REPORT OF CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Boonville, MO 65233
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Fax: (660) 882-7765

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Alderpersons City of Ashland, Missouri

www.gkccpas.com

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Missouri (the "City"), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

PARTNERS
Fred W. Korte, Jr.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Fred W. Korte, Jr.
Joseph E. Chitwood
Travis W. Hundley
Jeffrey A. Chitwood
Amy L. Watson
Heidi N. Ross

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

PARTNER EMERITUS

Robert A. Gerding

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and respective budgetary comparison for the General and Street Funds for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedule and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedule and the and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 2, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

July 2, 2020

Gerding, Korte & Chitwood, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Boonville, Missouri

Gerding, Kirto + Clutweed, P.C.

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2020

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,071,531	\$	1,989,256	\$	4,060,787
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	·	19,672		714,737		734,409
Unrestricted certificates of deposit		259,315		70,614		329,929
Restricted certificates of deposit		-		438,483		438,483
Restricted investments held in escrow		_		87,538		87,538
Land		530,841		218,746		749,587
Construction in progress		719,422		6,407,435		7,126,857
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		2,488,671		7,501,248		9,989,919
Total Assets		6,089,452		17,428,057		23,517,509
LIABILITIES (Note III-D)						
Current Liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		333,400		333,400
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Refundable deposits		-		145,061		145,061
Due in more than one year				6,237,670		6,237,670
Total Liabilities			-	6,716,131		6,716,131
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		3,738,934		7,556,359		11,295,293
Restricted but expendable for:						
Debt service		-		1,153,220		1,153,220
Other purposes		19,672		87,538		107,210
Unrestricted		2,330,846		1,914,809		4,245,655
Total Net Position	\$	6,089,452	\$	10,711,926	\$	16,801,378

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Cha			Revenue and Chan	anges in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	e Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 707,769	\$ 48,938	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (658,831)	\$ -	\$ (658,83	
Public Safety	588,784	21,588	1,006	-	(566,190)	-	(566,19	
Streets	479,614			247,210	(232,404)		(232,40	
Total Governmental Activities	1,776,167	70,526	1,006	247,210	(1,457,425)		(1,457,42	
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	466,638	768,391	-	-	-	301,753	301,75	
Sewer	548,076	1,226,089	-	-	-	678,013	678,01	
Sanitation	441,585	509,774				68,189	68,18	
Total Business-Type Activities	1,456,299	2,504,254				1,047,955	1,047,95	
	General Revenues:							
	Taxes:							
	Property taxes				174,747	-	174,74	
	Sales taxes				1,131,369	-	1,131,36	
	Motor vehicle	and fuel taxes			152,439	-	152,43	
	Franchise taxe	s			271,542	-	271,54	
	Other taxes				9,880	-	9,88	
	Investment inco	ome			38,577	53,693	92,27	
	Miscellaneous				314,280	, -	314,28	
	Total general reven	ues			2,092,834	53,693	2,146,52	
	Change in net p	osition			635,409	1,101,648	1,737,05	
	Net position - begin	nning			5,454,043	9,610,278	15,064,32	
	Net position - endir	ng			\$ 6,089,452	\$ 10,711,926	\$ 16,801,37	

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CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

		General Fund	Street Fund	Capital ject Fund	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS			 _				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	887,845	\$ 543,888	\$ 444,906	\$ 194,892	\$	2,071,531
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		19,672	-	-	-		19,672
Investments		259,315	 -	 			259,315
Total Assets	\$	1,166,832	\$ 543,888	\$ 444,906	\$ 194,892	\$	2,350,518
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Other payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-	-	-	-		-
Fund Balances:							
Restricted for protested taxes		8,505	-	-	-		8,505
Assigned for debt service		-	-	-	895		895
Assigned for street		-	543,888	-	-		543,888
Assigned for court fines		-	-	-	76,555		76,555
Assigned for parks/stormwater		-	-	-	117,442		117,442
Assigned for capital projects		-	-	444,906	-		444,906
Assigned for telephone tax		3,388	-	-	-		3,388
Assigned for Friends of Ashland		7,779	-	-	-		7,779
Unassigned	-	1,147,160	 	 _	 		1,147,160
Total Fund Balances		1,166,832	543,888	444,906	194,892		2,350,518
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,166,832	\$ 543,888	\$ 444,906	\$ 194,892		

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$15,215,964 net of accumulated depreciation of

\$11,477,030 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 6,089,452

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		General Fund		Street Fund		Capital ject Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES:	ф	154545	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	154545
Property taxes	\$	174,747	\$	100.720	\$	100.710	\$	107.021	\$	174,747
Sales taxes		410,904		188,738		188,718		187,231		975,591
Franchise taxes		271,542		-		-		-		271,542
Other taxes		9,880		-		-		-		9,880
Intergovernmental		1,006		555,427		-		-		556,433
Licenses and permits		48,938		-		-		-		48,938
Fines and forfeits		10		-		-		21,578		21,588
Investment income		38,577		-		-		-		38,577
Miscellaneous		85,162		229,118						314,280
Total Revenues		1,040,766		973,283		188,718		208,809		2,411,576
EXPENDITURES:										
General government		572,224		-		-		134,232		706,456
Public safety		550,017		-		-		12,000		562,017
Streets		-		127,130		-		-		127,130
Capital outlay		1,742		626,158		232,626				860,526
Total Expenditures		1,123,983		753,288		232,626		146,232		2,256,129
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		(83,217)		219,995		(43,908)		62,577		155,447
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,250,049		323,893		488,814		132,315		2,195,071
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,166,832	\$	543,888	\$	444,906	\$	194,892	\$	2,350,518
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:										
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun	nds								\$	155,447
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	staten	nent of activ	ities a	are different	beca	use:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as experence of the experimental funds report capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense		_			es					836,499 (356,537)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities									\$	635,409

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ 1,467,148	\$ 1,248,597	\$ 1,250,049	\$ 1,452
Resources (Inflows):				
Property taxes	175,000	175,000	174,747	(253)
Sales taxes	395,000	403,000	410,904	7,904
Franchise taxes	355,000	268,000	271,542	3,542
Other taxes	9,300	9,880	9,880	-
Intergovernmental	1,250	1,250	1,006	(244)
Alcoholic beverage licenses	2,400	2,400	2,384	(16)
Building permits	54,000	54,000	46,554	(7,446)
Municipal court fines and fees	50	10	10	-
Investment income	45,000	39,500	38,577	(923)
Lease income	38,137	27,802	27,802	-
Other	80,960	62,105	57,360	(4,745)
Total	1,156,097	1,042,947	1,040,766	(2,181)
Amounts available for appropriation	2,623,245	2,291,544	2,290,815	(729)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General Government:				
Personnel services	239,660	245,360	247,632	(2,272)
Materials and supplies	5,000	3,500	3,204	296
Other services and charges	339,847	318,024	321,388	(3,364)
Capital expenditures	700	430	230	200
Total General Government	585,207	567,314	572,454	(5,140)
Public Safety:				
Personnel services	444,790	472,250	451,937	20,313
Materials and supplies	31,000	35,718	34,021	1,697
Other services and charges	54,863	61,472	64,059	(2,587)
Capital expenditures	2,100	1,512	1,512	
Total Public Safety	532,753	570,952	551,529	19,423
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,117,960	1,138,266	1,123,983	14,283
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,505,285	\$ 1,153,278	\$ 1,166,832	\$ 13,554

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS STREET FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	(Original	 Final	A	Amounts		l Budget
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	323,893	\$ 323,893	\$	323,893	\$	
Resources (Inflows):							
Sales taxes		178,000	184,000		188,738		4,738
Intergovernmental		558,393	552,988		555,427		2,439
Miscellaneous			226,348		229,118		2,770
Total		736,393	963,336		973,283		9,947
Amounts available for appropriation		1,060,286	1,287,229		1,297,176		9,947
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):							
Street Department:							
Personnel services		93,173	82,772		84,424		(1,652)
Materials and supplies		7,100	7,711		7,412		299
Other services and charges		34,900	34,300		35,294		(994)
Capital expenditures		479,393	639,020		626,158		12,862
Total Street Department		614,566	763,803		753,288		10,515
Total Charges to Appropriations		614,566	763,803		753,288		10,515
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	445,720	\$ 523,426	\$	543,888	\$	20,462

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Total		
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,208,440	\$ 619,966	\$ 160,850	\$ 1,989,256		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		714,737		714,737		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,208,440	1,334,703	160,850	2,703,993		
Investments						
Certificates of deposit	70,614	-	-	70,614		
Restricted certificates of deposit	-	438,483	-	438,483		
Restricted investments held in escrow		87,538		87,538		
Total Investments	70,614	526,021		596,635		
Total Current Assets	1,279,054	1,860,724	160,850	3,300,628		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Land	186,609	32,137	_	218,746		
Construction in process	72,000	6,335,435	_	6,407,435		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,905,029	3,596,219	_	7,501,248		
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,163,638	9,963,791		14,127,429		
Total Assets	\$ 5,442,692	\$ 11,824,515	\$ 160,850	\$ 17,428,057		
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Bonds payable - current portion	\$ -	\$ 333,400	\$ -	\$ 333,400		
Total Current Liabilities		333,400		333,400		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Refundable deposits	145,061	-	-	145,061		
Bonds payable - long-term portion		6,237,670		6,237,670		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	145,061	6,237,670		6,382,731		
Total Liabilities	\$ 145,061	\$ 6,571,070	\$ -	\$ 6,716,131		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,163,638	\$ 3,392,721	\$ -	\$ 7,556,359		
Restricted but expendable for debt service	-	1,153,220	-	1,153,220		
Restricted but expendable for construction	-	87,538	-	87,538		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,133,993	619,966	160,850	1,914,809		
Total Net Position	\$ 5,297,631	\$ 5,253,445	\$ 160,850	\$ 10,711,926		

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Sanitation Total **Operating Revenues:** Charges for services 711,947 \$ 1,226,089 509,774 \$ 2,447,810 Miscellaneous 56,444 56,444 **Total Operating Revenues** 768,391 1,226,089 509,774 2,504,254 Operating Expenses: Personnel services 170,392 170,392 64,380 4,782 435,722 504,884 Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance 9,595 68,726 59,131 **Utilities** 28,945 77,596 106,541 Contracted services 241,901 241,901 Other 40,673 4,565 5,863 51,101 Depreciation 152,653 280,834 128,181 **Total Operating Expenses** 466,638 441,585 1,424,379 516,156 709,933 68,189 Operating Income (Loss) 301,753 1,079,875 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income 42,617 11,076 53,693 Interest expense and fees on debt (31,920)(31,920)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 42,617 (20,844)21,773 Net Income 344,370 689,089 68,189 1,101,648 Net Position, Beginning 4,953,261 4,564,356 92,661 9,610,278 \$ 5,253,445 \$ Net Position, Ending \$ 5,297,631 160,850 \$10,711,926

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities -

	H			
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:		_		
Receipts from customers	\$ 781,545	\$ 1,226,089	\$ 509,774	\$ 2,517,408
Payments to suppliers	(143,593)	(387,975)	(441,585)	(973,153)
Payments to employees	(170,392)			(170,392)
Net cash provided by operating activities	467,560	838,114	68,189	1,373,863
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchases of capital assets	(72,000)	(3,808,957)	-	(3,880,957)
Proceeds from capital debt	-	3,632,230	-	3,632,230
Principal paid on capital debt	-	(56,600)	-	(56,600)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on capital debt		(31,920)		(31,920)
Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities	(72,000)	(265,247)		(337,247)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments	-	(97,121)	-	(97,121)
Interest income	40,779	11,076	-	51,855
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	40,779	(86,045)	_	(45,266)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	436,339	486,822	68,189	991,350
Balance, beginning of year	772,101	847,881	92,661	1,712,643
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,208,440	\$ 1,334,703	\$ 160,850	\$ 2,703,993
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,208,440	\$ 619,966	\$ 160,850	1,989,256
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		714,737		714,737
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,208,440	\$ 1,334,703	\$ 160,850	\$ 2,703,993
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided	1			
(used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 301,753	\$ 709,933	\$ 68,189	\$ 1,079,875
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provi	ded			
(used) by operating activities:		400 404		200.02
Depreciation expense	152,653	128,181	-	280,834
Changes in assets and liabilities:	10.154			12.154
Refundable deposits	13,154	Ф 020.114	Φ (0.100	13,154
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 467,560	\$ 838,114	\$ 68,189	\$ 1,373,863

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note I-C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity is composed of the City of Ashland, Missouri (the "City"). The City is the primary government. The City is an incorporated fourth-class city located in Boone County, Missouri. The City operates under a Mayor-Board of Alderpersons form of government and is exempt from federal and state income taxes as a political subdivision of the state of Missouri. For enterprise funds, GASB Statement Nos. 20 and 34 provide the City the option of electing to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The City has elected not to apply those pronouncements.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units", and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus", and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board and the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. See Footnote IV.G for further component unit discussion.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (general, public safety, utilities, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general, public safety, utilities, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The City distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the City's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The City does not allocate indirect costs.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as nonmajor funds, except the street fund which is considered a major fund.

Street Fund Accounts for revenues received and expenditures paid

for street improvements.

Court Fund Accounts for revenues received and expenditures paid

for the court system.

Park/Stormwater Tax Fund Accounts for revenues received and expenditures paid

for park and stormwater improvements.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. This fund is reported as a major fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund of the City is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The Water, Sewer and Sanitation Enterprise Funds are reported as major funds and account for activities of the City in providing water, sewer and trash services to the public.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement below, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Accounting

The City of Ashland, Missouri, has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as of April 30, 2005.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and money market accounts. A cash change fund held by the City is also included in cash and cash equivalents.

Capital Assets

The City's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	7-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-7 years
Furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Utility property and improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in the governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in the proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

Capitalization of Interest Costs

The Proprietary Funds capitalize the interest cost of restricted tax exempt borrowings, less any interest earned on temporary investments of the proceeds of those borrowings, until the specified assets acquired with those borrowings is placed into service. During fiscal year 2020, the City capitalized \$32,662 of interest in the sewer fund.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Fund Equity – Fund Financial Statements:

Beginning with FY 2012, the City implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City did not have any nonspendable funds as of year-end.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources because they are either:
 - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
 - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

At April 30, 2020, the City had \$8,505 restricted for protested taxes.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City's board of alderpersons, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of alderpersons removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City did not have any committed resources as of year-end.
- Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds *other than the General Fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 54. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by either the City's board of alderpersons, or a subordinate high-level body, such as a finance committee, or an official, such as the executive director, that has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The City's management assigned funds during the year as detailed in Note IV-E.
- Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund including any governmental fund in a deficit position.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the City would use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, it reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer to the use of the other classified funds.

Contributions and Grants

Enterprise Funds - Contributions of (or for) fixed assets, including those received from other city funds, and grants received from other Cities for the acquisition of capital assets, are reported as capital contributions.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses-

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General government Licenses and permits

Public safety Fines and forfeits, operating grants include grants for

police equipment, school resource officers, and for a

police secretary.

Streets Gasoline and motor vehicle sales taxes and driveway

permits.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. There were no interfund transactions in 2020.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations.

A. Insured and Collateralized Deposits

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit.

B. Budgets

The City adopts a budget as required by Missouri Statute. Expenditures in excess of budget must be approved by the Council.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

A. Deposits and Investments

The City complies with various restrictions on deposits and investments which are imposed by state statutes as follows:

<u>Deposits</u> - Missouri statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount at least equal to uninsured deposits.

<u>Investments</u> - The City may purchase any investments allowed by the State Treasurer. These include (1) obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof maturing and becoming payable not more than three years from the date of purchase, or (2) repurchase agreements maturing and becoming payable within ninety days secured by U. S. Treasury obligations or obligations of U. S. government agencies or instrumentalities of any maturity, as provided by law.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

The deposits and investments held at April 30, 2020, are shown below:

	Maturity	Carrying	
	Date	_	Value
Deposits:			
Demand deposits		\$	4,882,734
Time deposit	09/30/20		32,254
Time deposit	11/03/20		68,235
Time deposit	02/06/21		70,614
Time deposit	05/20/21		259,315
Time deposit	03/05/21		337,994
Total			5,651,146
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	4,060,787
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			734,409
Restricted certificates of deposit			438,483
Unrestricted certificates of deposit			329,929
Restricted investments held in escrow			87,538
Total		\$	5,651,146

Income from investment of pooled cash is allocated to the various funds based on the fund's balance in the pooled account.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Deposits in financial institutions, reported as components of cash and investments had a bank balance of \$5,625,689 at April 30, 2020, which was fully insured by depository insurance or secured with collateral.

Investment interest rate risk. The City has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturities of investments held at April 30, 2020, are provided in the previous schedule.

Investment credit risk. The City maintains cash deposits and investments which are authorized by the Board. The City invests idle funds in certificates of deposit.

Concentration of investment credit risk. The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At April 30, 2020, the City had no concentration of credit risk.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

B. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the required bond reserves and others:

Revenue Bonds - Principal and interest	\$ 159,166
Revenue Bonds - Reserve	994,054
Restricted funds held in Escrow	87,538
Restricted for Friends of Ashland	7,779
Restricted for Telephone Tax	3,388
Restricted for Protested Taxes	8,505
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 1,260,430

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental activities:		ance 30, 2019	A	dditions	Disp	osals	Balance April 30, 2020		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 5	530,841	\$	-	\$	-	\$	530,841	
Construction in progress				719,422				719,422	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5	530,841		719,422		-		1,250,263	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings	2	272,218		-		-		272,218	
Machinery and vehicles	4	509,004		16,950		-		525,954	
Furniture and equipment	3	332,637		6,030		-		338,667	
Other property and equipment	1	124,704		-		-		124,704	
Infrastructure	12,6	510,061		94,097			1	12,704,158	
Total capital assets being depreciated	13,8	348,624		117,077			1	13,965,701	
Total capital assets at historical costs	14,3	379,465		836,499		-	1	15,215,964	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings	(1	141,074)		(6,692)		-		(147,766)	
Machinery and vehicles	(4	112,112)		(38,676)		-		(450,788)	
Furniture and equipment	(3	323,683)		(8,489)		-		(332,172)	
Other property and equipment	(1	114,943)		(887)		-		(115,830)	
Infrastructure	(10,1	128,681)		(301,793)			(]	10,430,474)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,1	120,493)		(356,537)		-	(1	11,477,030)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,7	728,131		(239,460)		_		2,488,671	
Net capital assets	\$ 3,2	258,972	\$	479,962	\$	-	\$	3,738,934	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

Water	Balance April 30, 2019	Additions	Disposals	Balance April 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Land	\$ 186,609	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,609
Construction in Progress		72,000		72,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	186,609	72,000	-	258,609
Capital assets being depreciated				•
Buildings	571,853	-	-	571,853
Machinery and equipment	51,657	-	-	51,657
Vehicles	291,354	-	-	291,354
Property and improvements	4,969,921	-	_	4,969,921
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,884,785		_	5,884,785
Total capital assets at historical costs	6,071,394	72,000		6,143,394
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(209,729)	(11,535)	_	(221,264)
Machinery and equipment	(37,140)	(5,612)	_	(42,752)
Vehicles	(243,471)	(8,173)	_	(251,644)
Property and improvements	(1,336,763)	(127,333)	_	(1,464,096)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,827,103)	(152,653)	_	(1,979,756)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,057,682	(152,653)	_	3,905,029
Net capital assets	\$ 4,244,291	\$ (80,653)	\$ -	\$ 4,163,638
Conver				
Sewer	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
	Balance April 30, 2019	Additions	Disposals	Balance April 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:	April 30, 2019		-	April 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137	\$ -	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137	\$ -	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	\$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	\$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 - - - -	\$ -	\$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989	\$ - 3,808,956	\$ -	\$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 - - - - - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 - - - - - 3,808,956	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960) (62,783)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 3,808,956 3,808,956 (2,460) (14,157)	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420) (76,940)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960) (62,783) (204,166)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 - - - - - 3,808,956 (2,460) (14,157) (4,967)	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420) (76,940) (209,133)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960) (62,783) (204,166) (1,073,600)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 3,808,956 (2,460) (14,157) (4,967) (106,597)	\$ - - - - - - - - -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420) (76,940) (209,133) (1,180,197)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960) (62,783) (204,166) (1,073,600) (1,386,509)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 3,808,956 (2,460) (14,157) (4,967) (106,597) (128,181)	\$ -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420) (76,940) (209,133) (1,180,197) (1,514,690)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets at historical costs Less accumulated depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Property and improvements	April 30, 2019 \$ 32,137 2,526,479 2,558,616 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 7,669,525 (45,960) (62,783) (204,166) (1,073,600)	\$ - 3,808,956 3,808,956 3,808,956 (2,460) (14,157) (4,967) (106,597)	\$ - - - - - - - - -	April 30, 2020 \$ 32,137 6,335,435 6,367,572 64,489 158,796 199,635 4,687,989 5,110,909 11,478,481 (48,420) (76,940) (209,133) (1,180,197)

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

<u>Sanitation</u>									
	Balance April 30, 2019		Additions		Disposals		Balance April 30, 2020		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Construction in Progress				-		-			
Total capital assets not being depreciated		_		-		-		-	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		-		-		-		-	
Machinery and vehicles		-		-		-		-	
Furniture and equipment		1,433		-		-		1,433	
Property and improvements				-		-		-	
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,433		-		-		1,433	
Total capital assets at historical costs		1,433		-		-		1,433	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings		-		-		-		-	
Machinery and vehicles		-		-		-		-	
Furniture and equipment		(1,433)		-		-		(1,433)	
Property and improvements		-		-		-		-	
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,433)		-		-		(1,433)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		-		-		-		-	
Net capital assets	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 20,327
Public safety	26,767
Streets	309,443
Park	
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 356,537
	_
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 152,653
Sewer	128,181
Sanitation	
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 280,834

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

D. Long-Term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt arising from modified cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from government activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

As of April 30, 2020, there is no long-term debt arising from modified cash transactions, payable from governmental fund resources.

Business-Type Activities

As of April 30, 2020, the long-term debt, arising from modified cash transactions, payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Bonds Payable:

Series 2008: The City issued \$1,240,000 water pollution control revenue bonds in October 2008 for the purpose of extending and improving the City's combined waterworks and sewerage system. The 2008 bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.750%, with semi-annual payments on January 1 and July 1 through January 1, 2029. The Series 2008 bonds were paid in full in 2019. See tables on the following pages.

Series 2016: The City issued \$1,351,800 new revenue bonds in June 2016 to provide funds for construction. The 2016 bonds have an interest rate of 2.840%, with semi-annual payments on July 1 and January 1 through 2036. See tables on the following pages.

Series 2018: The City issued \$6,408,000 new revenue bonds in June 2018 to provide funds for construction. The 2018 bonds have an interest rate of 1.32%, with semi-annual payments on July 1 and January 1 through 2039. The City received \$3,632,230 of the proceeds in fiscal year 2020. See tables on the following pages.

Total proprietary fund bonds payable at April 30, 2020, is \$6,571,070.

Refundable deposits reported as a liability within the Statement of Net Position are composed of the following:

Utility Deposits - Refundable \$ 145,061

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2020:

Original Issue	Balance Tay 1, 2019	1	Additions	Dec	ductions	Balance oril 30, 2020	Du	Amount le Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:								
Revenue Series 2016	\$ 1,138,000	\$		\$	56,600	\$ 1,081,400	\$	58,400
Revenue Series 2018	1,857,440		3,632,230		-	5,489,670		275,000
Refundable deposits	131,907		41,780		28,626	145,061		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,127,347	\$	3,674,010	\$	85,226	\$ 6,716,131	\$	333,400

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt, except for refundable deposits, as of April 30, 2020, are as follows:

2016 Revenue Bonds Issued for Construction

Year Ending					
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 58,400	\$ 30,300	\$ 88,700		
2022	60,000	28,630	88,630		
2023	61,700	26,915	88,615		
2024	63,500	25,150	88,650		
2025	65,300	23,333	88,633		
2026-2030	355,600	87,564	443,164		
2031-2035	409,400	33,721	443,121		
2036	7,500	106	7,606		
Total	\$ 1,081,400	\$ 255,719	\$ 1,337,119		

2018 Revenue Bonds Issued for Construction (assuming all funds are used for construction)

Year Ending			
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 275,000	\$ 83,681	\$ 358,681
2022	281,000	80,032	361,032
2023	286,000	76,309	362,309
2024	291,000	72,514	363,514
2025	297,000	68,653	365,653
2026-2030	1,568,000	282,757	1,850,757
2031-2035	1,720,000	174,848	1,894,848
2036-2040	1,690,000	56,449	1,746,449
Total	\$ 6,408,000	\$ 895,243	\$ 7,303,243

III. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS (continued)

E. Pledged Revenues

The water and sewer funds pledged future water and sewer fund revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay water and sewer fund revenue bonds that were issued for the purpose of water and sewer improvements. The bonds are payable solely from the water and sewer fund net revenues and are payable through 2040. Annual principal and interest payments in 2020 on the bonds required 9% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$8,640,362. Principal and interest paid on the bonds for the current year was \$121,182. Total water and sewer fund net revenues for the current year were \$1,346,212.

F. Interfund Transfers

There were no interfund transfers during fiscal year 2020.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Employee Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, section RSMo. 70.600 - 70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt.

The Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Funding Status

Full-time employees of the City contribute 4% of their qualifying wage to the pension plan. The April 30 statutorily required contribution rates are 3.9% (General) and 5.9% (Police) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the political subdivision. The contribution provisions of the political subdivision are established by state statute.

The City contributed \$32,723 to LAGERS (Employer Contribution) in fiscal year 2020.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

C. Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The City's *ad valorem* property tax is levied in August by the City's Board of Alderpersons on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City of Ashland, Missouri. The taxes are due and payable no later than December 31 and become delinquent January 1 of the following year. The Boone County Collector collects the property taxes and remits them to the City.

The assessed valuation of the tangible property in the City for the calendar year 2019 for purposes of local taxation was \$70,636,563. The tax levy per \$100 of the assessed valuation of tangible property for the calendar year 2019 for purposes of local taxation was \$.2480 for the General Fund.

Property tax collections consist of current taxes, delinquent taxes, and interest and penalties on delinquent taxes. The receipts of current and delinquent property taxes during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, aggregated approximately 100% of the current assessment computed on the basis of the levy.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. Litigation

At April 30, 2020, the City is a party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies that may result from this proceeding. While the outcome of the above noted contingencies cannot be predicted due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

E. Fund Balance

Classifications of fund balances at April 30, 2020 are as follows:

	C	General Fund	Street Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Capital Project Fund	Total
Fund Balances:						_
Nonspendable						
Restricted	\$	8,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,505
Committed		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for other purposes		11,167	-	-	-	11,167
Assigned for capital projects purposes		-	-	-	444,906	444,906
Assigned for special revenue purposes		-	543,888	193,997	-	737,885
Assigned for debt service purposes		-	-	895	-	895
Unassigned		1,147,160	 		-	1,147,160
	\$	1,166,832	\$ 543,888	\$ 194,892	\$ 444,906	\$ 2,350,518

The City has not adopted a policy that sets forth a minimum fund balance amount.

F. Fines

Fines and penalties revenues as shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis is \$21,558 for the year ended April 30, 2020, which is 2% of general fund revenues.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

G. Ashland Municipal Center, Inc.

The Ashland Municipal Center, Inc. is a non-profit organization that was formed in fiscal year 2020. The Organization's Board of Directors are made up of the City of Ashland Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The purpose of the Organization is to obtain funding (a loan) in order to construct a new city hall and police facility. The Ashland Municipal Center, Inc. did not have any financial activity in fiscal year 2020.

H. Consideration of Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 2, 2020, which is the date the financial statements are available to be issued. No events requiring disclosure were identified as a result of this review.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Varian	ice with
	(Original Final		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	488,814	\$	488,814	\$	488,814	\$	
Resources (Inflows):								
Sales taxes		179,000		188,718		188,718		-
Total		179,000		188,718		188,718		
Amounts available for appropriation		667,814		677,532		677,532		
Charges to appropriations (Outflows)	:							
Structural projects and other		179,000		232,626		232,626		-
Total		179,000		232,626		232,626		
Total Charges to Appropriations		179,000		232,626		232,626		
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	488,814	\$	444,906	\$	444,906	\$	

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Court		Park/		Debt Service			
		Fund	Storr	nwater Tax		Fund		Total
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,555	\$	117,442	\$	895	\$	194,892
Total Assets	\$	76,555	\$	117,442	\$	895	\$	194,892
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES:							
Current liabilities	\$	=	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-		-				-
Fund balances:								
Assigned for debt service		_		-		895		895
Assigned for parks/stormwater		-		117,442		-		117,442
Assigned for court fines		76,555		-		-		76,555
Total Fund Balances		76,555		117,442		895		194,892
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	76,555	\$	117,442	\$	895	\$	194,892

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		Special Re	Funds				
	Court		Park/		Debt Service		
		Fund	Stormwater Tax		Fund		 Total
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeits	\$	21,578	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 21,578
Sales taxes		-		187,231		-	187,231
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	-
Total Revenues		21,578		187,231		-	208,809
EXPENDITURES							
General government		-		134,232		-	134,232
Public safety		12,000		-		-	12,000
Total Expenditures		12,000		134,232		-	146,232
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over							
Expenditures		9,578		52,999		-	 62,577
Fund Balances, beginning		66,977		64,443		895	132,315
Fund Balances, ending	\$	76,555	\$	117,442	\$	895	\$ 194,892

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Court Fund Accounts for revenues received and

expenditures paid for the court system.

Park/Stormwater Tax Fund Accounts for revenues received and

expenditures paid for park and stormwater

improvements.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund Accounts for the accumulation of resources for,

and the payment of, general long-term debt

principal and interest.

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGETED NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COURT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
	Original			Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	66,977	\$	66,977	\$	66,977	\$		
Resources (Inflows):									
Fines and forfeits		24,600		23,798		21,578		(2,220)	
Total		24,600		23,798		21,578		(2,220)	
Amounts available for appropriation		91,577		90,775		88,555		(2,220)	
Charges to appropriations (Outflows): Police Department:									
Other services and charges		12,000		12,000		12,000		-	
Total Police Department		12,000		12,000		12,000			
Total Charges to Appropriations		12,000		12,000		12,000			
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	79,577	\$	78,775	\$	76,555	\$	(2,220)	

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGETED NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS PARK/STORMWATER TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final		A	mounts	Final Budget		
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	64,443	\$	64,443	\$	64,443	\$		
Resources (Inflows):									
Sales taxes		175,000		187,231		187,231		-	
Miscellaneous		300		300		-		(300)	
Totals		175,300		187,531		187,231		(300)	
Amounts available for appropriation		239,743		251,974		251,674		(300)	
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):									
General Government:									
Personnel		60,850		48,046		48,626		(580)	
Other services and charges		61,000		80,326		71,080		9,246	
Capital outlay		43,000		15,835		14,526		1,309	
Total General Government		164,850		144,207		134,232		9,975	
Total Charges to Appropriations		164,850		144,207		134,232		9,975	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	74,893	\$	107,767	\$	117,442	\$	9,675	

CITY OF ASHLAND, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGETED NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amoun	its	A	ctual	Variance with	
	Or	iginal	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	895	\$	895	\$	895	\$	
Resources (Inflows):								
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Investment income								
Totals		-		_		-	_	
Amounts available for appropriation		895		895		895		-
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):								
Debt Service:								
Principal payments		-		-		-		-
Interest and fees		-		-		-		-
Total Debt Service		_		_				_
Total Charges to Appropriations						-		
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	895	\$	895	\$	895	\$	

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



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PARTNERS

PARTNER EMERITUS

Robert A. Gerding

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Ashland, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Missouri (the "City"), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 2, 2020. As described in our report on the financial statements the City prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

July 2, 2020

Gerding, Korte & Chitwood, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Gerding, Kirto + Clutweed, P.C.

Boonville, Missouri