Cross Lake Channel Rock Assessment Lake Okeechobee Waterway Route 1

Martin and Palm Beach Counties Florida



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Final Report

Prepared for

Florida Inland Navigation District

Work Order No. 20-11

by

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1.0 BACKGROUND

On November 16, 2019, the Florida Inland Navigation District (FIND) approved Taylor Engineering Work Order Number 19-08 for the Lake Okeechobee Channel Maintenance Dredging Analysis in Martin and Palm Beach Counties, Florida. During the initial stages of the maintenance dredging analysis, Taylor Engineering completed physical and chemical sediment data collection for representative areas along the Okeechobee Waterway (OWW) Cross Lake (Route 1) channel. Taylor Engineering provided FIND a summary report on the Lake Okeechobee Cross Lake Channel Geotechnical Investigation in July 2020. The initial geotechnical exploration recovered silts and fine sands from areas closest to Port Mayaca Lock on the east and from Clewiston Cut on the southwest side of the lake (**Figure 1.1**). The investigation recovered mostly limestone gravel with varying amounts of shell, sand, and silt from samples collected in the open waters of the lake. The presence of limestone in conjunction with anecdotal evidence suggested the potential for a significant amount of rock outcroppings or shallow rock in the vicinity of the channel.

This report summarizes additional channel-bottom sediment evaluations completed in January and February 2021 to classify and map substrate types across the Route 1 Channel. This investigation collected side scan sonar images of the entire Route 1 Channel and additional borings to provide further input about location, density, and thickness of surficial geology of the channel-bottom. Additionally, under this scope of services, Taylor Engineering completed a comprehensive survey of all existing Aids to Navigation (ATON) present in Route 1 and initiated coordination with the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) on required maintenance of existing ATONs and needs for new ATONs to properly mark the Route 1 Channel.

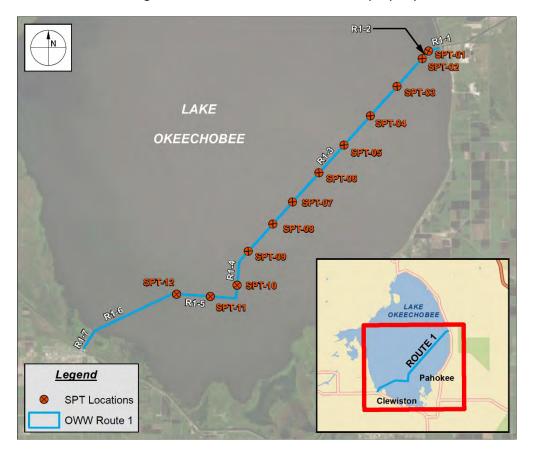


Figure 1.1 Lake Okeechobee Route 1 Alignment, Cuts, and SPT Boring Locations

2.0 SIDE SCAN SONAR AND SURVEY DATA COLLECTION

Taylor Engineering subcontracted with Terraquatic Survey and Mapping (Terraquatic) to complete a side scan sonar and ATON survey of the OWW Route 1. Terraquatic completed all survey activities in January 2021. The surveyor collected side scan data along two transect lines—one transect along the channel center line from each direction (east and west) across the channel—to provide a complete side scan image of the Route 1 Channel. The surveyor utilized an EdgeTech Model 4125 with dual frequency (600 & 1600kHz) capability to record the side scan images. The surveyor recorded both frequencies for postprocessing. The intent of the survey was to classify the bottom type throughout the channel, primarily to identify sediment versus hard bottom, as well as other obstructions or navigational hazards. Additionally, the surveyor located all existing navigation markers and signs along Route 1 using a Real-Time Kinematic Laser Scanning System (RTK LSS) positioning. The surveyor obtained digital photos of each marker and noted marker type, material, and condition during their survey. **Appendix A** provides all side scan mosaics where brighter colors (stronger signals) indicate harder, rocky surfaces while darker colors (weaker signals) indicate softer, loose sediment surfaces.

3.0 GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Taylor Engineering subcontracted with Amdrill, Inc. to collect additional geotechnical data at predetermined locations across the OWW Route 1 Channel. Taylor Engineering selected Standard Penetration Test (SPT) drilling locations based on review of the side scan sonar data and classification of channel bottom types. The intent of the additional drilling was to characterize rock and sediment thickness and density for future channel maintenance consideration.

3.1 Sampling

Amdrill completed the SPT borings from a barge-mounted drill rig. **Table 3.1** provides a summary of the boring locations, elevations, and penetration. SPT soil sampling is a test procedure that drops a 140-pound hammer 30 inches to drive a 2-inch split-spoon sampler 18 inches. The blow count for each 6-inch interval is recorded separately. The number of blows (N) is determined from the final 12 inches of penetration. Sediment conditions are correlated to the recorded N value. Higher N values indicate denser sediment or poorly consolidated rock, and lower values represent loose/soft sediments.

At each six-inch interval, the drilling team recovered the split spoon sampler and preserved recovered materials. The team then returned the sampler and advanced it six more inches, recovering the sample for that interval. The team repeated this process until the boring penetrated a minimum of four feet below the mudline. Taylor Engineering composited the six-inch samples in two-foot intervals for lab analysis.

Table 3.1 SPT Boring Locations, Elevations, and Penetrations

Boring	Latitude	Longitude	Top of Boring Elevation (feet Lake Okeechobee Datum)	Penetration (feet below mudline)
SPT-01	26.9815	-80.6311	-8.4	4.0
SPT-02	26.9762	-80.6363	-10.0	6.0
SPT-03	26.9555	-80.6572	-11.1	6.0
SPT-04	26.9337	-80.6793	-11.6	6.0
SPT-05	26.9120	-80.7015	-12.0	6.0
SPT-06	26.8913	-80.7223	-12.1	6.0
SPT-07	26.8696	-80.7443	-11.2	4.0
SPT-08	26.8532	-80.7609	-11.8	6.0
SPT-09	26.8329	-80.7814	-9.9	6.0
SPT-10	26.8076	-80.7905	-9.8	6.0
SPT-11	26.7994	-80.8127	-9.5	4.0
SPT-12	26.8011	-80.8411	-8.0	4.0

3.2 Drilling Observations

Taylor Engineering provided a Florida registered Professional Geologist onboard the drilling barge during drilling operations. The geologist oversaw and coordinated drilling operations, ensured correct drilling locations, and ensured that drilling methods met the objective of assessing densities and thicknesses of various observed channel bottom types. The geologist maintained detailed field notes about location, blow counts, and samples recovered. **Appendix B** provides the drilling field logs where B-1 indicates SPT-01.

3.3 Visual Classification and Photographs of Recovered Samples

Following the SPT split spoon sample collection, Taylor Engineering returned the jarred sediment/substrate samples to its Coastal and Marine Geosciences Laboratory in Jacksonville, Florida, for photographic documentation and visual classification according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Taylor Engineering took photographs of the sediment samples with a high-resolution digital camera, with full lighting on a middle grey background for ideal visualization. **Appendix C** provides a photographic appendix documenting each sampled interval recovered and provided to the lab for classification where B-01 indicates SPT-01. Visual classification of samples ranged from silt (ML) to limestone rock (LS). Boring logs indicate the channel-bottom geology consists of exposed limestone rock, limestone rock overlain by a variably thin layer of silt/sand, and areas of silt/sand without limestone. **Table 3.2** provides a summary and description of the samples collected.

Table 3.2 Summary of Sediment Sample Characteristics

Analyte	Depth Below Top of Boring (feet)	N- Value	USCS Visual Classification	Lab Description			
SPT-01	0 - 2	29	LS	Limestone Rock			
371-01	2 - 4	37	LS	Limestone Rock			
	0 - 2	2	ML	Silt, trace fine sand, trace shell, dark brown			
SPT-02	2 - 4	17	SM	Silty sand, fine to medium grained, little silt, little fine-gravel, trace shell, gray			
	4 - 6	50/5	LS	Limestone Rock			
	0 - 2	0	ML	Silt, dark brown			
	2 - 3	10	ML	Silt, dark brown			
SPT-03	3 - 4	10	SM	Silty sand, fine to coarse sand, some silt, trace shell, dark brown to gray			
	4 - 4.5	50/5	LS	Limestone Rock			
	0 - 1	4	ML	Silt, few fine to medium sand, trace shell, gray/brown			
CDT O4	1 - 2	6	SM	Silty sand, fine to coarse sand, some silt, gray			
SPT-04	2 - 4	6	SM	Silty sand, fine to coarse sand, some silt, gray			
	4 - 6	33	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, trace shell, gray			
	0 - 2	0	ML	Silt, dark brown			
SPT-05	2 - 4	5	ML	Silt, few fine sand, trace gravel, trace shell, gray			
	4 - 6	3	ML	Silt, little fine sand, trace shell, gray			
	0 - 1.5	2	ML	Silt, trace fine to coarse sand, dark brown/gray			
CDT OC	1.5 - 2	2	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace shell, gray			
SPT-06	2 - 4	4	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace shell, gray			
	4 - 6	4	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, few shell, gray			
SPT-07	1 - 2	9	SM	Silty sand, fine to medium grained, little silt, tan/gray			
3P1-07	2 - 4	20	ML	Silt, some fine sand, gray			
	0 - 2	0	ML	Silt, few fine to coarse sand, gray			
SPT-08	2 - 4	3	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, gray			
	4 - 5.5	50/5	LS	Limestone Rock			
	0 - 2	3	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace shell, gray			
SPT-09	2 - 4	7	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, trace shell, gray			
	4 - 6	31	SM	Silty sand, fine to coarse grained, some silt, gray			
	0 - 2	5	SM	Silty sand, fine to medium grained, some silt, tan			
SPT-10	2 - 4	7	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, gray			
	4 - 6	8	SM	Silty sand, fine to medium grained, little silt, tan			
SPT-11	0 - 2	36	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, tan			
OI I-TT	2 - 3.3	50/4	LS	Limestone Rock			
SPT-12	0 - 2	1	ML	Silt, little fine to coarse sand, few gravel, gray			
J1 1 12	2 - 3.5	50/5	LS	Limestone Rock			

4.0 GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION SUMMARY

To obtain a representation of shoal composition throughout the OWW Route 1 Channel, Taylor Engineering reviewed the side scan images, SPT boring data, and survey data. Taylor Engineering interpreted side scan imagery based on the strength of the return signal to evaluate the channel bottom surface geology. Brighter colors (stronger signals) indicate harder, rocky surfaces, while darker colors (weaker signals) indicate softer, loose sediment surfaces. The side scan analysis revealed two main bottom types: exposed rock and unconsolidated sediment. Taylor Engineering then compared the side scan imagery to the boring logs and sediment grab samples to ground truth the side scan channel-bottom interpretation. Boring data indicated the exposed rocky surfaces are composed of limestone, while unconsolidated sediments vary between altering amounts of silt, sand, and shell. **Appendix D** provides a geologic map of the shoals within the Route 1 Channel (above -10-ft Lake Okeechobee Datum) created using the side scan imagery and boring log interpretation where red indicates limestone rock and yellow indicates unconsolidated sediment.

Survey date estimates a total of 9,099 cubic yards (cy) of shoaling above the channel design depth of -8-ft LOD, 68,491 cy of shoaling with 1-foot of overdredge (-9-ft LOD), and 229,888 cy of shoaling with 2-feet of overdredge (-10-ft LOD). Side scan and sediment sample data estimates the OWW Route 1 channel shoals above -8-ft LOD are comprised of 4,222 cy of unconsolidated sediment and 4,876 cy of limestone rock, shoals above -9-ft LOD are comprised of 20,892 cy of unconsolidated sediment and 47,599 cy of limestone rock, and shoals above -10-ft LOD are comprised of 65,097 cy of unconsolidated sediment and 164,791 cy of limestone rock. The distribution of material above the dredge design depth of -8-ft LOD is split evenly between rock and unconsolidated sediment. When including the overdredge depths of -9-ft LOD and -10-ft LOD, the distribution of material is approximately 70% rock and 30% unconsolidated sediment. The increase in the distribution of rock, including the overdredge depths, is likely attributed to areas of the channel that were not previously deepened beyond the 8-ft design depth. **Table 4.1** provides a summary of channel bottom surface conditions for each Cut of Route 1.

Table 4.1 Geologic Composition & Volume Estimates of Route 1 Shoal Material by Dredge Elevation

	Material Above -8-ft LOD (cy)			Material Above -9-ft LOD (cy)			Material Above -10-ft LOD (cy)		
Cut	Unconsolidated Sediment	Limestone Rock	Total	Unconsolidated Sediment	Limestone Rock	Total	Unconsolidated Sediment	Limestone Rock	Total
R1-1	494	-	494	4,257	-	4,257	8,276	-	8,276
R1-2	-	-	0	2,091	422	2,513	7,676	1,285	8,961
R1-3	-	-	0	-	1,222	1,222	582	10,023	10,605
R1-4	-	-	0	-	2,128	2,128	-	14,768	14,768
R1-5	-	445	445	222	17,745	17,967	820	73,068	73,888
R1-6	532	4,392	4,925	6,944	25,946	32,889	30,406	65,388	95,794
R1-7	3,187	38	3,225	7,379	136	7,514	17,338	258	17,596
Total	4,222	4,876	9,099	20,892	47,599	68,491	65,097	164,791	229,888

5.0 AIDS TO NAVIGATION COORDINATION

Taylor Engineering reviewed the ATON photographs and cataloged the type and observed condition of each ATON. This review excludes structural assessment or review of navigation lights. An overlay of ATON locations over NOAA Nautical charts, available bathymetric data, and side scan data provided tools for assessing the navigable channel conditions. Taylor Engineering then summarized the ATON assessment and provided it to FIND via an electronic memo on July 27, 2021. **Appendix E** provides the memo in full, including a summary of the aids to navigation coordinates, photos, and observations recorded by the surveyor. Notably, these observations are limited and do not include structural inspection.

Taylor Engineering initiated coordination in July 2021 with the USCG and the US Army Corps of Engineers at Port Mayaca to gather known navigation issues along Route 1. The USCG reported that there are no documented navigation issues or marine incidents along Route 1. However, based on onsite observations and a brief discussion with Port Mayaca staff, Taylor Engineering identified some potential for navigation issues along Rocky Reef, identified in the nautical chart. Distance between beacons and channel orientation changes, particularly where OWW Cut-6 ends and OWW Cut-7 begins near the reef, create a potential for navigation error. Vessels traveling northeast toward the OWW Cut-6 and Cut-7 connection have potential for grounding if realignment of the channel is bypassed and a northeasterly course is maintained. Similarly, there is a lesser potential for navigation issues approaching the rocky reef traveling southwesterly at the Route 1 Cross Lake channel realignment near Green Marker Beacon #7, where OWW Cut-2 ends and Cut-3 begins. To support future discussions with the USCG and FIND, Appendix E provides maps of potential additional ATON locations to reduce the possibility of navigation error around Rocky Reef. Table 5.1 provides a summary of the proposed four additional ATON locations.

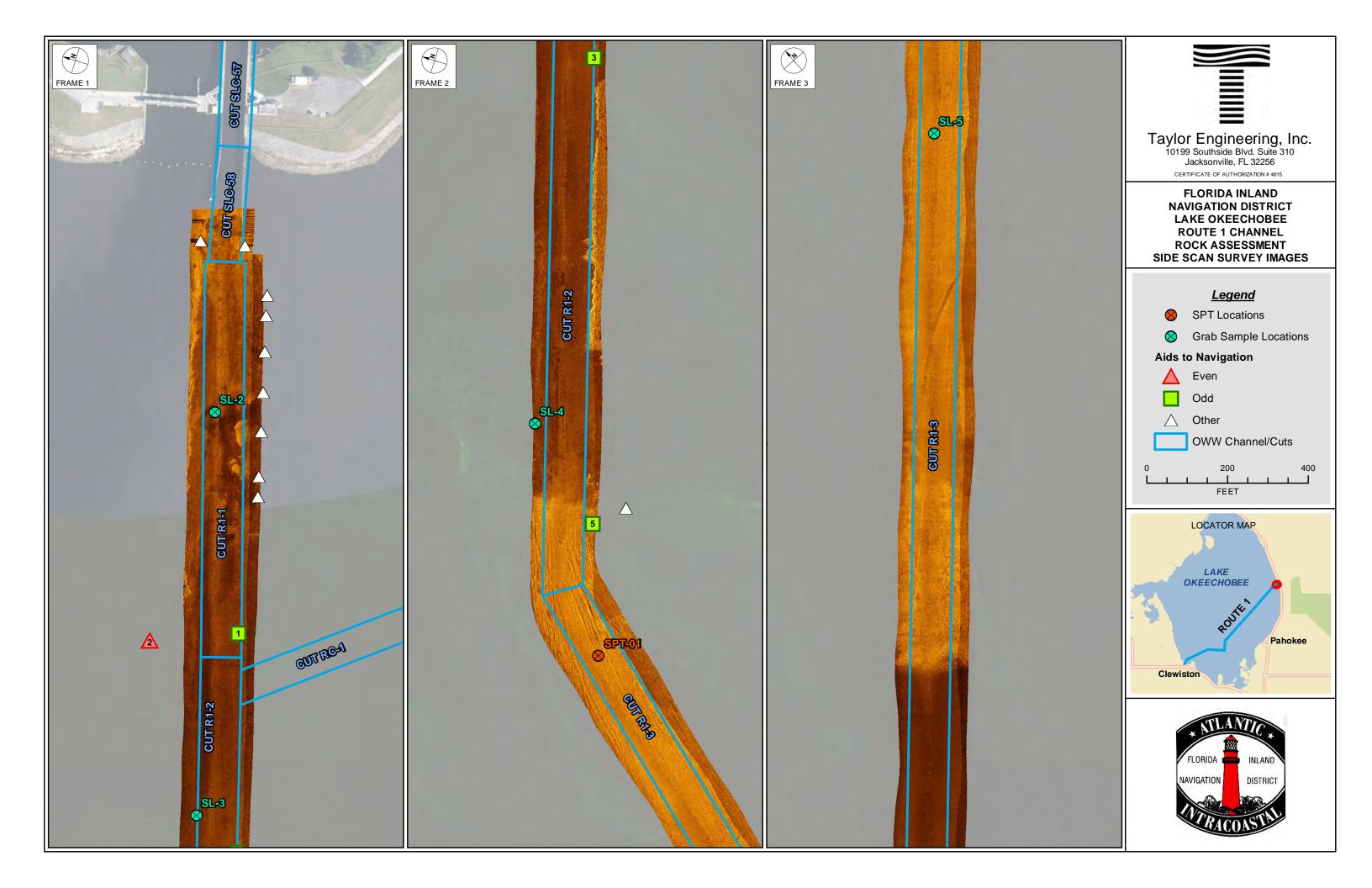
Taylor Engineering has provided photos and survey data for all located ATON to the appropriately responsible USCG Office. Based on initial observations provided to USCG, Taylor Engineering is prepared to arrange coordination meetings between FIND and USCG, as necessary. Following initial coordination, Taylor Engineering will maintain regular contact, via telephone and electronic mail, with USCG for coordination related to any ATON additions or maintenance requests. This scope of services includes regular USCG coordination for up to four months following the initial meeting.

Table 5.1 Proposed Additional ATON Locations

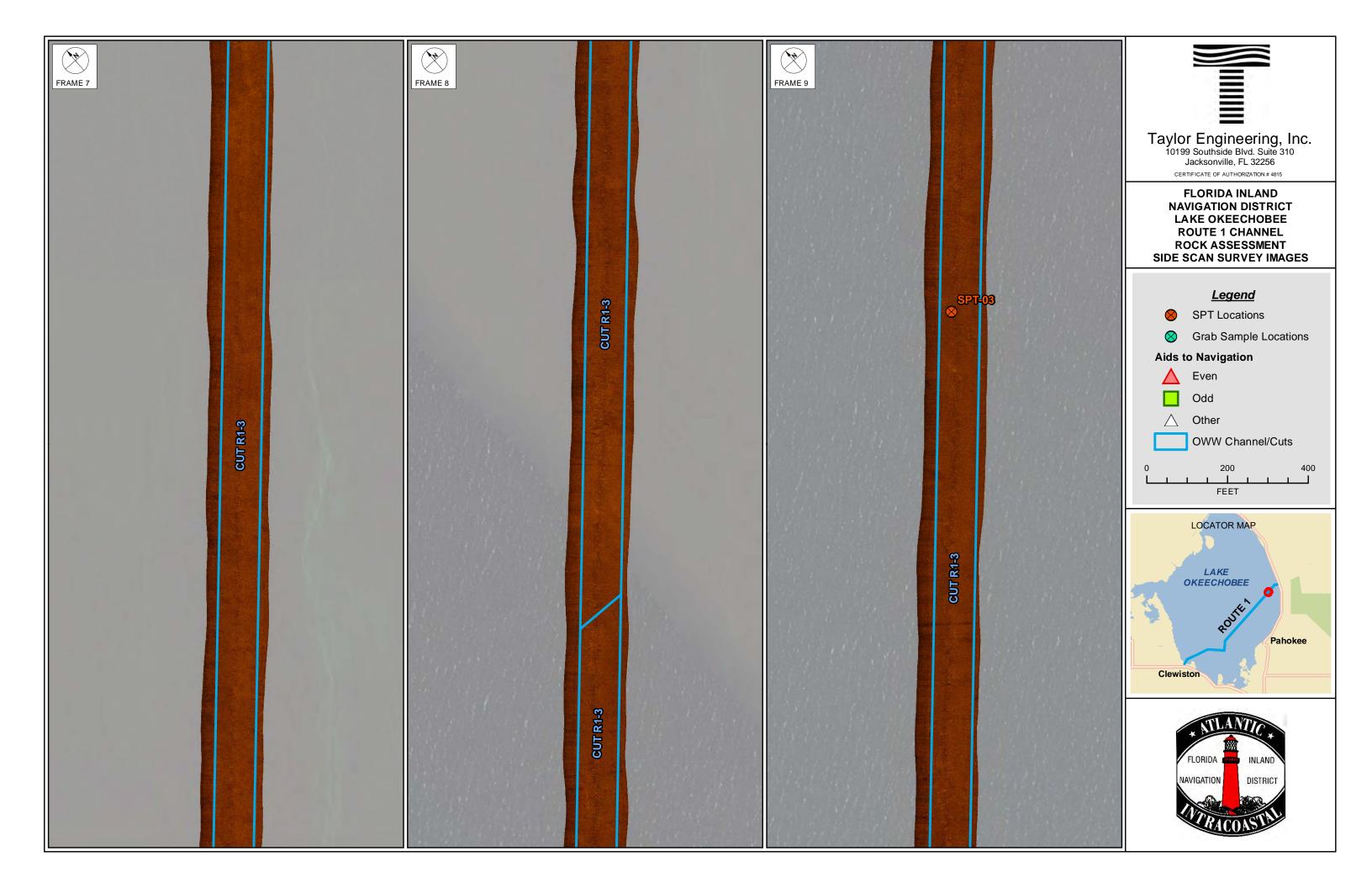
Proposed ATON	Latitude	Longitude
Red Beacon #8	26.82239	-80.7916
Green Beacon #15	26.79829	-80.8039
Green Beacon #17	26.79899	-80.8307
Red Beacon #18	26.80202	-80.8307

APPENDIX A

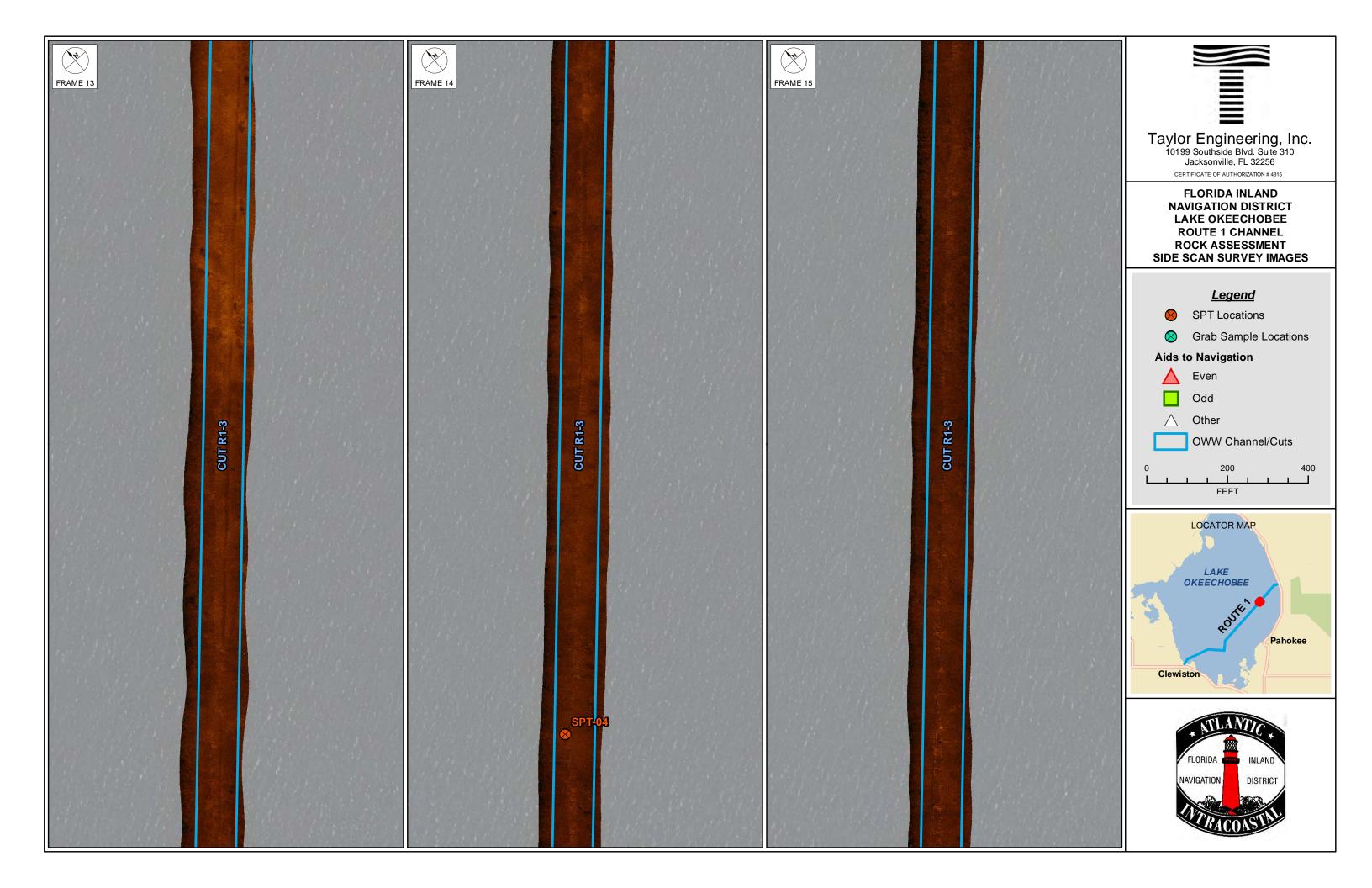
Side Scan Survey Mosaics





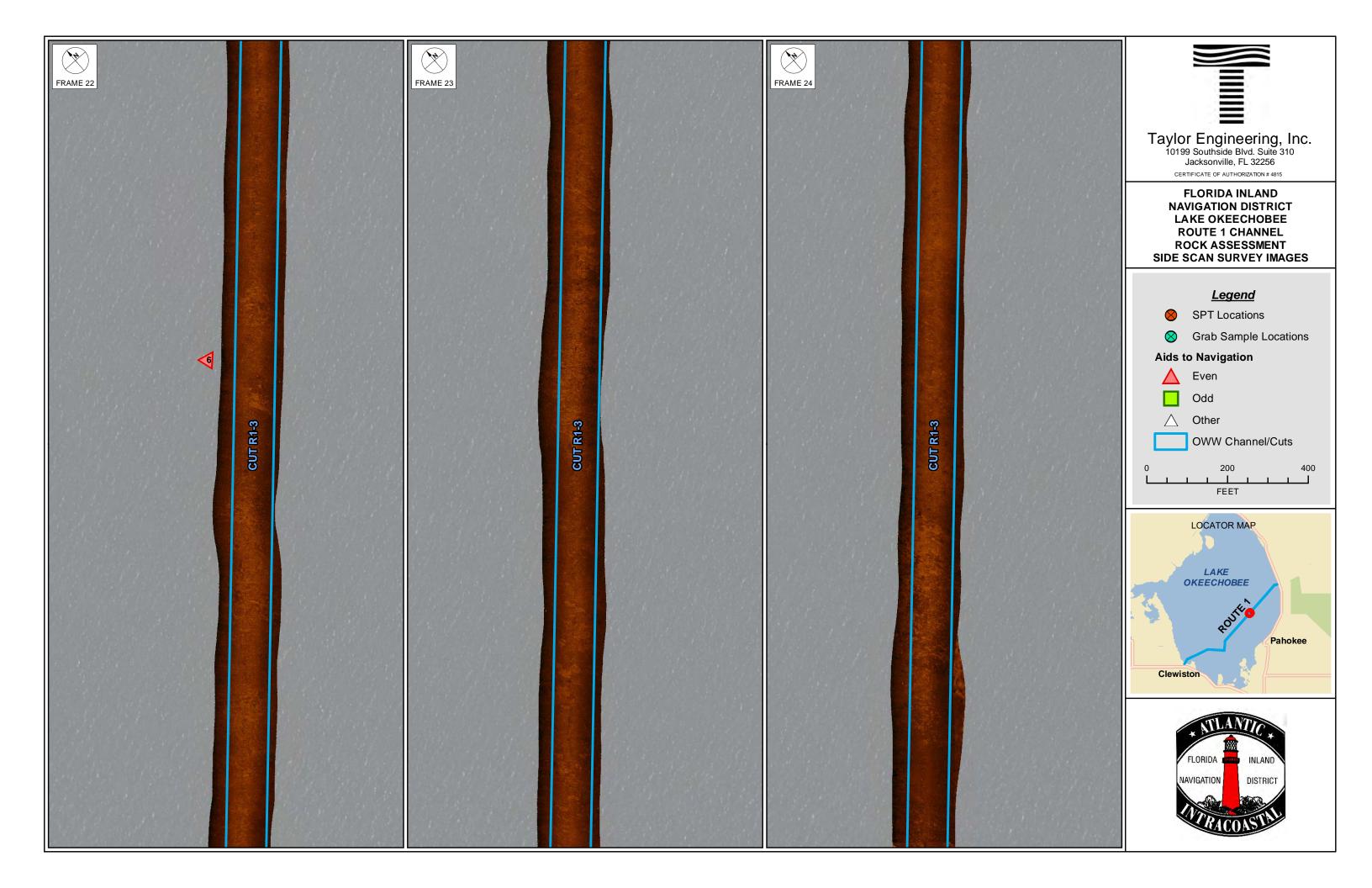








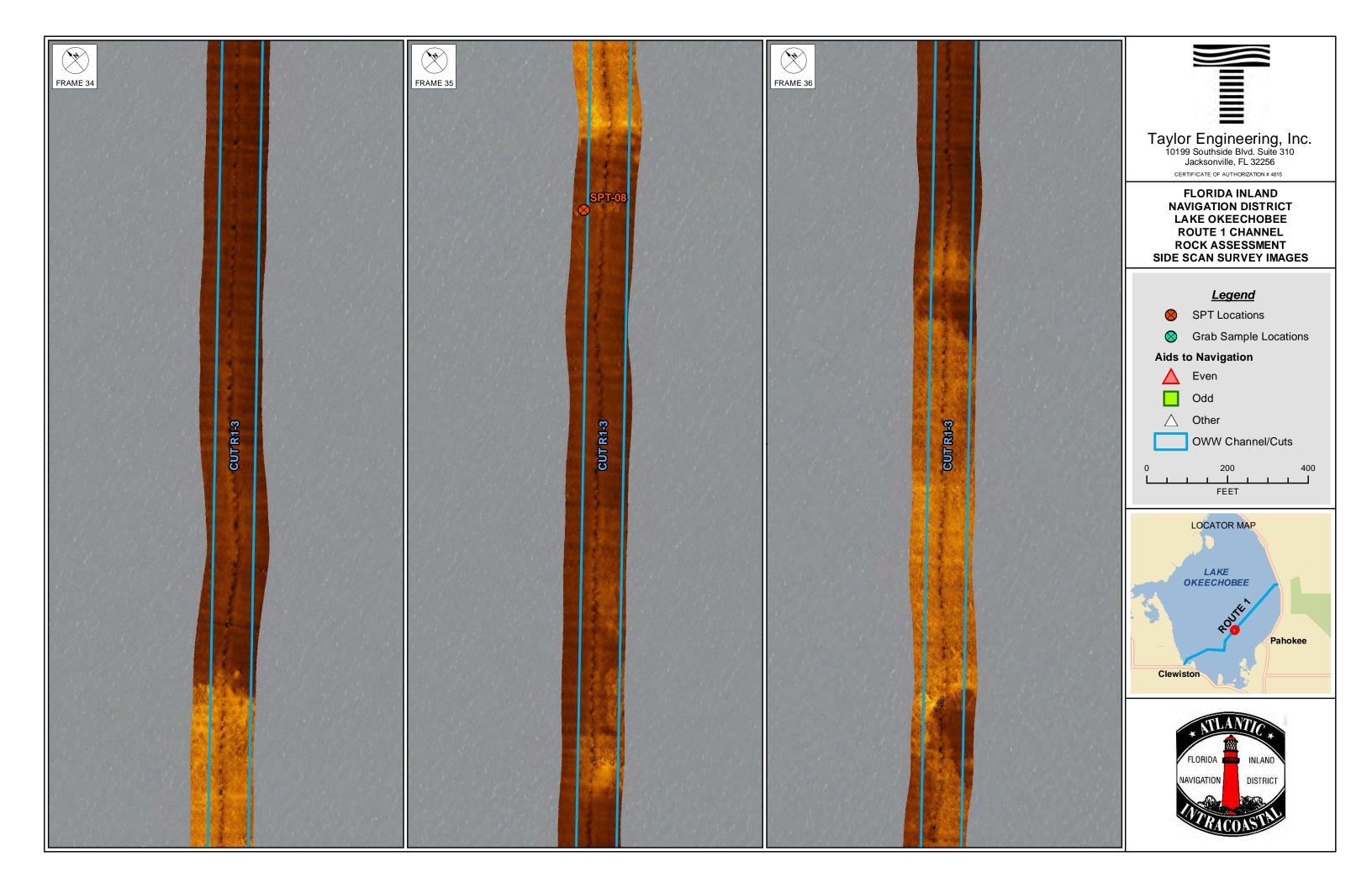


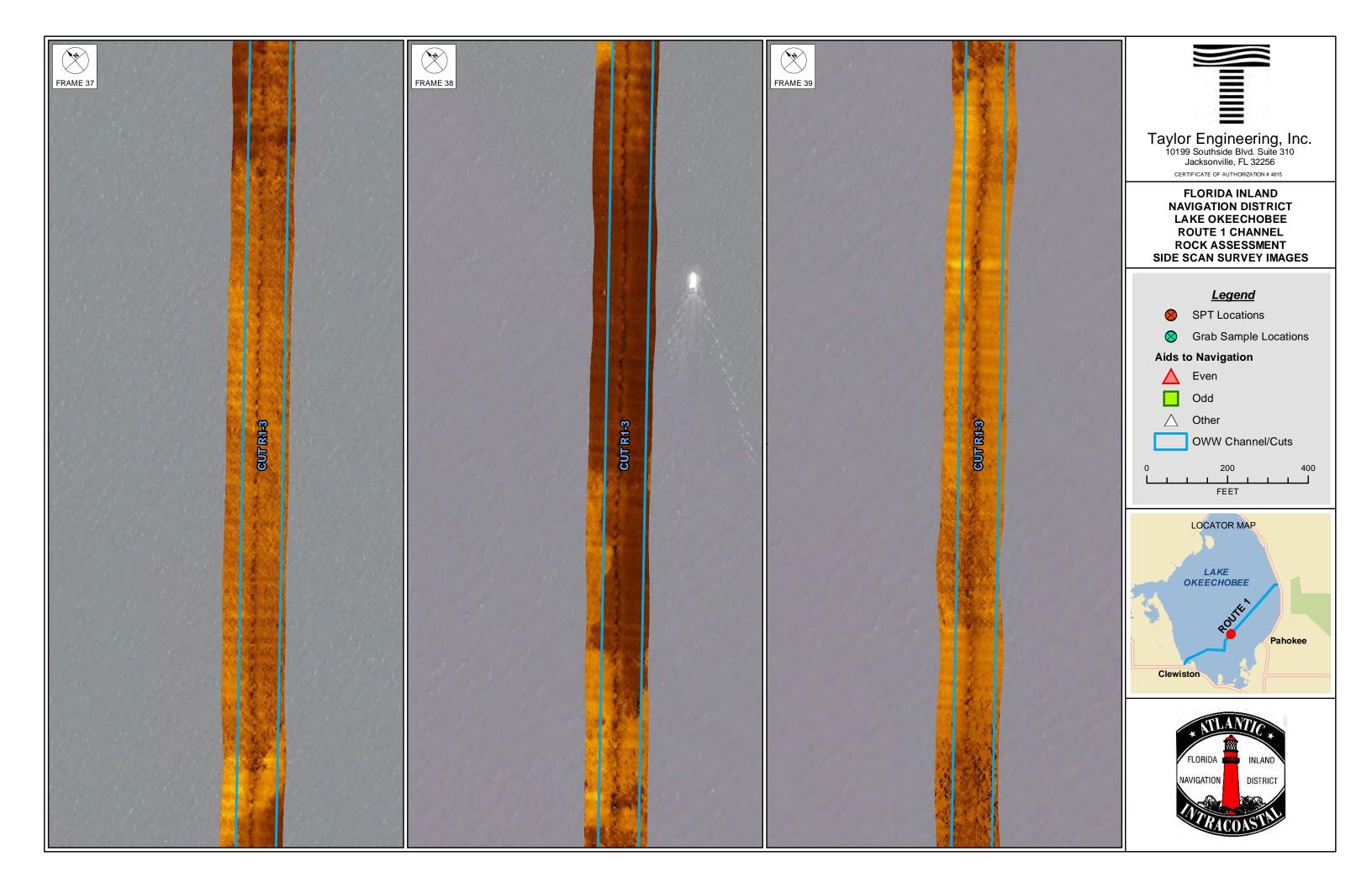


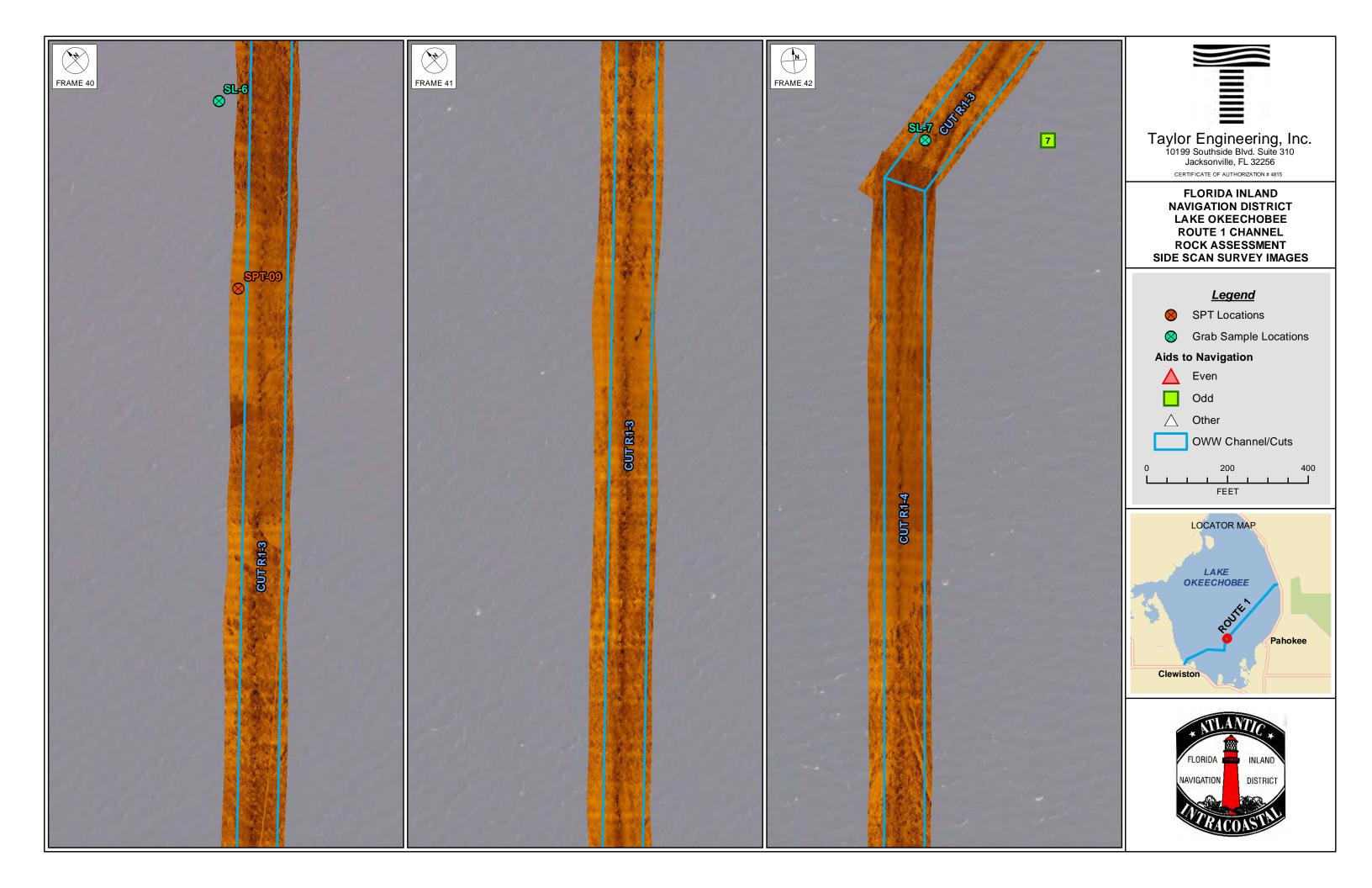


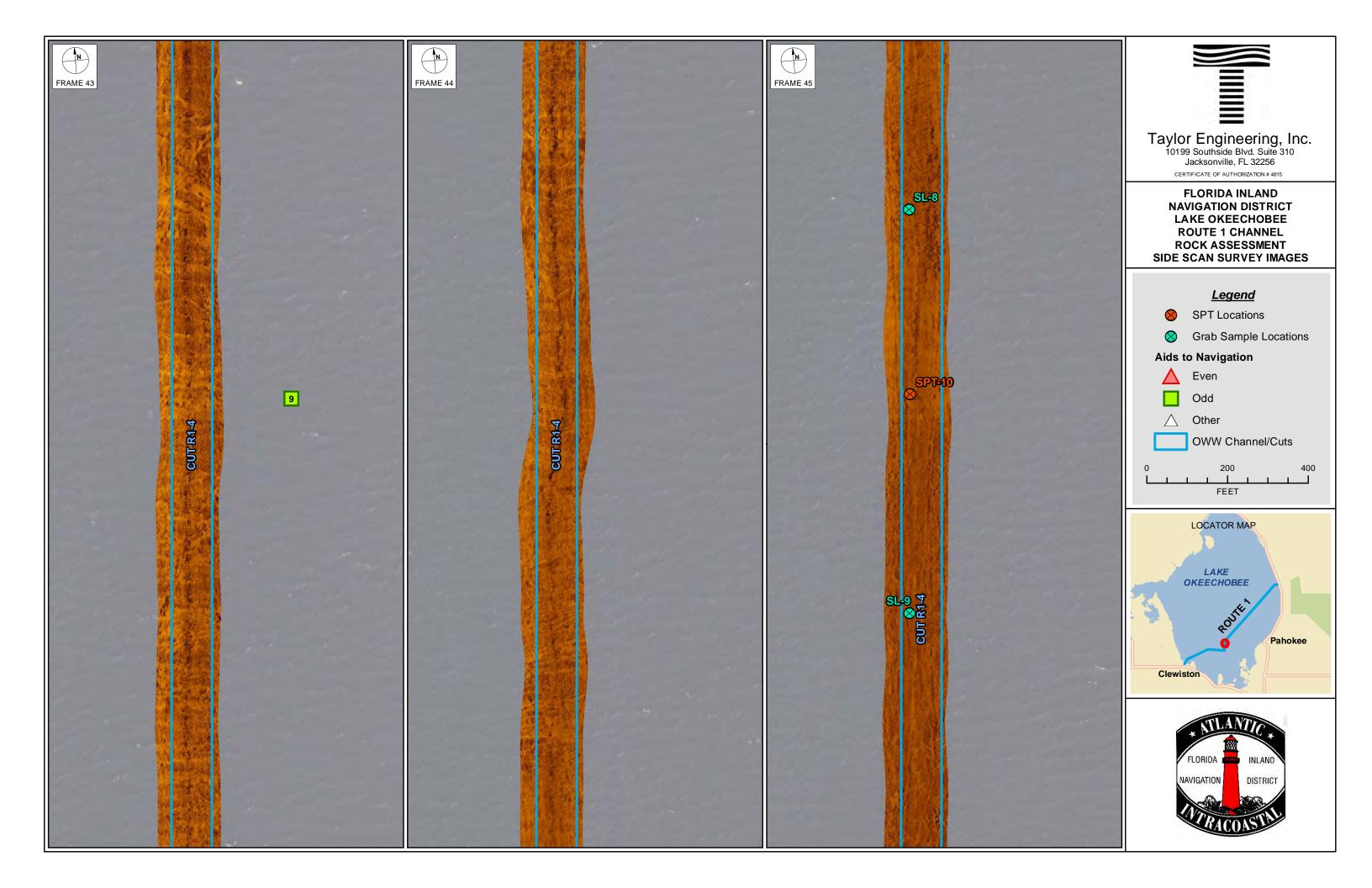




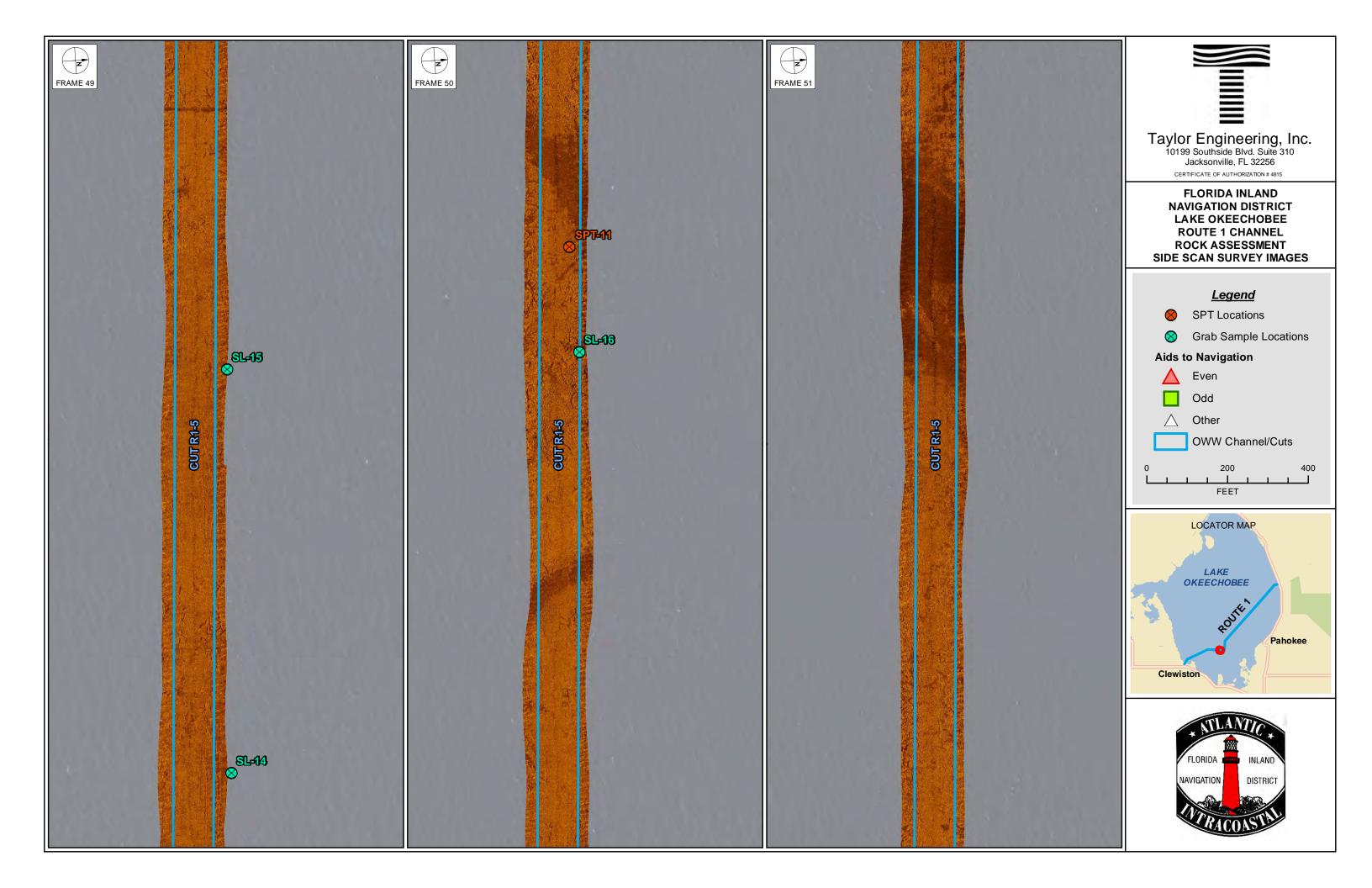


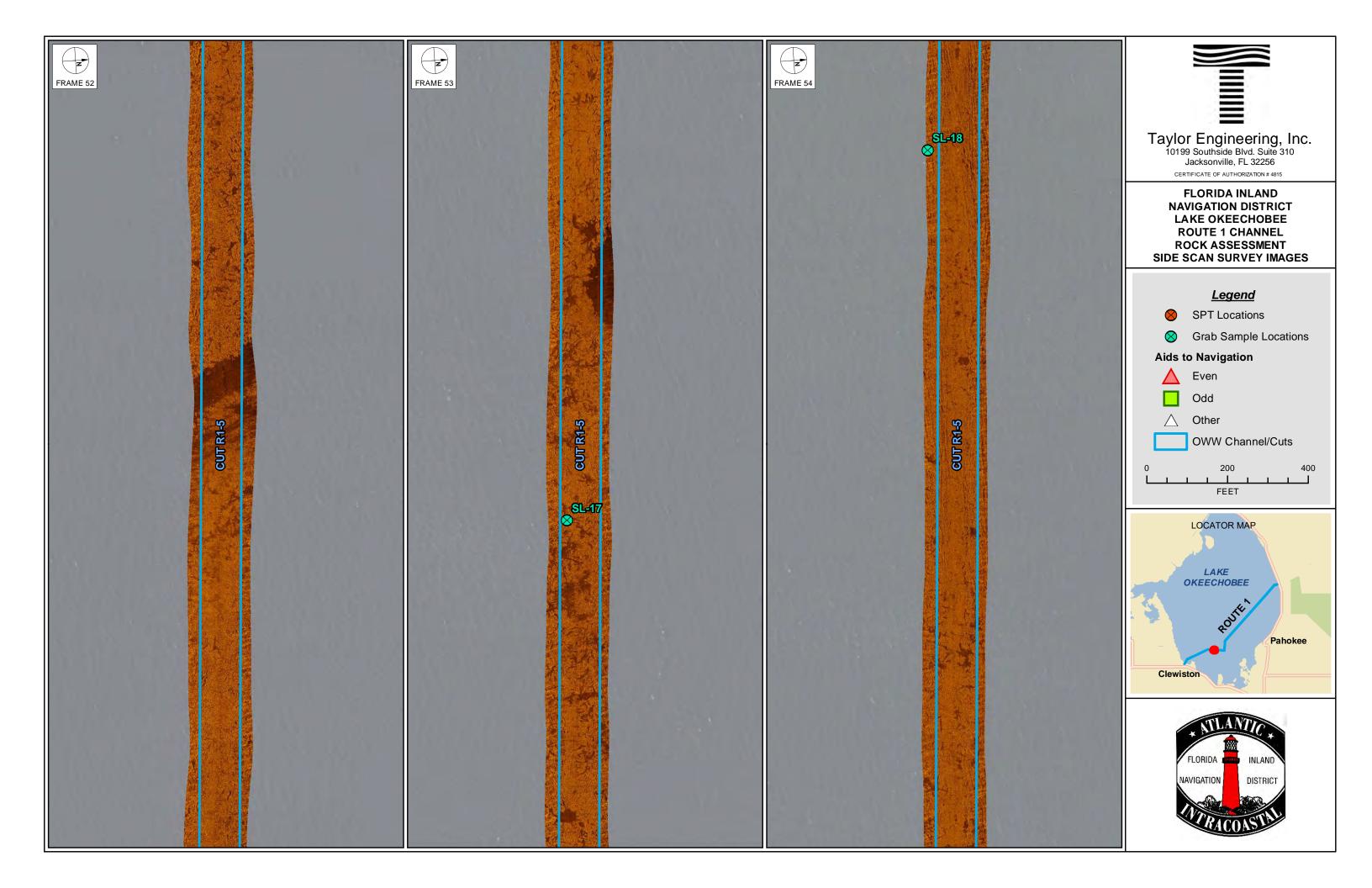


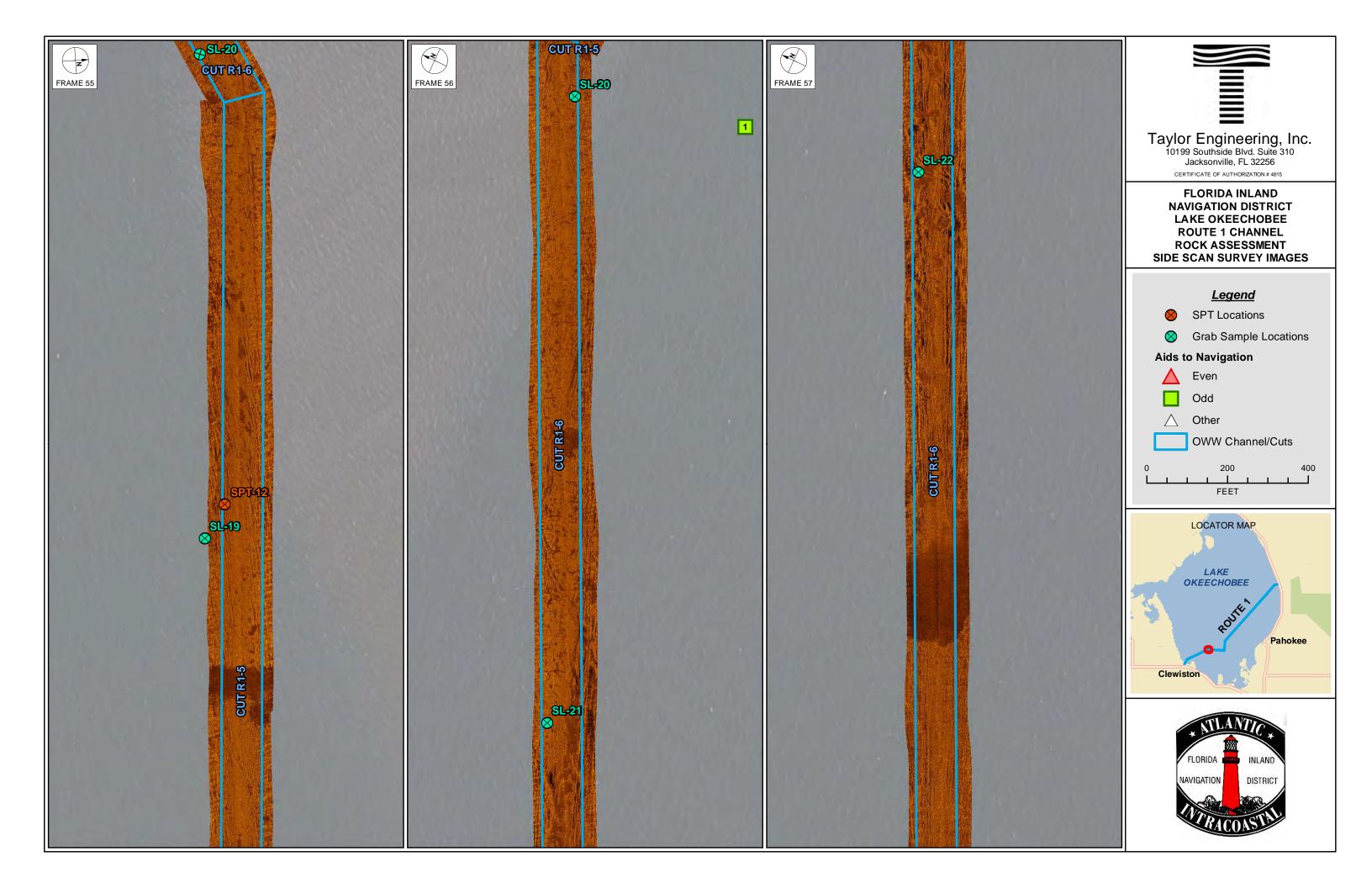


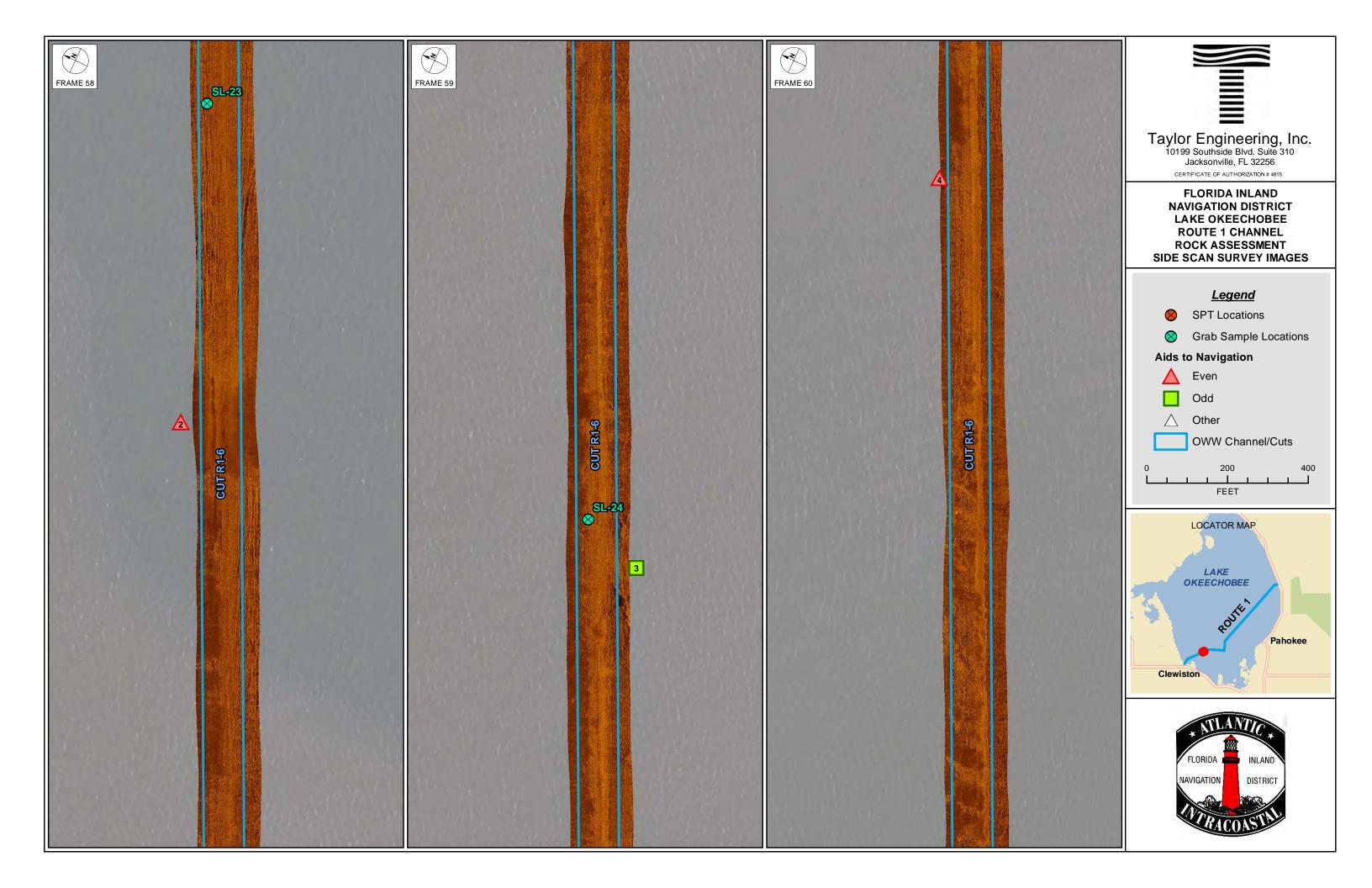


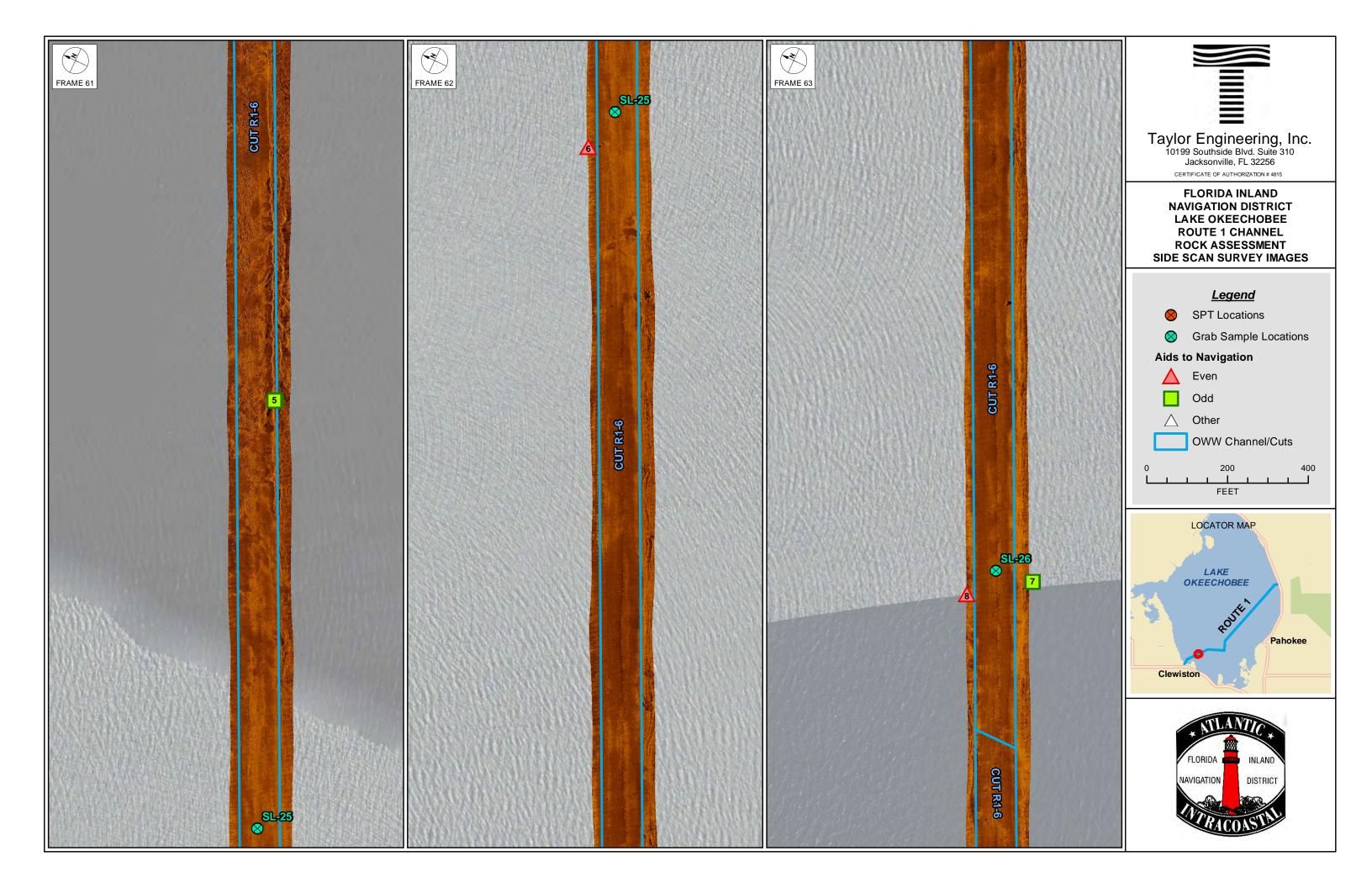


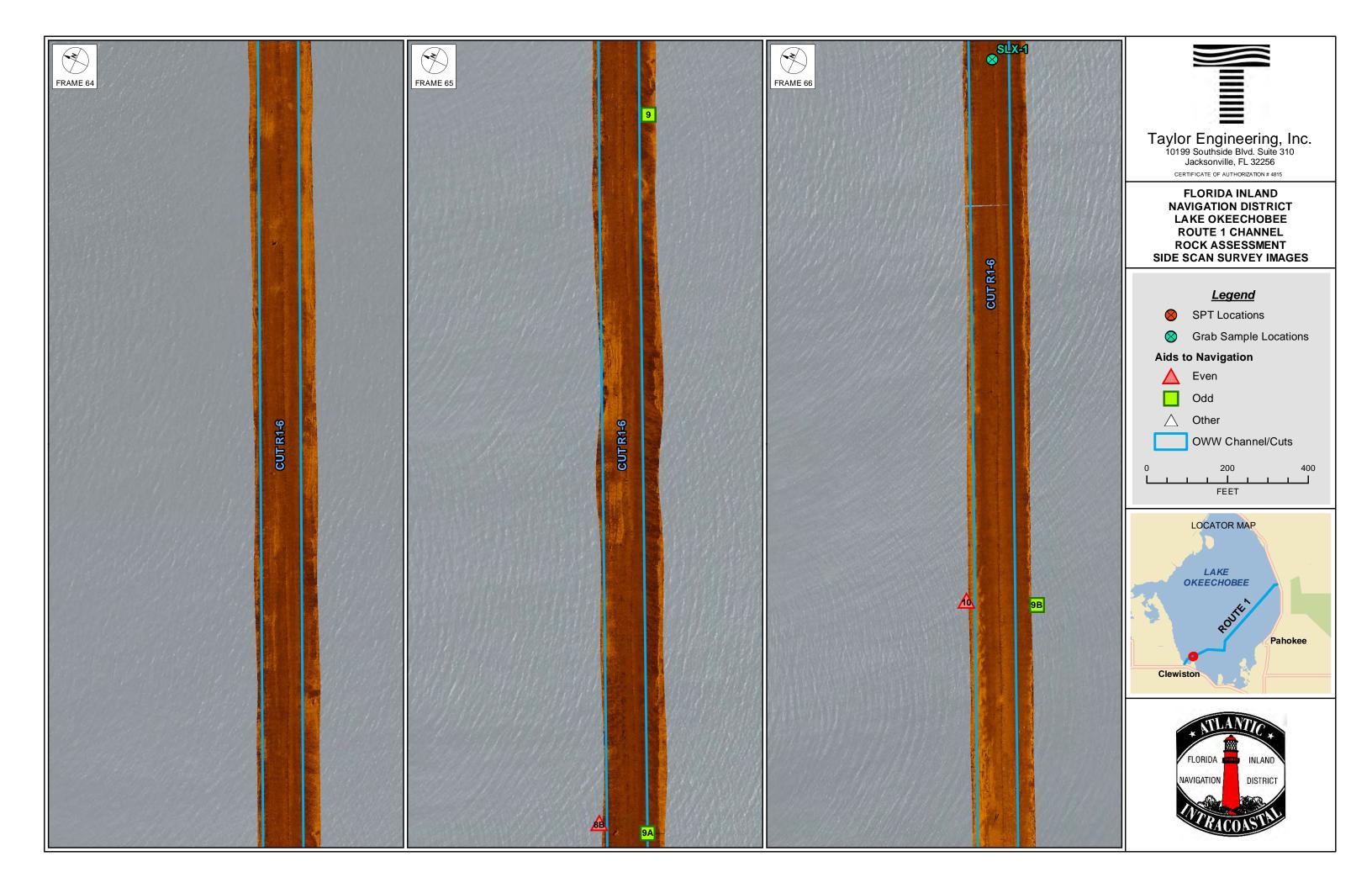


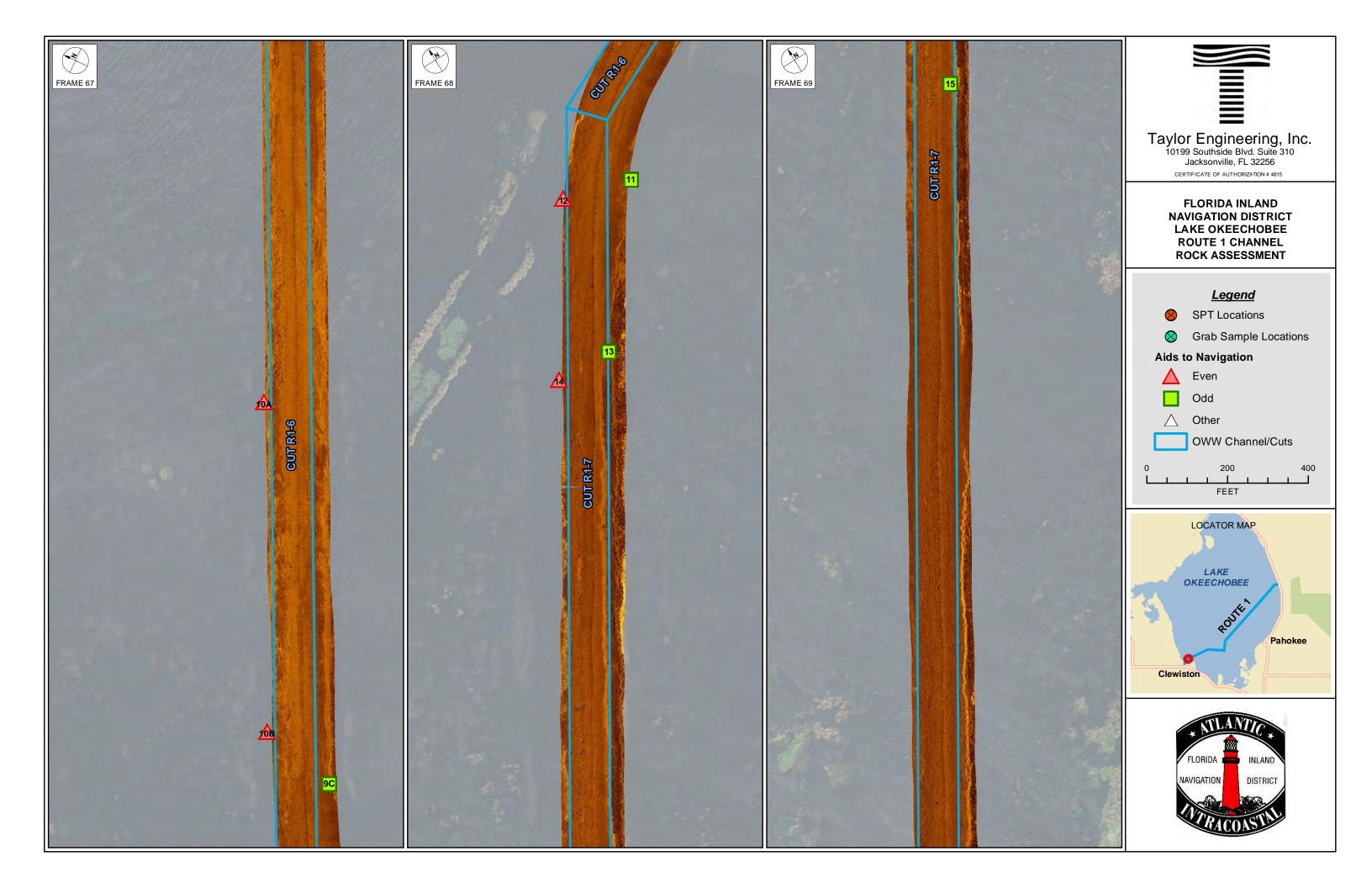


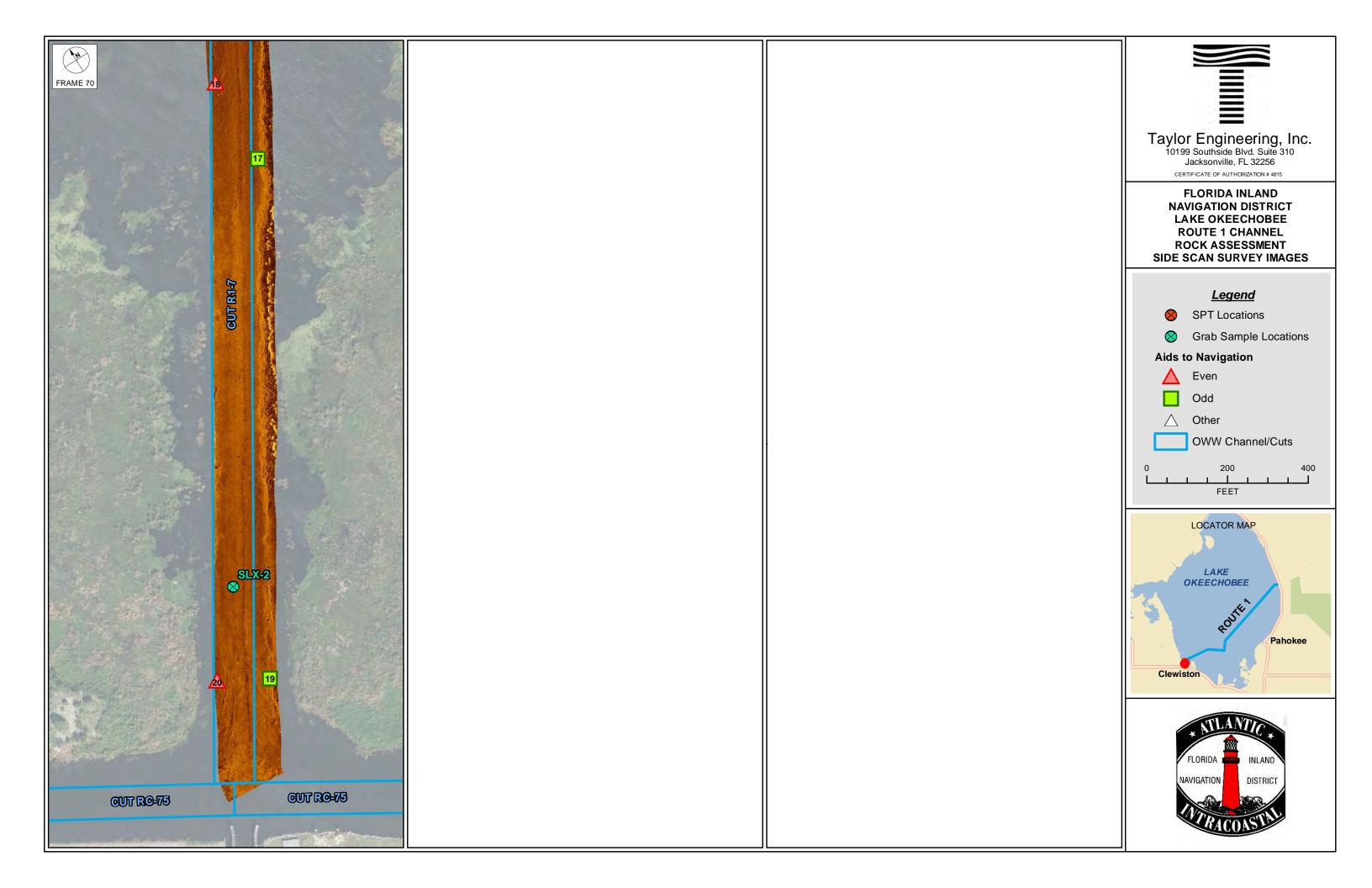












APPENDIX B

Drilling Field Logs

Project #: Project LD.: Project Location \(\(\sigma = 2 \);	OKe			ChA			B+/ Sheet #:_ ation: N26,98/54 W	80,6311	
Driller: De A	~		g Started (on: 1 / 5	8 Pm	Spoon Data: Inside Dia.:Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop: Auto Weight:			
Depth Interval (ft)	Sample Number	Completed: 2 15 PM Hammer Blows 1st 2nd 3nd 4th			S	SPT	a: Size/Type:Leng	th:	
0'-2'	1	1	5	9	4 th	N' Value	Description	Comments	
2'-4'	2	44	19	15	20	29	Stone Grays 15/11	himan L	
4'-6'	3			13	12	37	Lime Rock Gray	The lock	
6'-8'	4								
8'-10'	5								
13.5'-15'	6								
18.5'-20'	7								
23.5'-25'	8			-					
28.5'-30'	9								
33.5′-35′	10	- 11				9			
38.5'-40'	11								
43.5'-45'	12								
48.5′-50′	13								
53.5′-55′	14								
58.5′-60′	15								
63.5′-65′	16								
68.5'-70'	17							-1-	
73.5′-75′	18								
78.5′-80′	19								
83.5'-85'	20								
88.5′-90′	21								
93.5′-95′	22								
98.5'-100'	23								
03.5'-105'	24								
08.5′-110′	25								
phone: (352) 54	EEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL DRILLING SINKHOLE REPAIR SERVICES hone: (352) 540-9666 fax: (352) 796-1666 ddress: P.O. Box 10278, Brooksville, FL 34603 mail: amdrillinc@amdrillinc.com					24 Hour G Loss of Cir	red Groundwater: roundwater: culation: evation: WATEN Depth		

Project I.D.:			ient: TA				B-2 Sheet #	1/3//3			
2-2	tion: <u>OKee</u>	chot	e Ch	LANNE	/	Spoon Data: Inside Dia.: Outside Dia.:					
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Drill Rig Type	CME SE	Borin	g Started (on: 25	5 PM						
200	- 111 33		Complete	ed: 31.	3 Pm			ight:			
Depth Interval (ft	Sample	15.5		er Blow			a. Size/Type:L	Length:			
0'-2'		1st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	SPT N' Value	Soil	Comment			
2'-4'	2	WH	WH	1	1	2	Description	Comments			
4'-6'	3	5%	3	8	9	17	DCK GEAT SILLY S Weathered Lime	and			
6'-8'	4	15				,,	Lime ROCK	Rock			
8'-10'	5						TIME HOCK				
13.5'-15'	6										
18.5'-20'	7										
23.5'-25'	8										
28.5'-30'	9										
33.5'-35'	10										
38.5'-40'	11										
43.5'-45'	12	-									
48.5'-50'	13	-									
53.5'-55'	14		-								
58.5'-60'	15			-							
63.5'-65'	16	-		-							
68.5'-70'	17	-	-								
73.5'-75'	18										
78.5'-80'	19	-	-								
33.5'-85'	20										
38.5'-90'	21	-									
3.5'-95'	22										
8.5'-100'	23	-									
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8.5'-110'	25										
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OTECHNICAL EN	11/12	L DRILLIN	G.		Er	countered	Groundwater:				
ne: (352) 540- ress: P.O. Box ail: amdrillinc@			1666 . 34603		Lo	ss of Circul	Wat Di	12 fT			

Project #:		Clie	ent: TAS	7/05		Boring #:_	n-2				
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Depth Interval (ft)	Sample Number	1 st	Hamm	er Blow	<u>s</u>	Casing Data	a: Size/Type: Le	ngth:			
0'-2'	1	W/R	2nd	3rd	4 th	N' Value	Description	Comments			
2'-4'		WR	10/R	W/R	W/R	0	DCK Brown S. HY	51			
4'-6'	3	50/9	W/R	5	5	10	DIK Brown 5/14 Sand	16say sand s			
6'-8'	4	19				50/5	Limerock	, sec, si			
8'-10'	5										
13.5'-15'	6										
18.5'-20'	7			-							
23.5'-25'	8										
28.5'-30'	9										
33.5'-35'	10										
38.5'-40'	11										
43.5'-45'	12										
48.5'-50'	13										
53.5'-55'	14			1							
58.5'-60'	15						1				
63.5'-65'	16										
68.5'-70'	17										
73.5'-75'	18							1			
78.5'-80'	19										
83.5'-85'	20										
88.5'-90'	21	1									
93.5'-95'	22										
98.5'-100'	23							1			
103.5'-105'	24										
108.5'-110'	25			-							
GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL DRILLING & SINKHOLE REPAIR SERVICES phone: (352) 540-9666 fax: (352) 796-1666 address: P.O. Box 10278, Brooksville, FL 34603 email: amdrillinc@amdrillinc.com website: https://amdrillinc.com/					Encountered Groundwater: 24 Hour Groundwater: Loss of Circulation: Surface Elevation: Where Septh 1447						

Project #:		Clic	ent: IA	Plor		Boring #:	B=4 Sheet #:				
Project I.D.:	MV	-	,			Boring Location: 26, 93374 80 67929					
Project Location	UKRE	cho	be C	hanne	-						
Driller: De A	"	-				Spoon Data	: Inside Dia.:Outsid	C Au			
Drill Big Town	IMEZ	Borin	g Started O	n: 1:2	3 pm		1.1.	le Dia.:			
Drill Rig Type:		5	Complete	d: 2/8	o pm						
Depth Interval (ft)	Sample		Hamm	er Blows		CDT		ngth:			
0'-2'	Number	1 st	2 nd	3rd	4 th	N' Value	Soil	Comments			
2'-4'	2	W/R	W/H	1	3		Description				
4'-6'	3	3	3	3		6	Silty sand sand shell, a weathered hime	senthered Lime			
6'-8'	4	10	12	12	21	33	weathered Lime	A war			
8'-10'	5		-				THE LANGE	1-1			
13.5'-15'	6										
18.5'-20'	7		-								
23.5'-25'	8										
28.5'-30'	9										
33.5'-35'	10		-								
38.5′-40′	11										
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88.5'-90'	21										
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98.5'-100'	23										
103.5'-105'	24										
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GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL DRILLING & SINKHOLE REPAIR SERVICES phone: (352) 540-9666 fax: (352) 796-1666 address: P.O. Box 10278, Brooksville, FL 34603				24 Hour (ered Groundwater: Groundwater: irculation: Elevation:	+1 w #					

Project #:		Clie	nt: TAL	JaF		Boring #:	R-S			
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Oriller: <u>Oe</u> Orill Rig Type:	AN CME	Boring	Started O	n: 35 :	5 fm	Spoon Data: Inside Dia.: Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop:ActO Weight:				
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0'-2'	1	W/R		3rd	4 th	N' Value	Description	Comments		
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4'-6'	3	2	2	3	2	5	WEATHETEN LIMON	x K		
6'-8'	4		~	_	1	3	Wealhered Lines	ock.		
8'-10'	5					-				
13.5'-15'	6									
18.5'-20'	7				-					
23.5'-25'	8									
28.5'-30'	9									
33.5'-35'	10									
38.5'-40'	11									
43.5'-45'	12									
48.5'-50'	13									
53.5'-55'	14									
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63.5'-65'	16									
68.5'-70'	17									
73.5'-75'	18							1		
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88.5'-90'	21									
93.5'-95'	22									
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108.5'-110'	25									
GEOTECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL DRILLING & SINKHOLE REPAIR SERVICES phone: (352) 540-9666 fax: (352) 796-1666 address: P.O. Box 10278, Brooksville, FL 34603 email: amdrillinc@amdrillinc.com/website: https://amdrillinc.com/					Encountered Groundwater:					

Project I.D.:				ylor		_	8-6 Sheet #: ation: 26 89 1 28 8	31 777 34	
The state of the s	eAn	Borine		Ch A	nnel	Spoon Data: Inside Dia.: Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop: Weight: Casing Data: Size/Type: Length:			
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4'-6'	2	4	3	2	2		51/19 Sand weather	red him on	
6'-8'	3	2	2	2	2		Silty Sand weather weathered Line weathered Line weathered Li	erock	
8'-10'	5						WORTHERD LI	morsek	
13.5'-15'									
18.5'-20'	6								
23.5'-25'	7								
28.5'-30'	8								
33.5′-35′	9								
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98.5′-100′	23								
103.5'-105' 108.5'-110'	24								
AM	25 CRI	LL	linc			Encounte	red Groundwater:		
geotechnical environmental drilling & SINKHOLE REPAIR SERVICES phone: (352) 540-9666 fax: (352) 796-1666 address: P.O. Box 10278, Brooksville, FL 34603 email: amdrillinc@amdrillinc.com website: https://amdrillinc.com/						24 Hour (red Groundwater: Groundwater: rculation: levation:	4 1447	

Driller: Dear Boring Started On: 10:05 Am Drill Rig Type: M55 Completed: 10:05 Am Depth Sample Hammer Blows Interval (ft) Number 1st						Spoon Data: Inside Dia.:Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop: Auto Weight:			
	Hammer Blows					sing Data: Size/Type:Length:			
	-	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Soil			
			3	6		Description	Comments		
	_	3	6	14		Werke of	e Rock		
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Project #:		Clic	ent: 14	Aulor		Boring #:_	B& Sheet #:			
Project I.D.;				10		Boring Location: 16 85320 80 7685				
Project Location	:_OK	eech	obee	Ch	annel					
	27-71									
Driller:	2An	Borin	Started	On: 110	1 14			e Dia.:		
Drill Rig Type:	CME 5	55	Complet	ed: 1/2	2 AM	Hammer D	0	ht:		
Depth	Sample					Casing Data: Size/Type:Length:				
interval (ft)	ft) Number 1st and			SPT	Soil					
0'-2'	1	W/R	W/R	W/R	4th	N' Value	Description	Comments		
2'-4'	2	4/16	4	ZR	W/H	0	weathers 1	met		
4'-6'	3	5	20	50/5	-	3	Weathered Lime Woathered Lime	rock Shell		
6'-8'	4			/3			woathered Limes	ock Shell		
8'-10'	5							7		
13.5'-15'	6									
18.5'-20'	7									
23.5'-25'	8									
28.5'-30'	9			-	-					
33.5'-35'	10									
38.5'-40'	11			-						
43.5'-45'	12			+						
48.5'-50'	13									
53.5'-55'	14			-						
58.5'-60'	15			1						
63.5'-65'	16				-					
68.5'-70'	17									
73.5'-75'	18			-						
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83.5'-85'	20									
88.5'-90'	21									
93.5'-95'	22		-		-			W.		
98.5'-100'	23									
103.5′-105′	24									
108.5'-110'	25									
GEOTECHNICA & SINKHOLE RE phone: (352) 8 address: P.O. email: amdrilli	540-9666 fa Box 10278.	ex: (352) Brooksvi	796-166	6 603		24 Hour (ered Groundwater:			

Project #: Project I.D.: Project Location	Ohe - 24-	echo	bee	yor Ch.	annel		B = 9 Sheet #:_ cation: <u>26 83294</u> 8	079137		
Driller: De	AA	Borin	-24-2 g Started O _ Complete	n:/2'/	1 Pm	weight.				
Depth	Sample			er Blows		Length:				
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6'-8'		4	12	15	16	31	Shell we athered SAND Shell , we athered	Lynesock		
8'-10'	4						or do water	a himer to		
13.5'-15'	5									
	6									
18.5′-20′	7									
23.5′-25′	8									
28.5′-30′	9									
33.5′-35′	10									
38.5′-40′	11									
43.5′-45′	12									
48.5′-50′	13									
53.5′-55′	14									
58.5′-60′	15									
63.5'-65'	16									
68.5′-70′	17									
73.5′-75′	18									
78.5'-80'	19									
83.5'-85'	20									
88.5′-90′	21						*			
93.5'-95'	22									
98.5′-100′	23									
103.5′-105′	24									
108.5'-110'	25									
GEOTECHNIC. & SINKHOLE R phone: (352) address: P.C email: amdril website: http	540-9666 1 5. Box 10278 linc@amdrilli	ax: (352 , Brooksync.com	RILLING) 796-1666			24 Hour (ered Groundwater: Groundwater: irculation: Elevation:			

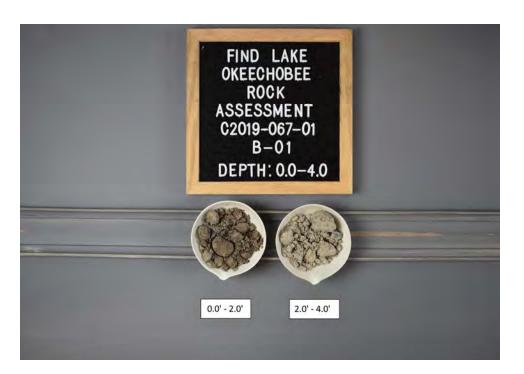
Project #: Project I.D.:_ Project Location	n ake		ient: <u>TA</u>			Boring #:_	8-10 Sheet #:_	5 79053		
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2-24	-31	bee	Chu	annel	-				
Driller:	ean	Borif	- 74 - 2 g Started C _ Complete	on: //:	2 PM 5 PM	Spoon Data: Inside Dia.:Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop:AcateWeight:				
Depth Interval (ft)	Sample Number	1 st		er Blow	<u>s</u>	SPT	a: Size/Type: Leng			
0'-2'	1	W/R	WR	2	4 th	N' Value	Description	Comments		
2'-4'	2	3	4	4	3	5	SAND Shall west	era Limeroc		
4'-6'	3	8	6	W	4	-(Shell Weathered	1 imasak		
6'-8'	4		U	-	-		shell weathered	Limetock		
8'-10'	5									
13.5'-15'	6									
18.5'-20'	7									
23.5'-25'	8									
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38.5'-40'	11									
43.5'-45'	12									
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53.5'-55'	14		7 11							
58.5'-60'	15									
63.5'-65'	16									
68.5'-70'	17							7		
73.5'-75'	18									
78.5'-80'	19									
83.5'-85'	20									
88.5'-90'	21									
93.5'-95'	22									
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SEOTECHNICAL I & SINKHOLE REPA phone: (352) 540 address: P.O. Be email: amdrillino vebsite: https://a	D-9666 fax:	(352) 79 ooksville,	6-1666			24 Hour Gr	roundwater: roundwater: culation: evation:_ <u>WATER_Depti</u>	(12fT		

Project #: Project I.D.:_		Cli	ent: 1/	4100		Boring #:				
Project Location	n: OKe	eche	bee 1	Chan	01	Boring Loc	ation: 26 79937 8	08/268		
Driller:		-				Spoon Data: Inside Dia.: Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop: Weight:				
Drill Rig Type:	\sim	S Borin	g Started C	n: 205	PM					
Depth Interval (ft)	Sample Number		Complete	ed: 2/5	FM	Casing Data: Size/Type:Length:				
0'-2'	1	1st	3nd	3rd	4 th	SPT N' Value	Soil			
2'-4'	2	W/R	WH	12	24	36	Description	Comments		
4'-6'	3	24	26	50/4		36	Smd Shell, weall	Arad Linero		
6'-8'	4						Limetock			
8'-10'	5									
13.5'-15'	6									
18.5'-20'	7									
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68.5'-70'	17									
73.5'-75'	18									
78.5'-80'	19									
83.5'-85'	20									
88.5'-90'	21									
93.5'-95'	22									
98.5'-100'	23									
103.5′-105′	24									
108.5'-110'	25									
GEOTECHNICAL & SINKHOLE REI phone: (352) 5	40-9666 fa	s x: (352) :	796-1666			24 Hour G	red Groundwater:iroundwater:			
address: P.O. email: amdrillir website: https:	nc@amdrillin	c.com	e, FL 346	03		Surface El	evation: WATER Depth	11,5		

Project #: Project I.D.:_ Project Location	::Okee	Chobe	ent: IA	yor		the section of the section of	13+(2 Sheet #:_ tion: 26 80 106 8				
Driller: Des	ME-S	Borin		on: 363		Spoon Data: Inside Dia.:Outside Dia.: Hammer Data: Drop: Weight: Casing Data: Size/Type: Length:					
Depth Interval (ft)			Hammer Blows			SPT	Soil Soil	Comments			
0'-2'	1		W/R	w/#	4 th	N' Value	Description	Comments			
2'-4'	2	10	12	50/5			Lime ROCK				
4'-6'	3			13			Lime Kock				
6'-8'	4										
8'-10'	5										
13.5'-15'	6										
18.5'-20'	7										
23.5'-25'	8							-			
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33.5'-35'	10							-			
38.5'-40'	11	- 1									
43.5'-45'	12	T									
48.5'-50'	13										
53.5'-55'	14										
58.5'-60'	15										
63.5'-65'	16										
68.5'-70'	17										
73.5'-75'	18										
78.5'-80'	19										
83.5'-85'	20							3.1			
88.5'-90'	21										
93.5'-95'	22										
98.5'-100'	23							1			
103.5′-105′	24		7								
108.5′-110′	25										
GEOTECHNICA & SINKHOLE RE phone: (352) & address: P.O. email: amdrilli website: https	540-9666 fa Box 10278, nc@amdrillir	is ix: (352) Brooksvi ic.com	796-1666	603		24 Hour G Loss of Cir	red Groundwater: roundwater: culation: evation:	th lotr			

APPENDIX C

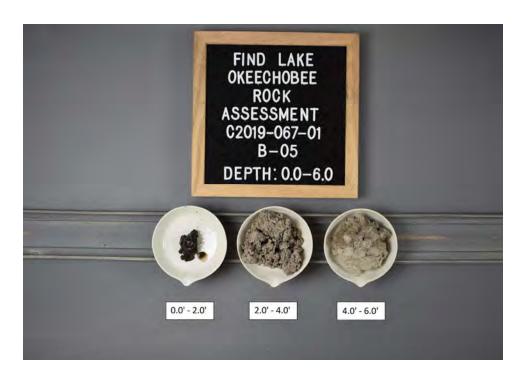
Sediment Sample Photographs





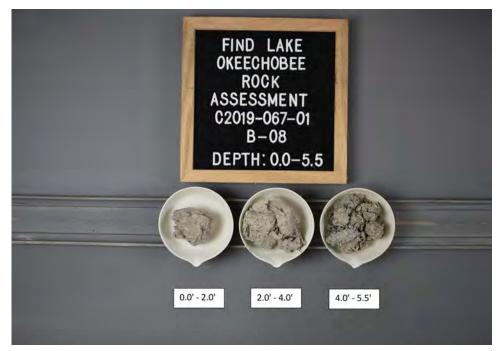














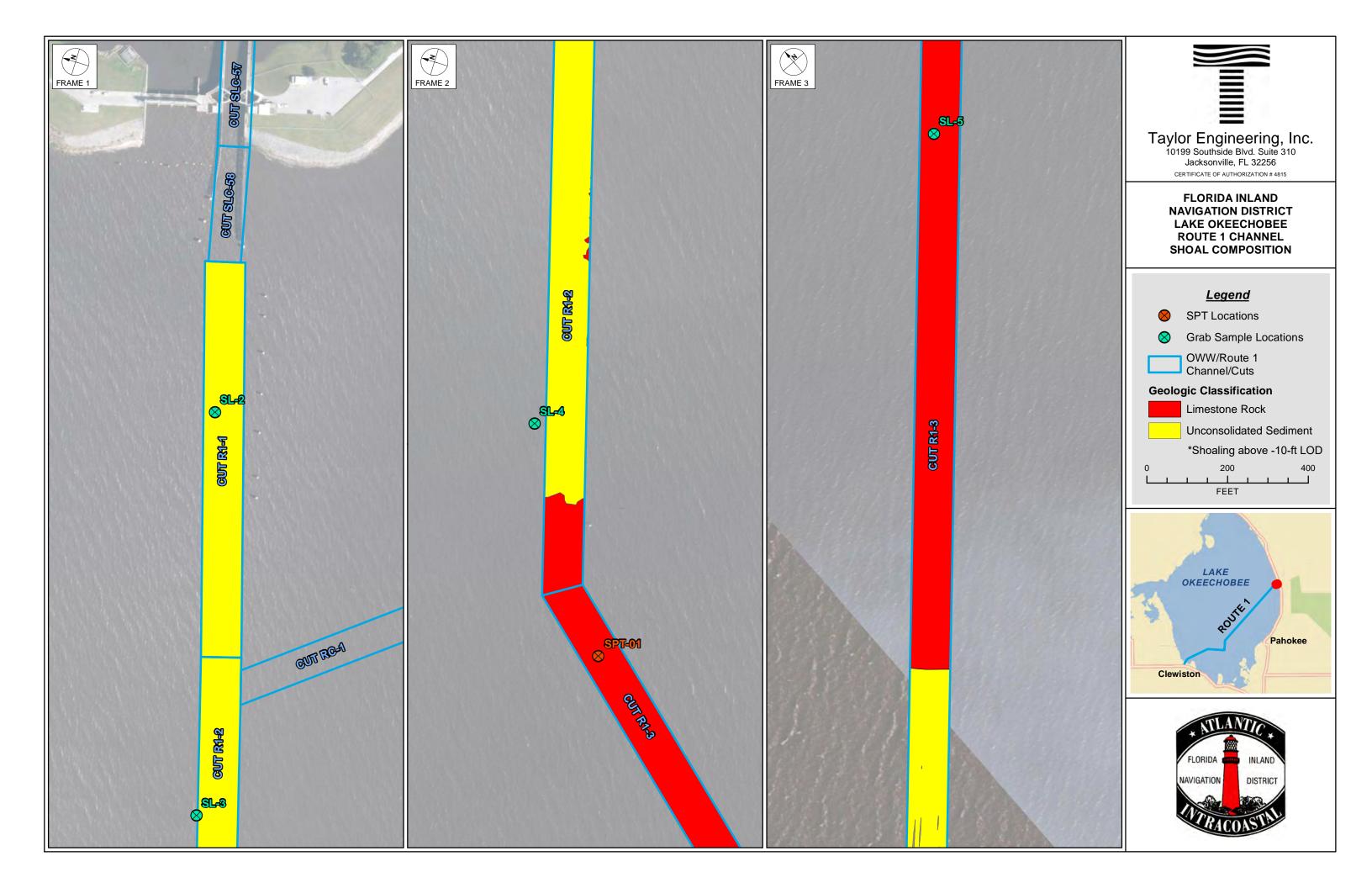


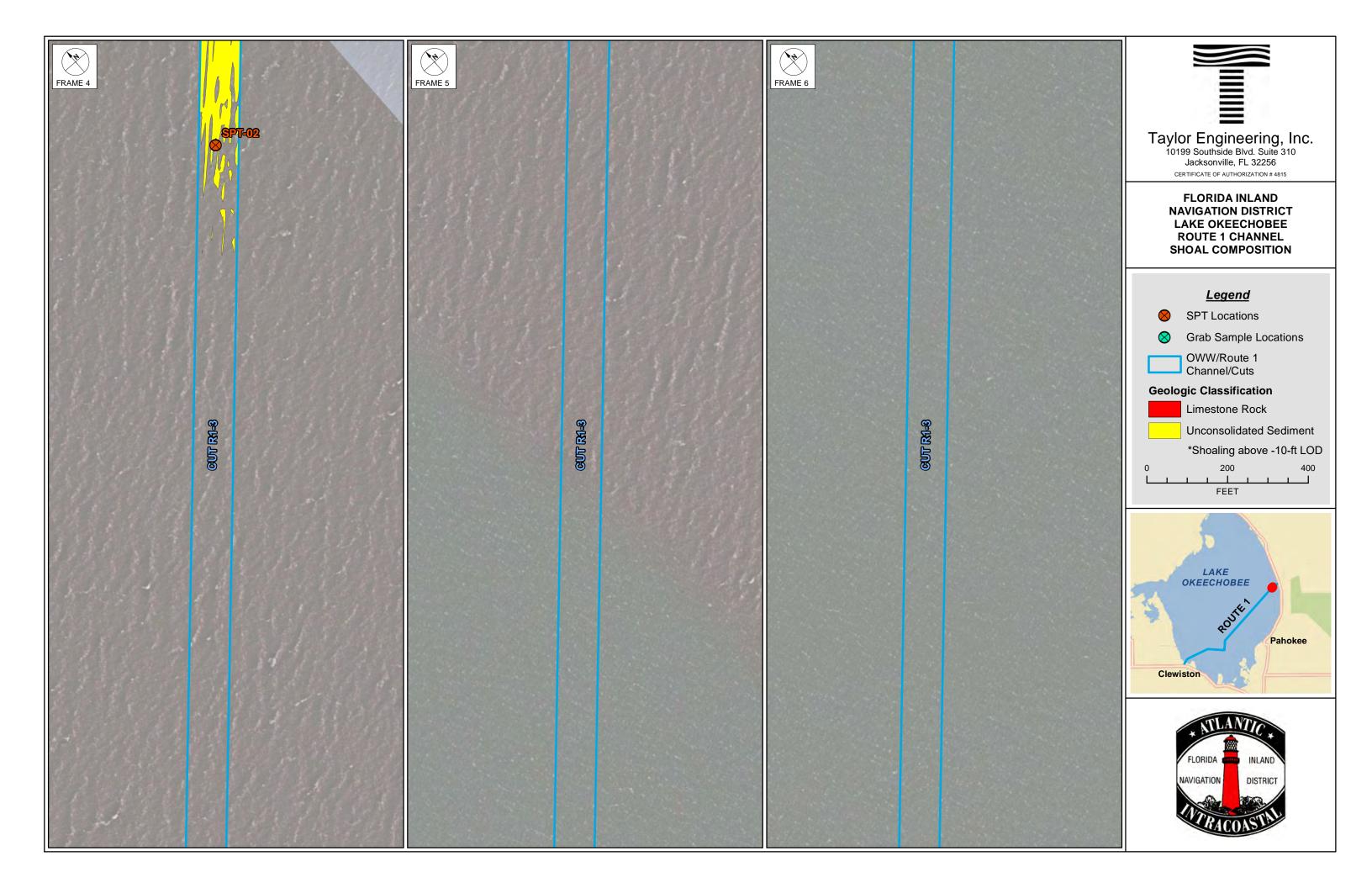


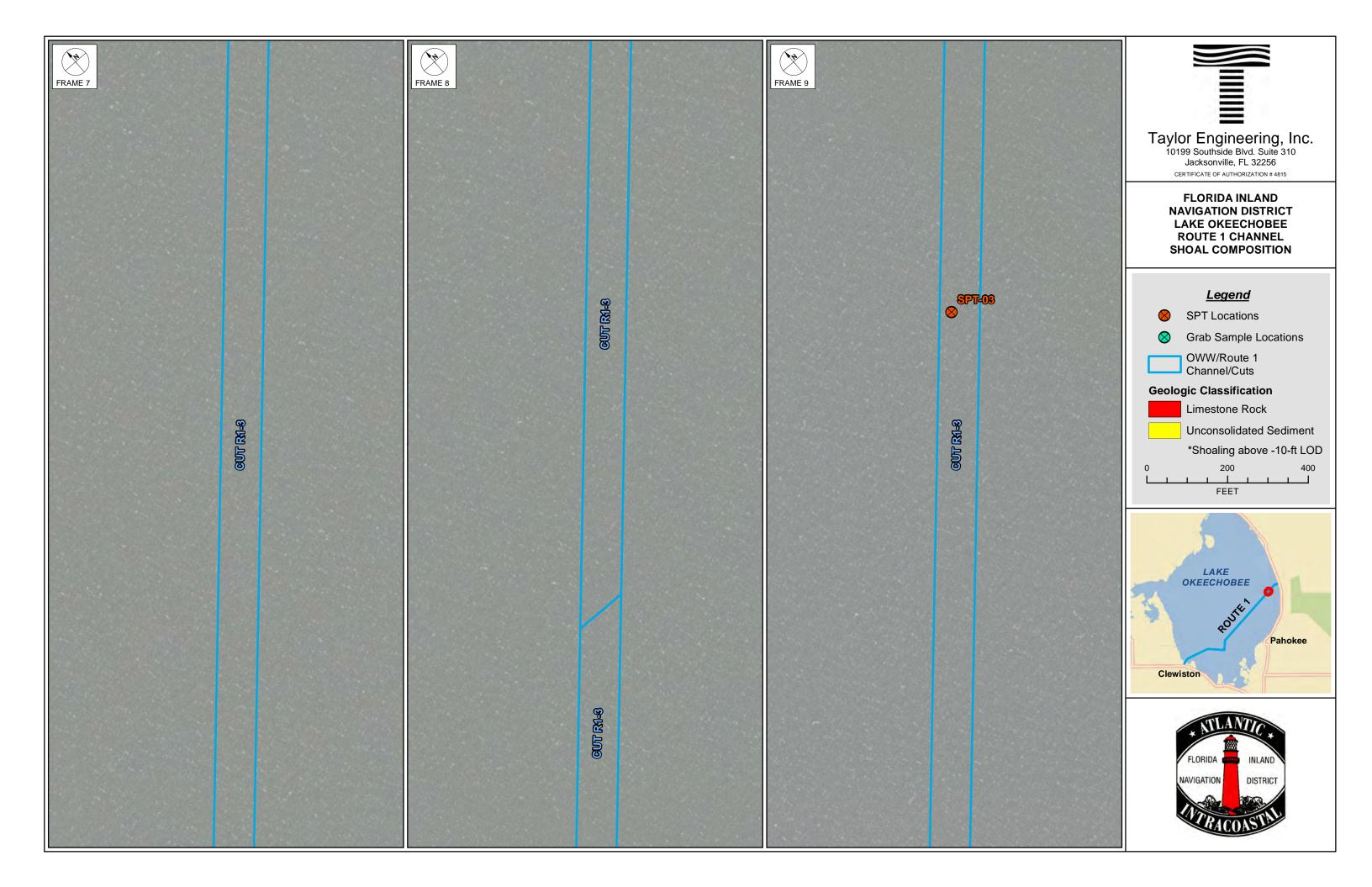


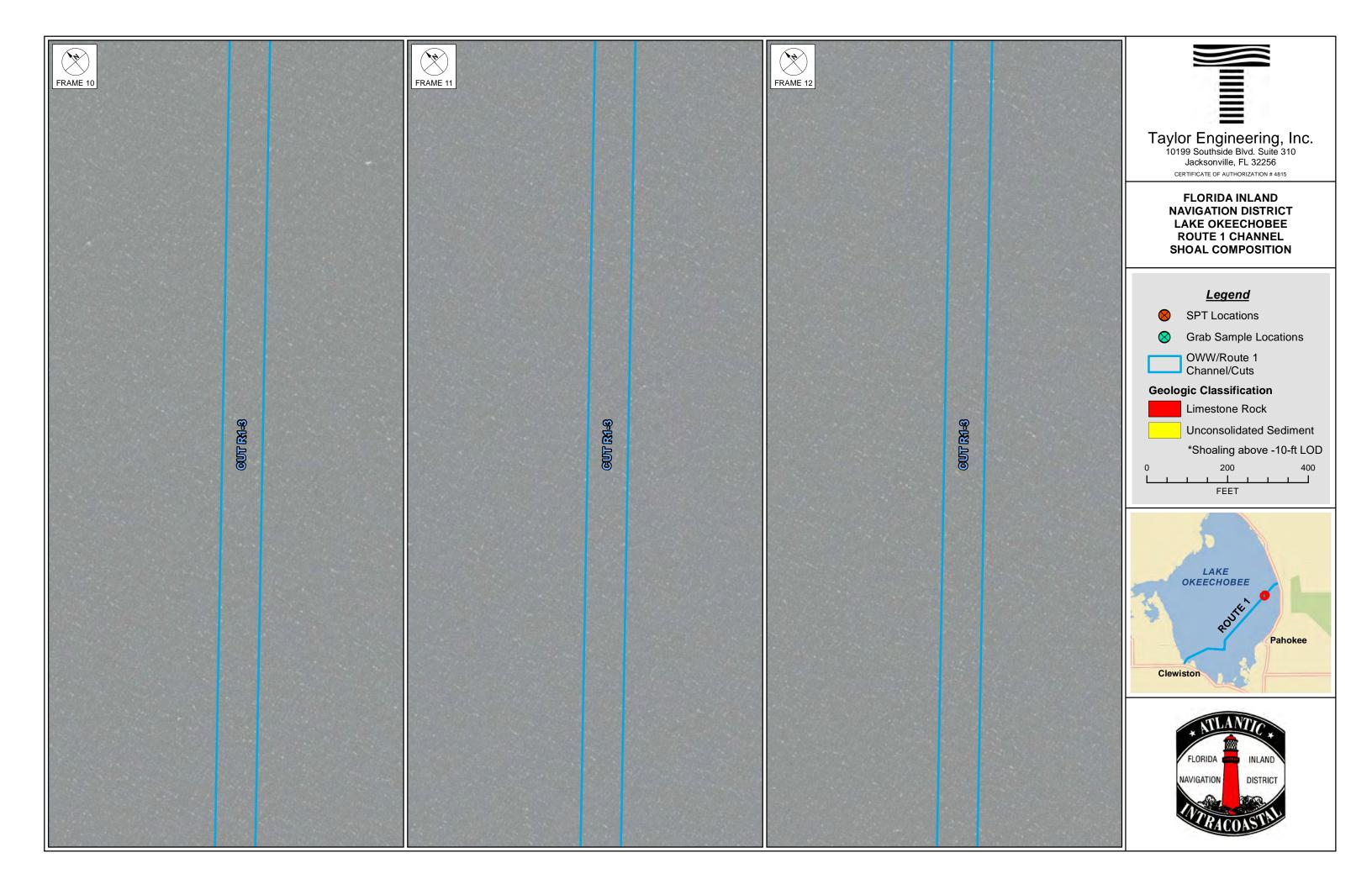
APPENDIX D

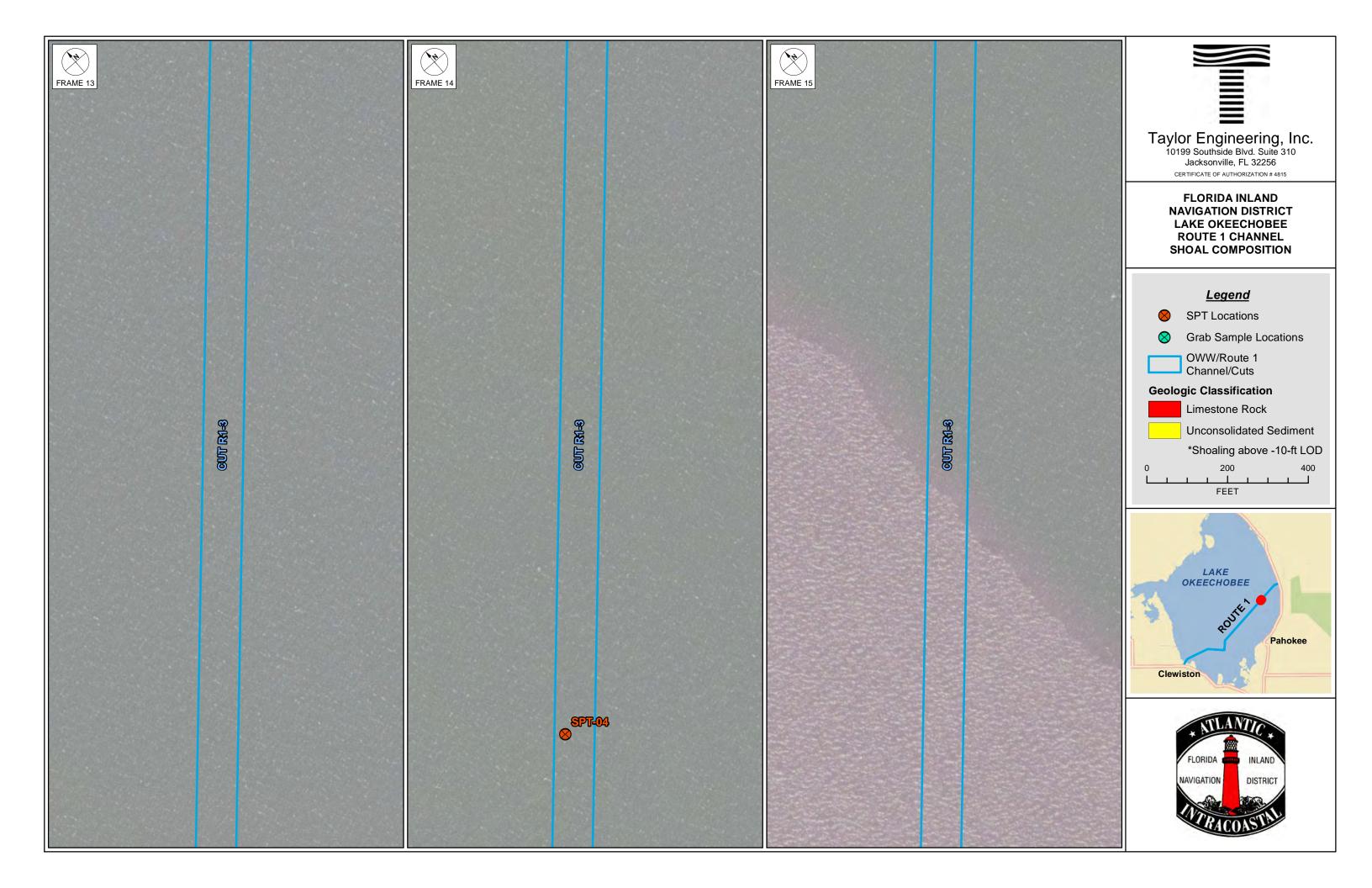
Geologic Map of Channel Bottom



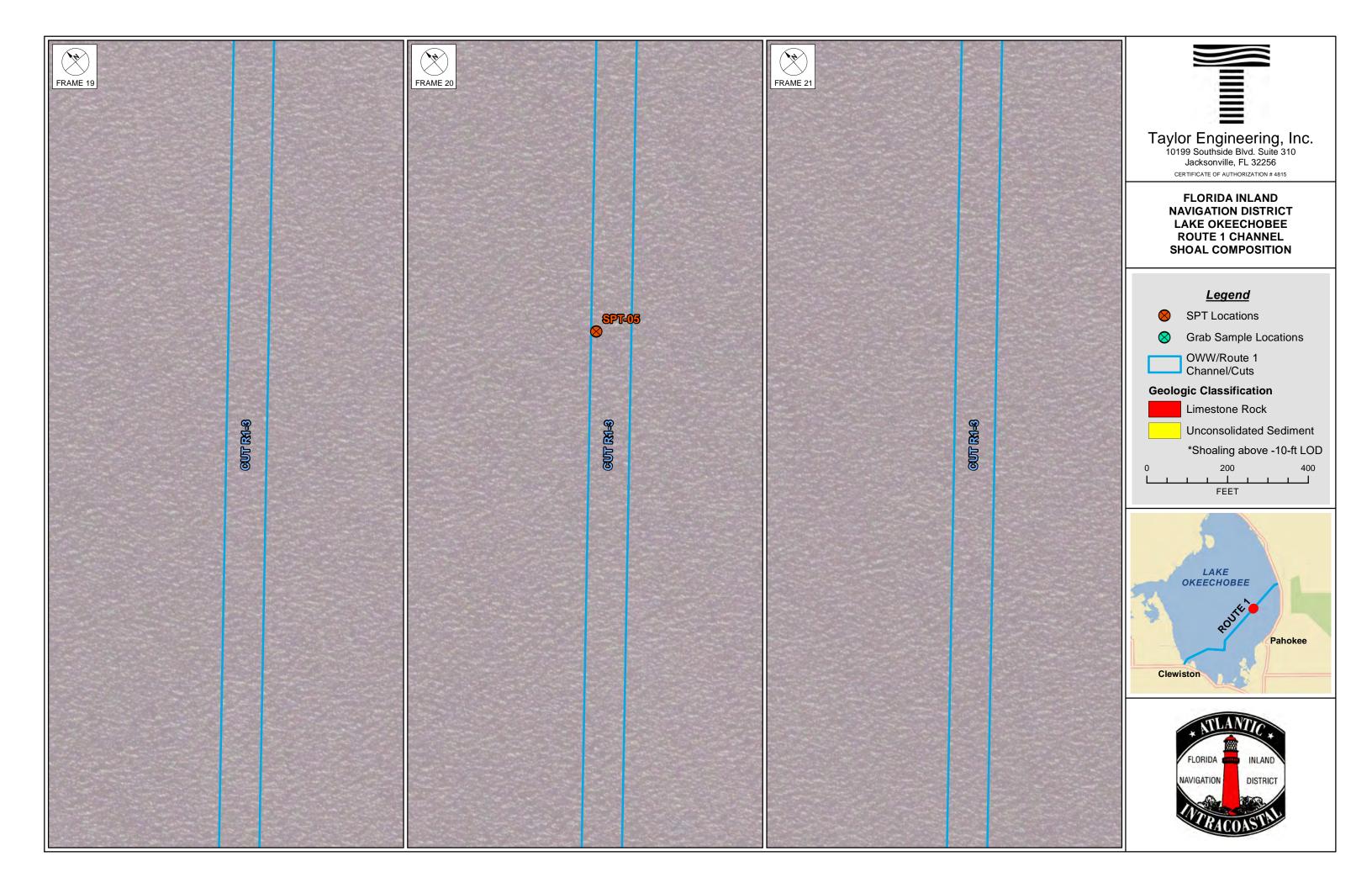


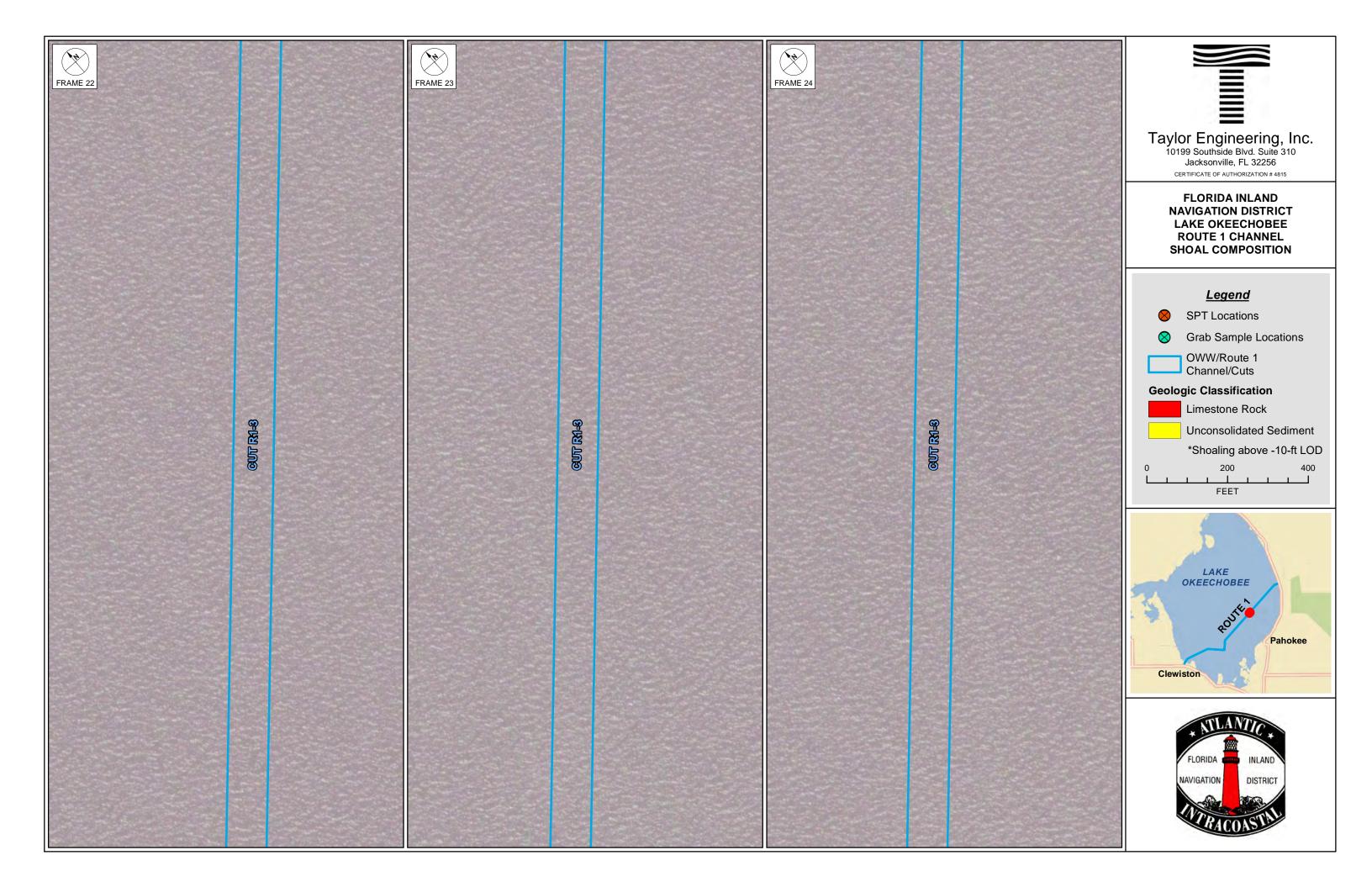




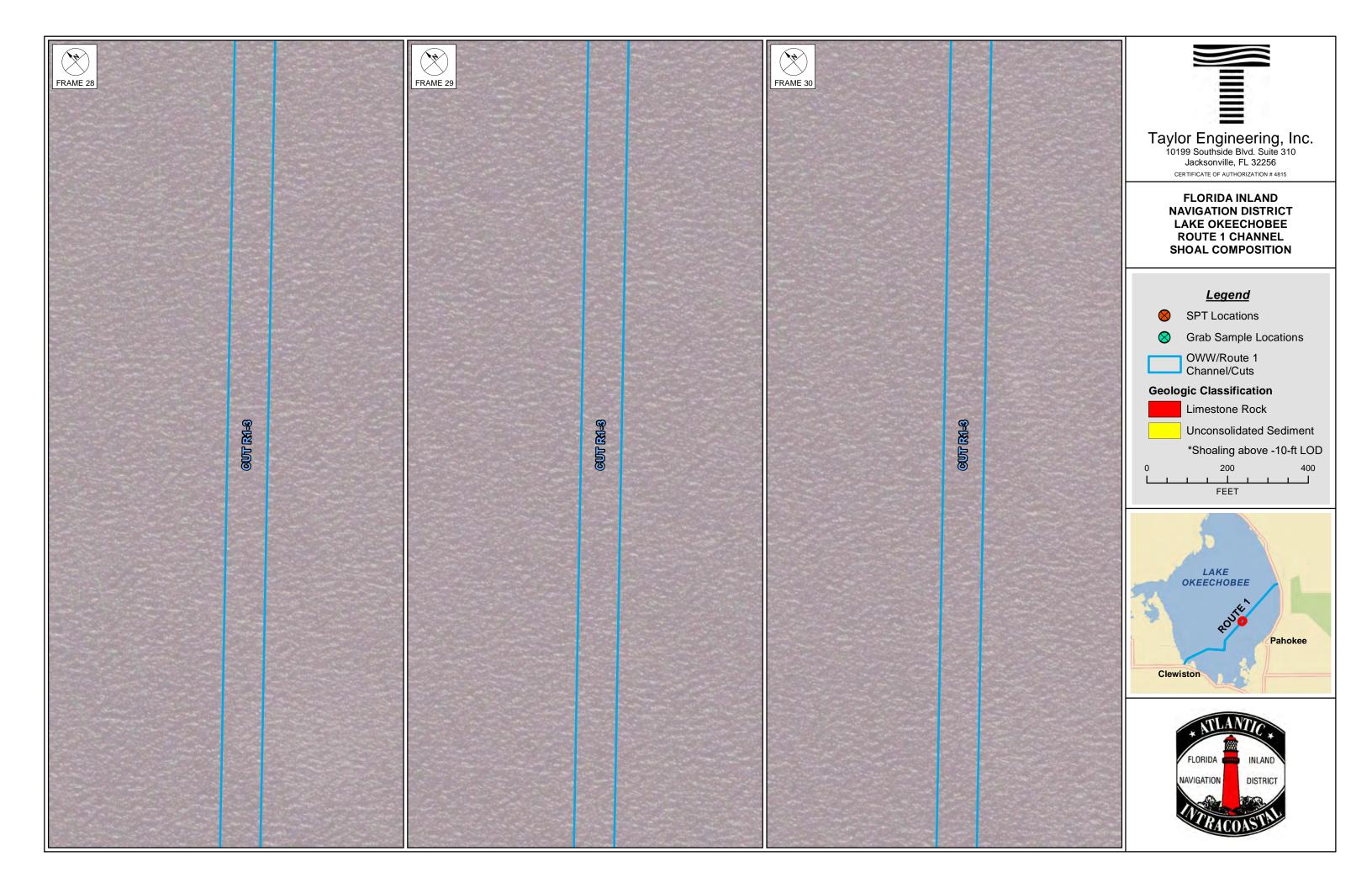


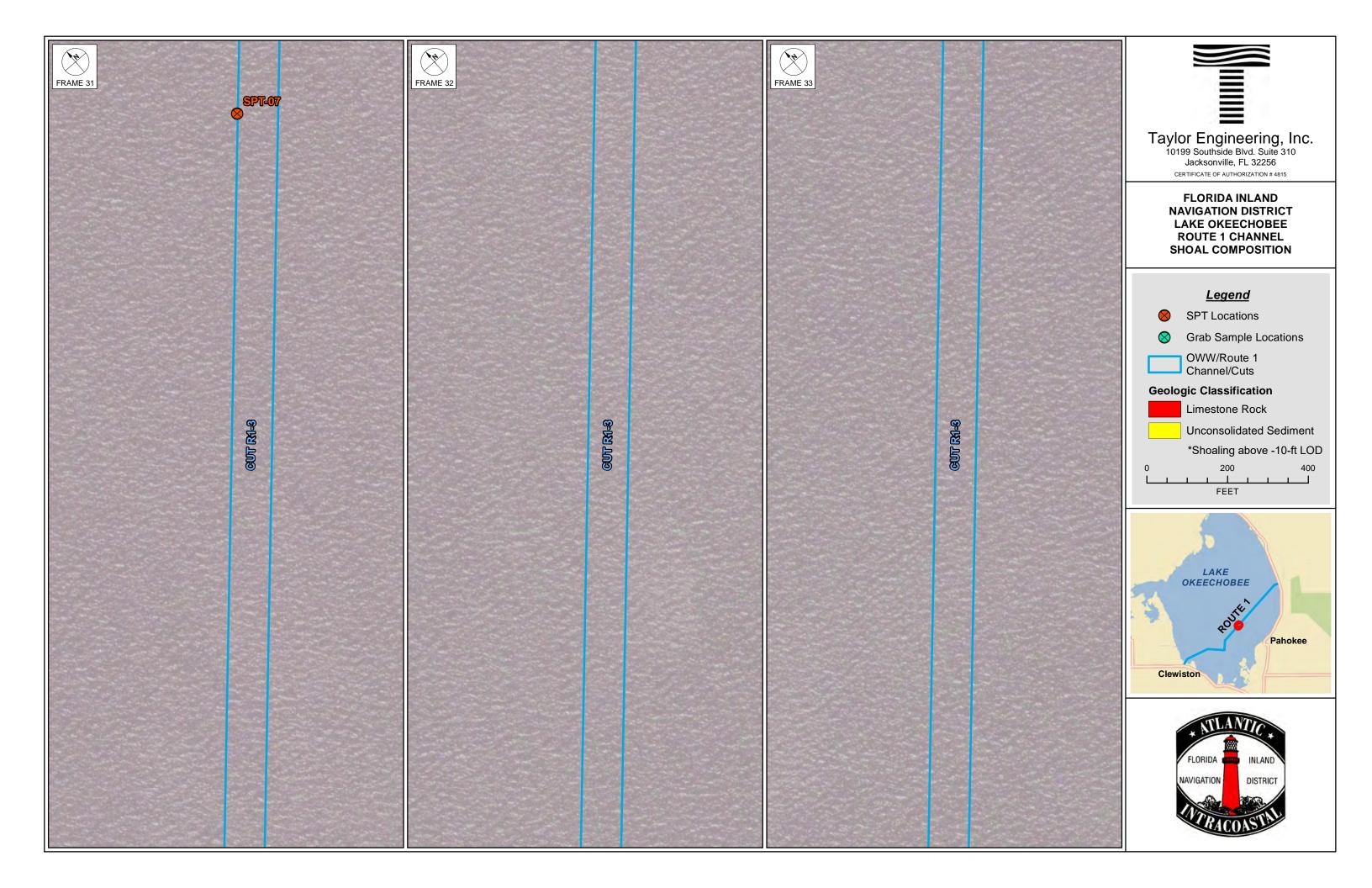


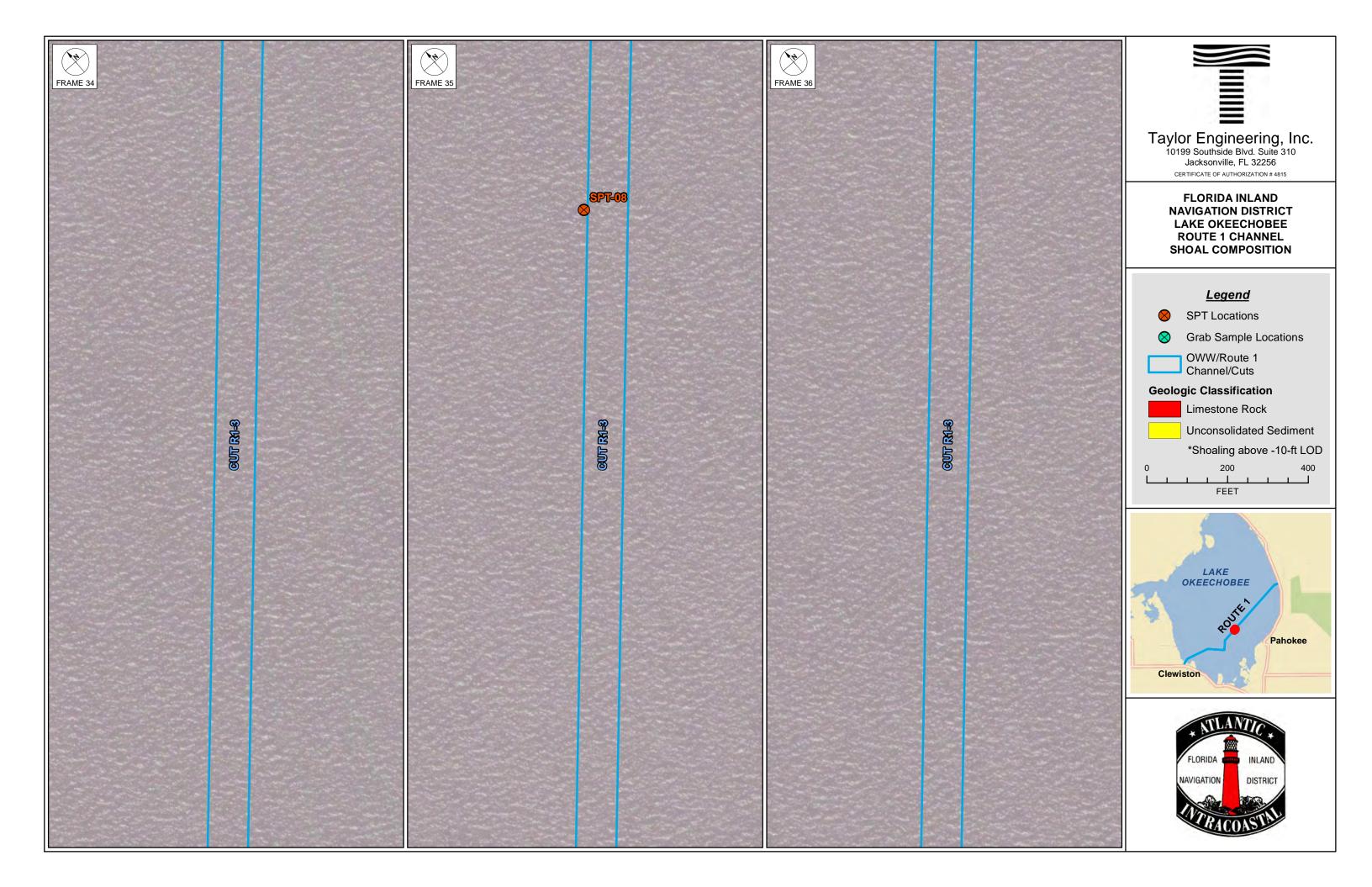


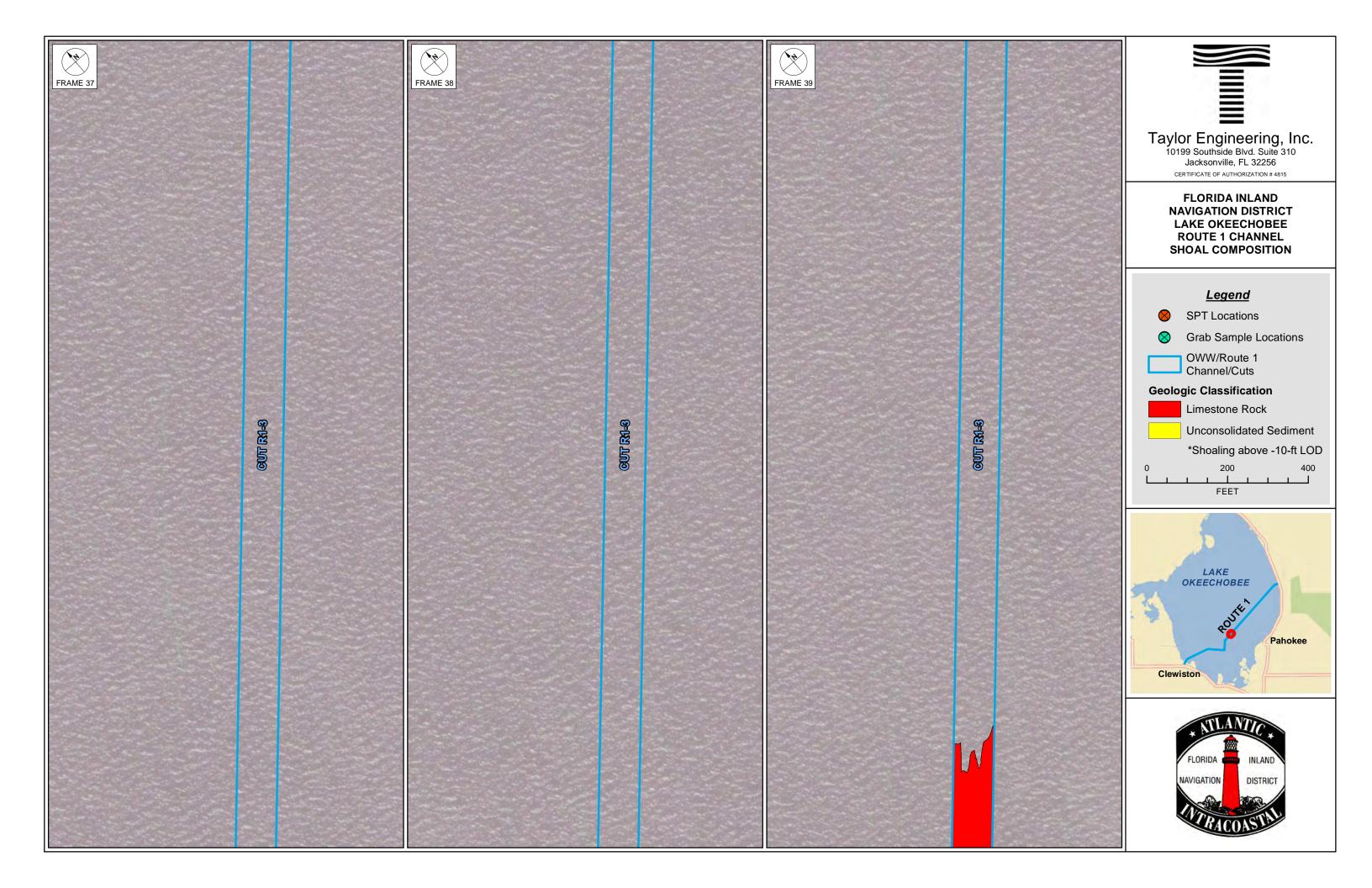


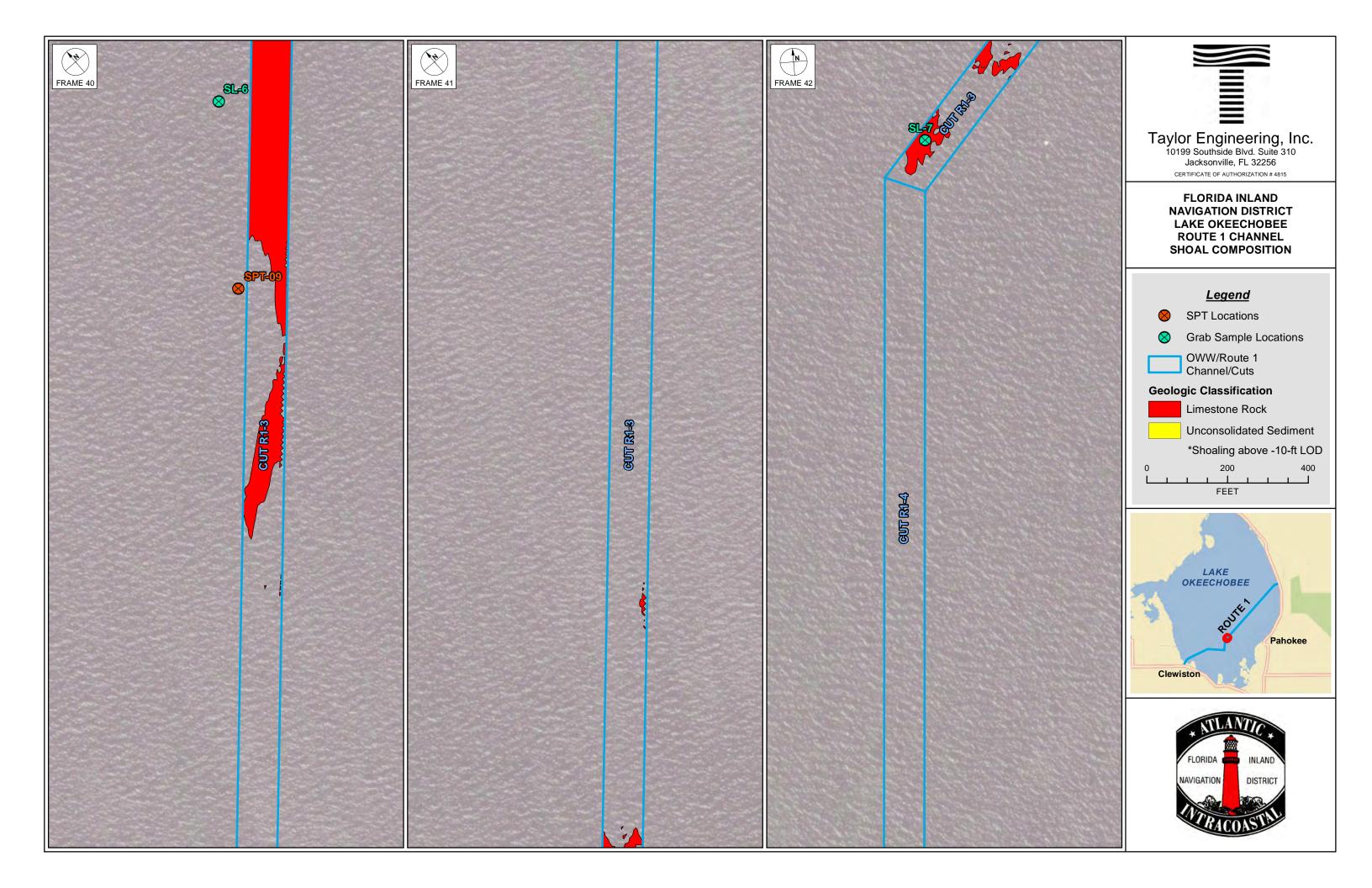


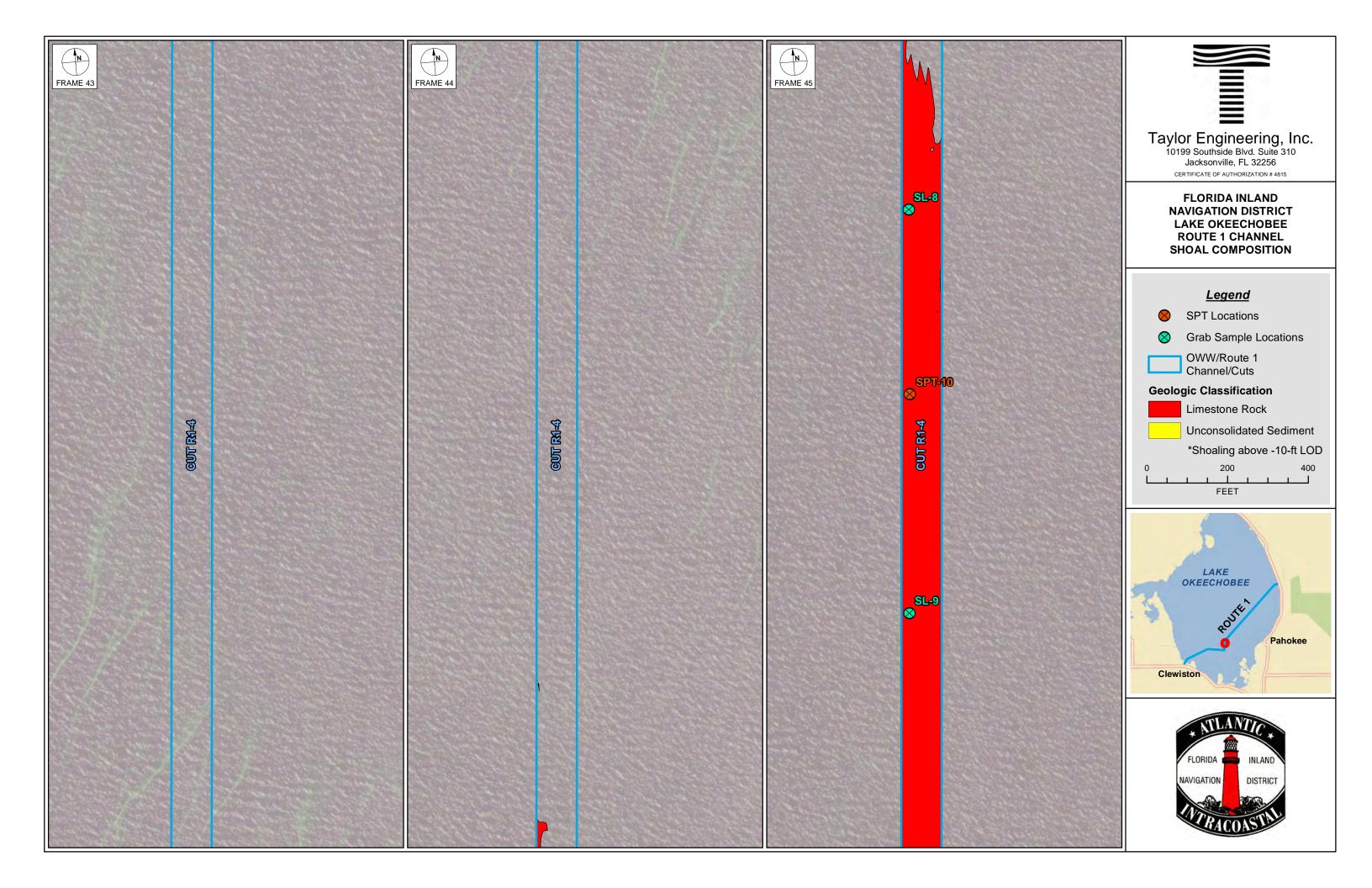


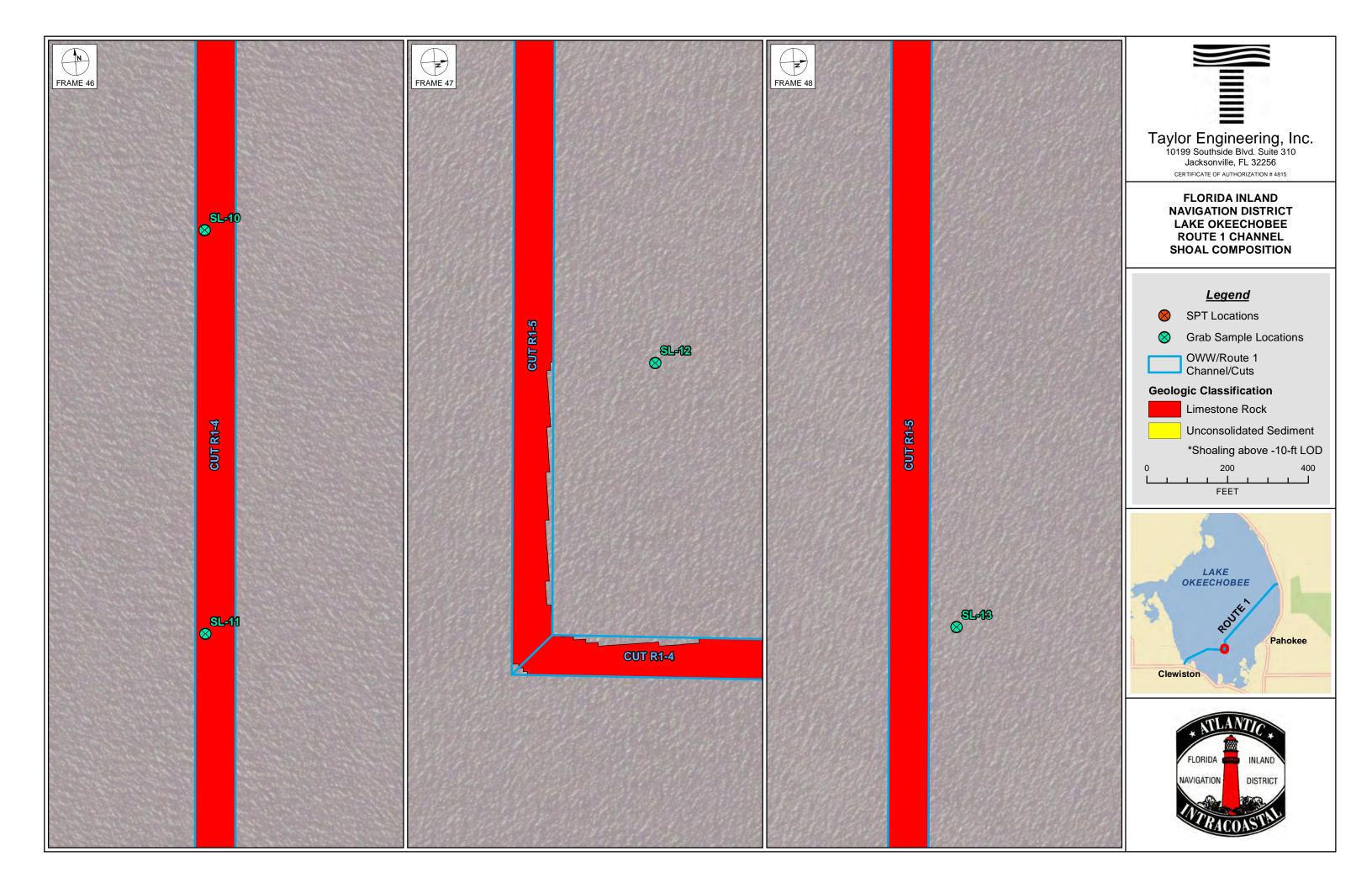


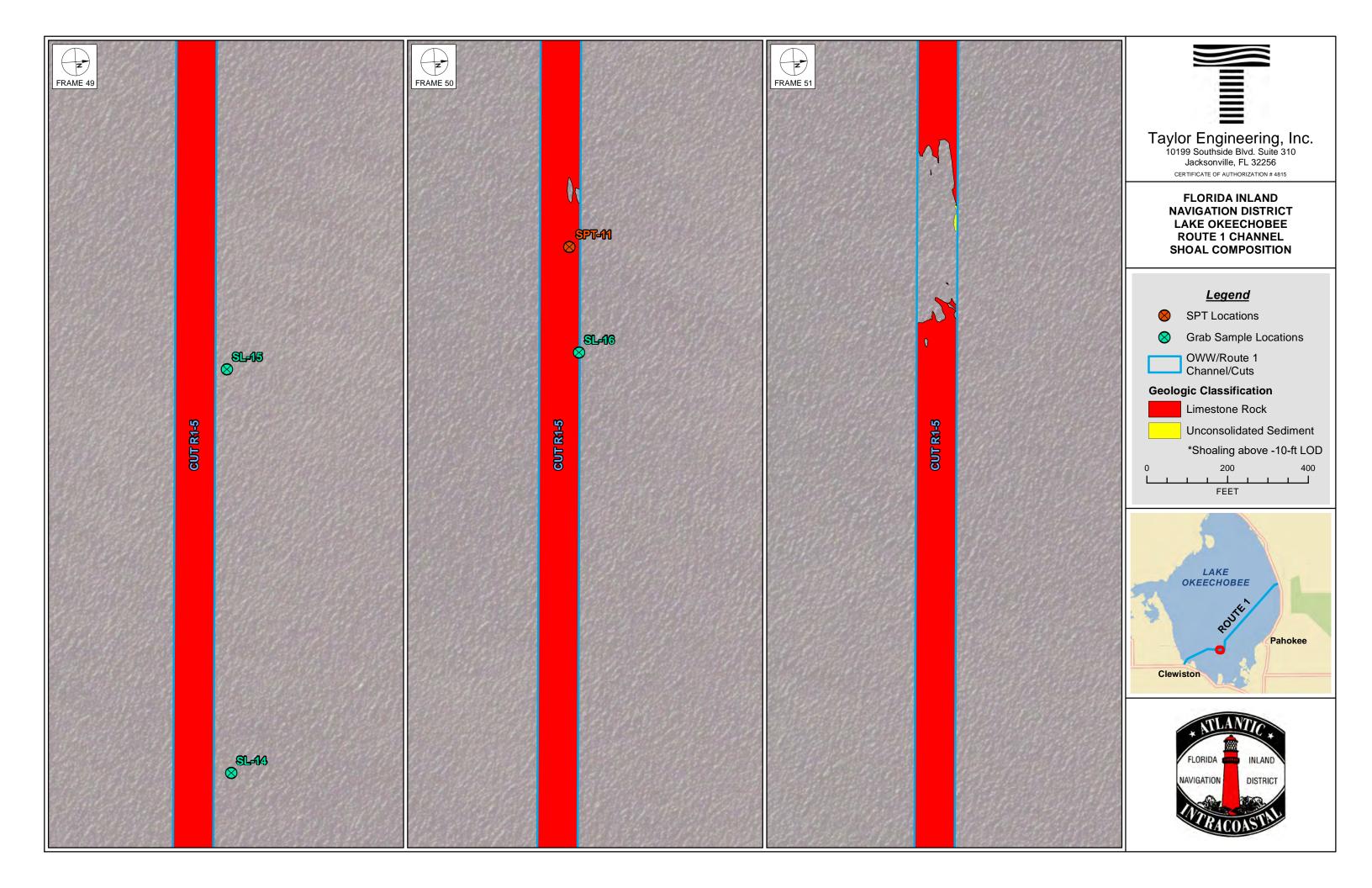


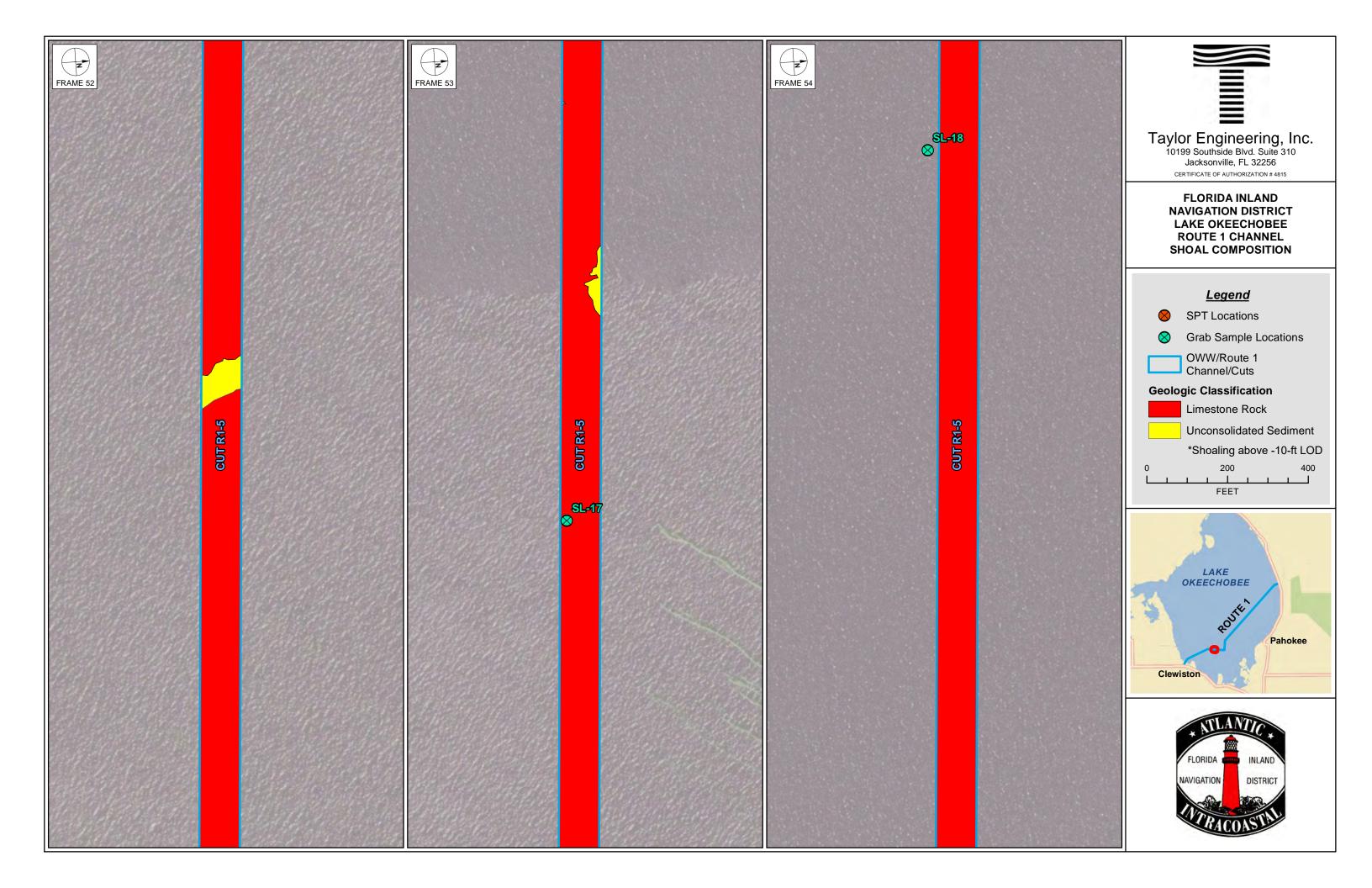


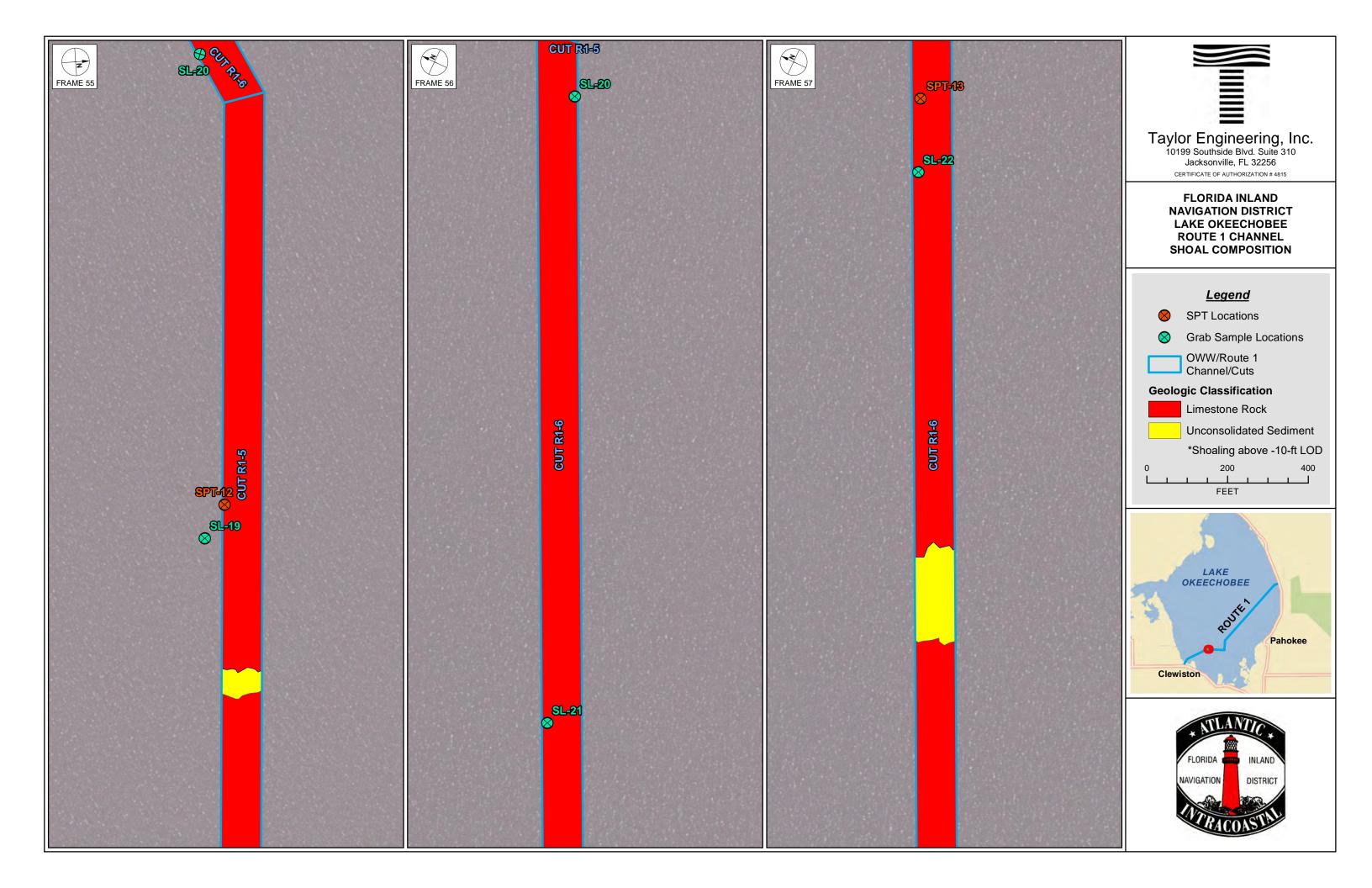


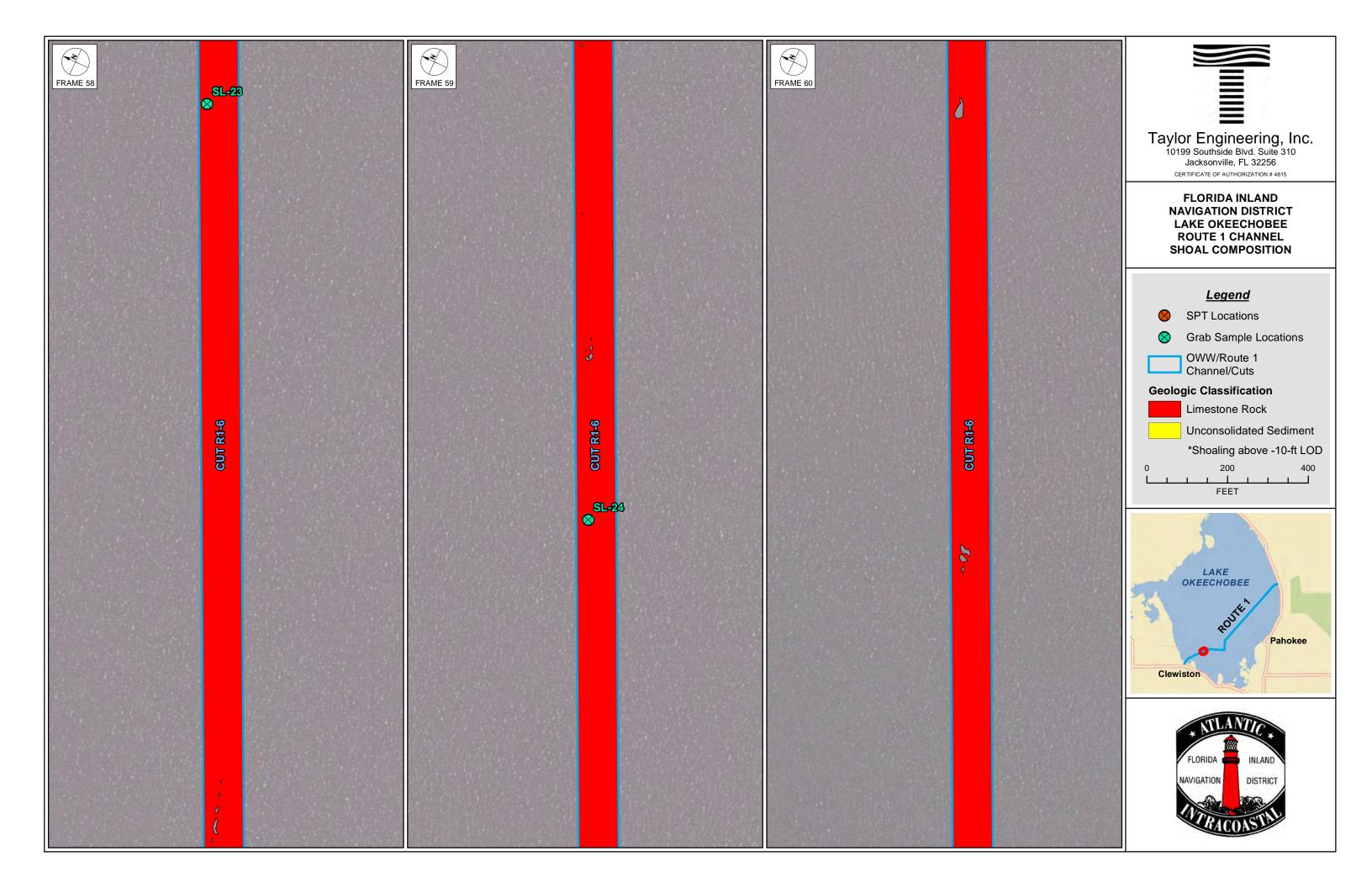


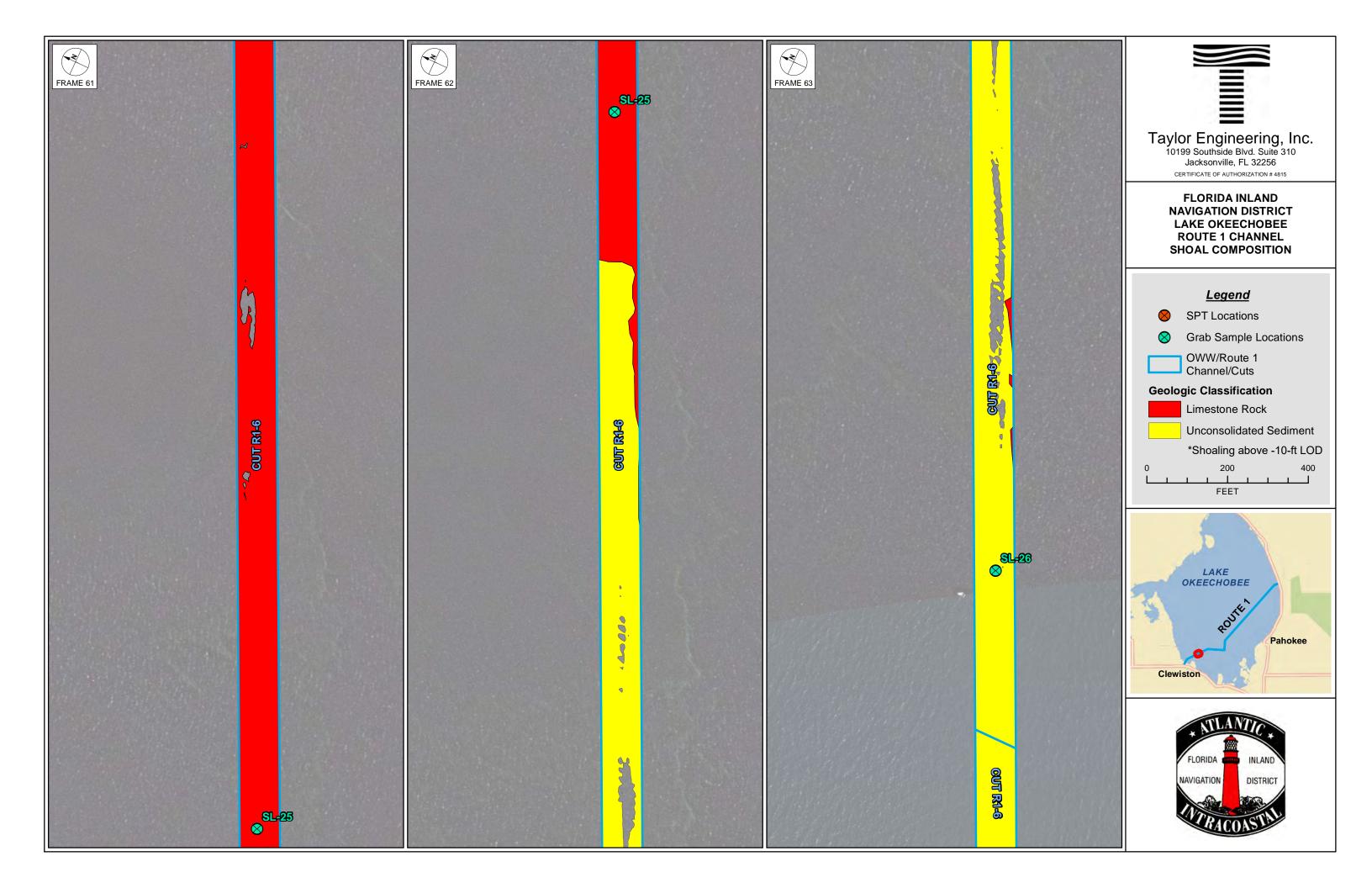




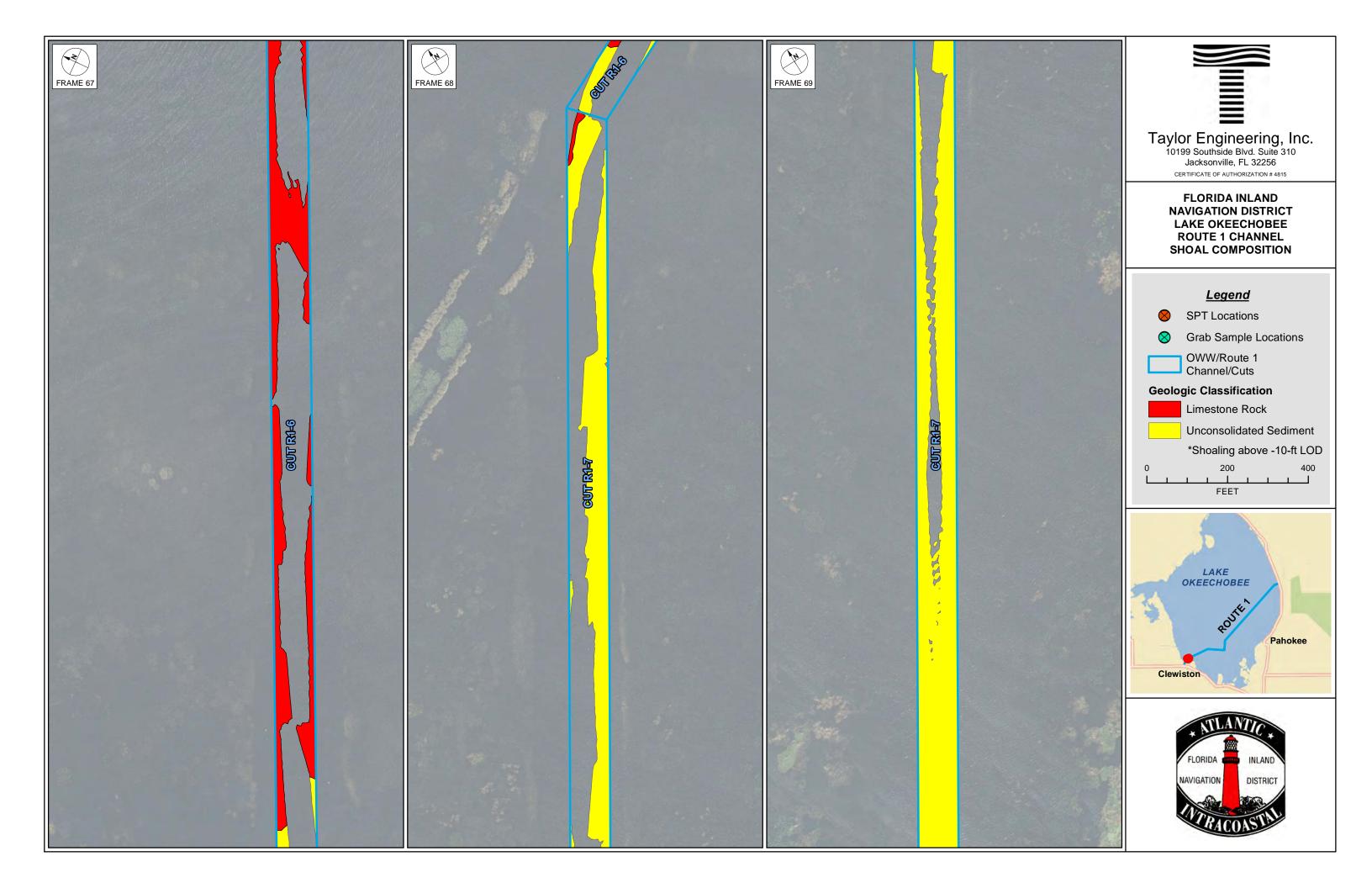




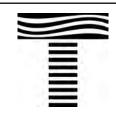








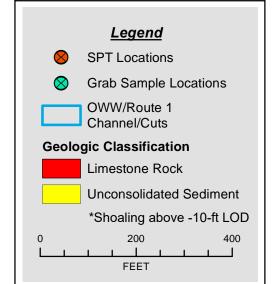




Taylor Engineering, Inc. 10199 Southside Blvd. Suite 310 Jacksonville, FL 32256

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION # 4815

FLORIDA INLAND **NAVIGATION DISTRICT** LAKE OKEECHOBEE **ROUTE 1 CHANNEL SHOAL COMPOSITION**







APPENDIX E

Aids to Navigation Coordination Memo

Memo via Electronic Mail

To: Mark Crosley, Executive Director, FIND

From: Jerry Scarborough, P.E.

Date: Friday, July 27, 2021

Re: Lake Okeechobee Route 1 Cross Lake Channel Aids to Navigation Coordination

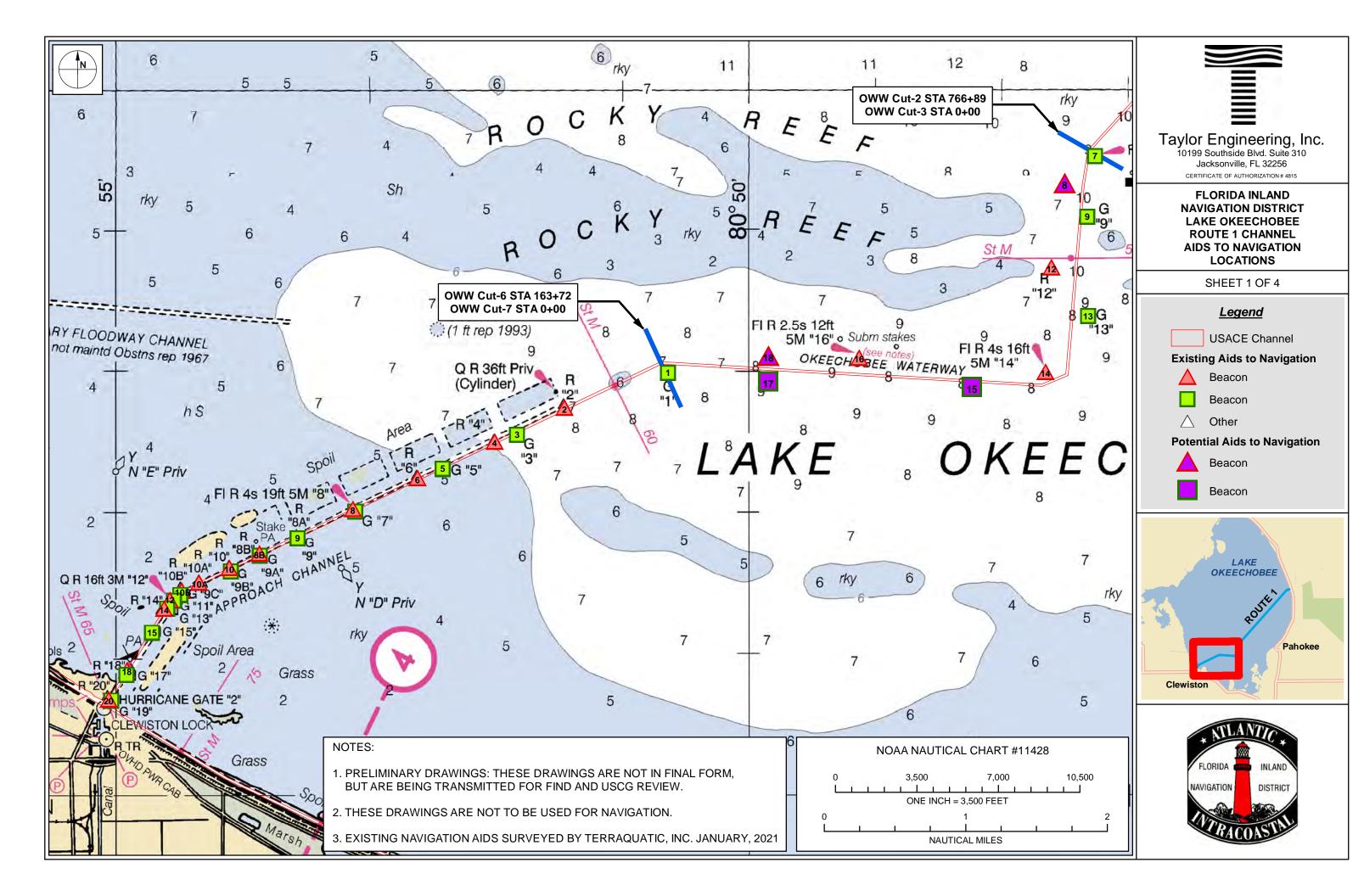
(Work Order Number 20-11)

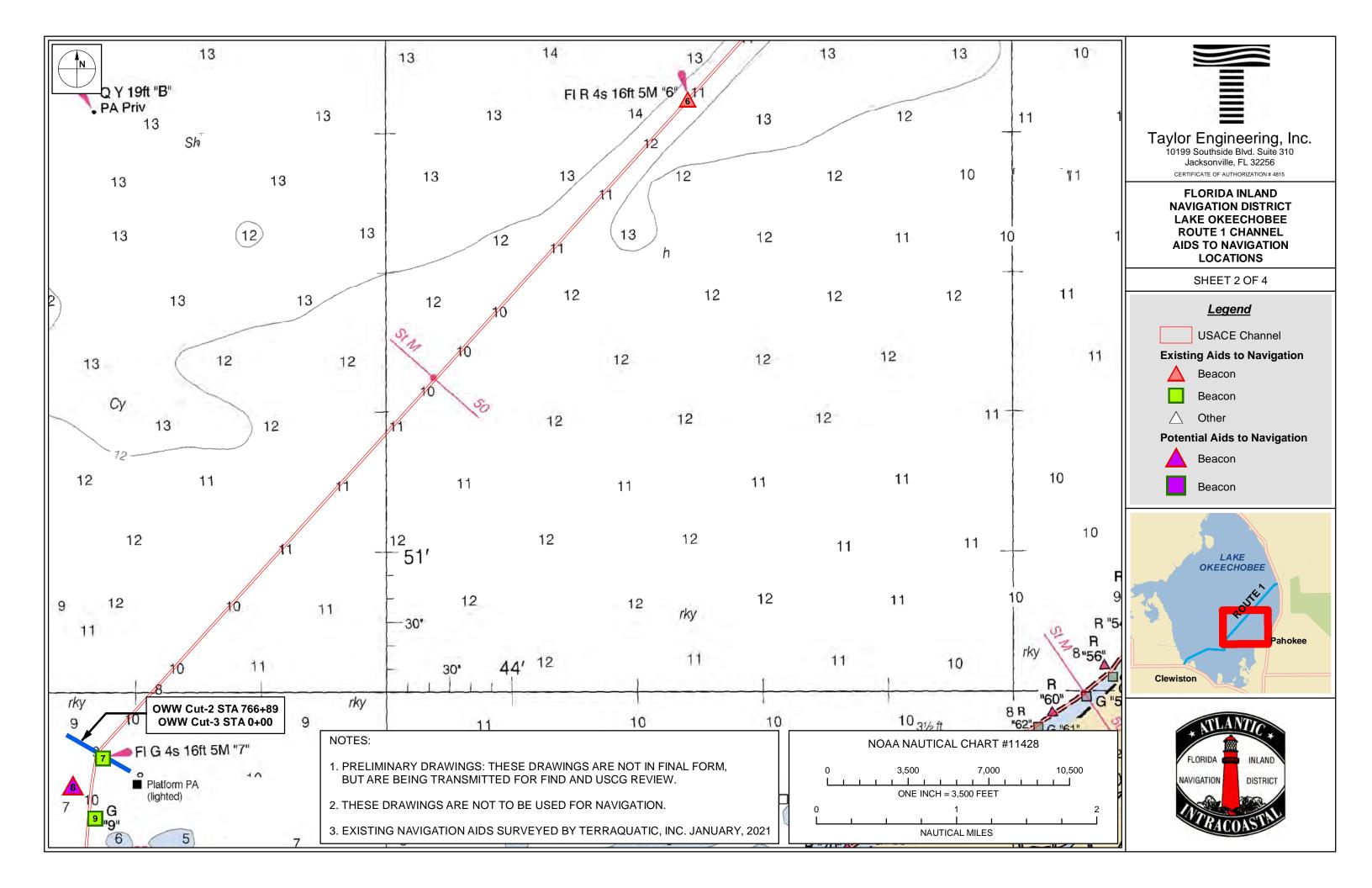
Taylor Engineering is contracted by the Florida Inland Navigation District (FIND) to locate and review existing Aids to Navigation (ATONs) on the Okeechobee Route 1 Cross Lake Channel and coordinate potential modifications with FIND and the US Coast Guard (USCG). On January 13–14, 2021, Taylor Engineering's subcontractor, Terraquatic, Inc. located and photographed existing ATONs along Route 1 Cross Lake Channel and Clewiston Channel Route 1B. Attachment A – ATON Location Maps provides the surveyed locations over NOAA Nautical Chart (#11428) and photographs are provided Attachment B – ATON Photographs.

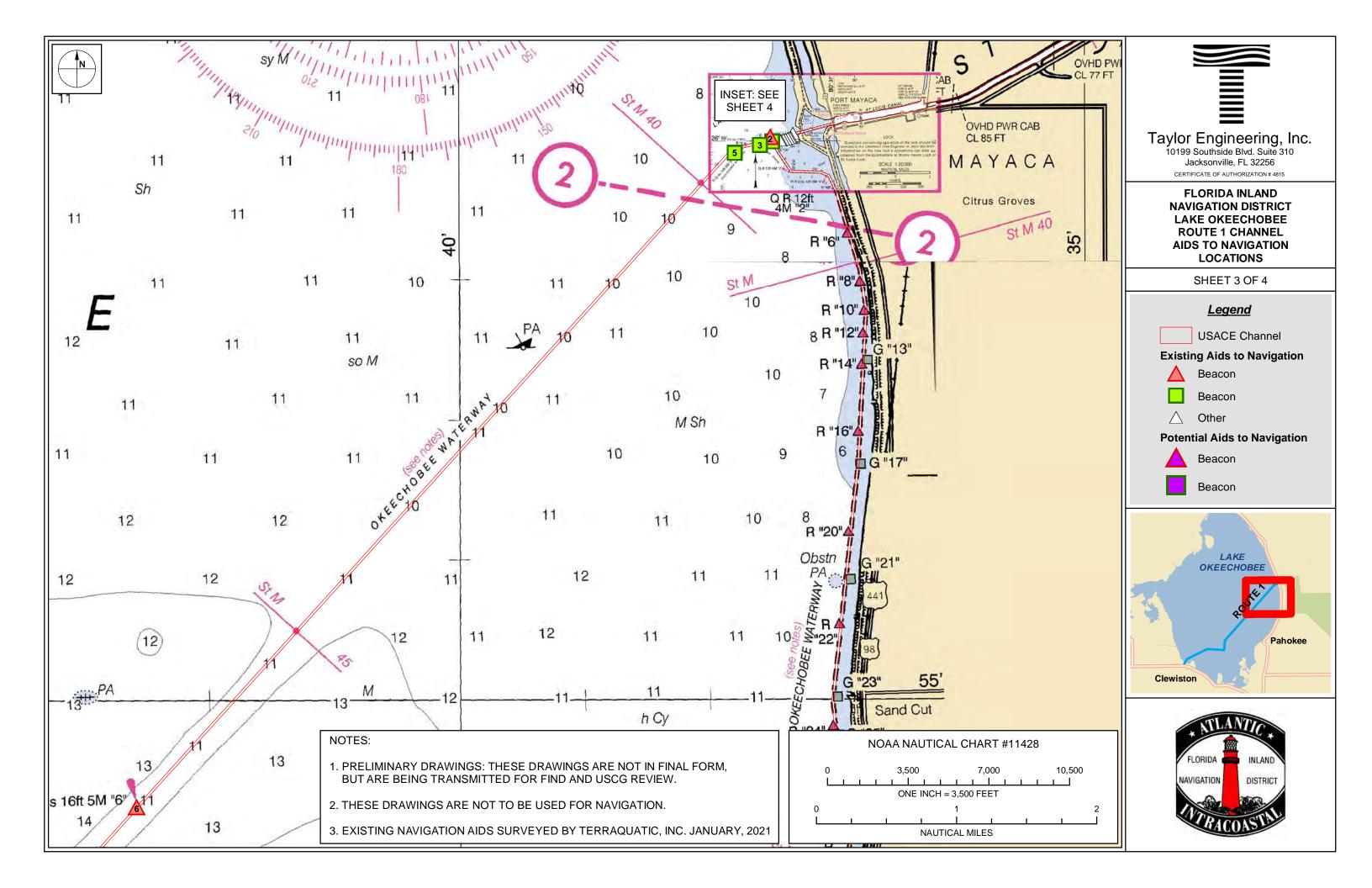
Taylor Engineering reviewed the ATON photographs and cataloged the type and observed condition of each ATON. This review excludes structural assessment or review of navigation lights. An overlay of ATON locations over NOAA Nautical charts, available bathymetric data, and side scan data provided tools for assessing the navigable channel conditions. Attachment C – ATON Summary, provides these observations and potential corrective actions as recommendations. Notably, these observations are limited and do not include structural inspection.

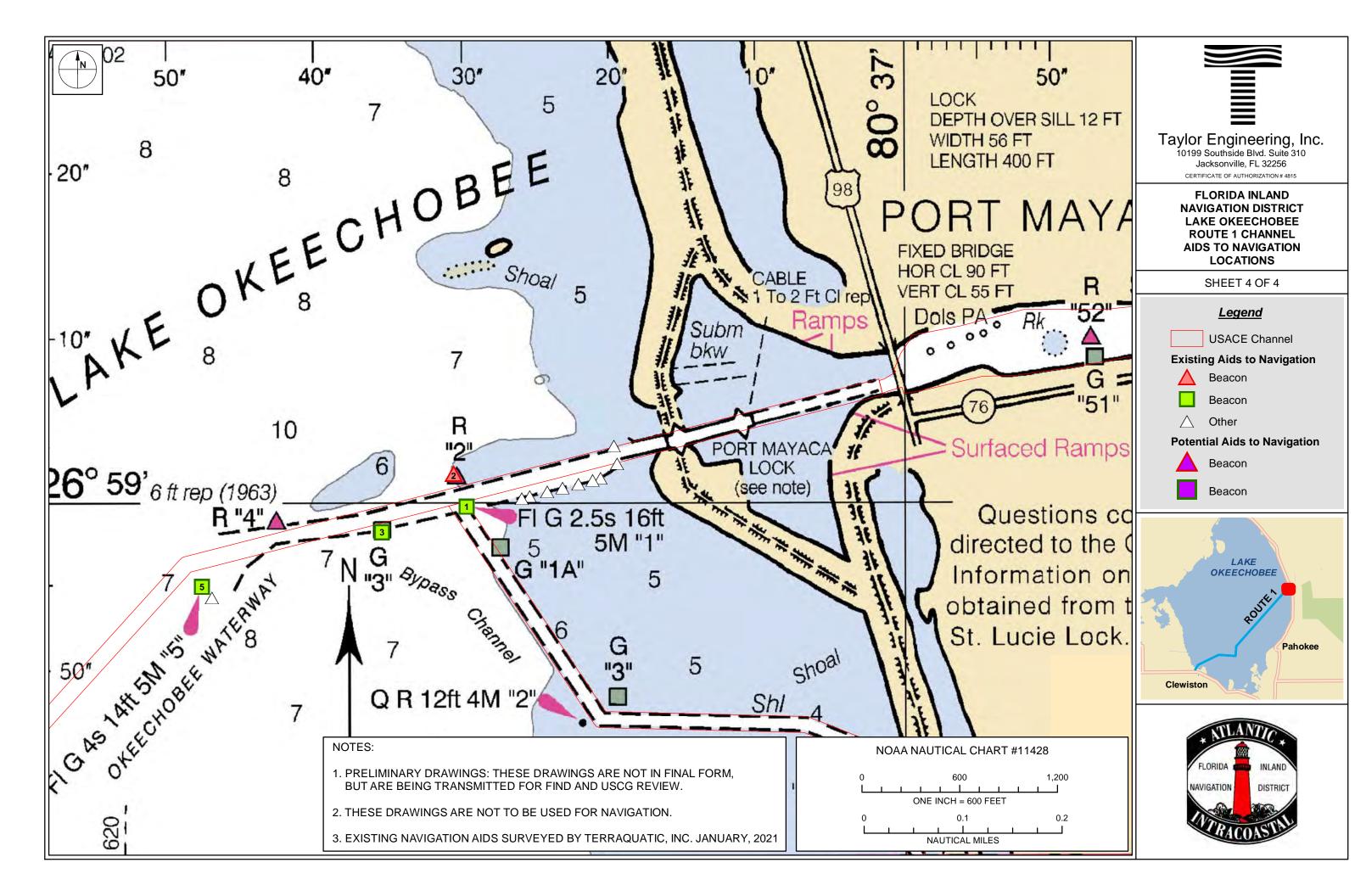
Taylor Engineering initiated coordination with the USCG and the US Army Corps of Engineers at Port Mayaca to gather known navigation issues along Route 1. The USCG reported that there are no documented navigation issues or marine incidents along Route 1. However, based on onsite observations and brief discussion with Port Mayaca staff, Taylor identified some potential for navigation issues along the "Rocky Reef" identified in the Nautical Chart. Distance between beacons and channel orientation changes, particularly where OWW Cut-6 ends and OWW Cut-7 begins near the reef, create potential for navigation error. Vessels traveling northeast, toward the OWW Cut-6 and Cut-7 connection, have potential for grounding if realignment of the channel is bypassed and a northeasterly course is maintained. Similarly, there is a lesser potential for navigation issues approaching the rocky reef traveling southwesterly at the Route 1 Cross Lake channel realignment near Beacon #7, where OWW Cut-2 ends and Cut 3 begins. To support future discussions with the USCG and FIND, Attachment A provides potential additional ATON locations to reduce possibility of navigation error around Rocky Reef.

Attachment A ATON Location Maps









Attachment B ATON Photographs





































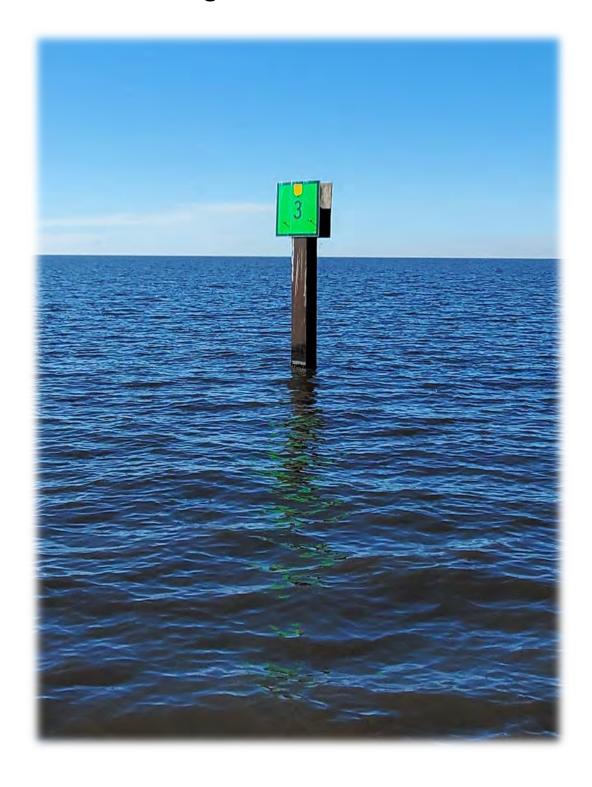








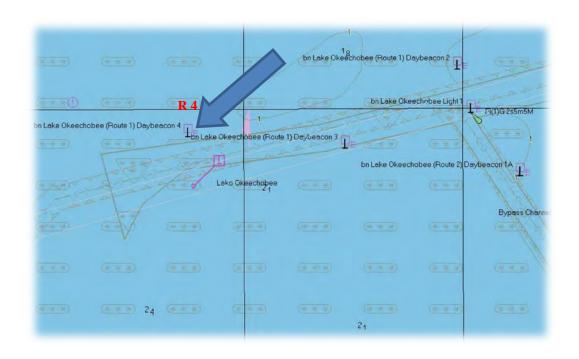






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Not Found Missing / Destroyed







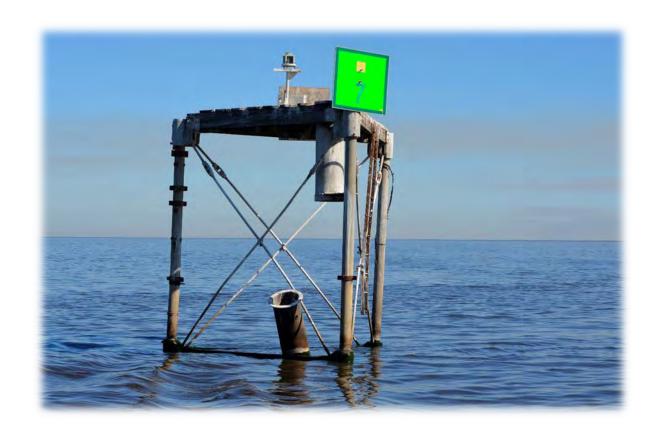












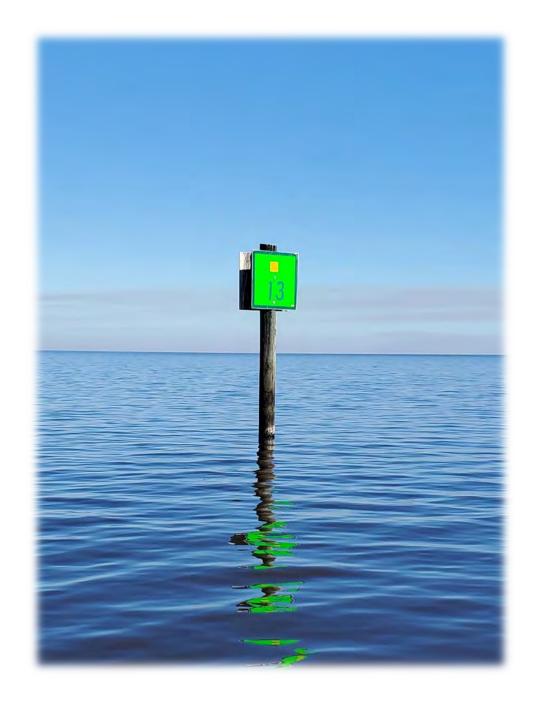








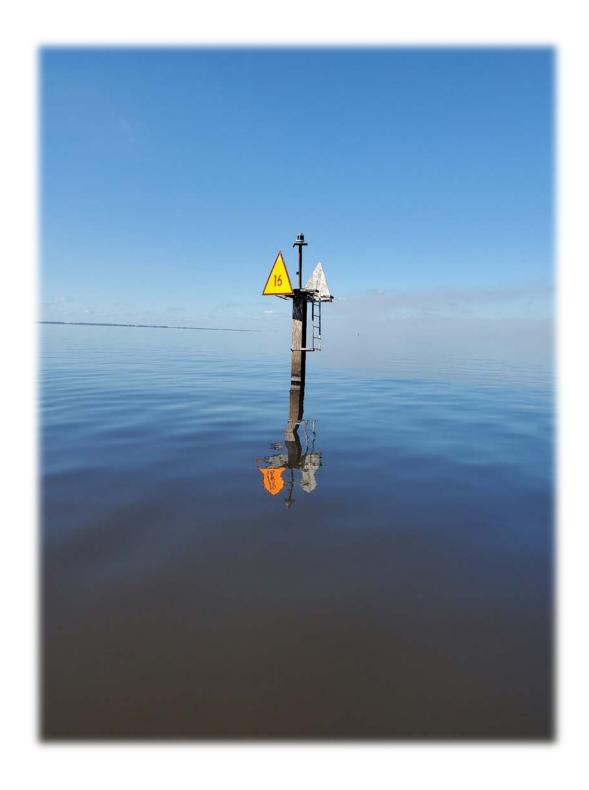














Okeechobee Route 1 **Navigation Aid Location Clewiston Channel Route 1B**





























































































Okeechobee Route 1 Navigation Aid Location







Okeechobee Route 1 Navigation Aid Location



Attachment C ATON Summary

Lake Okeechobee Route 1 Cross Lake Channel Existing Aids to Navigation Summary

Lake Okeechobee Route 1 Cross Lake Channel Existing Aids to Navigation Summary					
Photograph (Attachment B)	Aid to Navigation	Туре	Material	Observation	Reccomendation
(Attachment by	Port Mayaca Lock Entrance South Side; Pt. Mayaca				
Page 1	Lock & Dam Open 6:00 AM	Daybeacon	Timber Dolphin Pile	Daymark damaged and faded	Replace Daymark
	Closed 9:00 PM				
	Port Mayaca Lock Entrance North Side Sign; Pt. Mayaca				
Page 2	Lock & Dam	Daybeacon	Timber Dolphin Pile	Daymark missing / Destroyed	Replace Daymark
	Open 6:00 AM Closed 9:00 PM				
				Loose cable wrap, pile deterioration,	
Page 3	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	pile configuration atypical	Structural inspection
Page 4	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	Broken pile, pile deterioration	Structural inspection
Page 5	Dolphin pile; Idle Speed, No Wake	Daybeacon	Timber Dolphin Pile		Structural inspection
Page 6	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	Pile deterioration	Structural inspection
Page 7	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	Pile deterioration	Structural inspection
Page 8	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	Pile deterioration	Structural inspection
Page 9	Dolphin pile (non-ATON)	Dolphin	Timber Dolphin Pile	Pile deterioration	Structural inspection
Dema 10	C 1 LICUT (Payto 1 9 Payto 3)	Daybeacon with Light; 3 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of plumb, faded daymark,	Chr. at wal in a set in a
Page 10	G 1 LIGHT (Route 1 & Route 2)	Daybeacon with Light; 3 Daymarks	Steel n-Pile	light function unknown	Structural inspection
Page 11	R 2	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of plumb	Structural inspection
Page 12	G 3	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of plumb	Structural inspection
Page 13	R 4	N/A; 2 Daymarks	N/A	Missing / Destroyed	Replace ATON
Page 14	G 5 LIGHT	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of plumb, light function unknown	Structural inspection;
Page 15	Arival Point; Locks Monitor Channel 13; Lock Hours 7AM to 5PM Daily	Daybeacon	Steel Round-Pile	Detoriated Daymark, Operation hours differ from N Entrance Sign	Replace Sign; Update information
Page 16	R 6 LIGHT	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel Round-Pile	Out of plumb, light function unknown	Structural and light function inspection
				Broken central round steel pile,	Structural inspection;
Page 17	G 7 LIGHT STRUCTURE	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel Frame	light function unknown	Replace or Repair ATON
Page 18	G 9	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Out of plumb	Structural inspection
Page 19	R 12	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	·	·
Page 20	G 13	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
Page 21	R 14 LIGHT STRUCTURE	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel Frame	Light function unknown	Light function inspection
Page 22	R 16 LIGHT	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile		
Page 23	G 1	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Out of Plumb	Structural inspection
Page 24	R 2	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of Plumb	Structural inspection
Page 25	G 3	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of Plumb	Structural inspection
Page 26	R 4	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel Round-Pile		
Page 27	G 5	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Damaged (Significantly out of plumb)	Structural inspection; Replace or Repair ATON
Page 27	WR 5 (LIGHT BUOY)	Buoy with Light	Steel	Light function unknown	Light function inspection
Page 28	R 6	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Faded daymark	
Page 29	G 7	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel Round-Pile		
Page 30	R 8 LIGHT STRUCTURE	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel Frame	Light function unknown	Light function inspection
Page 31	G 9	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile		
Page 32	R 8B	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Damaged (Significantly out of plumb)	Structural inspection; Replace or Repair ATON; Remove potential obstruction in channel limits
Page 33	G 9A	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Out of Blumb	Structural increastion
Page 34 Page 35	G 9B R 10	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile Steel H-Pile	Out of Plumb	Structural inspection
Page 35	R 10A	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
Page 37	R 10B	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
Page 38	G 9C	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Damaged (Significantly out of plumb)	Structural inspection
Page 39	G 11	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Samuged (Significantly Sut of plumb)	pa detarui inspection
Page 40	R 12 LIGHT	Daybeacon with Light; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile	Damaged (Significantly out of plumb), Faded Daymark, Light function unknown	Structural and light function inspection
Page 41	G 13	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
Page 42	R 14	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Faded daymark	
Page 43	G 15	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Steel H-Pile		
Page 44	R 18	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
Page 45	G 17	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Faded Daymark	
Page 46	G 19	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile	Out of Plumb	Structural inspection
Page 46	Slow Speed Minimum Wake; Resume Normal Safe Operation	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		·
Page 47	R 20	Daybeacon; 2 Daymarks	Timber Pile		
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