

Disinfecting and Sanitizing with Bleach Guidelines for Mixing Bleach Solutions for Child Care and Similar Environments

	Disinfecting Solutions For use on diaper change tables, hand washing sinks, bathrooms (including toilet bowls, toilet seats, training rings, soap dispensers, potty chairs), door and cabinet handles, etc.				Steps to
Preparation Tips					Follow
 Prepare a fresh bleach solution each day in a well- ventilated area that is separate from children. Label bottles of bleach solution with contents, ratio and date mixed. Use cool water. Always add bleach to cool water, NOT water to bleach. Wear gloves and eye protection. Prepare solution in an area with an eye wash. 	Water	Bleach Strength*	Bleach Strength*	Bleach Strength*	• Clean the
		2.75%	5.25-6.25%	8.25%	surface with soap and
	1 Gallon	1/3 Cup, plus 1 Tablespoon	3 Tablespoons	2 Tablespoons	 soap and water before disinfecting or sanitizing. Rinse with
	1 Quart	1½ Tablespoons	2¼ Teaspoons	1½ Teaspoons	
	Sanitizing Solutions For use on eating utensils, food use contact surfaces, mixed use tables, high chair trays, crib frames and mattresses, toys, pacifiers, floors, sleep mats, etc.				clean water and dry with paper towel.
	1 Gallon	1 Tablespoon	2 Teaspoons	1 Teaspoon	• Apply chlorine bleach and water solution to the entire
	1 Quart	1 Teaspoon	½ Teaspoon	¹ / ₄ Teaspoon	
	Disinfection of non-porous non-food contact surfaces can be achieved with 600 parts per million (ppm) of chlorine bleach. To make measuring easier, the strengths listed in this table represent approximately 600-800 ppm of bleach for disinfecting, and approximately 100 ppm for sanitizing. Chlorine test strips with a measuring range of 0–800 ppm or higher can also be used to determine the strength of the solution. Contact your local health jurisdiction for further instructions on cleaning and disinfecting if specific disease or organisms are identified as causing illness in your program.				 area to be disinfected or sanitized. Air dry for at least 2 minutes.
	*Use only plain unscented bleach that lists the percent (%) strength on the manufacturer's label. Read the label on the bleach bottle to determine the bleach strength. For example, Sodium Hypochlorite6.25% or 8.25%.				

This chart was created by the Disinfection Workgroup led by the Washington State Department of Health. Workgroup members consist of staff from the Department of Early Learning, Snohomish Health District, Local Hazardous Waste Management Program in King County, Washington State Department of Ecology, the Coalition for Safety and Health in Early Learning, and the Washington State Department of Health. Date: September 22, 2014