







Butler County Partnership to Reduce Infant Mortality (PRIM) Ohio Equity Institute Infant Mortality Quarterly Update Quarter 3 (April-June 2018)

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Contact Information

Do you want to get involved with Butler County's Partnership to Reduce Infant Mortality?

Do you have questions about the OEI Quarterly Report?

We would love for you to join in our work! Get in touch with by phone or visit our website!

Butler County General Health District 301 South Third Street Hamilton, OH 45011

> Phone 513.887.5251

Website

http://www.butlerfcfc.org/page/butler-county-partnership-to-reduce-infant-mortality



Introduction

The Ohio Equity Institute (OEI) began in 2013 and is a partnership between the Ohio Department of Health (ODH) and nine Ohio counties including Butler County. The nine counties in Ohio were selected because they account for a large part of all infant deaths in the State. This partnership exists to improve birth outcomes and reduce the racial disparities in infant deaths. The initiative is designed to strengthen the scientific focus and evidence base for realizing equity in birth outcomes in nine of Ohio's major metropolitan areas.

This report provides background information on birth outcomes and infant mortality in Butler County, current infant mortality interventions in Butler County, and current data trends in infant mortality in the county.

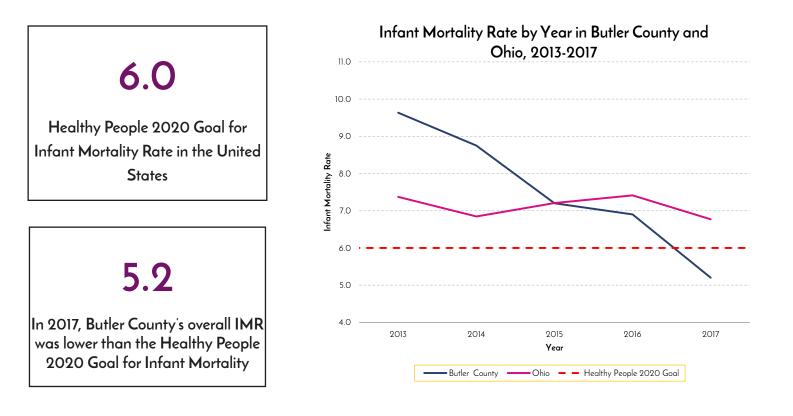
The local infant mortality coalition in Butler County is the Butler County Partnership to Reduce Infant Mortality (PRIM). PRIM was formed in 2014 and is coordinated by the PRIM Lead Team. The Butler County PRIM Lead Team initially chose to focus on CenteringPregnancy[™] as an upstream intervention, and smoking cessation as a downstream intervention. Currently, PRIM's intervention projects include the previously discussed interventions as well as a breastfeeding support initiative, a safe sleep initiative, community engagement, and a partnership with the United Way to develop a 2-1-1 Babylink line for pregnancy and infant care needs. These interventions were chosen based on input from the community, data analysis of Butler County's most pressing needs, the community capacity, and a review of infant mortality literature.

Birth and death data notes: These data were provided by the Ohio Department of Health. ODH specifically disclaims responsibility for any analyses, interpretations, or conclusions. All analyses, interpretations, and conclusions were developed by the OEI PRIM Epidemiologist at the Butler County General Health District. The Ohio Department of Health disclaims responsibility for any findings within this report.



Infant Mortality Trends

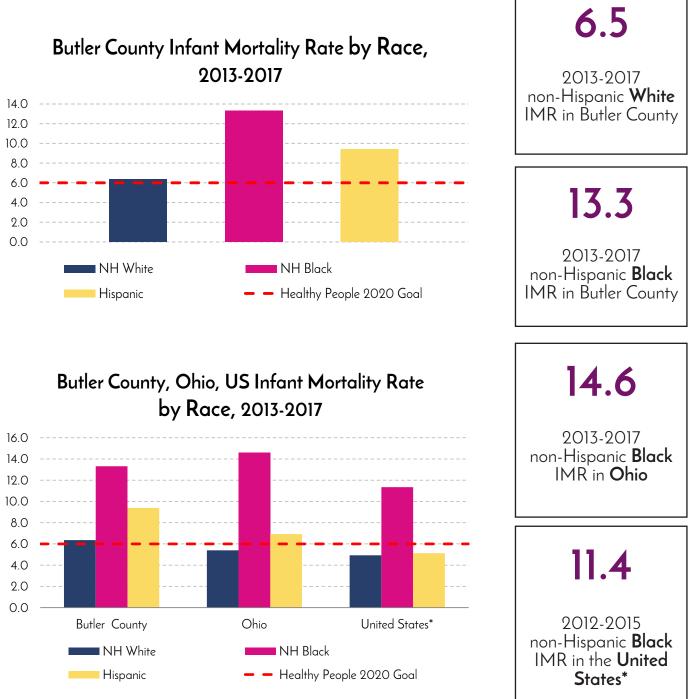
The Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is widely accepted as one of the most sensitive indicators of the health of a community. An infant death is the death of a baby before his or her first birthday. The Infant Mortality Rate is calculated as the number of infant deaths that occur for every 1,000 live births per year¹⁻².



Overall, Butler County's IMR has been decreasing since 2012. In 2017, the IMR was lower than the Healthy People 2020 goal of 6.0 deaths per 1000 live births. The figure above shows the yearly Infant Mortality Rate in Butler County and Ohio from 2013-2017 and the Healthy People 2020 Goal.

Source: 2016-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.

Although infant mortality has decreased as a whole in Butler County, there still remains a significant difference in birth outcomes by race and ethnicity. Despite efforts to improve health, the non-Hispanic black IMR is still approximately two times higher than the non-Hispanic white IMR.



State and Nationwide data show very similar trends in Infant Mortality. In the United States, Non-Hispanic Whites and Hispanics are below the Healthy People 2020 goal of 6.0 infant deaths per 1000 live births. However, in Ohio and Butler County the infant mortality rate for Non-Hispanic Black and Hispanic babies is higher than the Healthy People 2020 Goal.

Source: 2015-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse * United States data is only available for years 2015 and previous Data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.

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2018 Quarterly Infant Mortality Data

Quarterly infant mortality data for this report reflects the OEI grant year (October 1st 2017-September 30th 2018), not a calendar year.

| | | 2017 | | | 2018 | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Infant Deaths | Live Births | IMR | Infant Deaths | Live Births | IMR |
| | January | 2 | 352 | 5.0 per 1000 | 6 | 370 | 8.32 per 1000 |
| Quarter 2 | February | 2 | 291 | live births | 2 | 330 | live births |
| | March | 1 | 357 | | 1 | 382 | |
| | April | 4 | 365 | 4.52 per 1000 | 0 | 323 | 3.70 per 1000 |
| Quarter 3 | May | 0 | 349 | live births | 2 | 387 | live births |
| | June | 1 | 393 | | 2 | 372 | |
| | July | 2 | 409 | 6.46 per 1000 | | | |
| Quarter 4 | August | 3 | 399 | live births | | | |
| | September | 3 | 431 | | | | |
| | October | 2 | 391 | 4.48 per 1000 | | | |
| Quarter 1 | November | 1 | 369 | live births | | | |
| | December | 2 | 355 | | | | |



3.70 IMR for Quarter 3 (April-June 2018) of 2018

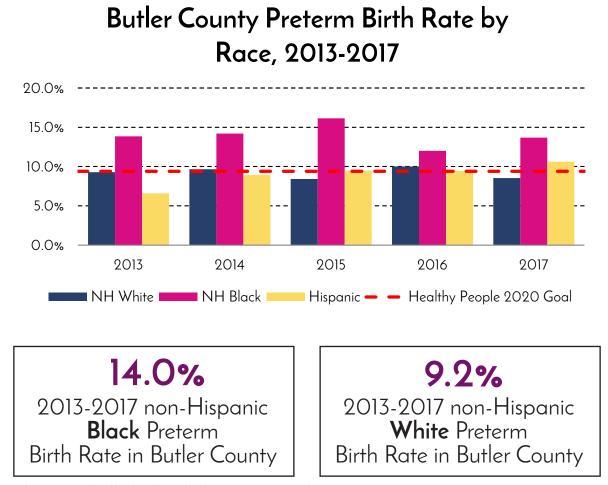
Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Preterm Birth

Preterm birth is defined as the birth of an infant before 37 completed gestational weeks. Preterm Birth is one of the greatest contributors to infant death and disability. The last few weeks of pregnancy are when the baby goes through some of the most important growth³⁻⁴. The figure below shows the preterm birth rate in Butler County by race from 2013-2017. Preterm Birth rates have remained relatively steady overall from 2013-2017 in Butler County. There is a disparity in Black preterm birth rates, which are consistently higher than other races, and from 2013-2017 showed an upward trend. In 2017, the preterm birth rate for non-Hispanic white babies in Butler County (8.5%) was lower than the healthy people 2020 goal (9.4%). The preterm birth rate for non-Hispanic Black babies (13.7%) and Hispanic habies (10.6%) in Butler County were both higher than the Healthy People 2020 Goal (9.4%).

Hispanic babies (10.6%) in Butler County were both higher than the Healthy People 2020 Goal (9.4%)

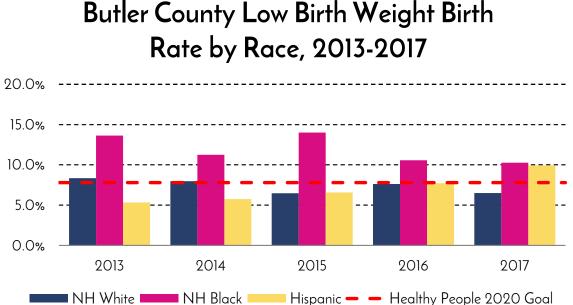


Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight is defined an infant weighing less than 2,500 grams (approximately 5.5 pounds) at birth. Low birth weight is a risk factor for infant mortality and morbidity⁵. The figure below shows the low birth weight birth rate in Butler County by race from 2013 to 2017. In 2017, the low birth weight birth rate for non-Hispanic white babies in Butler County (6.5%) was lower than the Healthy People 2020 Goal (7.8%). The low birth weight birth rate for non-Hispanic black (10.3%) and Hispanic (9.9%) babies in Butler County were both higher than the Healthy People 2020 Goal (7.8%)



Butler County Low Birth Weight Birth



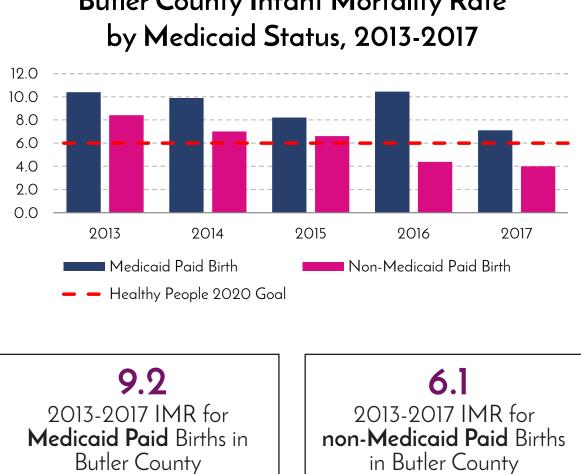
7.4% 2013-2017 non-Hispanic White Low Birth Weight Birth Rate in Butler County

Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Infant Mortality Rate by Medicaid Status

Income status is one of the most important indicators of infant vitality in Butler County and in the United States. Since income status is not directly measured by birth or death certificate data, income data must be imputed from other indicators. One way to measure income is by looking at Medicaid status. Medicaid status in this report is defined as Medicaid being the primary source of payment for a birth in Butler County. Medicaid enrollment is income-dependent and only provided to those below the federal poverty level.



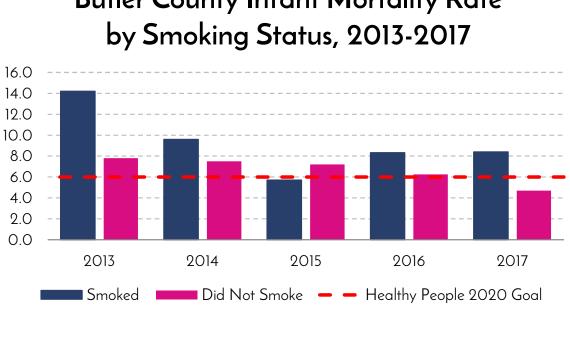
Butler County Infant Mortality Rate

Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Infant Moratlity Rate by Smoking Status

In 2017, infants with mothers who smoked had a much higher rate of infant mortality (8.4 per 1000) than non-smoking mothers (4.7 per 1000) in Butler County. Smoking during pregnancy is defined as smoking 1 or more cigarettes during any of the three trimesters of pregnancy.



Butler County Infant Mortality Rate



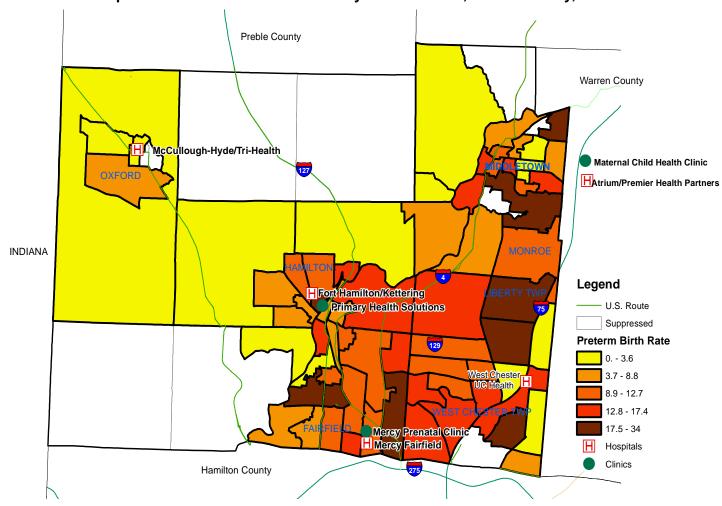
6.7 2013-2017 IMR for mothers who did not smoke in Butler County

Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Place Matters

As is the case around the United States and around the world, Butler County has disparate health outcomes in different parts of the county. The following maps show the non-Hispanic black preterm birth rate and low birth weight birth rate by census tract for Butler County. The maps also include the location of hospitals and maternal and child health clinics. These maps were used to identify hot spot locations for low birth weight and prematurity.

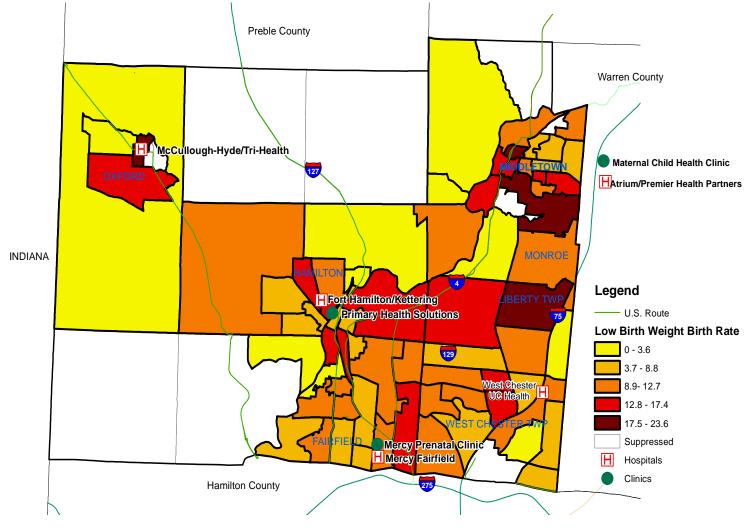


Non-Hispanic Black Preterm Birth Rate by Census Tract, Butler County, 2007-2017

Areas where data are suppressed are due to small number of total births and preterm births to non-Hispanic Black residents Source: Ohio Department of Health (ODH), Ohio Public Information Warehouse, 2007-2017 Birth Data Set



Non-Hispanic Black Low Birth Weight Birth Rate by Census Tract, Butler County, 2007-2017



Areas where data are suppressed are due to small number of total births and preterm births to non-Hispanic Black residents Source: Ohio Department of Health (ODH), Ohio Public Information Warehouse, 2007-2017 Birth Data Set



Other Risk Factors for Poor Birth Outcomes

Previous data analyses have shown Marital Status, Smoking, and Obesity as important infant health risk factors in Butler County. The table below compares percentage of poor birth outcomes between these and other risk factors. A poor birth outcome is defined as a preterm birth (before 37 completed weeks of gestation), a low birth weight birth (weighing less than 2500 grams) or a small for gestational age birth (birth weight below the 10th percentile for babies of the same gestational age).

| | % of Butler County Births with Poor Birth Outcomes 2013-2017 |
|---|--|
| Race | |
| Black | 26.8% |
| White | 16.8% |
| Medicaid Status | |
| Medicaid | 21.8% |
| Non-Medicaid | 15.9% |
| Weight Status | |
| Obese (BMI ≥ 30) | 17.2% |
| Normal Weight | 18.1% |
| Smoking Status | |
| Smokers | 27.9% |
| Non-Smokers | 16.5% |
| Marriage Status | |
| Unmarried | 21.6% |
| Married | 15.7% |
| Prenatal Care | |
| Early (During 1 st Trimester) | 16.3% |
| Late (2 nd or 3 rd Trimester) | 19.5% |
| None | 44.0% |
| Birth Spacing* | |
| Short (<18 months) | 15.8% |
| Optimal (>19 and <60 months) | 14.4% |
| Long (>60 months) | 18.7% |

Birth spacing is defined as the # months between last live birth and conception of next pregnancy

Source: 2013-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse Data for 2017 is provisional; ODH finalizes data by fall of the subsequent year.



Butler County Partnership to Reduce Infant Mortality Interventions

CenteringPregnancy

Two sites -Atrium Medical Center and Primary Health Solutions

Smoking Cessation

Envision Partnerships: Moms Quit for Two

Breastfeeding Support

Butler County Breastfeeding Coalition and Butler County WIC

•Safe Sleep

Cribs for Kids (Free Cribettes in partnership with 7 distribution sites)

Community Engagement

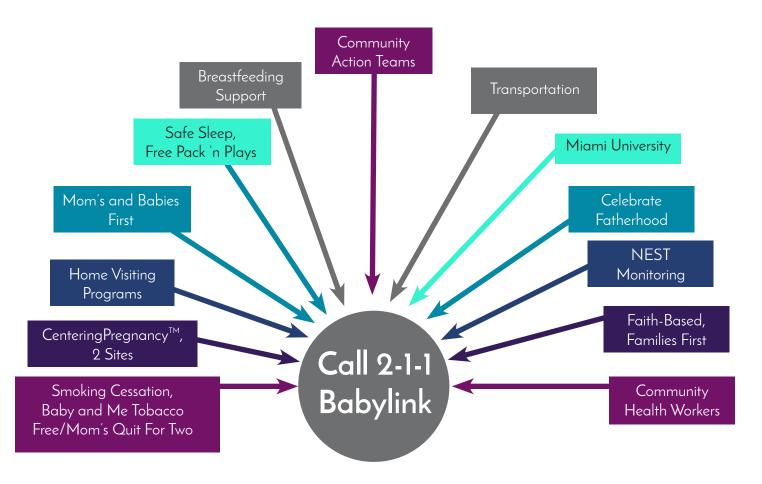
Transition from a grassroots-focused team to implementation-focused team

• 2-1-1 Babylink (A United Way Collaboration)

24-7 hotline for referrals and resources related to pregnancy and infants



Butler County PRIM: Current Programs in Butler County



Helping Butler County Babies Reach Their First Birthdays... And Beyond!



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Data Tables

| Table 1. Butler County Infant Mortality Rate by Race, 2012–2017 | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | Infant Deaths | Total Births | Infant Mortality Rate | |
| | 2012 | 30 | 3,653 | 8.2 | |
| | 2013 | 34 | 3,464 | 9.8 | |
| | 2014 | 30 | 3,474 | 8.6 | |
| non-Hispanic White | 2015 | 20 | 3,562 | 5.6 | |
| | 2016 | 15 | 3,355 | 4.5 | |
| | 2017 | 11 | 3,295 | 3.3 | |
| | 2012 | 7 | 433 | 16.2 | |
| | 2013 | 5 | 491 | 10.2 | |
| non-Hispanic Black | 2014 | 3 | 444 | 6.8 | |
| поп-т пърапіс віаск | 2015 | 10 | 471 | 21.2 | |
| | 2016 | 8 | 492 | 16.3 | |
| | 2017 | 6 | 497 | 12.1 | |
| | 2012 | 1 | 357 | 2.8 | |
| | 2013 | 2 | 318 | 6.3 | |
| Hispanic | 2014 | 4 | 347 | 11.5 | |
| rispanie | 2015 | 3 | 380 | 7.9 | |
| | 2016 | 5 | 414 | 12.1 | |
| | 2017 | 4 | 433 | 9.2 | |
| | 2012 | 39 | 4,640 | 8.4 | |
| | 2013 | 43 | 4,463 | 9.6 | |
| Butler County (Total) | 2014 | 39 | 4,457 | 8.8 | |
| | 2015 | 33 | 4,604 | 7.2 | |
| | 2016 | 31 | 4,475 | 6.9 | |
| | 2017 | 23 | 4,461 | 5.2 | |

Source: 2012-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse

| | non-Hispanic Black IMR | non-Hispanic White IMR | Infant Mortality Ratio | | | |
|------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2012 | 16.2 | 8.2 | 2.0 | | | |
| 2013 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 1.0 | | | |
| 2014 | 6.8 | 8.6 | 0.8 | | | |
| 2015 | 21.2 | 5.6 | 3.8 | | | |
| 2016 | 16.3 | 4.5 | 3.6 | | | |
| 2017 | 12.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 | | | |

Table 2. Butler County Infant Mortality Ratio

Table 3. Butler County Preterm Birth Rate by Race, 2012-2017

| | | Preterm Births | Total Births | Preterm Birth Rate |
|-----------------------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| and the second Wiley | 2012 | 361 | 3,653 | 9.9% |
| | 2013 | 322 | 3,464 | 9.3% |
| | 2014 | 336 | 3,474 | 9.7% |
| non-Hispanic White | 2015 | 300 | 3,562 | 8.4% |
| | 2016 | 336 | 3,355 | 10.0% |
| | 2017 | 281 | 3,295 | 8.5% |
| | 2012 | 53 | 433 | 12.2% |
| | 2013 | 68 | 491 | 13.8% |
| non-Hispanic Black | 2014 | 63 | 444 | 14.2% |
| non-i lispanic black | 2015 | 75 | 471 | 15.9% |
| | 2016 | 59 | 492 | 12.0% |
| | 2017 | 68 | 497 | 13.7% |
| | 2012 | 30 | 357 | 8.4% |
| | 2013 | 21 | 318 | 6.6% |
| Hispanic | 2014 | 31 | 347 | 8.9% |
| r iispanie | 2015 | 36 | 380 | 9.5% |
| | 2016 | 39 | 414 | 9.4% |
| | 2017 | 46 | 433 | 10.6% |
| | 2012 | 465 | 4,640 | 10.0% |
| | 2013 | 424 | 4,463 | 9.5% |
| Butler County (Total) | 2014 | 454 | 4,457 | 10.2% |
| | 2015 | 429 | 4,604 | 9.3% |
| | 2016 | 451 | 4,475 | 10.1% |
| | 2017 | 422 | 4,461 | 9.5% |

Source: 2011-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse

| | • | LBW Births | Total Births | LBW Birth Rate |
|-----------------------|------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| non-Hispanic White | 2012 | 278 | 3,653 | 7.6% |
| | 2013 | 289 | 3,464 | 8.3% |
| | 2014 | 276 | 3,474 | 7.9% |
| | 2015 | 231 | 3,562 | 6.5% |
| | 2016 | 256 | 3,355 | 7.6% |
| | 2017 | 214 | 3,295 | 6.5% |
| | 2012 | 48 | 433 | 11.1% |
| | 2013 | 67 | 491 | 13.6% |
| non-Hispanic Black | 2014 | 50 | 444 | 11.3% |
| | 2015 | 65 | 471 | 13.8% |
| | 2016 | 52 | 492 | 10.6% |
| | 2017 | 51 | 497 | 10.3% |
| | 2012 | 20 | 357 | 5.6% |
| | 2013 | 17 | 318 | 5.3% |
| Hispanic | 2014 | 20 | 347 | 5.8% |
| rispanie | 2015 | 25 | 380 | 6.6% |
| | 2016 | 32 | 414 | 7.7% |
| | 2017 | 43 | 433 | 9.9% |
| | 2012 | 372 | 4,640 | 8.0% |
| Butler County (Total) | 2013 | 387 | 4,463 | 8.7% |
| | 2014 | 364 | 4,457 | 8.2% |
| | 2015 | 340 | 4,604 | 7.4% |
| | 2016 | 355 | 4,475 | 7.9% |
| | 2017 | 337 | 4,461 | 7.6% |

Table 4. Butler County Low Birthweight Birth Rate by Race, 2012-2017

Source: 2012-2017 Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Public Health Information Secure Data Warehouse



PRIM is a Community Initiative of the Butler County General Health District 301 South Third Street Hamilton, OH 45011



Butler County General Health District





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