER AND SEWER FUND	TOTAL
Receivables							
Property taxes	\$ 1,456,543	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,456,543
Accounts	=		29,575		-	154,120	183,695
Grants	69,728		-		s -	-	69,728
Receivable from other							
governments	432,001		-		40,577	-	472,578
Other			-	_	-		
Gross receivables	1,958,272		29,575	2	40,577	154,120	2,182,544
Less: Allowance for							
doubtful accounts	(44,008)	_				(654)	(44,662)
Net receivables	\$ 1,914,264	\$	29,575	\$	40,577	\$ 153,466	\$ 2,137,882

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2014	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ RETIREMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated	1.240.24 6	Ф	•	4. 1.240.246
Land	\$ 1,248,246 441,002	\$ - 118,145	\$ -	\$ 1,248,246 559,147
Community of Property Community	1,689,248	118,145		1,807,393

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2014	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ RETIREMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES -				
CONTINUED Other capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 744,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 744,420
Equipment	573,859	288,464	-	862,323
Vehicles	857,834	543,610	-	1,401,444
Infrastructure	3,839,088	3,006,367		6,845,455
historical cost	6,015,201	3,838,441		9,853,642
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(268,509)	(19,886)	-	(288,395)
Equipment	(352,866)	(52,196)	1.5	(405,062)
Vehicles	(654,538)	(90,428)	=	(744,966)
Infrastructure Total accumulated	(225,651)	(189,661)	-	(415,312)
depreciation	(1,501,564)	(352,171)		(1,853,735)
Other capital assets, net	4,513,637	3,486,270		7,999,907
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 6,202,885	\$ 3,604,415	<u>\$</u>	\$ 9,807,300
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE WAS CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FUNCTIONS				
AS FOLLOWS		0 15000		
General government		\$ 15,069		
Public safety Public works		97,417 150,341		
Health, welfare, recreation		130,341		
and education TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL		89,344		
ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION				
EXPENSE		\$ 352,171		
	BALANCE JULY 1, 2014	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ RETIREMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Conital assets not being depreciated				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,000
Construction in progress	263,840	Ψ -	(263,840)	\$ 35,000
Total	298,840		(263,840)	35,000

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2014	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ RETIREMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -				
CONTINUED				
Other capital assets				
Buildings	98,847	-	. 🖹	98,847
Vehicles and equipment	450,563	36,175	-	486,738
Water distribution system	2,582,854	1,108,155	· ·	3,691,009
Sewer plant in operation	1,269,079	-	=	1,269,079
Sewer lines	6,466,427	605,738		7,072,165
at historical cost	10,867,770	1,750,068	-1	12,617,838
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(30,610)	(3,790)	_	(34,400)
Vehicles and equipment	(257,291)	(43,422)	7 <u>=</u>	(300,713)
Water distribution system	(784,517)	(92,114)		(876,631)
Sewer plant in operation	(654,032)	(35,494)		(689,526)
Sewer lines Total accumulated	(1,289,702)	(197,012)		(1,486,714)
depreciation	\$ (3,016,152)	\$ (371,832)	\$ -	\$ (3,387,984)
Net depreciable assets	7,851,618	1,378,236		9,229,854
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 8,150,458</u>	\$ 1,378,236	<u>\$ (263,840)</u>	\$ 9,264,854
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE WAS CHARGED TO BUSINESS-TYPE	OWS			
Water-sewer	OWS	\$ 371,832		

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND BALANCES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds		
Fund Due From	Fund due to	Amount
Water and Sewer Fund (major)	General Fund (major)	\$ 325,691

Due to and due from balances result from the time lag between dates that interfund goods and services were provided and payments between funds were made. These amounts are expected to be paid in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 6 -LONG TERM DEBT

Business activities:

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 - The original bond in the amount of \$250,000 was issued on July 26, 2000 and is to be paid in monthly installments of \$1,248 beginning July 10, 2000 and maturing on June 10, 2037. The interest rate on this bond is 5.13%. The balance of the bond at June 30, 2015 was \$0. During August 2014, the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 were paid in full by the Town.

Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2000 - The original bond in the amount of \$121,000 was issued on August 25, 2000 and is to be paid in monthly installments of \$635 beginning September 10, 2000 and maturing on March 10, 2038. The interest rate on this bond is 5.50%. The balance of the bond at June 30, 2015 was \$0. During August 2014, the Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax Bonds, Series 2000 were paid in full by the Town.

Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax Bonds, TN Municipal Bond Fund, Series 2004 - The original bond in the amount of \$941,698 was issued on August 17, 2006 and is to be paid in annual installments of principal ranging from \$698 to \$57,000 beginning May 25, 2007 and maturing on May 25, 2033. Interest is paid annually at a variable rate (as determined by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) rate) of .21% as of June 30, 2015. The balance of the bond at June 30, 2015 was \$716,698.

Pooled Financing Revenue Bonds, TN Municipal Bond Fund, Series 2008 - The original bond in the amount of \$1,000,000 was authorized on January 23, 2009 and is to be paid in annual installments of principal ranging from \$17,000 to \$64,000 beginning May 25, 2010 and maturing on May 25, 2037. Interest is paid monthly at a variable rate (as determined by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) rate) of .21% as of June 30, 2015. Proceeds from this bond issuance have not been fully issued as of June 30, 2015. The balance of this bond at June 30, 2015 was \$477,194.

State Revolving Fund Loan 2009 - The original loan in the amount of \$3,798,000 was authorized on February 11, 2010 and is to be paid in monthly installments of \$10,857 beginning February 1, 2012 and maturing on February 1, 2032. The loan is to be partially repaid with American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA) funds in the amount of \$1,899,000. A portion of this ARRA funding totaling \$1,519,200 represents principal forgiveness. Interest is paid monthly at a fixed rate of 1.44%. The balance of this loan at June 30, 2015 was \$1,920,840, net of ARRA forgiveness of \$1,508,939.

Each bond is secured by the net revenues to be derived from the operation of the Water and Sewer system and are additionally secured by the full faith and credit of the Town. Certain bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, in whole or in part, at prices set forth in the debt resolutions.

NOTE 6 -LONG TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of total future debt service requirements for the Town:

Year ending	Busines	Business Type				
June 30,	Principal	Interest				
2016	\$ 156,300	\$ 29,487				
2017	160,796	27,879				
2018	164,315	26,242				
2019	168,857	24,579				
2020	172,420	22,888				
2021-2025	932,354	88,072				
2026-2030	1,044,180	41,303				
2031-2033	315,510	2,810				
	\$3,114,732	\$263,260				

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2014	ADDITIONS REDUCTION		BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Business-type Activities:	00211,2011	11001110110	REDUCTIONS	00112 30, 2013	ONE TEAK
Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax					
Series 1999	\$ 205,240	\$ -	\$ 205,240	\$ -	\$ -
Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax					
Bonds, Series 2000	100,945		100,945	-	_
Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax					
Bonds TN Municipal Bond Fund,					
Series 2004	745,698	-	29,000	716,698	30,000
Pooled Financing Revenue Bonds,					
TN Municipal Bond Fund,					
Series 2008	296,164	203,030	22,000	477,194	23,000
State Revolving Fund					· ·
Loan 2009	2,022,664		101,824	1,920,840	103,300
Totals §	\$ 3,370,711	\$ 203,030	\$ 459,009	\$ 3,114,732	<u>\$ 156,300</u>

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town considers it to be more economically feasible to participate in a public entity risk pool as opposed to purchasing commercial insurance for certain general liability, worker's compensation, and property and casualty insurance. As such, the Town participates in the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool (TML), which is a public entity risk pool consisting of member political subdivisions of the State of Tennessee. The Town pays an annual premium to the TML pool for its certain general liability, worker's compensation, and property and casualty insurance. Each political subdivision that has participated in the TML pool is subject to assessment if the funds it paid as premiums are insufficient to meet the obligations of the TML pool. The TML pool may reinsure through the Local Government Reinsurance Fund of Tennessee or a commercial insurance company.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including certain general liability, worker's compensation, property and casualty insurance, and employee health, life, and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There was no significant reduction in the amount of coverage provided during this year.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town does not operate any water producing plant and equipment, but purchases water for its customers from two suppliers, an adjacent utility district and an adjacent city. The current contract term with the utility district is for ten years beginning January 1, 2014. Either party may terminate the contract by providing a notice of termination three years in advance, beginning in the seventh year of the contract. The current contract term with the adjacent city is for twenty years beginning June 1, 1996. The Town may terminate the contract by providing a notice of the termination six months in advance.

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

The Town is a party to a wastewater treatment agreement (as amended November 1989) with the adjacent City of Munford and Town of Brighton which was entered into in connection with the construction of joint wastewater facilities. Each party paid for their proportionate share of construction costs and is carrying such costs as capital assets on their books and records. The City of Munford maintains and operates the joint facilities. The City of Munford bills the other two

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

towns for their share of joint maintenance and operation expenses. The Town was billed \$174,955 by the City of Munford under this agreement for the year ended June 30, 2015. No party has the right to cancel or amend the agreement. The duration of the agreement is indefinite and continuing.

During March 2015, the Town entered into a loan agreement with the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund for an amount not to exceed \$5,500,000, to fund construction of the Town's new municipal complex. During April 2015, the Town also entered into an agreement with a local construction company to construct the new municipal complex at a cost of \$5,460,978.

As of June 30, 2015, the amount of unfulfilled bid awards related to fire equipment start-up costs were approximately \$103,000.

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September 2015, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$295,000 for paving certain streets within Town limits.

In February 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$95,000 for the purchase of furniture for the Town's new municipal complex.

In April 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$414,000 for paving certain streets within Town limits.

In May 2016, a contract was awarded in the amount of approximately \$107,000 for replacing a bridge within Town limits.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

PLAN DESCRIPTION - Employees of the Town are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

General Information about the Pension Plan - Continued

BENEFITS PROVIDED - Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS - At the measurement date of June 30, 2014, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	20
Active employees	31
	56

CONTRIBUTIONS - Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The Town makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2015, employer contributions for the Town were \$114,033 based on a rate of 7.50 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the Town's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contribution (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Town's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included on the measurement:

Inflation

3.0 percent

Salary increases

Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return

7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

2.5 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience from the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study adjusted for some of the expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Continued

ASSET CLASS	LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN	TARGET ALLOCATION
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	<u>1%</u>
Total		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

DISCOUNT RATE - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the Town will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

INCREASE (DECREASE)

	TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY (a)	PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (b)	NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (a) - (b)		
BALANCE AT 6/30/13	\$ 1,608,052	\$ 1,504,593	\$ (103,459)		
Service cost	100,284	≡ X	100,284		
Interest	126,895		126,895		
actual experience	(142,691)	-	(142,691)		
Contributions - employer	-	94,109	(94,109)		
Contributions - employees	-	64,459	(64,459)		
Net investment income	-	259,631	(259,631)		
employee contributions	(32,805)	(32,805)	_		
Administrative expense	<u> </u>	(1,160)	1,160		

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Continued

INCREASE (DECREASE)

		TAL PENSION LIABILITY (a)		N FIDUCIARY T POSITION (b)	NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (a) - (b)	
NET CHANGES	\$	51,683	\$	384,234	\$	(332,551)
BALANCE AT 6/30/14	\$	1,659,735	\$	1,888,827	\$	(229,092)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Town calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% DECREASE (6.5%)	CURRENT DISCOUNT RATE (7.5%)	1% INCREASE (8.5%)	
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (29,498)	\$ (229,092)	\$ (437,376)	

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

PENSION EXPENSE - For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,085.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	-	\$	126,836
earnings on pension plan investments				113,691
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		111000		
date of June 30, 2014		114,033		
Total	\$	114,033	\$	240,527

The amount shown above for "Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

2016	\$ (44,278)
2017	(44,278)
2018	(44,278)
2019	(44,278)
2020	(15,855)
Thereafter	(47,560)

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS LAST FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	67	2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between actual and expected experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	\$	100,284 126,895 - (142,691) - (32,805) 51,683
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,608,052
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, END OF YEAR	\$	1,659,735
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions from employer Contributions from employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	94,109 64,459 259,631 (32,805) (1,160) 384,234
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,504,593
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	1,888,827
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$	(229,092)
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		113.80%
COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	<u>\$</u>	1,289,170
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL		17.77%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS LAST FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 94,109	\$ 114,033
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	94,109	114,033
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$
Covered employee payroll	\$1,289,170 7.30%	\$1,521,573 7.50%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Valuation date - Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2015 were calculated based on the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method	Frozen initial liability
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)
Remaining amortization period	3 years
Asset valuation	10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market
	value
Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age,
	including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	Pattern of retirement determined by experience study
Mortality	Customized table based on actual experience including an
	adjustment for some anticipated improvement
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.5 percent

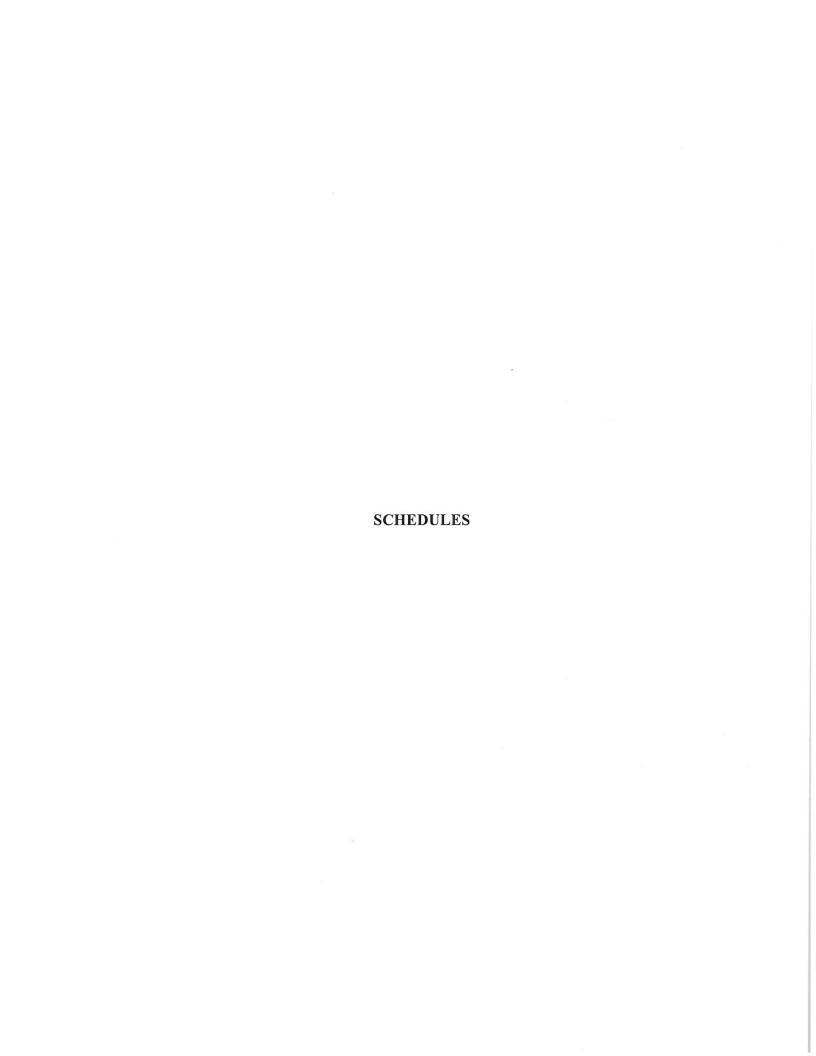
COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	SOLID WASTE FUND	STATE STREET AID FUND	DRUG FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 271,010	\$ 351,017	\$ 98,308	\$ 720,335
Accounts receivable, net	29,575	40.577	=	29,575
Due from State of Tennessee		40,577		40,577
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 300,585</u>	\$ 391,594	\$ 98,308	\$ 790,487
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 19,669	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,669
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted				
Solid waste expenditures	280,916	=	-	280,916
Street expenditures	-	391,594	=	391,594
Drug enforcement	-		98,308	98,308
TOTAL FUND	200.016	201 504	00.200	77 0 010
BALANCES	280,916	391,594	98,308	<u>770,818</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 300,585	\$ 391,594	\$ 98,308	\$ 790,487

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	SOLID WASTE FUND	STATE STREET AID FUND	DRUG FUND	TOTAL OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues				
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	\$ -	\$ 151,815	\$ -	\$ 151,815
\$.03 gasoline tax	-	45,241	-	45,241
1989 gasoline tax increase	-	24,376	-	24,376
Federal grants			5,671	5,671
Total intergovernmental revenues		221,432	5,671	227,103
Charges for services	371,051			371,051
Fines and forfeitures	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		44,985	44,985
TOTAL REVENUES		221,432	50,656	643,139
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety				
Contractual services	-		850	850
Supplies	5 — 8	_	8,705	8,705
Capital outlay			63,895	63,895
Total public safety			73,450	73,450
Solid waste	220.042			222 242
Contractual services	229,843			229,843
Highways and streets				
Contractual services	_	233,483	<u>-</u>	233,483
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		233,483	73,450	536,776
NET CHANGE IN FUND				
BALANCE	141,208	(12,051)	(22,794)	106,363
FUND BALANCE				
Balance at July 1, 2014	139 708	403,645	121,102	664,455
Duranoo at sury 1, 2017			121,102	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 280,916	\$ 391,594	\$ 98,308	<u>\$ 770,818</u>



TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SOLID WASTE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		•		
REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER (UNDER) BUDGET
Charges for services TOTAL REVENUES		\$ 360,000 360,000	\$ 371,051 371,051	\$ 11,051
EXPENDITURES Solid waste				
Contractual services		220,000 220,000	229,843 229,843	9,843 9,843
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	140,000	140,000	141,208	1,208
FUND BALANCE Balance at July 1, 2014	139,708	139,708	139,708	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 279,708	\$ 279,708	\$ 280,916	\$ 1,208

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE STATE STREET AID FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

DENZENILIEC	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER (UNDER) BUDGET
Gasoline and motor fuel tax \$.03 gasoline tax 1989 gasoline tax increase TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 215,000 - - - 215,000	\$ 215,000 - - - 215,000	\$ 151,815 45,241 24,376 221,432	\$ (63,185) 45,241 24,376 6,432
EXPENDITURES Highways and streets Streets TOTAL EXPENDITURES	225,000 225,000	225,000 225,000	233,483 233,483	8,483 8,483
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(10,000)	(10,000)	(12,051)	(2,051)
FUND BALANCE Balance at July 1, 2014	403,645	403,645	403,645	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 393,645	\$ 393,645	\$ 391,594	<u>\$ (2,051)</u>

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER (UNDER) BUDGET
Intergovernmental revenues Fines and forfeitures Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,850 10,000 	\$ 3,850 10,000 	\$ 5,671 44,985 	\$ 1,821 . 34,985 ————————————————————————————————————
EXPENDITURES Public safety Police TOTAL EXPENDITURES	62,000 62,000	62,000 62,000	73,450 73,450	11,450 11,450
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(48,150)	(48,150)	(22,794)	25,356
FUND BALANCE Balance at July 1, 2014	121,102	121,102	121,102	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 72,952	<u>\$ 72,952</u>	\$ 98,308	<u>\$ 25,356</u>

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES Local taxes Property taxes Local sales tax Wholesale beer tax Liquor distributors tax Cable TV tax	\$ 959,751 1,449,740 197,203 81,193 25,208 2,713,095
Licenses and permits	19,716
Intergovernmental revenues State sales tax State income tax State beer tax Petroleum special State mixed drink tax State excise tax TVA tax State reimbursements County grants Federal grants State grants	635,369 26,247 4,011 17,109 16,561 1,966 97,207 10,800 122,727 156,032 25,350 1,113,379
Charges for services Parks and recreation Property maintenance Rent income	125,622 7,529 12,000 145,151
Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Interest income Donations Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	15,585 8,510 66,344 90,439 4,145,551

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

EXPENDITURES General government	
Legislative	
Personal services	\$ 39,147
Contractual services	4,395
Contractant bot vices	43,542
Judicial	43,342
	4.450
Personal services	4,150
Contractual services	9,776
	13,926
Finance and Administration	
Personal services	140,340
Contractual services	126,701
Supplies	25,989
Fixed charges	30,985
Capital Outlay	108,606
Capital Outray	
D11'1'1'1'	432,620
Planning and inspection	20100
Personal services	66,057
Contractual services	23,854
Supplies	13,532
Fixed charges	5,215
	108,658
Total general government	598,746
Public safety	
Police	
Personal services	1,207,878
Contractual services	91,283
Supplies	99,986
Fixed charges	89,823
Tivod Ondigos	1,488,970
	1,400,970
Fire	
	106.665
Personal services	126,665
Contractual services	484,316
Supplies	59,273
Fixed charges	40,535
Capital outlay	650,624
	1,361,413
Total public safety	2,850,383

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED	
Highways and streets	
Streets	5
Personal services	\$ 209,961
Contractual services	81,219
Supplies	67,695
Fixed charges	21,044
Capital outlay	165,325
Total highways and streets	545,244
Health, welfare, and recreation	
Parks and recreation	
Personal services	161,991
Contractual services	66,186
Supplies	186,248
Fixed charges	18,565
Capital outlay	37,179
Total health, welfare, and recreation	470,168
Grants and contributions	
Grants and contributions	23,526
Total grants and contributions	23,526
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,488,067
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER)	
EXPENDITURES	(342,516)
OTHER EIN ANGING COURGES	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries	21 500
insurance recoveries	31,580
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(310,936)
FUND BALANCE	
Balance at July 1, 2014	3,374,407
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$3,063,471

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Note: Significant Accounting Policies

All of the federal awards are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

PROGRAM TITLE	GRANTOR'S NUMBER	RECEIVABLE (UNAVAILABLE)/ RESTRICTED BALANCE AT JULY 1, 2014	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	RECEIVABLE (UNAVAILABLE)/ RESTRICTED BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2015	BLE BLE)/ FED 5 AT
CASH STATE AWARDS						
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Disaster Grant	34101-25314 34101-11713	\$ 12,914 12,914	\$ (5,224) (23,640) (28,864)	\$ 5,224 10,726 15,950	€	
Department of Agriculture Tennessee Agriculture Enhancement Program	32510-17315	1	I)	9,400	6	9,400
Department of Environment and Conservation Local Parks and Recreation Fund	32701-01552	157,809	(157,809)			1
TOTAL CASH STATE AWARDS		\$ 170,723	\$ (186,673)	\$ 25,350	8	9,400

Note: Significant Accounting Policies

All of the state awards are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY JUNE 30, 2015

YEAR		SEWER REVENUE	WATER AND SEV		STATE REV	
ENDED	PRINCIPAL	SERIES 2004 INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	FUND LOA PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2016	\$ 30,000		\$ 23,000	\$ 1,002	\$ 103,300	\$ 26,980
2017	32,000		24,000	954	104,796	25,483
2018	33,000	1,375	25,000	903	106,315	23,964
2019	34,000	1,306	27,000	851	107,857	22,422
2020	35,000	1,234	28,000	794	109,420	20,860
2021	37,000	1,161	29,000	735	111,006	19,273
2022	38,000	1,083	31,000	675	112,615	17,664
2023	40,000	1,003	32,000	609	114,247	16,032
2024	41,000	919	34,000	542	115,903	14,376
2025	43,000	833	36,000	471	117,583	12,696
2026	45,000	743	37,000	395	119,288	10,991
2027	47,000	648	39,000	318	121,018	9,262
2028	48,000	550	41,000	236	122,772	7,507
2029	50,000	449	43,000	150	124,552	5,728
2030	52,000	344	28,194	59	126,356	3,923
2031	54,000	235	=	= :	128,189	2,090
2032	57,000	121			75,623	363
2033	698	1		·		
	\$ 716,698	<u>\$ 14,952</u>	\$ 477,194	\$ 8,694	<u>\$1,920,840</u>	\$ 239,614

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2015

YEAR ENDED	GR	AND TOTALS
2016	\$	185,787
2017	ATD.	188,675
2018		190,557
2019		193,436
2020		195,308
2021		198,175
2022		201,037
2023		203,891
2024		206,740
2025		210,583
2026		213,417
2027		217,246
2028		220,065
2029		223,879
2030		210,876
2031		184,514
2032		133,107
2033		699
	\$	3,377,992

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE PROPERTY TAXES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

YEAR OF LEVY	BALANCE JULY1, 2014	ASSESSMENT	TMENTS/ EMENTS	COLI	LECTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015
2015	\$ -	\$ 1,404,440	\$ -	\$	-	\$1,404,440
2014	953,888	-	-		(927,403)	26,485
2013	27,472	\ 	3,376		(19,487)	11,361
2012	14,320	-	-		(8,288)	6,032
2011	6,879	=	=		(4,352)	2,527
2010	2,276	r _m	19			2,295
2009	1,072	: -	-		(3)	1,069
2008	1,357	-	: -:		(124)	1,233
2007	976	1.	-)		₩3	976
2006	219		 	** <u> </u>	(94)	125
	\$1,008,459	<u>\$ 1,404,440</u>	\$ 3,395	\$ (<u>(959,751</u>)	\$1,456,543
Allowance fo						
property taxes	(52,531)					(44,008)
Net receivables	\$ 955,928	,				<u>\$1,412,535</u>

YEAR OF LEVY	ASSESSED VALUATION	 RATE R \$100	ASSESSMENTS
2015	\$ 175,555,048	\$ 0.80	\$ 1,404,440
2014	171,874,697	0.56	953,888
2013	173,483,362	0.56	962,832
2012	172,693,140	0.56	958,446
2011	167,159,060	0.56	927,732
2010	157,468,810	0.56	873,935
2009	121,213,857	0.70	848,497
2008	109,202,777	0.70	764,419
2007	94,977,349	0.60	569,864
2006	81,149,771	0.60	486,899

Delinquent Property Taxes

Uncollected taxes for years prior to 2006 have been charged off for financial reporting purposes. Such amounts are not significant. Uncollected taxes for tax years prior to 2012 have been turned over to Chancery Court for collection.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE UTILITY RATES AND NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS JUNE 30, 2015

Water Rates

T 1 .	0:4	1: : 4 -
Inside	CITY	IImits

Inside City limits	
First 1,000 gallons	\$ 10.00 \$3.50 per 1,000 gallons
Outside City limits	
First 1,000 gallons	
The Town had 2,873 water customers as of June 30, 2015.	
Sewer Rates	
Inside City limits	
Minimum	\$ 6.88 \$ 3.50
Outside City limits	
Minimum	\$ 8.91 \$ 3.50

The City had 2,414 sewer customers as of June 30, 2015.

	A WINNA		e Water Andit S orting Workshe							AS v5 0
Click to access definition Click to add a comment Reporting Yea			System (0000033) 7/2014 - 6/2015	J						1400041040
Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values a input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list it.									in the accuracy of the	
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To select the correct data grading for each inp the utility meets or exceeds <u>all</u> criteria	ut, determ for that gr	ine th	ne highest grade where and all grades below it.			Mast	er Mete	r and Su	ipply Error Adjustme	ents
WATER SUPPLIED	-		Compared to the compared to				Pent:		Value:	_
Volume from own source: Water imported	: 2		189.300	MG/Yr MG/Yr	+ 7	3			○ ● -1.800	MG/Yr MG/Yr
Water exported	: 2	n/a		MG/Yr	10 12	Enter	negativ	-	O value for under-regis	MG/Yr stration
WATER SUPPLIED):	-	191.100	MG/Yr			-		alue for over-registra	
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION Billed metered		9	176.558	1100/-					Click here:	
Billed unmetered	+ ?	n/a	176,556	MG/Yr					for help using option buttons below	
Unbilled metered Unbilled unmetered	Secretary Sections		0 200	MG/Yr MG/Yr		1	Pont	10 0	Value: 0.200	MG/Yr
							E 44	1		
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION	: ?		176.758	MG/Yr				lama	Use buttons to select percentage of water supplied	
WATER LOCGES (Water Currelled Authorized Consumption)		-	[44.242]	MON					OR value	
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) Apparent Losses			14.342	MG/Yr			Pont:		Value:	
Unauthorized consumption	120	9	0.200	MG/Yr		Ī		0		MG/Yr
Customer metering inaccuracies	E30 E20	9 1	0.459	MGNr		ſ		0	0.459	MG/Yr
Systematic data handling errors		8	0 500			t		0 6		MG/Yr
Apparent Losses	171		1.159	MG/Yr						
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)										
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses	5		13.183	MG/Yr						
WATER LOSSES			14.342	MG/Yr						
NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER: = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered	7		14.542	MG/Yr						
SYSTEM DATA										-
Length of mains: Number of <u>active AND inactive</u> service connections: Service connection density:		8 8	2,950	miles						
Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line?	-	,	Yes							
Average length of customer service line:	E3 121			boundary	f service line, to that is the re	spons	d the pro sibility of	perty the utility))	
Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure		W	the second secon		applied					
										-
COST DATA	-									
Total annual cost of operating water system: Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):		over the second like	\$489,604 \$3.50	\$/Year \$/1000 gallons (l	JS)					
Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses):	E38 E28	10	Contributed to the contribute of the contribute	\$/Million gallons	Use Custo	mer R	etail Unit	Cost to va	lue real losses	
WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:									mare .	
t	** YOUR S	COR	E IS: 91 out of 100 ***							
A weighted scale for the components of consun	nption and w	valer I	loss is included in the calc	culation of the Water	er Audit Data	/alidit	y Score			
PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION:										
Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by address	sing the follo	owing	components:							
1: Water imported										
2: Billed metered 3: Systematic data handling errors										

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NET POSITION OF WATER - SEWER FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	WATER	SEWER	COMBINED
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,307,908	\$ 2,132,376	\$ 3,440,284
Investments - certificates of deposit	232,525	232,525	465,050
Accounts receivable, net	79,493	73,973	153,466
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,619,926	2,438,874	4,058,800
RESTRICTED ASSETS			
Net pension asset	20,619	20,619	41,238
Net pension asset		20,017	41,230
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital Assets			
Not being depreciated			
Land	17,500	<u>17,500</u>	35,000
Being depreciated			
Buildings and improvements	49,424	49,423	98,847
Vehicles and equipment	243,369	243,369	486,738
Utility plant in service	3,691,009	8,341,244	12,032,253
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,044,188)	(2,343,796)	(3,387,984)
Total Capital Assets, Net of			
Accumulated Depreciation	2,939,614	6,290,240	9,229,854
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	2,957,114	6,307,740	9,264,854
TOTAL ASSETS	4,597,659	8,767,233	13,364,892
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows - pension	11,084	11,084	22,168
r		-	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED			
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 4,608,743	\$ 8,778,317	\$ 13,387,060
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 55,700	\$ 55,701	\$ 111,401
Accrued expenses	18,909	18,908	37,817
Due to other funds	162,845	162,846	325,691
Revenue bonds payable - current portion	26,500	129,800	156,300
Customer deposits	21,461	21,460	42,921
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	285,415	388,715	674,130
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term revenue bonds, less			
current portion	518,796	2,439,636	2,958,432
TOTAL LIABILITIES	804,211	2,828,351	3,632,562
- V ALAM MALAMAN AND THE			

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE NET POSITION OF WATER - SEWER FUND - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2015

	WATER	<u>SEWER</u>	COMBINED
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pension	\$ 21,648	\$ 21,648	\$ 43,296
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	2,411,818 1,371,066 3,782,884	3,738,304 2,190,014 5,928,318	6,150,122 3,561,080 9,711,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	<u>\$ 4,608,743</u>	\$ 8,778,317	<u>\$ 13,387,060</u>

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF WATER - SEWER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	WATER	SEWER	COMBINED
OPERATING REVENUES			
Metered sales and service	\$ 878,260	\$ 846,544	\$ 1,724,804
Connection fees	42,365	12,080	54,445
Tap fees	-	12,000	12,000
Penalties	15,689	15,689	31,378
Other operating income	1,138	1,137	2,275
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	937,452	887,450	1,824,902
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	161,069	161,068	322,137
Fringes	50,528	50,529	101,057
Maintenance services and supplies	92,886	92,885	185,771
Water purchased	375,283	_	375,283
Sewer fees	-	207,792	207,792
Office supplies	23,388	23,388	46,776
Utilities	38,241	38,242	76,483
Insurance	15,071	15,071	30,142
Depreciation	115,720	256,112	371,832
Miscellaneous	18,796	18,795	37,591
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	890,982	863,882	1,754,864
OPERATING INCOME	46,470	23,568	70,038
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	11,259	11,260	22,519
Interest expense	(8,246)	(36,701)	(44,947)
TOTAL NONOPERATING			/
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	3,013	(25,441)	(22,428)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	49,483	(1,873)	47,610
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	695,153	605,738	1,300,891
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	744,636	603,865	1,348,501
NET POSITION Balance at July 1, 2014, as restated	3,038,248	_5,324,453	8,362,701
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,782,884	\$ 5,928,318	\$ 9,711,202

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE CASH FLOWS OF WATER - SEWER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	WATER	SEWER	COMBINED
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash payments to suppliers	\$ 929,919 (604,400)	\$ 879,901 (436,910)	\$ 1,809,820 (1,041,310)
Cash payments to employees for services	(157,344)		
Cash payments for taxes	(11,393)	(11,393)	(22,786)
operating activities	156,782	274,254	431,036
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease in due to other funds	(613)	(612)	(1,225)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities	(613)	(612)	(1,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets	(191,524)		
Proceeds from long-term debt	101,515 (230,243)	101,515 (228,766)	203,030 (459,009)
Interest and fee payments on long-term debt	(8,755)	(37,209)	(45,964)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(329,007)	(182,548)	(511,555)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	11,259	11,260	22,519
Net cash provided by investing activities	11,259	11,260	22,519
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(161,579)	102,354	(59,225)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1, 2014	1,469,487	2,030,022	3,499,509
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30, 2015	\$ 1,307,908	\$ 2,132,376	<u>\$ 3,440,284</u>

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE CASH FLOWS OF WATER - SEWER FUND - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	WATER	-	SEWER	<u>C(</u>	OMBINED
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income	\$ 46,470	\$	23,568	\$	70,038
Depreciation	 115,720 (10,895) (7,533) 9,295 3,725 110,312	- - \$	256,112 (10,897) (7,549) 9,296 3,724 250,686		371,832 (21,792) (15,082) 18,591 7,449 360,998 431,036
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital assets contributed	\$ 695,153	\$	605,738	\$1	,300,891



110 East Pleasant Avenue • P.O. Box 369 Covington, TN 38019 (901) 476-8275 • (901) 476-0867 FAX www.wtdcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Daryl Walker, Mayor Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Atoka, Tennessee Atoka, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a

deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a material weakness (Item No. 2015-001).

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Atoka, Tennessee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as Item No. 2015-002.

Town of Atoka Tennessee's Responses to Findings

The Town of Atoka, Tennessee's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Town of Atoka, Tennessee's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Whitehorn Fankensly " Davis, Perc

Covington, Tennessee

May 16, 2016

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Item No. 2015-001: Material Adjustments

Condition: Adjustments were proposed when necessary to correct material misstatements in the financial statements. During the current year, a material transaction of the Governmental Activities relating to capital contributions of infrastructure, a material transaction of the Solid Waste Fund relating to correction of beginning fund balance, a material transaction of the State Street Aid Fund relating to correction of beginning fund balance, and material transactions of the Water-Sewer Fund relating to correction of recorded amounts of capital assets, depreciation expense, and capital contributions of infrastructure, were not recorded and necessitated adjustment of the Town's financial statements.

Criteria: The financial statements should be fairly stated and free of material misstatement before commencement of the audit.

Effect: Material audit adjustments were made to the Town's records.

Recommendation: We recommend Town officials ensure that all material transactions are recorded and properly classified in the Town's records before being submitted for audit.

Client response: The Town's general ledger account balances are adjusted at year-end by our outside CPA. We will continue our efforts to ensure that all material transactions are provided to our outside CPA for proper accounting and recording in the general ledger before commencement of the fiscal year June 30, 2016 audit.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

Item No. 2015-002: Budget Overruns

Condition: The Town had one line-item budget overrun in the General Fund. Total expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount in the Solid Waste, Drug, and State Street Aid Funds.

Criteria: State requirements dictate that in instances when budget overruns become imminent, budget amendments should be approved to cover the additional expenditures.

Effect: Certain expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts.

Recommendation: We recommend that sufficient budget amendments be adopted to keep expenditures within budgeted amounts.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<u>COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS - CONTINUED</u>

Item No. 2015-002: Budget Overruns - Continued

Client response: The Town prepared budget amendments in order to comply with State requirements, but the amended amounts remained insufficient. We will strive to include all expenditures in any fiscal year June 30, 2016 budget amendments.

TOWN OF ATOKA, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2015

Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
2010-003	Adjustment of General Ledger Account Balances (Original Finding 2010-003)	Repeated (2015-001)
2013-001	Budget Overruns (Original Finding (2013-001)	Repeated (2015-002)